



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

### **Usage guidelines**

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

### **About Google Book Search**

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>

NYPL RESEARCH LIBRARIES



3 3433 07491212 6

127  
**THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY**  
**ASTOR, LENOX AND TILDEN FOUNDATIONS**

---

**THE COLLECTION OF**  
**REGINALD H. E. STARR**

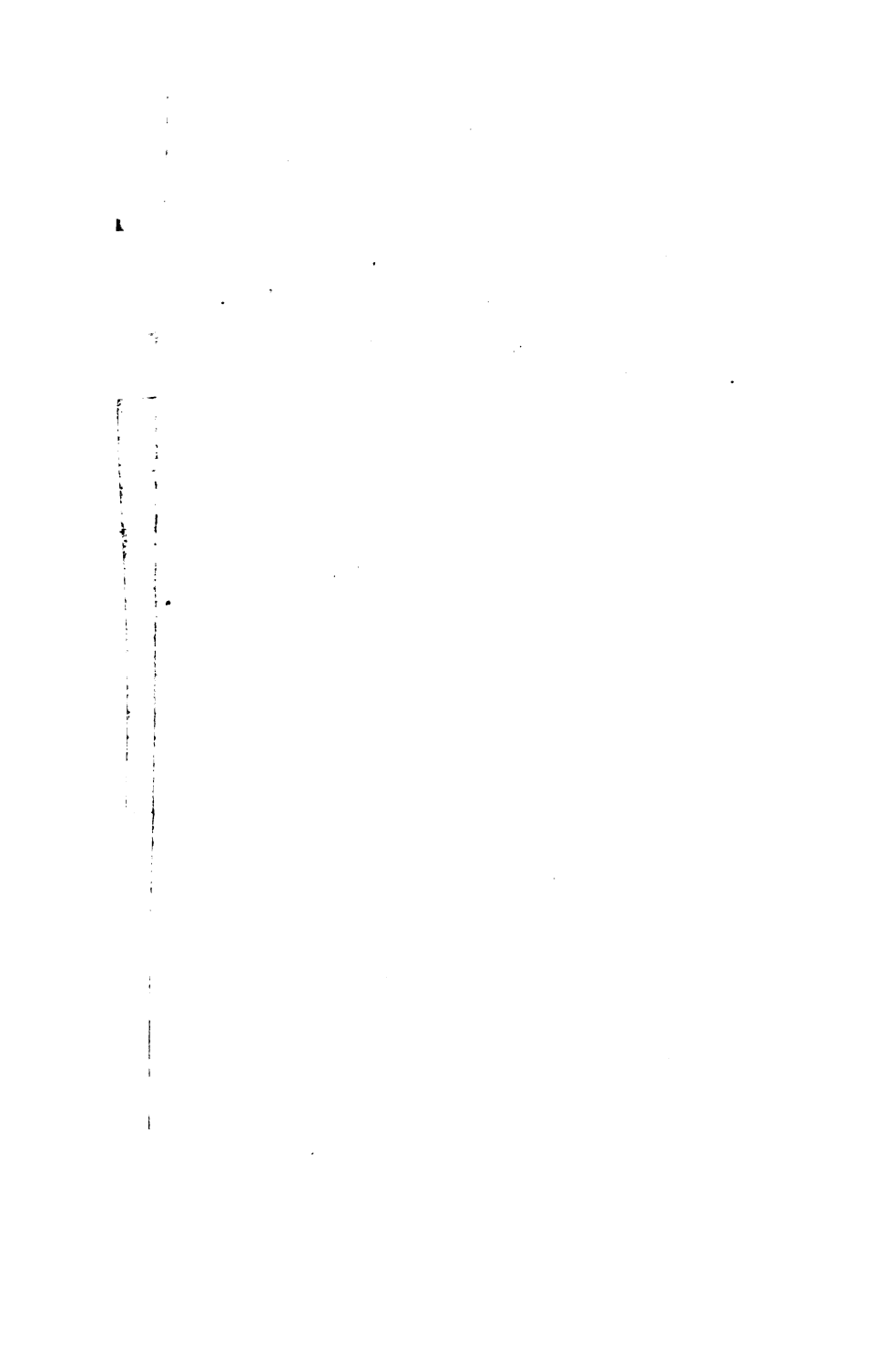
**PRESENTED IN LOVING MEMORY**  
**BY HIS MOTHER**

**1927**



R

NCP  
WE ~~EE~~



THE BEST PLAYS OF THE OLD DRAMATISTS

1580? - 25? Cyril  
WEBSTER & TOURNEUF

WITH AN INTRODUCTION AND NOTES

BY

JOHN ADDINGTON SYMONDS 1846-18



I lie and dream of your full Mermaid wine."—*Braumont*

UNEXPURGATED EDITION



LONDON  
T. FISHER UNWIN  
NEW YORK  
CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS  
1893

THE NEW YORK  
PUBLIC LIBRARY  
336039A  
ASTOR, LENOX AND  
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS  
R 1927 L



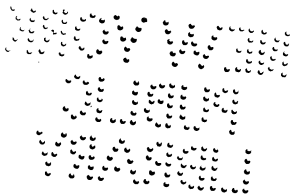
“ What things have we seen  
Done at the Mermaid! heard words that have been  
So nimble, and so full of subtle flame,  
As if that every one from whence they came  
Had meant to put his whole wit in a jest,  
And had resolved to live a fool the rest  
Of his dull life.”

*Master Francis Beaumont to Ben Jonson.*



“ Souls of Poets dead and gone,  
What Elysium have ye known,  
Happy field or mossy cavern,  
Choicer than the Mermaid Tavern?”

*Keats.*





## CONTENTS.



	PAGE
JOHN WEBSTER AND CYRIL TOURNEUR . . . . .	vi.
THE WHITE DEVIL . . . . .	I
THE DUCHESS OF MALFI . . . . .	127
THE ATHEIST'S TRAGEDY . . . . .	241
THE REVENGER'S TRAGEDY . . . . .	339





## THE GLOBE THEATRE.



THE first Globe Theatre, on the Bankside, Southwark, "the summer theatre of Shakespeare and his fellows," is believed to have been built in 1594, partly of materials removed from the Theatre in Shoreditch, "the earliest building erected in or near London purposely for scenic exhibitions." Outside, the Globe was hexagonal in shape, and, like all the theatres of that epoch, was open at the top, excepting the part immediately over the stage, which was thatched with straw. The interior of the theatre was circular. The performances took place by daylight, and while they were going on a flag with the cross of St. George upon it was unfurled from the roof. Originally, in place of scenery, the names of the localities supposed to be represented were inscribed on boards or hangings for the information of the audience. The sign of the theatre was a figure of Hercules supporting the globe, beneath which was written "Totus mundus agit Histriorem."

In 1601, the Globe Theatre was used as a place of meeting by the conspirators engaged in Essex's rebellion, and next year Shakespeare's *Hamlet*, following upon other of his plays, was here produced for the first time. In subsequent years plays by Shakespeare, Webster, Ford, and contemporary dramatists were performed at the Globe, until in 1613 the theatre was burnt to the ground owing to some lighted paper, thrown from a piece of ordnance used in the performance, igniting the thatch. The theatre was rebuilt in the following spring with a tiled roof, and according to Howes's MS., quoted by Collier in his life of Shakespeare, "at the great charge of King James and many noblemen and others." Ben Jonson styled the new theatre "the glory of the Bank and the fort of the whole parish."

The Globe Theatre was pulled down in 1644 by Sir Matthew Brand with the view to tenements being erected upon its site, a portion of which at the present day is occupied by Barclay and Perkins's brewery.





## JOHN WEBSTER AND CYRIL TOURNEUR.



**N**OTHING is known about the lives of John Webster and Cyril Tourneur. We are ignorant when they were born and when they died. We possess only meagre hints of what contemporaries thought of them. One allusion to Tourneur survives, which shows that he was not popular in his lifetime as a dramatist:—

His fame unto that pitch so only raised  
As not to be despised nor too much praised.

A superficial critic speaks of “crabbed Webster, the playwright, cart-wright,” and proceeds, at some length, to deride his laborious style and obscurity. Commendatory verses by S. Sheppard, Th. Middleton, W. Shirley, and John Ford prove, however, that Webster’s tragedies won the suffrage of the best judges. None such are printed with *Tourneur’s* plays.

Webster began to write for the stage as early as 1601. Between that date and 1607 he worked upon Marston's *Malcontent*, and is supposed to have collaborated with Dekker in the *History of Sir Th. Wyatt, Northward Ho, and Westward Ho*. Tourneur began his literary career by a satire called *Transformed Metamorphosis*, in 1600, which was followed in 1609 by a *Funeral Poem on the Death of Sir Francis Vere*. Both he and Webster published Elegies in 1613 upon the death of Prince Henry.

In this year he was employed upon some business for the Court, as appears from this passage in the Revels Accounts (ed. Cunningham, p. xliii.):

To Cyrill Turner, upon a warraunte signed by the Lord Chamberleyne and Mr. Chauncellor, dated at Whitehall, 23rd December, 1613, for his chardges and paines in carrying l'res for his Mat<sup>s</sup> service to Brussells . . . . Xli.

The amount of this payment renders it improbable that Tourneur's mission was of any political or diplomatical importance.

We do not know when he commenced playwright; but *The Revenger's Tragedy* was licensed in 1607 and printed in the same year. *The Atheist's Tragedy* was printed in 1611; it had been written almost certainly at some earlier period. Webster's *White Devil* was printed and probably produced in 1612; his *Duchess of Malfi*, produced perhaps in 1616, was printed in 1623.

It is needful to dwell on the comparison of these dates, since they give Tourneur the priority of authorship in a style of tragedy which both

poets cultivated with marked effect. Not to class them together as the creators of a singular type of drama would be uncritical. They elaborated similar motives, moved in the same atmosphere of moral gloom, aimed at the like sententious apophthegms, affected the same brevity and pungency, handled blank verse and prose on parallel methods, and owed debts of much the same kind to Shakespeare. That Webster was the greater writer, as he certainly possessed a finer cast of mind, and surveyed a wider sphere of human nature in his work, will be admitted. Yet it seems not impossible that he may have followed Tourneur's lead in the peculiar form and tone of his two masterpieces.

Speaking broadly, the two best tragedies of Webster and the two surviving tragedies of Tourneur constitute a distinct species of the genus which has been termed Tragedy of Blood.<sup>1</sup> It was Kyd, in his double drama called *The Spanish Tragedy*, who first gave definite form to this type. Those two plays exhibit the main ingredients of the Tragedy of Blood—a romantic story of crime and suffering, a violent oppressor, a wronged man bent upon the execution of some subtle vengeance, a ghost or two, a notorious villain working as the tyrant's instrument, and a whole crop of murders, deaths, and suicides to end the action. What use Shakespeare made of the type, and how

<sup>1</sup> See J. A. Symonds' *Shakespeare's Predecessors*, chap. xii., for a definition and description of this dramatic genus.

he glorified it in *Hamlet*, is well known. Both Tourneur and Webster, writing after Shakespeare, had of necessity felt his influence, and their handling of the species was modified by that of their great master. Yet they reverted in many important particulars from the Shakespearean method to Kyd's. The use they both made of the villain, a personage which Shakespeare discarded, might be cited as distinctive. Kyd described the villain in the character of his Lazarrotto thus:—

I have a lad in pickle of this stamp,  
A melancholy, discontented courtier,  
Whose famished jaws look like the chap of death;  
Upon whose eyebrow hangs damnation;  
Whose hands are washed in rape and murders bold;  
Him with a golden bait will I allure,  
For courtiers will do anything for gold.

The outlines sketched by Kyd were filled in with touches of diseased perversity and crippled nobleness by Tourneur in his *Vendice*, and were converted into full-length portraits of impressive sombreness by Webster in his *Flamineo* and *Bosola*.

When we compare Tourneur with Webster as artists in the *Tragedy of Blood*, the former is seen at once to stand upon a lower level. His workmanship was rougher and less equal; his insight into nature less humane, though hardly less incisive; his moral tone muddier and more *venomous*; his draughtsmanship spasmodic and *uncertain*. Tourneur seems to have invented his

own plots; they have the air of being fabricated after a recipe. This flaw—an apparent insincerity in the choice of motives—corresponds to the more painful moral flaw which makes his occasional good work like that of a remorseful and regretful fallen angel. While we read his plays, the line of Persius rises to our lips:—

Virtutem videant intabescantque relictâ.

Webster, as man and artist, never descends to Tourneur's level. He selects his two great subjects from Italian story, deriving thence the pith and marrow of veracity. These subjects he treats carefully and conscientiously, according to his own conception of the dreadful depths in human nature revealed to us by sixteenth century Italy. He does not use the vulgar machinery of revenge and ghosts in order to evolve an action. In so far as this goes, he may even be said to have advanced a step beyond *Hamlet* in the evolution of the Tragedy of Blood. His dramatic issues are worked out, without much alteration, from the matter given in the two Italian tales he used. Only he claims the right to view human fates and fortunes with despair, to paint a broad black background for his figures, to detach them sharply in sinister or pathetic relief, and to leave us at the last without a prospect over hopeful things. "One great Charybdis swallows all," said the Greek Simonides; and this motto might be chosen for the work of Shakespeare's greatest

pupil in the art of tragedy. Yet Webster never fails to touch our hearts, and makes us remember a riper utterance upon the piteousness of man's ephemeral existence:—

Sunt lacrimæ rerum, et mentem mortalia tangunt.

It is just this power of blending tenderness and pity with the exhibition of acute moral anguish by which Webster is so superior to Tourneur as a dramatist.

Both playwrights have this point in common, that their forte lies not in the construction of plots, or in the creation of characters, so much as in an acute sense for dramatic situations. Their plots are involved and stippled in with slender touches; they lack breadth, and do not rightly hang together. Their characters, though forcibly conceived, tend to monotony, and move mechanically. But when it is needful to develop a poignant, a passionate, or a delicate situation, Tourneur and Webster show themselves to be masters of their art. They find inevitable words, the right utterance, not indeed always for their specific personages, but for generic humanity, under the *peine forte et dure* of intense emotional pressure. Webster, being the larger, nobler, deeper in his touch on nature, offers a greater variety of situations which reveal the struggles of the human soul with sin and fate. He is also better able to sustain these situations at a high *dramatic pitch*—as in the scene of Vittoria before

her judges, and the scene of the Duchess of Malfi's assassination. Still Tourneur can display a few such moments by apocalyptic flashes—notably in the scenes where Vendice deals with his mother and sister.

Both playwrights indulge the late Elizabethan predilection for conceits. Webster, here as elsewhere, proves himself the finer artist. He inserts Vittoria's dream, Antonio's dialogue with Echo, Bosola's Masque of Madmen, accidentally and subserviently to action. Tourneur enlarges needlessly, but with lurid rhetorical effect, upon the grisly humours suggested by the skull of Vendice's dead mistress. Using similar materials, the one asserts his claim to be called the nobler poet by more steady observance of the Greek precept "Nothing overmuch." Words to the same effect might be written about their several employment of blank verse and prose. Both follow Shakespeare's distribution of these forms, while both run verse into prose as Shakespeare never did. Yet I think we may detect a subtler discriminative quality in Webster's most chaotic periods than we can in Tourneur's; and what upon this point deserves notice is that Webster, of the two, alone shows lyrical faculty. His three dirges are of exquisite melodic rhythm, in a rich low minor key; much of his blank verse has the ring of music; and even his prose suggests the colour of song by its cadence. This cannot be said of the sinister and arid Muse of Tourneur.



She wears no evergreens of singing, nay, no yew-boughs even, on her forehead. Her dusky eyes sparkle with sharp metallic scintillations, as when Castiza says to her mother :—

Come from that poisonous woman there.

*The Revenger's Tragedy* is an entangled web of lust, incest, fratricide, rape, adultery, mutual suspicion, hate, and bloodshed, through which runs, like a thread of glittering copper, the vengeance of a cynical plague-fretted spirit. Vendice emerges from the tainted crew of Duke and Duchess, Lussurioso, Spurio and Junior, Ambizioso and Supervacuo, with a kind of blasted splendour. They are curling and engendering, a brood of flat-headed asps, in the slime of their filthy appetites and gross ambitions. He treads and tramples on them all. But he bears on his own forehead the brands of Lucifer, the rebel, and of Cain, the assassin. The social corruption which transformed them into reptiles, has made him a fiend incarnate. Penetrated to the core with evil, conscious of sin far more than they are, he towers above them by his satanic force of purpose. Though ruined, as they are ruined, and by like causes, he maintains the dignity of mind and of volition. The right is on his side ; the right of a tyrannicide, who has seen his own mistress, his own father, the wife of his friend, done to death by the brutalities of wanton princelings. But *Tourneur* did not choose to gift Vendice with

elevation of nature. In the strongest scene of the play he showed this scorpion of revenge, stooping to feign a pander's part, tempting his mother and his sister as none but a moral leper could have done. In the minor scene of the duke's murder, he made him malicious beyond the scope of human cruelty and outrage. It was inherent apparently in this poet's conception of life that evil should be proclaimed predominant. His cynicism stands self-revealed in the sentence he puts into Antonio's mouth, condemning Vendice to death:—

You that would murder him would murder me.

Even justice, in his view, rests on egotism. And yet Tourneur has endowed Vendice with redeeming qualities. The hero of this crooked play is true to his ideal of duty, true to his sense of honour. He dies contented because he has perfected his revenge, preserved his sister's chastity, and converted his mother at the poniard's point. Where all are so bad and base, Vendice appears by comparison sublime. If we are to admire tone and keeping in a work of art, we certainly find it here; for the moral gradations are relentlessly scaled within the key of sin and pollution. The only character who stirs a pulse of sympathy is vicious. Castiza is a mere lay figure, and her mother one of the most repulsive personages of the Jacobean drama.

*Webster presents a larger mass of dramatic*

work to the critic. Beside the tragedies included in this volume, he wrote another tragedy, *Appius and Virginia*, a tragi-comedy entitled *The Devil's Law-case*, and is said to have had a share in the history-play of *Sir Thomas Wyatt*, and in three comedies, *Northward Ho*, *Westward Ho*, and *A Cure for a Cuckold*. *The Devil's Law-case* shows how much this playwright depended on material supplied him, and how little he could trust his own inventive faculty. It starts with an involved plot of Italian deceit and contemplated crime, which Webster develops in his careful but not very lucid manner. We feel that we are working toward some sinister *dénouement*, when suddenly, by a twist of the hand, a favourable turn is given to events, and the play ends happily—violating probability, artistic tone, and the ethical integrity of the chief character, Romelio. From *The Famous History of Sir Thomas Wyatt* in its present mangled and misshapen form it is impossible to disengage Webster's handiwork with any certainty. The same may be said about the brisk and well-wrought pieces *Northward Ho* and *Westward Ho*. Yet I see no reason to dispute Webster's share in these three plays. *A Cure for a Cuckold*<sup>1</sup> requires more particular comment. This comedy was ascribed by the publisher Kirkman to John Webster and William Rowley. But the ascription stands for absolutely nothing, unless

<sup>1</sup> This play will be included in another volume of the Mermaid Series.

we can discover corroborative internal evidence of Webster's collaboration. Such evidence I do not find, although there is certainly nothing in the play to disprove Kirkman's assertions. It should be added that a delicate little piece of serio-comic workmanship lies embedded in the otherwise trashy *Cure for a Cuckold*. Mr. Edmund Gosse early saw and twice pointed out how easily this play within the play could be detached from the rest; and the Honourable S. E. Spring Rice has recently printed, at Mr. Daniel's private press, a beautiful edition of what, following Mr. Gosse's suggestion, he calls *Love's Graduate*. I should like to believe that "piece of silver-work," as Mr. Gosse has aptly called it, to be truly the creation of Webster, "the sculptor whose other groups are all in bronze." Indeed, there are no reasons why the belief should not be indulged, except that Kirkman's ascription carries but a feather's weight, and that there is nothing special in the style to warrant it. *Love's Graduate*, rescued from *A Cure for a Cuckold* by pious hands, is one of the unclaimed masterpieces of this fruitful epoch.

The great length of Webster's two Italian tragedies rendered it impossible to print *Appius and Virginia* in this volume. That is much to be regretted; for without a study of his Roman play, justice can hardly be done to the scope and breadth of Webster's genius. Of *Appius and Virginia* Mr. Dyce observed with excellent judgment: "this drama is so remarkable for its

simplicity, its deep pathos, its unobtrusive beauties, its singleness of plot, and the easy, unimpeded march of its story, that perhaps there are readers who will prefer it to any other of our author's productions." Webster, who was a Latin scholar, probably studied the fable in Livy; but its outlines were familiar to English people through Painter's "Palace of Pleasure." He has drawn the mutinous camp before Algidum, the discontented city ruled by a licentious noble, the stern virtues of Icilius and Virginius, and the innocent girlhood of Virginia with a quiet mastery and self-restraint which prove that the violent contrasts of his Italian plays were calculated for a peculiar effect of romance. When treating a classical subject, he aimed at classical severity of form. The chief interest of the drama centres in Appius. This character suited Webster's vein. He delighted in the delineation of a bold, imperious tyrant, marching through crimes to the attainment of his lawless ends, yet never wholly despicable. He also loved to analyse the subtleties of a deep-brained intriguer, changing from open force to covert guile, fawning and trampling on the objects of his hate by turns, assuming the tone of diplomacy and the truculence of autocratic will at pleasure, on one occasion making the worse appear the better cause by rhetoric, on another espousing evil with reckless cynicism. The variations of such a character are presented with force and lucidity in *Appius*. Yet the whole play lacks

those sudden flashes of illuminative beauty, those profound and searching glimpses into the bottomless abyss of human misery, which render Webster's two Italian tragedies unique. He seems to have been writing under self-imposed limitations, in order to obtain a certain desired effect—much in the same way as Ford did when he composed the irreproachable but somewhat chilling history of *Perkin Warbeck*.

The detailed criticism of Webster as a dramatist, and the study of his two chief tragedies in relation to their Italian sources, would lead me beyond the limits of this Introduction. He is not a poet to be dealt with by any summary method; for he touches the depths of human nature in ways that need the subtlest analysis for their proper explanation. I am, however, loth to close this introduction without a word or two concerning the peculiarities of Webster's dramatic style.<sup>1</sup> Owing to condensation of thought and compression of language, his plays offer considerable difficulties to readers who approach them for the first time. So many fantastic incidents are crowded into a single action, and the dialogue is burdened with so much profoundly studied matter, that the general impression is apt to be blurred. We rise from the perusal of his Italian tragedies with a deep

<sup>1</sup> It ought, perhaps, to be mentioned that the remarks which follow are adapted in part from an essay on Webster published in my *Italian By-ways*.

sense of the poet's power and personality, an ineffaceable recollection of one or two resplendent scenes, and a clear conception of the leading characters. Meanwhile the outlines of the fable, the structure of the drama as a complete work of art, seem to elude our grasp. The persons, who have played their part upon the stage of our imagination, stand apart from one another, like figures in a *tableau vivant*. *Appius and Virginia*, indeed, proves that Webster understood the value of a simple plot, and that he was able to work one out with conscientious firmness. But in *Vittoria Corombona* and *The Duchess of Malfi*, each part is etched with equal effort after luminous effect upon a murky background; and the whole play is a mosaic of these parts. It lacks the breadth which comes from concentration on a master-motive. We feel that the author had a certain depth of tone and intricacy of design in view, combining sensational effect and sententious pregnancy of diction in works of laboured art. It is probable that able representation upon the public stage of an Elizabethan theatre gave them the coherence, the animation, and the movement which a chamber-student misses. When familiarity has brought us acquainted with Webster's way of working, we perceive that he treats terrible and striking subjects with a concentrated vigour special to his genius. Each word and trait of character has been studied for a particular effect. Brief lightning flashes of acute self-revelation illuminate

the midnight darkness of the lost souls he has painted. Flowers of the purest and most human pathos, like Giovanni de Medici's dialogue with his uncle in *Vittoria Corombona*, bloom by the charnel-house on which the poet's fancy loved to dwell. The culmination of these tragedies, setting like stormy suns in blood-red clouds, is prepared by gradual approaches and degrees of horror. No dramatist showed more consummate ability in heightening terrific effects, in laying bare the inner mysteries of crime, remorse, and pain combined to make men miserable. He seems to have had a natural bias toward the dreadful stuff with which he deals so powerfully. He was drawn to comprehend and reproduce abnormal elements of spiritual anguish. The materials with which he builds are sought for in the ruined places of abandoned lives, in the agonies of madness and despair, in the sarcasms of reckless atheism, in slow tortures, griefs beyond endurance, the tempests of sin-haunted conscience, the spasms of fratricidal bloodshed, the deaths of frantic hope-deserted criminals. He is often melodramatic in the means employed to bring these psychological elements of tragedy home to our imagination. He makes free use of poisoned engines, daggers, pistols, disguised murderers, masques, and nightmares. Yet his firm grasp upon the essential qualities of diseased and guilty human nature, his profound pity for the innocent *who suffer shipwreck* in the storm of evil passions



not their own, save him, even at his gloomiest and wildest, from the unrealities and extravagances into which less potent artists—Tourneur, for example—blundered. That the tendency to brood on what is ghastly belonged to Webster's idiosyncrasy appears in his use of metaphor. He cannot say the simplest thing without giving it a sinister turn—as thus :

You speak as if a man  
Should know what fowl is *coffined* in a baked meat,  
Afore you cut it open.

When knaves come to preferment, they rise as *gallowses*  
*are raised* in the Low Countries, one upon another's  
shoulders.

Pleasure of life! what is't? only the *good hours* of an  
*ague*.

I would sooner eat a dead *pigeon* taken from the soles of  
the feet of one sick of the *plague* than kiss one of you  
fasting.

In his dialogue, people bandy phrases like—"O you screech-owl!" and "Thou foul black cloud!" A sister warns her brother to think twice before committing suicide, with this weird admonition:—

I prithee, yet remember  
Millions are now in graves, which at last day  
Like mandrakes shall rise shrieking.

But enough has now been said about these peculiarities of Webster's dramatic style. It is needful to become acclimatised to his specific mannerism, both in the way of working and the *tone of thinking*, before we can appreciate his

real greatness as a dramatic poet and moralist. Then we recognise the truth of what has recently been written of him by an acute and sympathetic critic: "There is no poet morally nobler than Webster."<sup>4</sup>

JOHN ADDINGTON SYMONDS.

<sup>4</sup> Readers of this volume who are anxious to obtain more light upon Webster's art, must be referred to Lamb's notes in the *Specimens from English Dramatic Poets*, to Mr. Swinburne's article on John Webster in *The Nineteenth Century* for June, 1886, and to my own essay upon *Vittoria Accoramboni* in *Italian By-ways* (Smith and Elder, 1883).

The text adopted for Webster's two tragedies is that of Dyce's edition. His arrangement of scenes has been followed, except in the case of the *Vittoria Corombona*, which Dyce left undivided. The notes, too, are in the main extracted from the same source. With reference to Cyril Tourneur's plays, the text of *The Atheist's Tragedy* has been modernised from Mr. Churton Collins's edition; that of *The Revenger's Tragedy* is based upon the modernised version in Hazlitt's edition of Dodsley, collated throughout with Mr. Collins's text. Students of the English drama owe a debt of gratitude to Mr. Churton Collins for his scholarly issue of the complete works of Tourneur.







*THE WHITE DEVIL;*

OR,

*VITTORIA COROMBONA.*





THE *White Divel*; or, the Tragedy of Paulo Giordano Ursini, Duke of Brachiano, With the Life and Death of Vittoria Corombona, the famous Venetian Curtizan, was printed in 1612. as acted by the Queen's servants, and again in 1631, 1665, and 1672. In 1707 Nahum Tate published an alteration called *Injured Love*; or, the Cruel Husband.

Webster founded this play directly on the history of the Duke di Brachiano and his two wives, of whom the second, Vittoria Accorambaoni, was the widow of the nephew of Cardinal Montalto, afterwards Pope Sixtus V.



#### TO THE READER.



IN publishing this tragedy, I do but challenge to myself that liberty which other men have ta'en before me: not that I affect praise by it, for *nos hæc novimus esse nihil*;<sup>1</sup> only, since it was acted in so dull a time of winter, presented in so open and black a theatre, that it wanted (that which is the only grace and setting-out of a tragedy) a full and understanding auditory; and that, since that time, I have noted most of the people that come to that play-house resemble those ignorant asses who, visiting stationers' shops, their use is not to inquire for good books, but new books; I present it to the general view with this confidence,—

Nec ronchos metues maligniorum,  
Nec scombris tunicas dabis molestas.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Martial, xiii. 2.

<sup>2</sup> Martial, iv. 87.

## THE WHITE DEVIL.

If it be objected this is no true dramatic poem, I shall easily confess it; *non potes in nugas dicere plura meas ipse ego quam dixi.*<sup>1</sup> Willingly, and not ignorantly, in this kind have I faulted: for, should a man present to such an auditory the most sententious tragedy that ever was written, observing all the critical laws, as height of style, and gravity of person, enrich it with the sententious Chorus, and, as it were, liven death in the passionate and weighty Nuntius; yet, after all this divine rapture, *O dura messorum ilia,*<sup>2</sup> the breath that comes from the incapable multitude is able to poison it; and, ere it be acted, let the author resolve to fix to every scene this of Horace,

Hæc porcis hodie comedenda relinques.<sup>3</sup>

To those who report I was a long time in finishing this tragedy, I confess, I do not write with a goose quill winged with two feathers; and if they will needs make it my fault, I must answer them with that of Euripides to Alcestides,<sup>4</sup> a tragic writer. Alcestides objecting that Euripides had only, in three days, composed three verses, whereas himself had written three hundred, "Thou tellest truth," quoth he, "but here's the difference,—thine shall only be read for three days, whereas mine shall continue three ages."

Detraction is the sworn friend to ignorance: for mine own part, I have ever truly cherished my good opinion of other men's worthy labours; especially of that full and heightened style of Master Chapman; the laboured and understanding works of Master Jonson; the no less worthy composes of the both worthily excellent Master Beaumont and Master Fletcher; and lastly (without wrong last to be named), the right happy and copious industry of Master Shakespeare, Master Dekker, and Master Heywood; wishing what I write may be read by their light; protesting that, in the strength of mine own judgment, I know them so worthy, that though I rest silent in my own work, yet to most of theirs I dare (without flattery) fix that of Martial,

Non norunt hæc monumenta mori.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Martial, xiii. 2.    <sup>2</sup> Horace, *Epod.* iii.    <sup>3</sup> *Epist.* i. 7.

<sup>4</sup> Valerius Maximus, Lib. iii. 7.    <sup>5</sup> Martial, x. 2.





*DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.*

MONTICELSO, a Cardinal, afterwards Pope.  
FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, Duke of Florence.  
BRACHIANO, otherwise Paulo Giordano Ursini, Duke of  
Brachiano, Husband of ISABELLA.  
GIOVANNI, his Son.  
COUNT LODOVICO.  
CAMILLO, Husband of VITTORIA.  
FLAMINEO, Brother of VITTORIA, Secretary to BRACHIANO.  
MARCELLO, Brother of VITTORIA, Attendant on FRANCISCO  
DE MEDICIS.  
HORTENSIO.  
ANTONELLI.  
GASPARO.  
FARNESE.  
CARLO.  
PEDRO.  
Doctor.  
Conjurer.  
Lawyer.  
JAQUES.  
JULIO.  
CHRISTOPHERO.  
Ambassadors, Physicians, Officers, Attendants, &c.

ISABELLA, Sister of FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, Wife of  
BRACHIANO.  
VITTORIA COROMBONA, married first to CAMILLO, after-  
wards to BRACHIANO.  
CORNELIA, Mother of VITTORIA.  
ZANCHE, a Moor, Waiting-woman to VITTORIA.  
Matron of the House of Convertites.

SCENE—ROME and PADUA.





# THE WHITE DEVIL;

OR,

VITTORIA COROMBONA.

—o—o—o—  
ACT THE FIRST.

SCENE I.—*A Street in Rome.*

*Enter* Count LODOVICO, ANTONELLI, and GASPARO.



LOD. Banished!

*Ant.* It grieved me much to hear  
the sentence. [gods]

*Lod.* Ha, ha! O Democritus, thy  
That govern the whole world! courtly  
reward

And punishment. Fortune's a right whore:  
If she give aught, she deals it in small parcels,  
That she may take away all at one swoop.  
This 'tis to have great enemies:—God quit<sup>1</sup> them!  
Your wolf no longer seems to be a wolf  
Than when she's hungry.

*Gasp.* You term those enemies  
Are men of princely rank.

*Lod.* O, I pray for them:

<sup>1</sup> Requite.



The violent thunder is adored by those  
Are pashed<sup>1</sup> in pieces by it.

*Ant.* Come, my lord,  
You are justly doomed : look but a little back  
Into your former life ; you have in three years  
Ruined the noblest earldom.

*Gasp.* Your followers  
Have swallowed you like mummia<sup>2</sup> and, being sick  
With such unnatural and horrid physic,  
Vomit you up i' the kennel.

*Ant.* All the damnable degrees  
Of drinkings have you staggered through : one citizen  
Is lord of two fair manors called you master  
Only for caviare.

*Gasp.* Those noblemen  
Which were invited to your prodigal feasts  
(Wherein the phœnix scarce could scape your  
throats)  
Laugh at your misery ; as fore-deeming you  
An idle meteor, which, drawn forth the earth,  
Would be soon lost i' the air.

*Ant.* Jest upon you,  
And say you were begotten in an earthquake,  
You have ruined such fair lordships.

*Lod.* Very good.  
This well goes with two buckets : I must tend  
The pouring out of either.

*Gasp.* Worse than these ;  
You have acted certain murders here in Rome,  
Bloody and full of horror.

*Lod.* 'Las, they were flea-bitings.  
Why took they not my head, then ?

<sup>1</sup> Violently dashed.

<sup>2</sup> Different kinds of mummy were formerly used in medicine.  
"Mummie is become merchandise," says Sir Thomas Browne,  
"Mizraim cures wounds, and Pharaoh is sold for balsams."  
*Urn-Burial.*

*Gasp.* O, my lord,  
The law doth sometimes mediate, thinks it good  
Not ever to steep violent sins in blood :  
This gentle penance may both end your crimes,  
And in the example better these bad times.

*Lod.* So ; but I wonder, then, some great men  
scape  
This banishment : there's Paulo Giordano Ursini,  
The Duke of Brachiano, now lives in Rome,  
And by close panderism seeks to prostitute  
The honour of Vittoria Corombona ;  
Vittoria, she that might have got my pardon  
For one kiss to the duke.

*Ant.* Have a full man within you.  
We see that trees bear no such pleasant fruit  
There where they grew first as where they are new  
set :  
Perfumes, the more they are chafed, the more they  
Their pleasing scents ; and so affliction [render  
Expresseth virtue fully, whether true  
Or else adulterate.

*Lod.* Leave your painted comforts :  
I'll make Italian cut-works<sup>1</sup> in their guts,  
If ever I return.

*Gasp.* O, sir !

*Lod.* I am patient.  
I have seen some ready to be executed  
Give pleasant looks and money, and grown familiar  
With the knave hangman : so do I : I thank them,  
And would account them nobly merciful,  
Would they despatch me quickly.

*Ant.* Fare you well :  
We shall find time, I doubt not, to repeal  
Your banishment.

*Lod.* I am ever bound to you :

<sup>1</sup> Open-work embroidery.

This is the world's alms ; pray, make use of it.  
 Great men sell sheep thus to be cut in pieces,  
 When first they have shorn them bare and sold  
 their fleeces. [*Exeunt.*



SCENE II.—*An Apartment in CAMILLO's House.*

*Sennet.*<sup>1</sup> *Enter* BRACHIANO, CAMILLO, FLAMINEO,  
 VITTORIA COROMBONA, and Attendants.

*Brach.* Your best of rest !

*Vit. Cor.* Unto my lord, the duke,  
 The best of welcome !—More lights ! attend the  
 duke.

[*Exeunt* CAMILLO and VITTORIA COROMBONA.

*Brach.* Flamineo,—

*Flam.* My lord ?

*Brach.* Quite lost, Flamineo.

*Flam.* Pursue your noble wishes, I am prompt  
 As lightning to your service. O, my lord,  
 The fair Vittoria, my happy sister, [*Whispers.*  
 Shall give you present audience.—Gentlemen,  
 Let the caroché<sup>2</sup> go on ; and 'tis his pleasure  
 You put out all your torches, and depart.

[*Exeunt* Attendants.

*Brach.* Are we so happy ?

*Flam.* Can't be otherwise ?

Observed you not to-night, my honoured lord,  
 Which way so'er you went, she threw her eyes ?  
 I have dealt already with her chambermaid,  
 Zanche the Moor ; and she is wondrous proud  
 To be the agent for so high a spirit.

<sup>1</sup> A sounding (but not a flourish) of trumpets or other wind instruments.

<sup>2</sup> Coach. *Fr. Carrosse.*

*Brach.* We are happy above thought, because 'bove merit.

*Flam.* 'Bove merit!—we may now talk freely—'bove merit! What is't you doubt? her coyness? that's but the superficies of lust most women have: yet why should ladies blush to hear that named which they do not fear to handle? O, they are politic: they know our desire is increased by the difficulty of enjoying; whereas satiety is a blunt, weary, and drowsy passion. If the buttery-hatch at court stood continually open, there would be nothing so passionate crowding, nor hot suit after the beverage.

*Brach.* O, but her jealous husband.

*Flam.* Hang him! a gilder that hath his brains perished with quick-silver is not more cold in the liver: the great barriers moulted not more feathers<sup>1</sup> than he hath shed hairs, by the confession of his doctor: an Irish gamester that will play himself naked, and then wage all downwards at hazard, is not more venturous: so unable to please a woman, that, like a Dutch doublet, all his back is shrunk into his breeches.

Shroud you within this closet, good my lord:  
Some trick now must be thought on to divide  
My brother-in-law from his fair bedfellow.

*Brach.* O, should she fail to come!

*Flam.* I must not have your lordship thus unwisely amorous. I myself have loved a lady, and pursued her with a great deal of under-age protestation, whom some three or four gallants that have enjoyed would with all their hearts have been glad to have been rid of: 'tis just like a summer birdcage in a garden; the birds that are without despair to

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* More feathers were not dislodged from the helmets of the combatants at the great tilting-match.—*Steevens.*

get in, and the birds that are within despair, and are in a consumption, for fear they shall never get out.  
 Away, away, my lord! [Exit BRACHIANO.  
 See, here he comes. This fellow by his apparel  
 Some men would judge a politician;  
 But call his wit in question, you shall find it  
 Merely an ass in's foot-cloth.<sup>1</sup>

*Re-enter CAMILLO.*<sup>2</sup>

How now, brother!

What, travelling to bed to your kind wife?

*Cam.* I assure you, brother, no; my voyage lies  
 More northerly, in a far colder clime:  
 I do not well remember, I protest,  
 When I last lay with her.

*Flam.* Strange you should lose your count.

*Cam.* We never lay together, but ere morning  
 There grew a flaw<sup>3</sup> between us.

*Flam.* 'Thad been your part  
 To have made up that flaw.

*Cam.* True, but she loathes  
 I should be seen in't.

*Flam.* Why, sir, what's the matter?

*Cam.* The duke, your master, visits me, I thank  
 And I perceive how, like an earnest bowler, [him;  
 He very passionately leans that way  
 He should have his bowl run.

*Flam.* I hope you do not think—

*Cam.* That noblemen bowl booty?<sup>4</sup> faith, his cheek

Housings.

<sup>2</sup> It is hardly possible to mark with any certainty the stage-business of this play. Though Brachiano, who has just withdrawn into a "closet," appears again when Flamineo calls him (See p. 15), it would seem that the audience were to *imagine* that a change of scene took place here to another apartment, as Flamineo says (p. 13): "Sister, my lord attends you in the *banqueting-house*."—*Dyce*.

<sup>3</sup> Quarrel.

<sup>4</sup> *i.e.* Allow an adversary to aim in order to draw him on to continue playing.

Hath a most excellent bias ; it would fain  
Jump with my mistress.<sup>1</sup>

*Flam.* Will you be an ass,  
Despite your Aristotle ? or a cuckold,  
Contrary to your Ephemerides,  
Which shows you under what a smiling planet  
You were first swaddled ?

*Cam.* Pew-wew, sir, tell not me  
Of planets nor of Ephemerides :  
A man may be made a cuckold in the day-time,  
When the stars' eyes are out.

*Flam.* Sir, God b' wi' you ;  
I do commit you to your pitiful pillow  
Stuffed with horn-shavings.

*Cam.* Brother,—

*Flam.* God refuse me,  
Might I advise you now, your only course  
Were to lock up your wife.

*Cam.* 'Twere very good.

*Flam.* Bar her the sight of revels.

*Cam.* Excellent.

*Flam.* Let her not go to church, but like a hound  
In lyam<sup>2</sup> at your heels.

*Cam.* 'Twere for her honour.

*Flam.* And so you should be certain in one fort-  
Despite her chastity or innocence, [night  
To be cuckolded, which yet is in suspense :  
This is my counsel, and I ask no fee for't.

*Cam.* Come, you know not where my night-cap  
wrings me.

*Flam.* Wear it o' the old fashion ; let your large  
ears come through, it will be more easy :—nay, I will  
be bitter :—bar your wife of her entertainment :  
women are more willingly and more gloriously  
chaste when they are least restrained of their

<sup>1</sup> *The jack at bowls.*

<sup>2</sup> *Leash.*

liberty. It seems you would be a fine capricious mathematically jealous coxcomb; take the height of your own horns with a Jacob's staff<sup>1</sup> afore they are up. These politic inclosures for paltry mutton make more rebellion in the flesh than all the provocative electuaries doctors have uttered<sup>2</sup> since last jubilee.

*Cam.* This doth not physic me.

*Flam.* It seems you are jealous: I'll show you the error of it by a familiar example. I have seen a pair of spectacles fashioned with such perspective art, that, lay down but one twelve pence o' the board, 'twill appear as if there were twenty; now, should you wear a pair of these spectacles, and see your wife tying her shoe, you would imagine twenty hands were taking up of your wife's clothes, and this would put you into a horrible causeless fury.

*Cam.* The fault there, sir, is not in the eyesight.

*Flam.* True; but they that have the yellow jaundice think all objects they look on to be yellow. Jealousy is worser; her fits present to a man, like so many bubbles in a bason of water, twenty several crabbed faces; many times makes his own shadow his cuckold-maker. See, she comes.

*Re-enter VITTORIA COROMBONA.*

What reason have you to be jealous of this creature? what an ignorant ass or flattering knave might he be counted, that should write sonnets to her eyes, or call her brow the snow of Ida or ivory of Corinth, or compare her hair to the blackbird's bill, when 'tis liker the blackbird's feather! This is all; be wise, I will make you friends; and you shall go to bed together. Marry, look you, it shall not be your seeking; do you stand upon that by any means: *walk you aloof*; I would not have you seen in't.

<sup>1</sup> A measuring instrument.

<sup>2</sup> Vended.

[*CAMILLO retires.*] Sister, my lord attends you in the banqueting-house. Your husband is wondrous discontented.

*Vit. Cor.* I did nothing to displease him: I carved to him at supper-time.<sup>1</sup>

*Flam.* You need not have carved him; in faith; they say he is a capon already. I must now seemingly fall out with you. Shall a gentleman so well descended as Camillo,—a lousy slave, that within this twenty years rode with the black guard<sup>2</sup> in the duke's carriage, 'mongst spits and dripping-pans—

*Cam.* Now he begins to tickle her.

*Flam.* An excellent scholar,—one that hath a head filled with calves-brains without any sage in them,—come crouching in the hams to you for a night's lodging?—that hath an itch in's hams, which like the fire at the glass-house hath not gone out this seven years.—Is he not a courtly gentleman?—when he wears white satin, one would take him by his black muzzle to be no other creature than a maggot.—You are a goodly foil, I confess, well set out—but covered with a false stone, yon counterfeit diamond.<sup>3</sup>

*Cam.* He will make her know what is in me.

*Flam.* Come, my lord attends you; thou shalt go to bed to my lord—

*Cam.* Now he comes to't.

*Flam.* With a relish as curious as a vintner going to taste new wine.—I am opening your case hard. [To *CAMILLO*.

*Cam.* A virtuous brother, o' my credit!

*Flam.* He will give thee a ring with a philosopher's stone in it.

<sup>1</sup> A mark of good-will.

<sup>2</sup> The lowest menials who rode in the vehicles which carried the domestic utensils from mansion to mansion.

<sup>3</sup> *Flamenco's* speeches are half-asides.



*Cam.* Indeed, I am studying alchymy.

*Flam.* Thou shalt lie in a bed stuffed with turtles' feathers; swoon in perfumed linen, like the fellow was smothered in roses. So perfect shall be thy happiness, that, as men at sea think land and trees and ships go that way they go, so both Heaven and earth shall seem to go your voyage. Shall't meet him; 'tis fixed with nails of diamonds to inevitable necessity.

*Vit. Cor.* How shall's rid him hence?

*Flam.* I will put the breeze in's tail,—set him gadding presently.—[*To CAMILLO*] I have almost wrought her to it, I find her coming: but, might I advise you now, for this night I would not lie with her; I would cross her humour to make her more humble.

*Cam.* Shall I, shall I? [ment.]

*Flam.* It will show in you a supremacy of judg-

*Cam.* True, and a mind differing from the tumultuary opinion; for, *quæ negata, grata*.

*Flam.* Right: you are the adamant<sup>1</sup> shall draw her to you, though you keep distance off.

*Cam.* A philosophical reason.

*Flam.* Walk by her o' the nobleman's fashion, and tell her you will lie with her at the end of the progress.<sup>2</sup>

*Cam.* [*Coming forward*]. Vittoria, I cannot be induced, or, as a man would say, incited—

*Vit. Cor.* To do what, sir?

*Cam.* To lie with you to-night. Your silkworm useth to fast every third day, and the next following spins the better. To-morrow at night I am for you.

*Vit. Cor.* You'll spin a fair thread, trust to't.

*Flam.* But, do you hear, I shall have you steal to her chamber about midnight.

<sup>1</sup> Magnet.

<sup>2</sup> State journey.

*Cam.* Do you think so? why, look you, brother, because you shall not think I'll gull you, take the key, lock me into the chamber, and say you shall be sure of me.

*Flam.* In troth, I will; I'll be your gaoler once. But have you ne'er a false door?

*Cam.* A pox on't, as I am a Christian. Tell me to-morrow how scurvily she takes my unkind parting.

*Flam.* I will.

*Cam.* Didst thou not mark the jest of the silkworm? Good-night: in faith, I will use this trick often.

*Flam.* Do, do, do. [*Exit CAMILLO; and FLAMINEO locks the door on him.*] So now you are safe.—Ha, ha, ha! thou entanglest thyself in thine own work like a silkworm. Come, sister; darkness hides your blush. Women are like curst dogs: civility keeps them tied all daytime, but they are let loose at midnight; then they do most good, or most mischief.—My lord, my lord!

*Re-enter BRACHIANO. ZANCHE brings out a carpet, spreads it, and lays on it two fair cushions.*

*Brach.* Give credit, I could wish time would stand  
And never end this interview, this hour: [still,  
But all delight doth itself soon'st devour.

*Enter CORNELIA behind, listening.*

Let me into your bosom, happy lady,  
Pour out, instead of eloquence, my vows:  
Loose me not, madam; for, if you forego me,  
I am lost eternally.

*Vit. Cor.* Sir, in the way of pity,  
I wish you heart-whole.

*Brach.* You are a sweet physician.

*Vit. Cor.* Sure, sir, a loathèd cruelty in ladies

Is as to doctors many funerals ;  
It takes away their credit.

*Brach.* Excellent creature !

We call the cruel fair : what name for you  
That are so merciful ?

*Zin.* See, now they close.

*Flam.* Most happy union.

*Cor.* My fears are fall'n upon me : O, my heart !  
My son the pander ! now I find our house  
Sinking to ruin. Earthquakes leave behind,  
Where they have tyrannised, iron, lead, or stone ;  
But, woe to ruin, violent lust leaves none !

*Brach.* What value is this jewel ?

*Vit. Cor.* 'Tis the ornament

Of a weak fortune.

*Brach.* In sooth, I'll have it ; nay, I will but  
My jewel for your jewel. [change

*Flam.* Excellent !

His jewel for her jewel :—well put in, duke.

*Brach.* Nay, let me see you wear it.

*Vit. Cor.* Here, sir ?

*Brach.* Nay, lower, you shall wear my jewel  
lower.

*Flam.* That's better ; she must wear his jewel  
lower.

*Vit. Cor.* To pass away the time, I'll tell your  
A dream I had last night. [grace

*Brach.* Most wishedly.

*Vit. Cor.* A foolish idle dream.

Methought I walked about the mid of night  
Into a church-yard, where a goodly yew-tree  
Spread her large root in ground. Under that yew,  
As I sate sadly leaning on a grave  
Chequered with cross sticks, there came stealing in  
Your duchess and my husband : one of them  
A pick-axe bore, the other a rusty spade ;

And in rough terms they gan to challenge me  
About this yew.

*Brach.* That tree?

*Vit. Cor.* This harmless yew :  
They told me my intent was to root up  
That well-grown yew, and plant i' the stead of it  
A withered blackthorn ; and for that they vowed  
To bury me alive. My husband straight  
With pick-axe gan to dig, and your fell duchess  
With shovel, like a Fury, voided out  
The earth, and scattered bones. Lord, how, me-  
thought,  
I trembled ! and yet, for all this terror,  
I could not pray.

*Flam.* No ; the devil was in your dream.

*Vit. Cor.* When to my rescue there arose, me-  
thought,  
A whirlwind, which let fall a massy arm  
From that strong plant ;  
And both were struck dead by that sacred yew,  
In that base shallow grave that was their due.

*Flam.* Excellent devil ! she hath taught him in a  
dream  
To make away his duchess and her-husband.

*Brach.* Sweetly shall I interpret this your dream.  
You are lodged within his arms who shall protect  
From all the fevers of a jealous husband ; [you  
From the poor envy of our phlegmatic duchess.  
I'll seat you above law, and above scandal ;  
Give to your thoughts the invention of delight,  
And the fruition ; nor shall government  
Divide me from you longer than a care  
To keep you great : you shall to me at once  
Be dukedom, health, wife, children, friends, and all.

*Cor.* [*Coming forward*]. Woe to light hearts,  
*they still fore-run our fall !*

*Flam.* What Fury raised thee up?—Away, away!

[*Exit ZANCHE.*

*Cor.* What make you here, my lord, this dead of  
Never dropped mildew on a flower here [night?  
Till now.

*Flam.* I pray, will you go to bed, then,  
Lest you be blasted?

*Cor.* O, that this fair garden  
Had with all poisoned herbs of Thessaly  
At first been planted; made a nursery  
For witchcraft, rather than a burial plot  
For both your honours!

*Vit. Cor.* Dearest mother, hear me.

*Cor.* O, thou dost make my brow bend to the  
earth,

Sooner than nature! See, the curse of children!  
In life they keep us frequently in tears;  
And in the cold grave leave us in pale fears.

*Brach.* Come, come, I will not hear you.

*Vit. Cor.* Dear, my lord,—

*Cor.* Where is thy duchess now, adulterous duke?  
Thou little dreamd'st this night she is come to Rome.

*Flam.* How! come to Rome!

*Vit. Cor.* The duchess!

*Brach.* She had been better—

*Cor.* The lives of princes should like dials move,  
Whose regular example is so strong,  
They make the times by them go right or wrong.

*Flam.* So; have you done?

*Cor.* Unfortunate Camillo!

*Vit. Cor.* I do protest, if any chaste denial,  
If anything but blood could have allayed  
His long suit to me—

*Cor.* I will join with thee,

To the most woeful end e'er mother kneeled:  
If thou dishonour thus thy husband's bed,

Be thy life short as are the funeral tears  
In great men's—

*Brach.* Fie, fie, the woman's mad.

*Cor.* Be thy act, Judas-like,—betray in kissing :  
Mayst thou be envied during his short breath,  
And pitied like a wretch after his death !

*Vit. Cor.* O me accursed ! [*Exit.*

*Flam.* Are you out of your wits, my lord ?  
I'll fetch her back again.

*Brach.* No, I'll to bed :  
Send Doctor Julio to me presently.—  
Uncharitable woman ! thy rash tongue  
Hath raised a fearful and prodigious storm :  
Be thou the cause of all ensuing harm. [*Exit.*

*Flam.* Now, you that stand so much upon your  
honour,  
Is this a fitting time o' night, think you,  
To send a duke home without e'er a man ?  
I would fain know where lies the mass of wealth  
Which you have hoarded for my maintenance,  
That I may bear my beard out of the level  
Of my lord's stirrup.

*Cor.* What ! because we are poor  
Shall we be vicious ?

*Flam.* Pray, what means have you  
To keep me from the galleys or the gallows ?  
My father proved himself a gentleman,  
Sold all's land, and, like a fortunate fellow,  
Died ere the money was spent. You brought me up  
At Padua, I confess, where, I protest,  
For want of means (the university judge me)  
I have been fain to heel my tutor's stockings,  
At least seven years : conspiring with a beard,  
Made me a graduate ; then to this duke's service.  
I visited the court, whence I returned  
*More courteous, more lecherous by far,*

But not a suit the richer : and shall I,  
 Having a path so open and so free  
 To my preferment, still retain your milk  
 In my pale forehead ? no, this face of mine  
 I'll arm, and fortify with lusty wine,  
 'Gainst shame and blushing.

*Cor.* O, that I ne'er had borne thee

*Flam.* So would I ;

I would the common'st courtezan in Rome  
 Had been my mother, rather than thyself.  
 Nature is very pitiful to whores,  
 To give them but few children, yet those children  
 Plurality of fathers : they are sure  
 They shall not want. Go, go,  
 Complain unto my great lord cardinal ;  
 Yet may be he will justify the act.  
 Lycurgus wondered much men would provide  
 Good stallions for their mares, and yet would suffer  
 Their fair wives to be barren.

*Cor.* Misery of miseries !

[*Exit.*

*Flam.* The duchess come to court ! I like not that.

We are engaged to mischief, and must on :  
 As rivers to find out the ocean  
 Flow with crook bendings beneath forcèd banks ;  
 Or as we see, to aspire some mountain's top,  
 The way ascends not straight, but imitates  
 The subtle foldings of a winter snake ;  
 So who knows policy and her true aspèct,  
 Shall find her ways winding and indirect.

[*Exit.*





## ACT THE SECOND.

SCENE I.—*A Room in FRANCISCO'S Palace.*

*Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, Cardinal MONTICELSO, MARCELLO, ISABELLA, GIOVANNI, with JAQUES the Moor.*



RAN. DE MED. Have you not seen  
your husband since you arrived?

*Isab.* Not yet, sir. [kind :

*Fran. de Med.* Surely he is wondrous  
If I had such a dove-house as  
Camillo's,

I would set fire on't, were't but to destroy  
The pole-cats that haunt to it.—My sweet cousin !

*Giov.* Lord uncle, you did promise me a horse  
And armour.

*Fran. de Med.* That I did, my pretty cousin.—  
Marcello, see it fitted.

*Mar.* My lord, the duke is here.

*Fran. de Med.* Sister, away ! you must not yet be  
seen.

*Isab.* I do beseech you,  
Entreat him mildly ; let not your rough tongue  
Set us at louder variance : all my wrongs  
*Are freely pardoned ;* and I do not doubt,



As men, to try the precious unicorn's horn,<sup>1</sup>  
 Make of the powder a preservative circle,  
 And in it put a spider, so these arms  
 Shall charm his poison, force it to obeying,  
 And keep him chaste from an infected straying.

*Fran. de Med.* I wish it may. Be gone, void the chamber.

[*Exeunt* ISABELLA, GIOVANNI, and JAQUES.]

*Enter* BRACHIANO and FLAMINEO.

You are welcome: will you sit?—I pray, my lord,  
 Be you my orator, my heart's too full;  
 I'll second you anon.

*Mont.* Ere I begin,  
 Let me entreat your grace forego all passion,  
 Which may be raised by my free discourse.

*Brach.* As silent as i' the church: you may proceed.

*Mont.* It is a wonder to your noble friends,  
 That you, having, as 'twere, entered the world  
 With a free sceptre in your able hand,  
 And to the use of nature well applied  
 High gifts of learning, should in your prime age  
 Neglect your awful throne for the soft down  
 Of an insatiate bed. O, my lord,  
 The drunkard after all his lavish cups  
 Is dry, and then is sober; so at length,  
 When you awake from this lascivious dream,  
 Repentance then will follow, like the sting  
 Placed in the adder's tail. Wretched are princes  
 When fortune blasteth but a petty flower  
 Of their unwieldy crowns, or ravisheth

<sup>1</sup> A prized antidote. "Andrea Racci, a physician of Florence, affirms the pound of 16 ounces to have been sold in the apothecaries' shops for 1,536 crowns, when the same weight of gold was only worth 148 crowns."—Chambers's Dict., quoted by Dyce.

But one pearl from their sceptres : but, alas,  
When they to wilful shipwreck lose good fame,  
All princely titles perish with their name !

*Brach.* You have said, my lord.

*Mont.* Enough to give you taste  
How far I am from flattering your greatness.

*Brach.* Now you that are his second, what say  
you ?

Do not like young hawks fetch a course about :  
Your game flies fair and for you.

*Fran. de Med.* Do not fear it :

I'll answer you in your own hawking phrase.  
Some eagles that should gaze upon the sun  
Seldom soar high, but take their lustful ease ;  
Since they from dunghill birds their prey can seize.  
You know Vittoria !

*Brach.* Yes.

*Fran. de Med.* You shift your shirt there,  
When you retire from tennis ?

*Brach.* Happily.<sup>1</sup>

*Fran. de Med.* Her husband is lord of a poor  
fortune ;

Yet she wears cloth of tissue.

*Brach.* What of this?—

Will you urge that, my good lord cardinal,  
As part of her confession at next shrift,  
And know from whence it sails ?

*Fran. de Med.* She is your strumpet.

*Brach.* Uncivil sir, there's hemlock in thy breath,  
And that black slander. Were she a whore of  
mine,

All thy loud cannons, and thy borrowed Switzers,  
Thy galleys, nor thy sworn confederates,  
Durst not supplant her.

*Fran. de Med.* Let's not talk on thunder.

<sup>1</sup> Haply, peradventure.

Thou hast a wife, our sister : would I had given  
Both her white hands to death, bound and locked  
fast

In her last winding-sheet, when I gave thee  
But one !

*Brach.* Thou hadst given a soul to God, then.

*Fran. de Med.* True :

Thy ghostly father, with all's absolution,  
Shall ne'er do so by thee.

*Brach.* Spit thy poison.

*Fran. de Med.* I shall not need ; lust carries her  
sharp whip

At her own girdle. Look to't, for our anger  
Is making thunder-bolts.

*Brach.* Thunder ! in faith,

They are but crackers.

*Fran. de Med.* We'll end this with the cannon.

*Brach.* Thou'lt get naught by it but iron in thy  
wounds,

And gunpowder in thy nostrils.

*Fran. de Med.* Better that,

Than change perfumes for plasters.

*Brach.* Pity on thee :

'Twere good you'd show your slaves or men con-  
demned

Your new-ploughed forehead-defiance ! and I'll meet  
thee,

Even in a thicket of thy ablest men.

*Mont.* My lords, you shall not word it any further  
Without a milder limit.

*Fran. de Med.* Willingly.

*Brach.* Have you proclaimed a triumph, that you  
bait

A lion thus !

*Mont.* My lord !

*Brach.* I am tame, I am tame, sir.

*Fran. de Med.* We send unto the duke for conference

'Bout levies 'gainst the pirates ; my lord duke  
Is not at home : we come ourself in person ;  
Still my lord duke is busied. But we fear,  
When Tiber to each prowling passenger  
Discovers flocks of wild ducks ; then, my lord,  
'Bout moulting time I mean, we shall be certain  
To find you sure enough, and speak with you.

*Brach.* Ha ! [idle ;

*Fran. de Med.* A mere tale of a tub, my words are  
But to express the sonnet by natural reason,—  
When stags grow melancholic, you'll find the season.

*Mont.* No more, my lord : here comes a champion  
Shall end the difference between you both,—

*Re-enter GIOVANNI.*

Your son, the Prince Giovanni. See, my lords,  
What hopes you store in him : this is a casket  
For both your crowns, and should be held like dear.  
Now is he apt for knowledge ; therefore know,  
It is a more direct and even way  
To train to virtue those of princely blood  
By examples than by precepts : if by examples,  
Whom should he rather strive to imitate  
Than his own father ? be his pattern, then ;  
Leave him a stock of virtue that may last,  
Should fortune rend his sails and split his mast.

*Brach.* Your hand, boy : growing to a soldier ?

*Giov.* Give me a pike.

*Fran. de Med.* What, practising your pike so  
young, fair cuz ?

*Giov.* Suppose me one of Homer's frogs, my lord,  
Tossing my bullrush thus. Pray, sir, tell me,  
Might not a child of good discretion  
*Be leader to an army ?*

*Fran. de Med.* Yes, cousin, a young prince  
Of good discretion might.

*Giov.* Say you so?

Indeed, I have heard, 'tis fit a general  
Should not endanger his own person oft ;  
So that he make a noise when he's o' horseback,  
Like a Dansk<sup>1</sup> drummer,—O, 'tis excellent !—  
He need not fight :—methinks his horse as well  
Might lead an army for him. If I live,  
I'll charge the French foe in the very front  
Of all my troops, the foremost man.

*Fran. de Med.* What, what !

*Giov.* And will not bid my soldiers up and follow,  
But bid them follow me.

*Brach.* Forward, lapwing !

He flies with the shell on's head.<sup>2</sup>

*Fran. de Med.* Pretty cousin !

*Giov.* The first year, uncle, that I go to war,  
All prisoners that I take I will set free  
Without their ransom.

*Fran. de Med.* Ha, without their ransom !

How, then, will you reward your soldiers  
That took those prisoners for you ?

*Giov.* Thus, my lord ;

I'll marry them to all the wealthy widows  
That fall that year.

*Fran. de Med.* Why, then, the next year following,  
You'll have no men to go with you to war.

*Giov.* Why, then, I'll press the women to the war,  
And then the men will follow.

*Mont.* Witty prince !

*Fran. de Med.* See, a good habit makes a child a man,  
Whereas a bad one makes a man a beast.  
Come, you and I are friends.

<sup>1</sup> Danish.

<sup>2</sup> See *Hamlet*, Act v. sc. 2. " This lapwing runs away with the shell on his head."

*Brach.* Most wishedly ;  
Like bones which, broke in sunder, and well set,  
Knit the more strongly.

*Fran. de Med.* Call Camillo hither.

[*Exit* MARCELLO.

You have received the rumour, how Count Lodowick  
Is turned a pirate ?

*Brach.* Yès.

*Fran. de Med.* We are now preparing  
Some ships to fetch him in. Behold your duchess.  
We now will leave you, and expect from you  
Nothing but kind entreaty.

*Brach.* You have charmed me.

[*Exeunt* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO,  
and GIOVANNI. FLAMINEO *retires.*

*Re-enter* ISABELLA.

You are in health, we see.

*Isab.* And above health,  
To see my lord well.

*Brach.* So. I wonder much  
What amorous whirlwind hurried you to Rome.

*Isab.* Devotion, my lord.

*Brach.* Devotion !  
Is your soul charged with any grievous sin ?

*Isab.* 'Tis burdened with too many ; and I think,  
The oftener that we cast our reckonings up,  
Our sleeps will be the sounder.

*Brach.* Take your chamber.

*Isab.* Nay, my dear lord, I will not have you  
angry :

Doth not my absence from you, now two months,  
Merit one kiss ?

*Brach.* I do not use to kiss :  
If that will dispossess your jealousy,  
I'll swear it to you.

*Isab.* O my lovèd lord,  
I do not come to chide: my jealousy!  
I am to learn what that Italian means.  
You are as welcome to these longing arms  
As I to you a virgin.

*Brach.* O, your breath!  
Out upon sweet-meats and continued physic,—  
The plague is in them!

*Isab.* You have oft, for these two lips,  
Neglected cassia or the natural sweets  
Of the spring-violet: they are not yet much withered.  
My lord, I should be merry: these your frowns  
Show in a helmet lovely; but on me,  
In such a peaceful interview, methinks  
They are too-too roughly knit.

*Brach.* O, dissemblance!  
Do you bandy factions 'gainst me? have you learnt  
The trick of impudent baseness, to complain  
Unto your kindred?

*Isab.* Never, my dear lord.

*Brach.* Must I be hunted out? or was't your trick  
To meet some amorous gallant here in Rome,  
That must supply our discontinuance?

*Isab.* I pray, sir, burst my heart; and in my death  
Turn to your ancient pity, though not love.

*Brach.* Because your brother is the corpulent duke,  
That is, the great duke, 'sdeath, I shall not shortly  
Racket away five hundred crowns at tennis,  
But it shall rest upon record! I scorn him  
Like a shaved Polack<sup>1</sup> all his reverend wit  
Lies in his wardrobe; he's a discreet fellow  
When he is made up in his robes of state.  
Your brother, the great duke, because h'as galleys,  
And now and then ransacks a Turkish fly-boat,  
(Now all the hellish Furies take his soul!)

<sup>1</sup> Polander.

First made this match : accursèd be the priest  
That sang the wedding-mass, and even my issue !

*Isab.* O, too-too far you have cursed !

*Brach.* Your hand I'll kiss ;

This is the latest ceremony of my love.  
Henceforth I'll never lie with thee ; by this,  
This wedding-ring, I'll ne'er more lie with thee :  
And this divorce shall be as truly kept  
As if the judge had doomed it. Fare you well :  
Our sleeps are severed.

*Isab.* Forbid it, the sweet union  
Of all things blessèd ! why, the saints in Heaven  
Will knit their brows at that.

*Brach.* Let not thy love  
Make thee an unbeliever ; this my vow  
Shall never, on my soul, be satisfied  
With my repentance ; let thy brother rage  
Beyond a horrid tempest or sea-fight,  
My vow is fixèd.

*Isab.* O my winding-sheet !  
Now shall I need thee shortly.—Dear my lord,  
Let me hear once more what I would not hear :  
Never ?

*Brach.* Never.

*Isab.* O my unkind lord ! may your sins find  
mercy,  
As I upon a woful widowed bed  
Shall pray for you, if not to turn your eyes  
Upon your wretched wife and hopeful son,  
Yet that in time you'll fix them upon Heaven !

*Brach.* No more : go, go complain to the great duke.

*Isab.* No, my-dear lord ; you shall have present  
witness  
How I'll work peace between you. I will make  
Myself the author of your cursèd vow ;  
I have *some cause* to do, you have none.



Conceal it, I beseech you, for the weal  
 Of both your dukedoms, that you wrought the means  
 Of such a separation: let the fault  
 Remain with my supposed jealousy;  
 And think with what a piteous and rent heart  
 I shall perform this sad ensuing part.

*Re-enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS and MONTICELSO.*

*Brach.* Well, take your course.—My honourable  
 brother!

*Fran. de Med.* Sister!—This is not well, my lord.  
 —Why, sister!—

She merits not this welcome.

*Brach.* Welcome, say!

She hath given a sharp welcome.

*Fran. de Med.* Are you foolish?

Come, dry your tears: is this a modest course,  
 To better what is naught, to rail and weep?  
 Grow to a reconciliation, or, by Heaven,  
 I'll ne'er more deal between you.

*Isab.* Sir, you shall not;  
 No, though Vittoria, upon that condition,  
 Would become honest.

*Fran. de Med.* Was your husband loud  
 Since we departed?

*Isab.* By my life, sir, no;  
 I swear by that I do not care to lose.  
 Are all these ruins of my former beauty  
 Laid out for a whore's triumph?

*Fran. de Med.* Do you hear?  
 Look upon other women, with what patience  
 They suffer these slight wrongs, with what justice  
 They study to requite them: take that course.

*Isab.* O, that I were a man, or that I had power  
 To execute my apprehended wishes!  
 I would whip some with scorpions.

*Fran. de Med.* What! turned Fury!

*Isab.* To dig the strumpet's eyes out; let her lie  
Some twenty months a dying; to cut off  
Her nose and lips, pull out her rotten teeth;  
Preserve her flesh like mummia, for trophies  
Of my just anger! Hell to my affliction  
Is mere snow-water. By your favour, sir;—  
Brother, draw near, and my lord cardinal;—  
Sir, let me borrow of you but one kiss:  
Henceforth I'll never lie with you, by this,  
This wedding-ring.

*Fran. de Med.* How, ne'er more lie with him!

*Isab.* And this divorce shall be as truly kept  
As if in throngèd court a thousand ears  
Had heard it, and a thousand lawyers' hands  
Sealed to the separation.

*Brach.* Ne'er lie with me!

*Isab.* Let not my former dotage  
Make thee an unbeliever: this my vow  
Shall never, on my soul, be satisfied  
With my repentance; *manet alta mente repostum.*<sup>1</sup>

*Fran. de Med.* Now, by my birth, you are a  
foolish, mad,  
And jealous woman.

*Brach.* You see 'tis not my seeking.

*Fran. de Med.* Was this your circle of pure  
unicorn's horn  
You said should charm your lord? now, horns upon  
thee,  
For jealousy deserves them! Keep your vow  
And take your chamber.

*Isab.* No, sir, I'll presently to Padua;  
I will not stay a minute.

*Mont.* O good madam!

*Brach.* 'Twere best to let her have her humour:

Some half day's journey will bring down her stomach,  
And then she'll turn in post.

*Fran. de Med.* To see her come  
To my lord cardinal for a dispensation  
Of her rash vow, will beget excellent laughter.

*Isab.* Unkindness, do thy office; poor heart,  
break:  
Those are the killing griefs which dare not speak.

[*Exit.*

*Re-enter MARCELLO with CAMILLO.*

*Mar.* Camillo's come, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* Where's the commission?

*Mar.* 'Tis here.

*Fran. de Med.* Give me the signet.

[FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO, CAMILLO,  
and MARCELLO retire to the back of the stage.

*Flam.* My lord, do you mark their whispering?  
I will compound a medicine, out of their two heads,  
stronger than garlic, deadlier than stibium:<sup>1</sup> the  
cantharides, which are scarce seen to stick upon the  
flesh when they work to the heart, shall not do it  
with more silence or invisible cunning.

*Brach.* About the murder?

*Flam.* They are sending him to Naples, but I'll  
send him to Candy.

*Enter Doctor.*

Here's another property too.

*Brach.* O, the doctor!

*Flam.* A poor quack-salving knave, my lord; one  
that should have been lashed for's lechery, but that  
he confessed a judgment, had an execution laid upon  
him, and so put the whip to a *non plus*.

*Doc.* And was cozened, my lord, by an arranter

<sup>1</sup> Antimony.

knave than myself, and made pay all the colourable execution.

*Flam.* He will shoot pills into a man's guts shall make them have more ventages than a cornet or a lamprey; he will poison a kiss; and was once minded, for his master-piece, because Ireland breeds no poison, to have prepared a deadly vapour in a Spaniard's fart, that should have poisoned all Dublin.

*Brach.* O, Saint Anthony's fire.

*Doc.* Your secretary is merry, my lord.

*Flam.* O thou cursed antipathy to nature!—Look, his eye's bloodshed, like a needle a surgeon stitcheth a wound with.—Let me embrace thee, toad, and love thee, O thou abominable loathsome<sup>1</sup> gargarism, that will fetch up lungs, lights, heart, and liver, by scruples!

*Brach.* No more.—I must employ thee, honest doctor:

You must to Padua, and by the way,

Use some of your skill for us.

*Doc.* Sir, I shall.

*Brach.* But, for Camillo?

*Flam.* He dies this night, by such a politic strain, Men shall suppose him by's own engine slain.

But for your duchess' death—

*Doc.* I'll make her sure.

*Brach.* Small mischiefs are by greater made secure.

*Flam.* Remember this, you slave; when knaves come to preferment, they rise as gallowses are raised i' the Low Countries, one upon another's shoulders.

[*Exeunt BRACHIANO, FLAMINEO, and Doctor.*

<sup>1</sup> Read perhaps "lethal."



SCENE II.—*The same.*

FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO, CAMILLO, *and*  
MARCELLO.

*Mont.* Here is an emblem, nephew, pray peruse it :  
'Twas thrown in at your window.

*Cam.* At my window !  
Here is a stag, my lord, hath shed his horns,  
And, for the loss of them, the poor beast weeps :  
The word,<sup>1</sup> *Inopem me copia fecit.*<sup>2</sup>

*Mont.* That is,  
Plenty of horns hath made him poor of horns.

*Cam.* What should this mean ?

*Mont.* I'll tell you : 'tis given out  
You are a cuckold.

*Cam.* Is it given out so ?  
I had rather such report as that, my lord,  
Should keep within doors.

*Fran. de Med.* Have you any children ?

*Cam.* None, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* You are the happier :  
I'll tell you a tale.

*Cam.* Pray, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* An old tale.  
Upon a time Phœbus, the god of light,  
Or him we call the Sun, would needs be married :  
The gods gave their consent, and Mercury  
Was sent to voice it to the general world.  
But what a piteous cry there straight arose  
Amongst smiths and felt-makers, brewers and cooks,  
Reapers and butterwomen, amongst fishmongers,  
And thousand other trades, which are annoyed  
By his excessive heat ! 'twas lamentable.  
They came to Jupiter all in a sweat,

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* The motto.

<sup>2</sup> Ovid, *Metam.* iii. 466.

And do forbid the bans. A great fat cook  
Was made their speaker, who entreats of Jove  
That Phœbus might be gelded; for, if now,  
When there was but one sun, so many men  
Were like to perish by his violent heat,  
What should they do if he were married,  
And should beget more, and those children  
Make fire-works like their father? So say I;  
Only I will apply it to your wife:  
Her issue, should not providence prevent it,  
Would make both nature, time, and man repent it.

*Mont.* Look you, cousin,  
Go, change the air, for shame; see if your absence  
Will blast your cornucopia. Marcello  
Is chosen with you joint commissioner  
For the relieving our Italian coast  
From pirates.

*Mar.* I am much honoured in't.

*Cam.* But, sir,  
Ere I return, the stag's horns may be sprouted  
Greater than those are shed.

*Mont.* Do not fear it:  
I'll be your ranger.

*Cam.* You must watch i' the nights;  
Then's the most danger.

*Fran. de Med.* Farewell, good Marcello:  
All the best fortunes of a soldier's wish  
Bring you a-ship-board!

*Cam.* Were I not best, now I am turned soldier,  
Ere that I leave my wife, sell all she hath,  
And then take leave of her?

*Mont.* I expect good from you,  
Your parting is so merry.

*Cam.* Merry, my lord! o' the captain's humour  
I am resolvèd to be drunk this night. [right;

[*Exeunt* CAMILLO and MARCELLO.]

*Fran. de Med.* So, 'twas well fitted: now shall we discern

How his wished absence will give violent way  
To Duke Brachiano's lust.

*Mont.* Why, that was it;

To what scorned purpose else should we make choice  
Of him for a sea-captain? and, besides,  
Count Lodowick, which was rumoured for a pirate,  
Is now in Padua.

*Fran. de Med.* Is't true?

*Mont.* Most certain.

I have letters from him, which are suppliant  
To work his quick repeal from banishment:  
He means to address himself for pension  
Unto our sister duchess.

*Fran. de Med.* O, 'twas well:

We shall not want his absence past six days.  
I fain would have the Duke Brachiano run  
Into notorious scandal; for there's naught  
In such cursed dotage to repair his name,  
Only the deep sense of some deathless shame.

*Mont.* It may be objected, I am dishonourable  
To play thus with my kinsman; but I answer,  
For my revenge I'd stake a brother's life,  
That, being wronged, durst not avenge himself.

*Fran. de Med.* Come, to observe this strumpet.

*Mont.* Curse of greatness!

Sure he'll not leave her?

*Fran. de Med.* There's small pity in't:  
Like misletoe on sear elms spent by weather,  
Let him cleave to her, and both rot together.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE III.—*A Room in the House of CAMILLO.*

*Enter BRACHIANO, with a Conjurer.*

*Brach.* Now, sir, I claim your promise: 'tis dead  
midnight,

The time prefixed to show me, by your art,  
How the intended murder of Camillo  
And our loathed duchess grow to action.

*Con.* You have won me by your bounty to a deed  
I do not often practise. Some there are  
Which by sophistic tricks aspire that name,  
Which I would gladly lose, of necromancer;  
As some that use to juggle upon cards,  
Seeming to conjure, when indeed they cheat;  
Others that raise up their confederate spirits  
'Bout wind-mills, and endanger their own necks  
For making of a squib; and some there are  
Will keep a curtal<sup>1</sup> to show juggling tricks,  
And give out 'tis a spirit; besides these,  
Such a whole realm of almanac-makers, figure-  
Fellows, indeed, that only live by stealth, [fingers,  
Since they do merely lie about stol'n goods,  
They'd make men think the devil were fast and loose,  
With speaking fustian Latin. Pray, sit down:  
Put on this night-cap, sir, 'tis charmed; and now  
I'll show you, by my strong commanding art,  
The circumstance that breaks your duchess' heart.

## A DUMB SHOW.

*Enter suspiciously JULIO and CHRISTOPHERO: they draw a curtain where BRACHIANO'S picture is, put on spectacles of glass, which cover their eyes and noses, and then burn perfumes before the picture, and wash the lips; that done, quenching the fire, and putting off their spectacles, they depart laughing.*

<sup>1</sup> Horse.



*Enter ISABELLA in her night-gown, as to bed-ward, with lights after her, Count LODOVICO, GIOVANNI, GUIDANTONIO, and others waiting on her: she kneels down as to prayers, then draws the curtain of the picture, does three reverences to it, and kisses it thrice; she faints, and will not suffer them to come near it; dies: sorrow expressed in GIOVANNI and Count LODOVICO: she is conveyed out solemnly.*

*Brach.* Excellent! then she's dead.

*Con.* She's poisonèd

By the fumed picture. 'Twas her custom nightly,  
 Before she went to bed, to go and visit  
 Your picture, and to feed her eyes and lips  
 On the dead shadow. Doctor Julio,  
 Observing this, infects it with an oil  
 And other poisoned stuff, which presently  
 Did suffocate her spirits.

*Brach.* Methought I saw  
 Count Lodowick there.

*Con.* He was: and by my art  
 I find he did most passionately dote  
 Upon your duchess. Now turn another way,  
 And view Camillo's far more politic fate.  
 Strike louder, music, from this charmèd ground,  
 To yield, as fits the act, a tragic sound!

*The second DUMB SHOW.*

*Enter FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, CAMILLO, with four others, as Captains; they drink healths, and dance: a vaulting-horse is brought into the room: MARCELLO and two others whispered out of the room, while FLAMINEO and CAMILLO strip themselves to their shirts, to vault; they compliment who shall begin: as CAMILLO is about to vault, FLAMINEO pitcheth him upon his neck, and, with the help of the rest,*

*writhes his neck about ; seems to see if it be broke, and lays him folded double, as it were, under the horse ; makes signs to call for help : MARCELLO comes in, laments ; sends for the Cardinal and Duke, who come forth with armed men ; wonder at the act ; command the body to be carried home ; apprehend FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, and the rest, and go, as it were, to apprehend VITTORIA.*

*Brach.* 'Twas quaintly done ; but yet each circumstance  
I taste not fully.

*Con.* O, 'twas most apparent :  
You saw them enter, charged with their deep healths  
To their boon voyage ; and, to second that,  
Flamineo calls to have a vaulting-horse  
Maintain their sport ; the virtuous Marcello  
Is innocently plotted forth the room ;  
Whilst your eye saw the rest, and can inform you  
The engine of all.

*Brach.* It seems Marcello and Flamineo  
Are both committed.<sup>1</sup>

*Con.* Yes, you saw them guarded ;  
And now they are come with purpose to apprehend  
Your mistress, fair Vittoria. We are now  
Beneath her roof : 'twere fit we instantly  
Make out by some back-postern.

*Brach.* Noble friend,  
You bind me ever to you : this shall stand  
As the firm seal annexèd to my hand ;  
It shall enforce a payment.

*Con.* Sir, I thank you. [*Exit* BRACHIANO.  
Both flowers and weeds spring when the sun is warm,  
And great men do great good or else great harm.

[*Exit.*

<sup>1</sup> Given in charge.

SCENE IV.—*The Mansion of MONTICELSO.*

*Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS and MONTICELSO, their  
Chancellor and Register.*

*Fran. de Med.* You have dealt discreetly, to obtain  
the presence

Of all the grave lieger<sup>1</sup> ambassadors,  
To hear Vittoria's trial.

*Mont.* 'Twas not ill;

For, sir, you know we have naught but circumstances  
To charge her with, about her husband's death :  
Their approbation, therefore, to the proofs  
Of her black lust shall make her infamous  
To all our neighbouring kingdoms. I wonder  
If Brachiano will be here.

*Fran. de Med.* O fie.

Twere impudence too palpable. [*Exeunt.*

*Enter FLAMINEO and MARCELLO guarded, and a  
Lawyer.*

*Law.* What, are you in by the week? so, I will  
try now whether thy wit be close prisoner. Methinks  
none should sit upon thy sister but old whore-masters.

*Flam.* Or cuckolds; for your cuckold is your most  
terrible tickler of lechery. Whore-masters would  
serve; for none are judges at tilting but those that  
have been old tilters.

*Law.* My lord duke and she have been very  
private.

*Flam.* You are a dull ass; 'tis threatened they  
have been very public.

*Law.* If it can be proved they have but kissed one  
another—

*Flam.* What then?

<sup>1</sup> Resident.

*Law.* My lord cardinal will ferret them.

*Flam.* A cardinal, I hope, will not catch conies.

*Law.* For to sow kisses (mark what I say), to sow kisses is to reap lechery; and, I am sure, a woman that will endure kissing is half won.

*Flam.* True, her upper part, by that rule: if you will win her nether part too, you know what follows.

*Law.* Hark; the ambassadors are lighted.

*Flam.* [*Aside*]. I do put on this feignèd garb of  
To gull suspicion. [mirth

*Mar.* O my unfortunate sister!

I would my dagger-point had cleft her heart  
When she first saw Brachiano: you, 'tis said,  
Were made his engine and his stalking-horse,  
To undo my sister.

*Flam.* I am a kind of path  
To her and mine own preferment.

*Mar.* Your ruin.

*Flam.* Hum! thou art a soldier,  
Follow'st the great duke, feed'st his victories,  
As witches do their serviceable spirits,  
Even with thy prodigal blood: what hast got,  
But, like the wealth of captains, a poor handful,  
Which in thy palm thou bear'st as men hold water?  
Seeking to gripe it fast, the frail reward  
Steals through thy fingers.

*Mar.* Sir!

*Flam.* Thou hast scarce maintenance  
To keep thee in fresh shamois.<sup>1</sup>

*Mar.* Brother!

*Flam.* Hear me:—  
And thus, when we have even poured ourselves  
Into great fights, for their ambition  
Or idle spleen, how shall we find reward?

<sup>1</sup> Shoes of leather.

But as we seldom find the misletoe  
 Sacred to physic, or the builder oak,  
 Without a mandrake by it ; so in our quest of gain,  
 Alas, the poorest of their forced dislikes  
 At a limb proffers, but at heart it strikes !  
 This is lamented doctrine.

*Mar.* Come, come.

*Flam.* When age shall turn thee  
 White as a blooming hawthorn—

*Mar.* I'll interrupt you :—  
 For love of virtue bear an honest heart,  
 And stride o'er every politic respect,  
 Which, where they most advance, they most infect.  
 Were I your father, as I am your brother,  
 I should not be ambitious to leave you  
 A better patrimony.

*Flam.* I'll think on't.—  
 The lord ambassadors.

[*The Ambassadors pass over the stage severally.*]

*Law.* O my sprightly Frenchman !—Do you know  
 him ? he's an admirable tilter.

*Flam.* I saw him at last tilting : he showed like  
 a pewter candlestick, fashioned like a man in armour,  
 holding a tilting-staff in his hand, little bigger than  
 a candle of twelve i' the pound.

*Law.* O, but he's an excellent horseman.

*Flam.* A lame one in his lofty tricks : he sleeps  
 a-horseback, like a poulter.<sup>1</sup>

*Law.* Lo you, my Spaniard !

*Flam.* He carries his face in's ruff, as I have seen  
 a serving man carry glasses in a cypress hatband,  
 monstrous steady, for fear of breaking : he looks like  
 the claw of a blackbird, first salted, and then broiled  
 in a candle.

[*Exeunt.*]

<sup>1</sup> Poulterer.



## ACT THE THIRD.

SCENE I.—*A Hall in MONTICELSO's Mansion.*

*Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, MONTICELSO, the six  
lieger Ambassadors, BRACHIANO, VITTORIA  
COROMBONA, FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, Lawyer,  
and a Guard.*



MONT. Forbear, my lord, here is no  
place assigned you :

This business by his holiness is left  
To our examination. [To BRACH.

*Brach.* May it thrive with you !

[*Lays a rich gown under him.*

*Fran. de Med.* A chair there for his lordship !

*Brach.* Forbear your kindness : an unbidden guest  
Should travel as Dutchwomen go to church,  
Bear their stools with them.

*Mont.* At your pleasure, sir.—

Stand to the table, gentlewoman [To VITTORIA].—

Now, signior,

Fall to your plea.

*Law.* *Domine judex, converte oculos in hanc pestem,  
mulierum corruptissimam.*

*Vit. Cor.* What's he ?

*Fran. de Med.* A lawyer that pleads against you.

*Vit. Cor.* Pray, my lord, let him speak his usual  
I'll make no answer else. [tongue ;

*Fran. de Med.* Why, you understand Latin.

*Vit. Cor.* I do, sir; but amongst this auditory  
Which come to hear my cause, the half or more  
May be ignorant in't.

*Mont.* Go on, sir.

*Vit. Cor.* By your favour,  
I will not have my accusation clouded  
In a strange tongue; all this assembly  
Shall hear what you can charge me with.

*Fran. de Med.* Signior,  
You need not stand on't much; pray, change your  
language.

*Mont.* O, for God sake!—Gentlewoman, your  
credit  
Shall be more famous by it.

*Law.* Well, then, have at you!

*Vit. Cor.* I am at the mark, sir: I'll give aim to  
you,  
And tell you how near you shoot.

*Law.* Most literated judges, please your lordships  
So to connive your judgments to the view  
Of this debauched and diversivolt woman;  
Who such a black concatenation  
Of mischief hath effected, that to extirp  
The memory of't, must be the consummation  
Of her and her projections,—

*Vit. Cor.* What's all this?

*Law.* Hold your peace:  
Exorbitant sins must have exulceration.

*Vit. Cor.* Surely, my lords, this lawyer here hath  
swallowed  
Some pothecaries' bills, or proclamations;  
And now the hard and undigestible words  
Come up, like stones we use give hawks for physic:  
Why, this is Welsh to Latin.

*Law.* My lords, the woman

Knows not her tropes nor figures, nor is perfect  
 In the academic derivation  
 Of grammatical elocution.

*Fran. de Med.* Sir, your pains  
 Shall be well spared, and your deep eloquence  
 Be worthily applauded amongst those  
 Which understand you.

*Law.* My good lord,—

*Fran. de Med.* Sir,  
 Put up your papers in your fustian bag,—  
 [FRANCISCO speaks this as in scorn.]

'Cry mercy, sir, 'tis buckram—and accept  
 My notion of your learned verbosity.

*Law.* I most graduatically thank your lordship :  
 I shall have use for them elsewhere.

*Mont.* I shall be plainer with you, and paint out  
 Your follies in more natural red and white  
 Than that upon your cheek. [To VITTORIA.]

*Vit. Cor.* O you mistake :  
 You raise a blood as noble in this cheek  
 As ever was your mother's.

*Mont.* I must spare you, till proof cry "whore"  
 to that.—

Observe this creature here, my honoured lords,  
 A woman of a most prodigious spirit,  
 In her effected.

*Vit. Cor.* Honourable my lord,  
 It doth not suit a reverend cardinal  
 To play the lawyer thus.

*Mont.* O, your trade instructs your language.—  
 You see, my lords, what goodly fruit she seems ;  
 Yet, like those apples<sup>1</sup> travellers report  
 To grow where Sodom and Gomorrah stood,

<sup>1</sup> " And there besyden grown trees, that beren fulle faire Apples, and faire of colour to beholde ; but whoso brekethe hem, or cuttethe hem in two, he schalle fynde within hem Coles and Cyndres."—*Maundeville's Travels.*



I will but touch her, and you straight shall see  
She'll fall to soot and ashes.

*Vit. Cor.* Your envenomed  
Pothecary should do't.

*Mont.* I am resolved,<sup>1</sup>  
Were there a second Paradise to lose,  
This devil would betray it.

*Vit. Cor.* O poor charity!  
Thou art seldom found in scarlet.

*Mont.* Who knows not how, when several night  
by night

Her gates were choked with coaches, and her rooms  
Outbraved the stars with several kind of lights;  
When she did counterfeit a prince's court  
In music, banquets, and most riotous surfeits?  
This whore, forsooth, was holy.

*Vit. Cor.* Ha! whore! what's that!

*Mont.* Shall I expound whore to you? sure, I  
shall;  
I'll give their perfect character. They are first,  
Sweetmeats which rot the eater; in man's nostrils  
Poisoned perfumes: they are cozening alchemy;  
Shipwrecks in calmest weather. What are whores!  
Cold Russian winters, that appear so barren  
As if that nature had forgot the spring:  
They are the true material fire of hell:  
Worse than those tributes i' the Low Countries paid,  
Exactions upon meat, drink, garments, sleep,  
Ay, even on man's perdition, his sin:  
They are those brittle evidences of law  
Which forfeit all a wretched man's estate  
For leaving out one syllable. What are whores!  
They are those flattering bells have all one tune,  
At weddings and at funerals. Your rich whores  
Are only treasuries by extortion filled,

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Convinced.

And emptied by cursed riot. They are worse,  
 Worse than dead bodies which are begged at gallows,  
 And wrought upon by surgeons, to teach man  
 Wherein he is imperfect. What's a whore!  
 She's like the guilty counterfeited coin  
 Which, whosoe'er first stamps it, brings in trouble  
 All that receive it.

*Vit. Cor.* This character scapes me.

*Mont.* You, gentlewoman!  
 Take from all beasts and from all minerals  
 Their deadly poison—

*Vit. Cor.* Well, what then?

*Mont.* I'll tell thee;  
 I'll find in thee a pothecary's shop,  
 To sample them all.

*Fr. Am.* She hath lived ill.

*Eng. Am.* True; but the cardinal's too bitter.

*Mont.* You know what whore is. Next the devil  
 adultery,  
 Enters the devil murder.

*Fran. de Med.* Your unhappy  
 Husband is dead.

*Vit. Cor.* O, he's a happy husband:  
 Now he owes nature nothing.

*Fran. de Med.* And by a vaulting-engine.

*Mont.* An active plot; he jumped into his grave.

*Fran. de Med.* What a prodigy was't  
 That from some two yards' height a slender man  
 Should break his neck!

*Mont.* I' the rushes!<sup>1</sup>

*Fran. de Med.* And what's more,  
 Upon the instant lose all use of speech,  
 All vital motion, like a man had lain  
 Wound up three days. Now mark each circumstance.

<sup>1</sup> With which floors were formerly strewed, before the introduction of carpets.

*Mont.* And look upon this creature was his wife.  
She comes not like a widow; she comes armed  
With scorn and impudence: is this a mourning-  
habit?

*Vit. Cor.* Had I foreknown his death, as you  
suggest,  
I would have bespoke my mourning.

*Mont.* O, you are cunning.

*Vit. Cor.* You shame your wit and judgment,  
To call it so. What! is my just defence  
By him that is my judge called impudence?  
Let me appeal, then, from this Christian court  
To the uncivil Tartar.

*Mont.* See, my lords,  
She scandals our proceedings.

*Vit. Cor.* Humbly thus,  
Thus low, to the most worthy and respected  
Lieger ambassadors, my modesty  
And womanhood I tender; but withal,  
So entangled in a cursèd accusation,  
That my defence, of force, like Perseus,<sup>1</sup>  
Must personate masculine virtue. To the point.  
Find me but guilty, sever head from body,  
We'll part good friends: I scorn to hold my life  
At yours or any man's entreaty, sir.

*Eng. Am.* She hath a brave spirit.

*Mont.* Well, well, such counterfeit jewels  
Make true ones oft suspected.

*Vit. Cor.* You are deceived:  
For know, that all your strict-combinèd heads,  
Which strike against this mine of diamonds,  
Shall prove but glassen hammers,—they shall break.  
These are but feignèd shadows of my evils:  
Terrify babes, my lord, with painted devils;  
I am past such needless palsy. For your names

<sup>1</sup> Corrupt text.

Of whore and murderess, they proceed from you,  
As if a man should spit against the wind ;  
The filth returns in's face.

*Mont.* Pray you, mistress, satisfy me one question :  
Who lodged beneath your roof that fatal night  
Your husband brake his neck ?

*Brach.* That question  
Enforceth me break silence : I was there.

*Mont.* Your business ?

*Brach.* Why, I came to comfort her,  
And take some course for settling her estate,  
Because I heard her husband was in debt  
To you, my lord.

*Mont.* He was.

*Brach.* And 'twas strangely feared  
That you would cozen<sup>1</sup> her.

*Mont.* Who made you overseer ?

*Brach.* Why, my charity, my charity, which  
should flow  
From every generous and noble spirit  
To orphans and to widows.

*Mont.* Your lust.

*Brach.* Cowardly dogs bark loudest : sirrah priest,  
I'll talk with you hereafter. Do you hear ?  
The sword you frame of such an excellent temper  
I'll sheathe in your own bowels.  
There are a number of thy coat resemble  
Your common post-boys.

*Mont.* Ha !

*Brach.* Your mercenary post-boys :  
Your letters carry truth, but 'tis your guise  
To fill your mouths with gross and impudent lies.

*Serv.* My lord, your gown.

*Brach.* Thou liest, 'twas my stool :  
Bestow't upon thy master, that will challenge

<sup>1</sup> Cheat.

The rest o' the household-stuff ; for Brachiano  
 Was ne'er so beggarly to take a stool  
 Out of another's lodging : let him make  
 Vallance for his bed on't, or a demi-foot-cloth  
 For his most reverent moil.<sup>1</sup> Monticelso,  
*Nemo me impune lacessit.* [Exit.

*Mont.* Your champion's gone.

*Vit. Cor.* The wolf may prey the better.

*Fran. de Med.* My lord, there's great suspicion of  
 the murder,

But no sound proof who did it. For my part,  
 I do not think she hath a soul so black  
 To act a deed so bloody : if she have,  
 As in cold countries husbandmen plant vines,  
 And with warm blood manure them, even so  
 One summer she will bear unsavoury fruit,  
 And ere next spring wither both branch and root.  
 The act of blood let pass ; only descend  
 To matter of incontinence.

*Vit. Cor.* I discern poison  
 Under your gilded pills.

*Mont.* Now the duke's gone, I will produce a  
 letter,

Wherein 'twas plotted he and you should meet  
 At an apothecary's summer-house,  
 Down by the river Tiber,—view't, my lords,—  
 Where, after wanton bathing and the heat  
 Of a lascivious banquet,—I pray read it,  
 I shame to speak the rest.

*Vit. Cor.* Grant I was tempted ;  
 Temptation to lust proves not the act :  
*Castu est quam nemo rogavit.*<sup>2</sup>  
 You read his hot love to me, but you want  
 My frosty answer.

*Mont.* Frost i' the dog-days ! strange !

<sup>1</sup> Mule.

<sup>2</sup> Ovid, *Amor.* i. 8.

*Vit. Cor.* Condemn you me for that the duke did  
love me!

So may you blame some fair and crystal river  
For that some melancholic distracted man  
Hath drowned himself in't.

*Mont.* Truly drowned, indeed.

*Vit. Cor.* Sum up my faults, I pray, and you shall  
find,

That beauty, and gay clothes, a merry heart,  
And a good stomach to a feast, are all,  
All the poor crimes that you can charge me with.  
In faith, my lord, you might go pistol flies;  
The sport would be more noble.

*Mont.* Very good.

*Vit. Cor.* But take you your course: it seems you  
have beggared me first,

And now would fain undo me. I have houses,  
Jewels, and a poor remnant of crusadoes:<sup>1</sup>  
Would those would make you charitable!

*Mont.* If the devil

Did ever take good shape, behold his picture.

*Vit. Cor.* You have one virtue left,—

You will not flatter me.

*Fran. de Med.* Who brought this letter?

*Vit. Cor.* I am not compelled to tell you.

*Mont.* My lord duke sent to you a thousand  
ducats

The twelfth of August.

*Vit. Cor.* 'Twas to keep your cousin

From prison: I paid use for't.

*Mont.* I rather think

'Twas interest for his lust.

*Vit. Cor.* Who says so

But yourself? if you be my accuser,

Pray, cease to be my judge: come from the bench;

<sup>1</sup> Portuguese coins, so called from the cross on one side.

Give in your evidence 'gainst me, and let these  
 Be moderators. My lord cardinal,  
 Were your intelligencing ears as loving  
 As to my thoughts, had you an honest tongue,  
 I would not care though you proclaimed them all.

*Mont.* Go to, go to.

After your goodly and vain-glorious banquet,  
 I'll give you a choke-pear.

*Vit. Cor.* O' your own grafting?

*Mont.* You were born in Venice, honourably  
 descended

From the Vittelli: 'twas my cousin's fate,—  
 Ill may I name the hour,—to marry you :  
 He bought you of your father.

*Vit. Cor.* Ha !

*Mont.* He spent there in six months  
 Twelve thousand ducats, and (to my acquaintance)  
 Received in dowry with you not one julio :<sup>1</sup>  
 'Twas a hard pennyworth, the ware being so light.  
 I yet but draw the curtain ; now to your picture :  
 You came from thence a most notorious strumpet,  
 And so you have continued.

*Vit. Cor.* My lord,—

*Mont.* Nay, hear me ;  
 You shall have time to prate. My Lord Brachiano—  
 Alas, I make but repetition  
 Of what is ordinary and Rialto talk,  
 And ballated, and would be played o' the stage,  
 But that vice many times finds such loud friends  
 That preachers are charmed silent.—  
 You gentlemen, Flamineo and Marcello,  
 The court hath nothing now to charge you with  
 Only you must remain upon your sureties  
 For your appearance.

*Fran. de Med.* I stand for Marcello.

<sup>1</sup> Equal to sixpence.

*Flam.* And my lord duke for me.

*Mont.* For you, Vittoria, your public fault,  
Joined to the condition of the present time,  
Takes from you all the fruits of noble pity ;  
Such a corrupted trial have you made  
Both of your life and beauty, and been styled  
No less an ominous fate than blazing stars  
To princes : here's your sentence ; you are confined  
Unto a house of convertities, and your bawd—

*Flam.* [*Aside*]. Who, I ?

*Mont.* The Moor.

*Flam.* [*Aside*]. O, I am a sound man again.

*Vit. Cor.* A house of convertities ! what's that ?

*Mont.* A house  
Of penitent whores.

*Vit. Cor.* Do the noblemen in Rome  
Erect it for their wives, that I am sent  
To lodge there ?

*Fran. de Med.* You must have patience.

*Vit. Cor.* I must first have vengeance.  
I fain would know if you have your salvation  
By patent, that you proceed thus.

*Mont.* Away with her !  
Take her hence.

*Vit. Cor.* A rape ! a rape !

*Mont.* How !

*Vit. Cor.* Yes, you have ravished justice ;  
Forced her to do your pleasure.

*Mont.* Fie, she's mad !

*Vit. Cor.* Die with these pills in your most cursèd  
maw  
Should bring you health ! or while you sit o' the bench  
Let your own spittle choke you !—

*Mont.* She's turned Fury.

*Vit. Cor.* That the last day of judgment may so  
find you,



And leave you the same devil you were before !  
 Instruct me, some good horse-leech, to speak treason ;  
 For since you cannot take my life for deeds,  
 Take it for words : O woman's poor revenge,  
 Which dwells but in the tongue ! I will not weep ;  
 No, I do scorn to call up one poor tear  
 To fawn on your injustice ; bear me hence  
 Unto this house of—what's your mitigating title ?

*Mont.* Of convertites.

*Vit. Cor.* It shall not be a house of convertites ;  
 My mind shall make it honester to me  
 Than the Pope's palace, and more peaceable  
 Than thy soul, though thou art a cardinal.  
 Know this, and let it somewhat raise your spite,  
 Through darkness diamonds spread their richest  
 light.<sup>1</sup>

[*Exeunt* VITTORIA COROMBONA, Lawyer, and  
 Guards.

*Re-enter* BRACHIANO.

*Brach.* Now you and I are friends, sir ; we'll  
 shake hands  
 In a friend's grave together ; a fit place,  
 Being the emblem of soft peace, to atone our  
 hatred.

*Fran. de Med.* Sir, what's the matter ?

<sup>1</sup> " This White Devil of Italy sets off a bad cause so speciously,  
 and pleads with such an innocence-resembling boldness, that we  
 seem to see that matchless beauty of her face which inspires such  
 gay confidence into her ; and are ready to expect, when she has  
 done her pleadings, that her very judges, her accusers, the grave  
 ambassadors who sit as spectators, and all the court, will rise  
 and make proffer to defend her in spite of the utmost conviction  
 of her guilt ; as the shepherds in Don Quixote make proffer to  
 follow the beautiful shepherdess Marcela, ' without reaping any  
 profit out of her manifest resolution made there in their hearing.' "

' So sweet and lovely does she make the shame,  
 Which, like a canker in the fragrant rose,  
 Does spot the beauty of her budding name.' "

C. Lamb. (*Spec. of Eng. Dram. Poets.*)

*Brach.* I will not chase more blood from that  
loved cheek ;  
You have lost too much already : fare you well.

[*Exit.*

*Fran. de Med.* How strange these words sound !  
what's the interpretation ?

*Flam.* [*Aside.*] Good ; this is a preface to the  
discovery of the duchess' death : he carries it well.  
Because now I cannot counterfeit a whining passion  
for the death of my lady, I will feign a mad humour  
for the disgrace of my sister ; and that will keep off  
idle questions. Treason's tongue hath a villainous  
palsy in't : I will talk to any man, hear no man, and  
for a time appear a politic madman.      [*Exit.*

*Enter GIOVANNI, Count LODOVICO, and Attendant.*

*Fran. de Med.* How now, my noble cousin ! what,  
in black !

*Giov.* Yes, uncle, I was taught to imitate you  
In virtue, and you must imitate me  
In colours of your garments. My sweet mother  
Is—

*Fran. de Med.* How ! where ?

*Giov.* Is there ; no, yonder : indeed, sir, I'll not  
tell you,  
For I shall make you weep.

*Fran. de Med.* Is dead ?

*Giov.* Do not blame me now,  
I did not tell you so.

*Lod.* She's dead, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* Dead !

*Mont.* Blessed lady, thou art now above thy  
woes !—

Wilt please your lordships to withdraw a little ?

[*Exeunt Ambassadors.*

*Giov.* What do the dead do, uncle ? do they eat,

Hear music, go a hunting, and be merry,  
As we that live ?

*Fran. de Med.* No, coz ; they sleep.

*Giov.* Lord, Lord, that I were dead !

I have not slept these six nights.— When do they  
wake ?

*Fran. de Med.* When God shall please.

*Giov.* Good God, let her sleep ever !

For I have known her wake an hundred nights,  
When all the pillow where she laid her head  
Was brine-wet with her tears. I am to complain to  
you, sir ;

I'll tell you how they have used her now she's dead :  
They wrapped her in a cruel fold of lead,  
And would not let me kiss her.

*Fran. de Med.* Thou didst love her.

*Giov.* I have often heard her say she gave me  
suck,

And it should seem by that she dearly loved me,  
Since princes seldom do it.

*Fran. de Med.* O, all of my poor sister that  
remains !—

Take him away, for God's sake !

[*Exeunt GIOVANNI and Attendant.*]

*Mont.* How now, my lord !

*Fran. de Med.* Believe me, I am nothing but her  
grave ;

And I shall keep her blessèd memory  
Longer than thousand epitaphs.

[*Exeunt FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS and MONTICELSO.*]

*Re-enter FLAMINEO as if distracted.*

*Flam.* We endure the strokes like anvils or hard  
steel,

Till pain itself make us no pain to feel.  
Who shall do me right now ? is this the end of

service? I'd rather go weed garlic; travel through France, and be mine own ostler; wear sheepskin linings, or shoes that stink of blacking; be entered into the list of the forty thousand pedlers in Poland.

*Re-enter Ambassadors.*

Would I had rotted in some surgeon's house at Venice, built upon the pox as well as on piles, ere I had served Brachiano!

*Savoy Am.* You must have comfort.

*Flam.* Your comfortable words are like honey; they relish well in your mouth that's whole, but in mine that's wounded they go down as if the sting of the bee were in them. O, they have wrought their purpose cunningly, as if they would not seem to do it of malice! In this a politician imitates the devil, as the devil imitates a cannon; wheresoever he comes to do mischief, he comes with his backside towards you.

*Fr. Am.* The proofs are evident.

*Flam.* Proof! 'twas corruption. O gold, what a god art thou! and O man, what a devil art thou to be tempted by that cursed mineral! Your diversivolent lawyer, mark him: knaves turn informers, as maggots turn to flies; you may catch gudgeons with either. A cardinal! I would he would hear me: there's nothing so holy but money will corrupt and putrify it, like victual under the line. You are happy in England, my lord: here they sell justice with those weights they press men to death with. O horrible salary!

*Eng. Am.* Fie, fie, Flamineo!

[*Exeunt Ambassadors.*

*Flam.* Bells ne'er ring well, till they are at their full pitch; and I hope yon cardinal shall never have the grace to pray well till he come to the scaffold.

If they were racked now to know the confederacy, — but your noblemen are privileged from the rack; and well may, for a little thing would pull some of them a-pieces afore they came to their arraignment. Religion, O, how it is commedled<sup>1</sup> with policy! The first bloodshed in the world happened about religion. Would I were a Jew!

*Mar.* O, there are too many.

*Flam.* You are deceived: there are not Jews enough, priests enough, nor gentlemen enough.

*Mar.* How?

*Flam.* I'll prove it; for if there were Jews enough, so many Christians would not turn usurers; if priests enough, one should not have six benefices; and if gentlemen enough, so many early mushrooms, whose best growth sprang from a dunghill, should not aspire to gentility. Farewell: let others live by begging; be thou one of them practise the art of Wolner<sup>2</sup> in England, to swallow all's given thee; and yet let one purgation make thee as hungry again as fellows that work in a saw-pit. I'll go hear the screech-owl. [Exit.]

*Lod.* [*Aside*]. This was Brachiano's pander and 'tis strange  
That, in such open and apparent guilt  
Of his adulterous sister, he dare utter  
So scandalous a passion. I must wind him.

*Re-enter FLAMINEO.*

*Flam.* [*Aside*]. How dares this banished count  
return to Rome,  
His pardon not yet purchased! I have heard  
The deceased duchess gave him pension,

<sup>1</sup> Muddled up.

<sup>2</sup> A man famous for his power of digesting all sorts of strange food.

And that he came along from Padua  
I' the train of the young prince. There's somewhat  
in't :

Physicians, that cure poisons, still do work  
With counter-poisons.

*Mar.* Mark this strange encounter.

*Flam.* The god of melancholy turn thy gall to  
poison,

And let the stigmatic<sup>1</sup> wrinkles in thy face,  
Like to the boisterous waves in a rough tide,  
One still overtake another.

*Lod.* I do thank thee,  
And I do wish ingeniously<sup>2</sup> for thy sake  
The dog-days all year long.

*Flam.* How croaks the raven?  
Is our good duchess dead?

*Lod.* Dead.

*Flam.* O fate!

Misfortune comes, like the coroner's business,  
Huddle upon huddle.

*Lod.* Shalt thou and I join house-keeping?

*Flam.* Yes, content :

Let's be unsociably sociable.

*Lod.* Sit some three days together, and discourse.

*Flam.* Only with making faces : lie in our clothes.

*Lod.* With faggots for our pillows.

*Flam.* And be lousy.

*Lod.* In taffata linings ; that's genteel melancholy :  
Sleep all day.

*Flam.* Yes ; and, like your melancholic hare,  
Feed after midnight.—

We are observed : see how yon couple grieve !

*Lod.* What a strange creature is a laughing fool !  
As if man were created to no use  
But only to show his teeth.

<sup>1</sup> *Branded.*

<sup>2</sup> *Ingenuously.*

*Flam.* I'll tell thee what,—  
It would do well, instead of looking-glasses,  
To set one's face each morning by a saucer  
Of a witch's congealèd blood.

*Lod.* Precious gue!<sup>1</sup>  
We'll never part.

*Flam.* Never, till the beggary of courtiers,  
The discontent of churchmen, want of soldiers,  
And all the creatures that hang manacled,  
Worse than strappadoed, on the lowest felly  
Of Fortune's wheel, be taught, in our two lives,  
To scorn that world which life of means deprives. ✓

*Enter ANTONELLI and GASPARO.*

*Anto.* My lord, I bring good news. The Pope,  
on's death-bed,  
At the earnest suit of the Great Duke of Florence,  
Hath signed your pardon, and restored unto you —

*Lod.* I thank you for your news.—Look up again,  
Flamineo; see my pardon.

*Flam.* Why do you laugh?  
There was no such condition in our covenant.

*Lod.* Why!

*Flam.* You shall not seem a happier man than I:  
You know our vow, sir; if you will be merry,  
Do it i' the like posture as if some great man  
Sate while his enemy were executed;  
Though it be very lechery unto thee,  
Do't with a crabbèd politician's face.

*Lod.* Your sister is a damnable whore.

*Flam.* Ha!

*Lod.* Look you, I spake that laughing.

*Flam.* Dost ever think to speak again?

*Lod.* Do you hear?

<sup>1</sup> Rogue. Fr. *Gueux*.

Wilt sell me forty ounces of her blood  
To water a mandrake?

*Flam.* Poor lord, you did vow  
To live a lousy creature.

*Lod.* Yes.

*Flam.* Like one  
That had for ever forfeited the daylight  
By being in debt.

*Lod.* Ha, ha!

*Flam.* I do not greatly wonder you do break;  
Your lordship learned 't long since. But I'll tell you,—

*Lod.* What?

*Flam.* And 't shall stick by you,—

*Lod.* I long for it.

*Flam.* This laughter scurvily becomes your face:  
If you will not be melancholy, be angry. [*Strikes him.*]  
See, now I laugh too.

*Mar.* You are to blame: I'll force you hence.

*Lod.* Unhand me.

[*Exeunt MARCELLO and FLAMINEO.*]

That e'er I should be forced to right myself  
Upon a pander!

*Anto.* My lord,—

*Lod.* H'ad been as good met with his fist a  
thunderbolt.

*Gas.* How this shows!

*Lod.* Ud's death,<sup>1</sup> how did my sword miss him?  
These rogues that are most weary of their lives  
Still scape the greatest dangers.  
A pox upon him! all his reputation,  
Nay, all the goodness of his family,  
Is not worth half this earthquake:  
I learned it of no fencer to shake thus:  
Come, I'll forget him, and go drink some wine.

[*Exeunt.*]

<sup>1</sup> A corruption of God's death.



SCENE II.—*An Apartment in the Palace of*  
FRANCISCO.

*Enter* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS *and* MONTICELSO.

*Mont.* Come, come, my lord, untie your folded thoughts,

And let them dangle loose as a bride's hair.<sup>1</sup>  
Your sister's poisoned.

*Fran. de Med.* Far be it from my thoughts  
To seek revenge.

*Mont.* What, are you turned all marble ?

*Fran. de Med.* Shall I defy him, and impose a war  
Most burdensome on my poor subjects' necks,  
Which at my will I have not power to end ?  
You know, for all the murders, rapes, and thefts,  
Committed in the horrid lust of war,  
He that unjustly caused it first proceed  
Shall find it in his grave and in his seed.

*Mont.* That's not the course I'd wish you ; pray,  
observe me.

We see that undermining more prevails  
Than doth the cannon. Bear your wrongs concealed,  
And, patient as the tortoise, let this camel  
Stalk o'er your back unbruised : sleep with the lion,  
And let this brood of secure foolish mice  
Play with your nostrils, till the time be ripe  
For the bloody audit and the fatal gripe :  
Aim like a cunning fowler, close one eye,  
That you the better may your game espy.

*Fran. de Med.* Free me, my innocence, from  
treacherous acts !

I know there's thunder yonder ; and I'll stand  
Like a safe valley, which low bends the knee

<sup>1</sup> Brides formerly walked to church with their hair hanging loose behind. Anne Bullen's was thus dishevelled when she went to the altar with King Henry the Eighth.—*Steevens.*

To some aspiring mountain ; since I know  
 Treason, like spiders weaving nets for flies,  
 By her foul work is found, and in it dies.  
 To pass away these thoughts, my honoured lord,  
 It is reported you possess a book,  
 Wherein you have quoted,<sup>1</sup> by intelligence,  
 The names of all notorious offenders  
 Lurking about the city.

*Mont.* Sir, I do ;

And some there are which call it my black book :  
 Well may the title hold ; for though it teach not  
 The art of conjuring, yet in it lurk  
 The names of many devils.

*Fran. de Med.* Pray, let's see it.

*Mont.* I'll fetch it to your lordship. [Exit.

*Fran. de Med.* Monticelso,

I will not trust thee ; but in all my plots  
 I'll rest as jealous as a town besieged.  
 Thou canst not reach what I intend to act :  
 Your flax soon kindles, soon is out again ;  
 But gold slow heats, and long will hot remain.

*Re-enter MONTICELSO, presents FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS  
 with a book.*

*Mont.* 'Tis here, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* First, your intelligencers, pray,  
 let's see.

*Mont.* Their number rises strangely ; and some of  
 them

You'd take for honest men. Next are panders,—  
 These are your pirates ; and these following leaves  
 For base rogues that undo young gentlemen  
 By taking up commodities ;<sup>2</sup> for politic bankrupts ;  
 For fellows that are bawds to their own wives,

<sup>1</sup> Registered.

<sup>2</sup> *i.e.* Supplying borrowers with goods to be debited to them  
 as cash.

Only to put off horses, and slight jewels,  
 Clocks, defaced plate, and such commodities,  
 At birth of their first children.

*Fran. de Med.* Are there such?

*Mont.* These are for impudent bawds  
 That go in men's apparel; for usurers  
 That share with scriveners for their good reportage;  
 For lawyers that will antedate their writs:  
 And some divines you might find folded there,  
 But that I slip them o'er for conscience' sake.  
 Here is a general catalogue of knaves:  
 A man might study all the prisons o'er,  
 Yet never attain this knowledge.

*Fran. de Med.* Murderers!

Fold down the leaf, I pray.

'Good my lord, let me borrow this strange doctrine.

*Mont.* Pray, use't, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* I do assure your lordship,  
 You are a worthy member of the state,  
 And have done infinite good in your discovery  
 Of these offenders.

*Mont.* Somewhat, sir.

*Fran. de Med.* O God!

Better than tribute of wolves paid in England:<sup>1</sup>  
 'Twill hang their skins o' the hedge.

*Mont.* I must make bold  
 To leave your lordship.

*Fran. de Med.* Dearly, sir, I thank you:  
 If any ask for me at court, report  
 You have left me in the company of knaves.

[Exit MONTICELSO.]

I gather now by this, some cunning fellow  
 That's my lord's officer, one that lately skipped  
 From a clerk's desk up to a justice' chair,

<sup>1</sup> An allusion to the tribute imposed by Edgar which led to the extirpation of wolves in Britain.

Hath made this knavish summons, and intends,  
As the Irish rebels wont were to sell heads,  
So to make prize of these. And thus it happens,  
Your poor rogues pay for't which have not the means  
To present bribe in fist : the rest o' the band  
Are razed out of the knaves' record ; or else  
My lord he winks at them with easy will ;  
His man grows rich, the knaves are the knaves still.  
But to the use I'll make of it ; it shall serve  
To point me out a list of murderers,  
Agents for any villany. Did I want  
Ten leash of courtezans, it would furnish me ;  
Nay, laundress three armies. That in so little paper  
Should lie the undoing of so many men !  
'Tis not so big as twenty declarations.  
See the corrupted use some make of books :  
Divinity, wrested by some factious blood,  
Draws swords, swells battles, and o'erthrows all good.  
To fashion my revenge more seriously,  
Let me remember my dead sister's face :  
Call for her picture ? no, I'll close mine eyes,  
And in a melancholic thought I'll frame

*Enter ISABELLA's ghost.*

Her figure 'fore me. Now I ha't :—how strong  
Imagination works ! how she can frame  
Things which are not ! Methinks she stands afore me,  
And by the quick idea of my mind,  
Were my skill pregnant, I could draw her picture.  
Thought, as a subtle juggler, makes us deem  
Things supernatural, which yet have cause  
Common as sickness. 'Tis my melancholy.—  
How cam'st thou by thy death ?—How idle am I  
To question mine own idleness !—Did ever  
Man dream awake till now ?—Remove this object ;  
Out of my brain with't : what have I to do

With tombs, or death-beds, funerals, or tears,  
That have to meditate upon revenge ?

[*Exit* Ghost.]

So, now 'tis ended, like an old wife's story :  
Statesmen think often they see stranger sights  
Than madmen. Come, to this weighty business :  
My tragedy must have some idle mirth in't,  
Else it will never pass. I am in love,  
In love with Corombona ; and my suit  
Thus halts to her in verse.—

[*Writes.*

I have done it rarely : O the fate of princes !  
I am so used to frequent flattery,  
That, being alone, I now flatter myself :  
But it will serve ; 'tis sealed.

*Enter* Servant.

Bear this  
To the house of convertites, and watch your leisure  
To give it to the hands of Corombona,  
Or to the matron, when some followers  
Of Brachiano may be by. Away ! [*Exit* Servant.  
He that deals all by strength, his wit is shallow :  
When a man's head goes through, each limb will  
follow.

The engine for my business, bold Count Lodowick :  
'Tis gold must such an instrument procure ;  
With empty fist no man doth falcons lure.  
Brachiano, I am now fit for thy encounter :  
Like the wild Irish, I'll ne'er think thee dead  
Till I can play at football with thy head.  
*Flectere si nequeo superos, Acheronta movebo.*<sup>1</sup>

[*Exit.*

<sup>1</sup> Virgil, *Æn.* vii. 312.





## ACT THE FOURTH.

SCENE I.—*A Room in the House of Conventites.*

*Enter the Matron and FLAMINEO.*



MATRON. Should it be known the  
duke hath such recourse  
To your imprisoned sister, I were  
like  
To incur much damage by it.  
*Flam.* Not a scruple :  
The Pope lies on his death-bed,  
and their heads  
Are troubled now with other business  
Then guarding of a lady.

*Enter Servant.*

*Serv.* Yonder's Flamineo in conference  
With the matrona.—Let me speak with you ;  
I would entreat you to deliver for me  
This letter to the fair Vittoria.

*Matron.* I shall, sir.

*Serv.* With all care and secrecy :  
Hereafter you shall know me, and receive  
Thanks for this courtesy.

[*Exit.*

*Flam.* How now ! what's that ?

*Matron.* A letter.

*Flam.* To my sister ? I'll see't delivered.

*Enter BRACHIANO.*

*Brach.* What's that you read, Flamineo?

*Flam.* Look.

*Brach.* Ha! [*Reads.*] "To the most unfortunate, his best respected Vittoria."—

Who was the messenger?

*Flam.* I know not.

*Brach.* No! who sent it?

*Flam.* Ud's-foot, you speak as if a man  
Should know what fowl is coffined in a baked meat  
Afore you cut it up.

*Brach.* I'll open't, were't her heart.—What's here  
subscribed!

"Florence!" this juggling is gross and palpable:  
I have found out the conveyance.—Read it, read it.

*Flam.* [*Reads.*] "Your tears I'll turn to triumphs,  
be but mine:

Your prop is fall'n: I pity, that a vine,  
Which princes heretofore have longed to gather,  
Wanting supporters, now should fade and wither."—  
Wine, i' faith, my lord, with lees would serve his  
turn.—

"Your sad imprisonment I'll soon uncharm,  
And with a princely uncontrollèd arm  
Lead you to Florence, where my love and care  
Shall hang your wishes in my silver hair."—  
A halter on his strange equivocation!—  
"Nor for my years return me the sad willow:  
Who prefer blossoms before fruit that's mellow?"—  
Rotten, on my knowledge, with lying too long i' the  
bed-straw.—

"And all the lines of age this line convinces,  
The gods never wax old, no more do princes."—  
A pox on't, tear it; let's have no more atheists,  
*for God's sake.*

*Brach.* Ud's death, I'll cut her into atomies,  
And let the irregular north wind sweep her up,  
And blow her into his nostrils! Where's this whore?

*Flam.* That what do you call her?

*Brach.* O, I could be mad,  
Prevent<sup>1</sup> the cursed disease<sup>2</sup> she'll bring me to,  
And tear my hair off! Where's this changeable  
stuff?

*Flam.* O'er head and ears in water, I assure you:  
She is not for your wearing.

*Brach.* No, you pander?

*Flam.* What, me, my lord? am I your dog?

*Brach.* A blood-hound: do you brave, do you  
stand me?

*Flam.* Stand you! let those that have diseases  
run;

I need no plasters.

*Brach.* Would you be kicked?

*Flam.* Would you have your neck broke?

I tell you, duke, I am not in Russia;<sup>3</sup>

My shins must be kept whole.

*Brach.* Do you know me?

*Flam.* O, my lord, methodically:

As in this world there are degrees of evils,  
So in this world there are degrees of devils.

You're a great duke, I your poor secretary.

I do look now for a Spanish fig, or an Italian salad,<sup>4</sup>  
daily.

*Brach.* Pander, ply your convoy, and leave your  
prating.

*Flam.* All your kindness to me is like that  
miserable courtesy of Polyphemus to Ulysses; you

<sup>1</sup> Anticipate.

<sup>2</sup> Syphilis.

<sup>3</sup> "Let him have Russian law for all his sins.

What's that? A hundred blows on his bare shins."—

Day's Parliament of Bees, 1641.

<sup>4</sup> Two mediums for administering poison.



reserve me to be devoured last: you would dig turfs out of my grave to feed your larks; that would be music to you. Come, I'll lead you to her.

*Brach.* Do you face me?

*Flam.* O, sir, I would not go before a politic enemy with my back towards him, though there were behind me a whirlpool.

*Enter VITTORIA COROMBONA.*

*Brach.* Can you read, mistress? look upon that letter:

There are no characters nor hieroglyphics;  
You need no comment: I am grown your receiver.  
God's precious! you shall be a brave great lady,  
A stately and advanced whore.

*Vit. Cor.* Say, sir?

*Brach.* Come, come, let's see your cabinet, discover

Your treasury of love-letters. Death and Furies!  
I'll see them all.

*Vit. Cor.* Sir, upon my soul,  
I have not any. Whence was this directed?

*Brach.* Confusion on your politic ignorance!  
You are reclaimed,<sup>1</sup> are you? I'll give you the bells,

And let you fly to the devil.

*Flam.* Ware hawk, my lord.

*Vit. Cor.* "Florence!" this is some treacherous plot, my lord:

To me he ne'er was lovely, I protest,  
So much as in my sleep.

*Brach.* Right! they are plots.  
Your beauty! O, ten thousand curses on't!  
How long have I beheld the devil in crystal!<sup>2</sup>  
*Thou hast led me, like an heathen sacrifice,*

<sup>1</sup> A play upon terms of hawking.

<sup>2</sup> A magic glass.

With music and with fatal yokes of flowers,  
To my eternal ruin. Woman to man  
Is either a god or a wolf.

*Vit. Cor.* My lord,—

*Brach.* Away!

We'll be as differing as two adamants;  
The one shall shun the other. What, dost weep?  
Procure but ten of thy dissembling trade,  
Ye'd furnish all the Irish funerals  
With howling past wild Irish.

*Flam.* Fie, my lord!

*Brach.* That hand, that cursèd hand, which I have  
wearied

With doting kisses!—O my sweetest duchess,  
How lovely art thou now!—My loose thoughts  
Scatter like quicksilver: I was bewitched;  
For all the world speaks ill of thee.

*Vit. Cor.* No matter:

I'll live so now, I'll make that world recant,  
And change her speeches. You did name your  
duchess.

*Brach.* Whose death God pardon!

*Vit. Cor.* Whose death God revenge

On thee, most godless duke!

*Flam.* Now for two whirlwinds.

*Vit. Cor.* What have I gained by thee but infamy?  
Thou hast stained the spotless honour of my house,  
And frighted thence noble society:  
Like those, which, sick o' the palsy, and retain  
Ill-scenting foxes 'bout them, are still shunned  
By those of choicer nostrils. What do you call this  
house?

Is this your palace? did not the judge style it  
A house of penitent whores? who sent me to it?  
Who hath the honour to advance Vittoria  
To this incontinent college? is't not you?

Is't not your high preferment? Go, go, brag  
 How many ladies you have undone like me.  
 Fare you well, sir; let me hear no more of you:  
 I had a limb corrupted to an ulcer,  
 But I have cut it off; and now I'll go  
 Weeping to Heaven on crutches. For your gifts,  
 I will return them all; and I do wish  
 That I could make you full executor  
 To all my sins. O, that I could toss myself  
 Into a grave as quickly! for all thou art worth  
 I'll not shed one tear more,—I'll burst first.

*[She throws herself upon a bed.]*

*Brach.* I have drunk Lethe.—Vittoria!

My dearest happiness! Vittoria!

What do you ail, my love? why do you weep?

*Vit. Cor.* Yes, I now weep poniards, do you see?

*Brach.* Are not those matchless eyes mine?

*Vit. Cor.* I had rather

They were not matchless.

*Brach.* Is not this lip mine?

*Vit. Cor.* Yes; thus to bite it off, rather than give  
 it thee.

*Flam.* Turn to my lord, good sister.

*Vit. Cor.* Hence, you pander!

*Flam.* Pander! am I the author of your sin?

*Vit. Cor.* Yes; he's a base thief that a thief  
 lets in.

*Flam.* We're blown up, my lord.

*Brach.* Wilt thou hear me?

Once to be jealous of thee, is to express

That I will love thee everlastingly,

And never more be jealous.

*Vit. Cor.* O thou fool,

Whose greatness hath by much o'ergrown thy wit!

What dar'st thou do that I not dare to suffer,

Excepting to be still thy whore? for that,

In the sea's bottom sooner thou shalt make  
A bonfire.

*Flam.* O, no oaths, for God's sake!

*Brach.* Will you hear me?

*Vit. Cor.* Never.

*Flam.* What a damned imposthume is a woman's  
will!

Can nothing break it?—Fie, fie, my lord,  
Women are caught as you take tortoises;  
She must be turned on her back.—Sister, by this hand,  
I am on your side.—Come, come, you have wronged  
her:

What a strange credulous man were you, my lord,  
To think the Duke of Florence would love her!  
Will any mercer take another's ware  
When once 'tis toused and sullied?—And yet, sister,  
How scurvily this frowardness becomes you!  
Young leverets stand not long; and women's anger  
Should, like their flight, procure a little sport;  
A full cry for a quarter of an hour,  
And then be put to the dead quat.<sup>1</sup>

*Brach.* Shall these eyes,  
Which have so long time dwelt upon your face,  
Be now put out?

*Flam.* No cruel landlady i' the world,  
Which lends forth groats to broom-men, and takes  
use for them,  
Would do't.—

Hand her, my lord, and kiss her: be not like  
A ferret, to let go your hold with blowing.

*Brach.* Let us renew right hands.

*Vit. Cor.* Hence!

*Brach.* Never shall rage or the forgetful wine  
Make me commit like fault.

*Flam.* Now you are i' the way on't, follow't hard.

<sup>1</sup> *Squat, i.e. the seat or form of a hare.*

*Brach.* Be thou at peace with me, let all the world  
Threaten the cannon.

*Flam.* Mark his penitence :  
Best natures do commit the grossest faults,  
When they're given o'er to jealousy, as best wine,  
Dying, makes strongest vinegar. I'll tell you,—  
The sea's more rough and raging than calm rivers,  
But not so sweet nor wholesome. A quiet woman  
Is a still water under a great bridge ;  
A man may shoot her safely.

*Vit. Cor.* O ye dissembling men !—

*Flam.* We sucked that, sister,  
From women's breasts, in our first infancy.

*Vit. Cor.* To add misery to misery !

*Brach.* Sweetest,—

*Vit. Cor.* Am I not low enough ?  
Ay, ay, your good heart gathers like a snow-ball,  
Now your affection's cold.

*Flam.* Ud'sfoot, it shall melt  
To a heart again, or all the wine in Rome  
Shall run o' the lees for't.

*Vit. Cor.* Your dog or hawk should be rewarded  
better  
Than I have been. I'll speak not one word more.

*Flam.* Stop her mouth with a sweet kiss, my  
lord. So,  
Now the tide's turned, the vessel's come about.  
He's a sweet armful. O, we curled-haired men  
Are still most kind to women ! This is well.

*Brach.* That you should chide thus !

*Flam.* O, sir, your little chimneys  
Do ever cast most smoke ! I sweat for you.  
Couple together with as deep a silence  
As did the Grecians in their wooden horse.  
My lord, supply your promises with deeds ;  
You know that painted meat no hunger feeds.

*Brach.* Stay in ingrateful Rome—

*Flam.* Rome! it deserves to be called Barbary  
For our villainous usage.

*Brach.* Soft! the same project which the Duke of  
Florence

(Whether in love or gullery I know not)  
Laid down for her escape, will I pursue.

*Flam.* And no time fitter than this night, my lord :  
The Pope being dead, and all the cardinals entered  
The conclave for the electing a new Pope ;  
The city in a great confusion ;  
We may attire her in a page's suit,  
Lay her post-horse, take shipping, and amain  
For Padua.

*Brach.* I'll instantly steal forth the Prince Giovanni,  
And make for Padua. You two with your old  
mother,

And young Marcello that attends on Florence,  
If you can work him to it, follow me :  
I will advance you all :—for you, Vittoria,  
Think of a duchess' title.

*Flam.* Lo you, sister!—

Stay, my lord ; I'll tell you a tale. The crocodile,  
which lives in the river Nilus, hath a worm breeds  
i' the teeth of't, which puts it to extreme anguish :  
a little bird, no bigger than a wren, is barber-  
surgeon to this crocodile ; flies into the jaws of't,  
picks out the worm, and brings present remedy.  
The fish, glad of ease, but ingrateful to her that  
did it, that the bird may not talk largely of her  
abroad for non-payment, closeth her chaps, intend-  
ing to swallow her, and so put her to perpetual  
silence. But nature, loathing such ingratitude,  
hath armed this bird with a quill or prick in the  
head, the top o' which wounds the crocodile i' the  
*mouth, forceth her to open her bloody prison, and*

away flies the pretty tooth-picker from her cruel patient.<sup>1</sup>

*Brach.* Your application is, I have not rewarded  
The service you have done me.

*Flam.* No, my lord.—

You, sister, are the crocodile : you are blemished in  
your fame, my lord cures it ; and though the com-  
parison hold not in every particle, yet observe, re-  
member what good the bird with the prick i' the head  
hath done you, and scorn ingratitude.—

It may appear to some ridiculous [*Aside.*  
Thus to talk knave and madman, and sometimes  
Come in with a dried sentence, stuff with sage :  
But this allows my varying of shapes ;  
Knives do grow great by being great men's apes.

[*Exeunt.*



SCENE II.—*Before a Church.*

*Enter* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, LODOVICO, GASPARO,  
*and six* Ambassadors.

*Fran. de Med.* So, my lord, I commend your  
diligence.

Guard well the conclave ; and, as the order is,  
Let none have conference with the cardinals.

*Lod.* I shall, my lord.—Room for the ambassadors!

*Gasp.* They're wondrous brave<sup>2</sup> to-day : why do  
they wear

These several habits ?

*Lod.* O, sir, they are knights  
Of several orders :

That lord i' the black cloak, with the silver cross,

<sup>1</sup> See *Herodotus*, lib. ii. c. 68, on the trochilus.

<sup>2</sup> *i.e.* Fine.

Is Knight of Rhodes; the next, Knight of St.  
Michael;

That, of the Golden Fleece; the Frenchman, there,  
Knight of the Holy Ghost; my lord of Savoy,  
Knight of the Annunciation; the Englishman  
Is Knight of the honoured Garter, dedicated  
Unto their saint, St. George. I could describe to  
you

Their several institutions, with the laws  
Annexèd to their orders; but that time  
Permits not such discovery.

*Fran. de Med.* Where's Count Lodowick?

*Lod.* Here, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* 'Tis o' the point of dinner time:  
Marshal the cardinals' service.

*Lod.* Sir, I shall.

*Enter Servants, with several dishes covered.*

Stand, let me search your dish: who's this for?

*Serv.* For my Lord Cardinal Monticelso.

*Lod.* Whose this?

*Serv.* For my Lord Cardinal of Bourbon.

*Fr. Am.* Why doth he search the dishes? to  
observe

What meat is drest?

*Eng. Am.* No, sir, but to prevent  
Lest any letters should be conveyed in,  
To bribe or to solicit the advancement  
Of any cardinal. When first they enter,  
'Tis lawful for the ambassadors of princes  
To enter with them, and to make their suit  
For any man their prince affecteth best;  
But after, till a general election,  
No man may speak with them.

*Lod.* You that attend on the lord cardinals,  
Open the window, and receive their viands!



*A Cardinal.* [At the window.] You must return the service : the lord cardinals Are busied 'bout electing of the Pope ; They have given over scrutiny, and are fall'n To admiration.

*Lod.* Away, away !

*Fran. de Med.* I'll lay a thousand ducats you hear news.

Of a Pope presently. Hark ! sure, he's elected : Behold, my Lord of Arragon appears On the church-battlements.

*Arragon.* [On the church battlements.] *Denuntio vobis<sup>1</sup> gaudium magnum. Reverendissimus cardinalis Lorenzo de Monticelso electus est in sedem apostolicam, et elegit sibi nomen Paulum Quartum.*

*Omnes.* *Vivat sanctus pater Paulus Quartus !*

*Enter Servant.*

*Serv.* Vittoria, my lord,—

*Fran. de Med.* Well, what of her ?

*Serv.* Is fled the city,—

*Fran. de Med.* Ha !

*Serv.* With Duke Brachiano.

*Fran. de Med.* Fled ! Where's the Prince Giovanni ?

*Serv.* Gone with his father.

*Fran. de Med.* Let the matrona of the convertites Be apprehended.—Fled ! O, damnable !

[Exit Servant.]

How fortunate are my wishes ! why, 'twas this I only laboured : I did send the letter To instruct him what to do. Thy fame, fond<sup>2</sup> duke, I first have poisoned ; directed thee the way

<sup>1</sup> This was nearly the form in which the election of a Pope was declared to the people.

<sup>2</sup> Foolish.

To marry a whore: what can be worse? This follows,—

The hand must act to drown the passionate tongue :  
I scorn to wear a sword and prate of wrong.

*Enter MONTICELSO in state.*

*Mont. Concedimus vobis apostolicam benedictionem et remissionem peccatorum.*

My lord reports Vittoria Corombona  
Is stol'n from forth the house of convertites  
By Brachiano. and they're fled the city.  
Now, though this be the first day of our state,  
We cannot better please the divine power  
Than to sequester from the holy church  
These cursèd persons. Make it therefore known,  
We do denounce excommunication  
Against them both: all that are theirs in Rome  
We likewise banish. Set on.

*[Exeunt MONTICELSO, his train, Ambassadors, &c.*

*Fran. de Med.* Come, dear Lodovico;  
You have ta'en the sacrament to prosecute  
The intended murder.

*Lod.* With all constancy.

But, sir, I wonder you'll engage yourself  
In person, being a great prince.

*Fran. de Med.* Divert me not.

Most of his court are of my faction,  
And some are of my council. Noble friend,  
Our danger shall be like in this design:  
Give leave, part of the glory may be mine.

*[Exeunt FRAN. DE MED. and GASPARO.*

*Re-enter MONTICELSO.*

*Mont.* Why did the Duke of Florence with such  
care

*Labour your pardon? say.*

*Web. & Tour.*

*Lod.* Italian beggars will resolve you that,  
Who, begging of an alms, bid those they beg of,  
Do good for their own sakes; or it may be,  
He spreads his bounty with a sowing hand,  
Like kings, who many times give out of measure,  
Not for desert so much, as for their pleasure.

*Mont.* I know you're cunning. Come, what devil  
was that  
That you were raising?

*Lod.* Devil, my lord!

*Mont.* I ask you  
How doth the duke employ you, that his bonnet  
Fell with such compliment unto his knee,  
When he departed from you?

*Lod.* Why, my lord,  
He told me of a resty Barbary horse  
Which he would fain have brought to the career,  
The sault, and the ring-galliard;<sup>1</sup> now, my lord,  
I have a rare French rider.

*Mont.* Take you heed  
Lest the jade break your neck. Do you put me off  
With your wild horse-tricks? Sirrah, you do lie.  
O, thou'rt a foul black cloud, and thou dost threat  
A violent storm!

*Lod.* Storms are i' the air, my lord:  
I am too low to storm.

*Mont.* Wretched creature!  
I know that thou art fashioned for all ill,  
Like dogs that once get blood, they'll ever kill.  
About some murder? was't not?

*Lod.* I'll not tell you:  
And yet I care not greatly if I do;  
Marry, with this preparation. Holy father,  
I come not to you as an intelligencer,  
But as a penitent sinner: what I utter

<sup>1</sup> Terms of the *manège*.

Is in confession merely; which you know  
Must never be revealed.

*Mont.* You have o'erta'en me.

*Lod.* Sir, I did love Brachiano's duchess dearly,  
Or rather I pursued her with hot lust,  
Though she ne'er knew on't. She was poisoned;  
Upon my soul, she was; for which I have sworn  
To avenge her murder.

*Mont.* To the Duke of Florence?

*Lod.* To him I have.

*Mont.* Miserable creature!

If thou persist in this, 'tis damnable.  
Dost thou imagine thou canst slide on blood,  
And not be tainted with a shameful fall?  
Or, like the black and melancholic yew-tree,  
Dost think to root thyself in dead men's graves,  
And yet to prosper? Instruction to thee  
Comes like sweet showers to over-hardened ground;  
They wet, but pierce not deep. And so I leave thee,  
With all the Furies hanging 'bout thy neck,  
Till by thy penitence thou remove this evil,  
In conjuring from thy breast that cruel devil.

| *Exit.*

*Lod.* I'll give it o'er; he says 'tis damnable,  
Besides I did expect his suffrage,  
By reason of Camillo's death.

*Re-enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS with a Servant.*

*Fran. de Med.* Do you know that count?

*Serv.* Yes, my lord.

*Fran. de Med.* Bear him these thousand ducats  
to his lodging;  
Tell him the Pope hath sent them.—[*Aside.*]  
Happily  
That will confirm him more than all the rest.

*Serv.* Sir,—

| *Exit.*

*Lod.* To me, sir?

*Serv.* His Holiness hath sent you a thousand crowns,  
And wills you, if you travel, to make him  
Your patron for intelligence.

*Lod.* His creature ever to be commanded.

[*Exit* Servant.

Why, now 'tis come about. He railed upon me;  
And yet these crowns were told out and laid ready  
Before he knew my voyage. O the art,  
The modest form of greatness! that do sit,  
Like brides at wedding-dinners, with their looks  
turned

From the least wanton jest, their puling stomach  
Sick of the modesty, when their thoughts are loose,  
Even acting of those hot and lustful sports  
Are to ensue about midnight: such his cunning:  
He sounds my depth thus with a golden plummet.  
I am doubly armed now. Now to the act of blood.  
There's but three Furies found in spacious hell,  
But in a great man's breast three thousand dwell.

[*Exit.*





## ACT THE FIFTH.

SCENE I.—*An Apartment in a Palace at Padua.*

*A passage over the stage of* BRACHIANO, FLAMINEO,  
MARCELLO, HORTENSIO, VITTORIA COROMBONA,  
CORNELIA, ZANCHE, *and others.*

[*Exeunt omnes except* FLAMINEO *and* HORTENSIO.]



LAM. In all the weary minutes of  
my life,

Day ne'er broke up till now. This  
Confirms me happy. [marriage

*Hort.* 'Tis a good assurance.

Saw you not yet the Moor that's  
come to court?

*Flam.* Yes, and conferred with him i' the duke's closet:  
I have not seen a goodlier personage,  
Nor ever talked with man better experienced  
In state affairs or rudiments of war:  
He hath, by report, served the Venetian  
In Candy these twice seven years, and been chief  
In many a bold design.

*Hort.* What are those two  
That bear him company?

*Flam.* Two noblemen of Hungary, that, living in  
the emperor's service as commanders, eight years  
since, contrary to the expectation of all the court,

entered into religion, into the strict order of Capuchins: but, being not well settled in their undertaking, they left their order, and returned to court; for which, being after troubled in conscience, they vowed their service against the enemies of Christ, went to Malta, were there knighted, and in their return back, at this great solemnity, they are resolved for ever to forsake the world, and settle themselves here in a house of Capuchins in Padua.

*Hort.* 'Tis strange.

*Flam.* One thing makes it so: they have vowed for ever to wear, next their bare bodies, those coats of mail they served in.

*Hort.* Hard penance! Is the Moor a Christian?

*Flam.* He is.

*Hort.* Why proffers he his service to our duke?

*Flam.* Because he understands there's like to grow  
Some wars between us and the Duke of Florence,  
In which he hopes employment.  
I never saw one in a stern bold look  
Wear more command, nor in a lofty phrase  
Express more knowing or more deep contempt  
Of our slight airy courtiers. He talks  
As if he had travelled all the princes' courts  
Of Christendom: in all things strives to express,  
That all that should dispute with him may know,  
Glories, like glow-worms, afar off shine bright,  
But looked to near, have neither heat nor light.—  
The duke!

*Re-enter BRACHIANO; with FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS  
disguised like MULINASSAR, LODOVICO, ANTONELLI,  
GASPARO, FARNESE, CARLO, and PEDRO,  
bearing their swords and helmets; and MARCELLO.*

*Brach.* You are nobly welcome. We have heard  
Your honourable service 'gainst the Turk. [at full

To you, brave Mulinassar, we assign  
A competent pension: and are inly sorry,  
The vows of those two worthy gentlemen  
Make them incapable of our proffered bounty.  
Your wish is, you may leave your warlike swords  
For monuments in our chapel: I accept it  
As a great honour done me, and must crave  
Your leave to furnish out our duchess' revels.  
Only one thing, as the last vanity  
You e'er shall view, deny me not to stay  
To see a barriers prepared to-night:  
You shall have private standings. It hath pleased  
The great ambassadors of several princes,  
In their return from Rome to their own countries,  
To grace our marriage, and to honour me  
With such a kind of sport.

*Fran. de Med.* I shall persuade them  
To stay, my lord.

*Brach.* Set on there to the presence!

[*Exeunt BRACHIANO, FLAMINEO, MARCELLO,  
and HORTENSIO.*]

*Car.* Noble my lord, most fortunately welcome:

[*The Conspirators here embrace.*]

You have our vows, sealed with the sacrament,  
To second your attempts.

*Ped.* And all things ready:  
He could not have invented his own ruin  
(Had he despaired) with more propriety.

*Lod.* You would not take my way.

*Fran. de Med.* 'Tis better ordered.

*Lod.* To have poisoned his prayer-book, or a pair  
of beads,  
The pummel of his saddle,<sup>1</sup> his looking-glass,

<sup>1</sup> In the year 1598 Edward Squire was convicted of anointing the pummel of the Queen's saddle with poison, for which he was afterwards executed.—*Reed.*



Or the handle of his racket,—O, that, that !  
 That while he had been bandying at tennis,  
 He might have sworn himself to hell, and strook  
 His soul into the hazard ! O, my lord,  
 I would have our plot be ingenious,  
 And have it hereafter recorded for example,  
 Rather than borrow example.

*Fran. de Med.* There's no way  
 More speeding than this thought on.

*Lod.* On, then.

*Fran. de Med.* And yet methinks that this revenge  
 is poor,  
 Because it steals upon him like a thief.  
 To have ta'en him by the casque in a pitched field,  
 Led him to Florence !—

*Lod.* It had been rare : and there  
 Have crowned him with a wreath of stinking garlic,  
 To have shown the sharpness of his government  
 And rankness of his lust.—Flamineo comes.

[*Exeunt* LODOVICO, ANTONELLI, GASPARO,  
 FARNESE, CARLO, *and* PEDRO.]

*Re-enter* FLAMINEO, MARCELLO, *and* ZANCHE.

*Mar.* Why doth this devil haunt you, say ?

*Flam.* I know not ;

For, by this light, I do not conjure for her.  
 'Tis not so great a cunning as men think,  
 To raise the devil ; for here's one up already :  
 The greatest cunning were to lay him down.

*Mar.* She is your shame.

*Flam.* I prithee, pardon her.

In faith, you see, women are like to burs,  
 Where their affection throws them, there they'll stick.

*Zan.* That is my countryman, a goodly person :  
 When he's at leisure, I'll discourse with him  
 In our own language.

*Flam.* I beseech you do. [Exit ZANCHE.  
How is't, brave soldier? O, that I had seen  
Some of your iron days! I pray, relate  
Some of your service to us.

*Fran. de Med.* 'Tis a ridiculous thing for a man  
to be his own chronicle: I did never wash my mouth  
with mine own praise for fear of getting a stinking  
breath.

*Mar.* You're too stoical. The duke will expect  
other discourse from you.

*Fran. de Med.* I shall never flatter him: I have  
studied man too much to do that. What difference  
is between the duke and I? no more than between  
two bricks, all made of one clay: only 't may be one  
is placed on the top of a turret, the other in the  
bottom of a well, by mere chance. If I were placed  
as high as the duke, I should stick as fast, make as  
fair a show, and bear out weather equally.

*Flam.* [Aside]. If this soldier had a patent to  
beg in churches, then he would tell them stories.

*Mar.* I have been a soldier too.

*Fran. de Med.* How have you thrived?

*Mar.* Faith, poorly.

*Fran. de Med.* That's the misery of peace: only  
outsides are then respected. As ships seem very  
great upon the river, which show very little upon  
the seas, so some men i' the court seem colossuses  
in a chamber, who, if they came into the field, would  
appear pitiful pigmies.

*Flam.* Give me a fair room yet hung with arras,  
and some great cardinal to lug me by the ears as his  
endeared minion.

*Fran. de Med.* And thou mayst do the devil  
knows what villany.

*Flam.* And safely.

*Fran. de Med.* Right: you shall see in the country,

in harvest-time, pigeons, though they destroy never so much corn, the farmer dare not present the fowling-piece to them: why? because they belong to the lord of the manor; whilst your poor sparrows, that belong to the Lord of Heaven, they go to the pot for't.

*Flam.* I will now give you some politic instructions. The duke says he will give you a pension: that's but bare promise; get it under his hand. For I have known men that have come from serving against the Turk, for three or four months they have had pension to buy them new wooden legs and fresh plasters; but, after, 'twas not to be had. And this miserable courtesy shows as if a tormentor should give hot cordial drinks to one three quarters dead o' the rack, only to fetch the miserable soul again to endure more dogdays.

[*Exit FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS.*]

*Re-enter HORTENSIO and ZANCHE, with a Young Lord and two others.*

How now, gallants! what, are they ready for the barriers?

*Young Lord.* Yes; the lords are putting on their armour.

*Hort.* What's he?

*Flam.* A new up-start; one that swears like a falconer, and will lie in the duke's ear day by day, like a maker of almanacs: and yet I knew him, since he came to the court, smell worse of sweat than an under-tennis-court-keeper.

*Hort.* Look you, yonder's your sweet mistress.

*Flam.* Thou art my sworn brother: I'll tell thee, I do love that Moor, that witch, very constrainedly. *She knows some of my villany.* I do love her just as a man holds a wolf by the ears: but for fear of

turning upon me and pulling out my throat, I would let her go to the devil.

*Hort.* I hear she claims marriage of thee.

*Flam.* Faith, I made to her some such dark promise; and, in seeking to fly from't, I run on, like a frighted dog with a bottle at's tail, that fain would bite it off, and yet dares not look behind him.—Now, my precious gipsey.

*Zanche.* Ay, your love to me rather cools than heats.

*Flam.* Marry, I am the sounder lover: we have many wenches about the town heat too fast.

*Hort.* What do you think of these perfumed gallants, then?

*Flam.* Their satin cannot save them: I am confident

They have a certain spice of the disease;  
For they that sleep with dogs shall rise with fleas.

*Zanche.* Believe it, a little painting and gay clothes make you love me.

*Flam.* How! love a lady for painting or gay apparel? I'll unkennel one example more for thee. Æsop had a foolish dog that let go the flesh to catch the shadow: I would have courtiers be better divers.

*Zanche.* You remember your oaths?

*Flam.* Lovers' oaths are like mariners' prayers, uttered in extremity; but when the tempest is o'er, and that the vessel leaves tumbling, they fall from protesting to drinking. And yet, amongst gentlemen, protesting and drinking go together, and agree as well as shoemakers and Westphalia bacon: they are both drawers on; for drink draws on protestation, and protestation draws on more drink. Is not this discourse better now than the morality of your sunburnt gentleman?

*Re-enter CORNELIA.*

*Cor.* Is this your perch, you haggard? fly to the  
stews. [*Striking ZANCHE.*]

*Flam.* You should be clapt by the heels now:  
strike i' the court! [*Exit CORNELIA.*]

*Zanche.* She's good for nothing, but to make her  
maids

Catch cold a-nights: they dare not use a bed-staff  
For fear of her light fingers.

*Mar.* You're a strumpet,  
An impudent one. [*Kicking ZANCHE.*]

*Flam.* Why do you kick her, say?  
Do you think that she is like a walnut tree?  
Must she be cudgelled ere she bear good fruit?

*Mar.* She brags that you shall marry her.

*Flam.* What then?

*Mar.* I had rather she were pitched upon a  
stake

In some new-seeded garden, to affright  
Her fellow crows thence.

*Flam.* You're a boy, a fool:  
Be guardian to your hound; I am of age.

*Mar.* If I take her near you, I'll cut her throat.

*Flam.* With a fan of feathers?

*Mar.* And, for you, I'll whip  
This folly from you.

*Flam.* Are you choleric?  
I'll purge't with rhubarb.

*Hort.* O, your brother!

*Flam.* Hang him,  
He wrongs me most that ought to offend me least.—  
I do suspect my mother played foul play  
When she conceived thee.

*Mar.* Now, by all my hopes,  
*Like the two slaughtered sons of Œdipus,*  
*The very flames of our affection*

Shall turn two ways. Those words I'll make thee  
answer

With thy heart-blood.

*Flam.* Do, like the geese in the progress :  
You know where you shall find me.

*Mar.* Very good. [*Exit FLAMINEO.*]

An thou be'st a noble friend, bear him my sword,  
And bid him fit the length on't.

*Young Lord.* Sir, I shall.

[*Exeunt* Young Lord, MARCELLO, HORTENSIO,  
and the two others.]

*Zanche.* He comes. Hence petty thought of my  
disgrace !

*Re-enter* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS.

I ne'er loved my complexion till now,  
'Cause I may boldly say, without a blush,  
I love you.

*Fran. de Med.* Your love is untimely sown ;  
there's a spring at Michaelmas, but 'tis but a faint  
one : I am sunk in years, and I have vowed never  
to marry.

*Zanche.* Alas ! poor maids get more lovers than  
husbands : yet you may mistake my wealth. For, as  
when ambassadors are sent to congratulate princes,  
there's commonly sent along with them a rich  
present, so that, though the prince like not the  
ambassador's person nor words, yet he likes well  
of the presentment ; so I may come to you in the  
same manner, and be better loved for my dowry  
than my virtue.

*Fran. de Med.* I'll think on the motion.

*Zanche.* Do : I'll now

Detain you no longer. At your better leisure  
I'll tell you things shall startle your blood :

Nor blame me that this passion I reveal ;  
Lovers die inward that their flames conceal. *[Exit.*

*Fran. de Med.* Of all intelligence this may prove  
the best :

Sure, I shall draw strange fowl from this foul nest.

*[Exit.*



SCENE II.—*Another Apartment in the same.*

*Enter MARCELLO and CORNELIA.*

*Cor.* I hear a whispering all about the court  
You are to fight : who is your opposite ?  
What is the quarrel ?

*Mar.* 'Tis an idle rumour.

*Cor.* Will you dissemble ? sure, you do not well  
To fright me thus : you never look thus pale,  
But when you are most angry. I do charge you  
Upon my blessing,—nay, I'll call the duke,  
And he shall school you.

*Mar.* Publish not a fear  
Which would convert to laughter : 'tis not so.  
Was not this crucifix my father's ?

*Cor.* Yes.

*Mar.* I have heard you say, giving my brother  
suck,  
He took the crucifix between his hands,  
And broke a limb off.

*Cor.* Yes ; but 'tis mended.

*Enter FLAMINEO.*

*Flam.* I have brought your weapon back.

*[Runs MARCELLO through.]*

*Cor.* Ha ! O my horror !

*Mar.* You have brought it home, indeed.

*Cor.* Help! O, he's murdered!

*Flam.* Do you turn your gall up? I'll to  
sanctuary,  
And send a surgeon to you. [Exit.

*Enter* CARLO, HORTENSIO, *and* PEDRO.

*Hort.* How! o' the ground!

*Mar.* O mother, now remember what I told  
Of breaking of the crucifix! Farewell.  
There are some sins which Heaven doth duly punish  
In a whole family. This it is to rise  
By all dishonest means! Let all men know,  
That tree shall long time keep a steady foot  
Whose branches spread no wider than the root.

[Dies.

*Cor.* O my perpetual sorrow!

*Hort.* Virtuous Marcello!

He's dead.—Pray, leave him, lady: come, you shall.

*Cor.* Alas, he is not dead; he's in a trance. Why,  
here's nobody shall get any thing by his death. Let  
me call him again, for God's sake!

*Car.* I would you were deceived.

*Cor.* O, you abuse me, you abuse me, you abuse  
me! How many have gone away thus, for lack of  
tendance! Rear up's head, rear up's head: his  
bleeding inward will kill him.

*Hort.* You see he is departed.

*Cor.* Let me come to him; give me him as he is:  
if he be turned to earth, let me but give him one  
hearty kiss, and you shall put us both into one coffin.  
Fetch a looking glass; see if his breath will not  
stain it: or pull out some feathers from my pillow,  
and lay them to his lips. Will you lose him for a  
little pains-taking?

*Hort.* Your kindest office is to pray for him.

*Cor.* Alas, I would not pray for him yet. He may



live to lay me i' the ground, and pray for me, if you'll let me come to him.

*Enter BRACHIANO all armed save the beaver, with FLAMINEO, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, LODOVICO, and Page.*

*Brach.* Was this your handiwork ?

*Flam.* It was my misfortune.

*Cor.* He lies, he lies ; he did not kill him : these have killed him that would not let him be better looked to.

*Brach.* Have comfort, my grieved mother.

*Cor.* O you screech-owl !

*Hort.* Forbear, good madam.

*Cor.* Let me go, let me go.

*[She runs to FLAMINEO with her knife drawn, and, coming to him, lets it fall.]*

The God of Heaven forgive thee ! Dost not wonder I pray for thee ? I'll tell thee what's the reason : I have scarce breath to number twenty minutes ; I'd not spend that in cursing. Fare thee well : Half of thyself lies there ; and mayst thou live To fill an hour-glass with his mouldered ashes, To tell how thou shouldst spend the time to come In blest repentance !

*Brach.* Mother, pray tell me

How came he by his death ? what was the quarrel ?

*Cor.* Indeed, my younger boy presumed too much Upon his manhood, gave him bitter words, Drew his sword first ; and so, I know not how, For I was out of my wits, he fell with's head Just in my bosom.

*Page.* This is not true, madam.

*Cor.* I pray thee, peace.

One arrow's grazed already : it were vain To lose this for that will ne'er be found again.

*Brach.* Go, bear the body to Cornelia's lodging :  
And we command that none acquaint our duchess  
With this sad accident. For you, Flamineo,  
Hark you, I will not grant your pardon.

*Flam.* No ?

*Brach.* Only a lease of your life ; and that shall last  
But for one day : thou shalt be forced each evening  
To renew it, or be hanged.

*Flam.* At your pleasure.

[*LODOVICO sprinkles BRACHIANO'S beaver with a  
poison.*

Your will is law now, I'll not meddle with it.

*Brach.* You once did brave me in your sister's  
lodging ;

I'll now keep you in awe for't.—Where's our beaver ?

*Fran. de Med.* [*Aside*]. He calls for his destruction.

Noble youth,

I pity thy sad fate ! Now to the barriers.

This shall his passage to the black lake further ;

The last good deed he did, he pardoned murder.

[*Exeunt.*



SCENE III.—*The Lists at Padua.*

*Charges and shouts.* They fight at barriers ; first single  
pairs, then three to three.

*Enter BRACHIANO, VITTORIA COROMBONA, GIOVANNI,  
FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, with others.*

*Brach.* An armorer ! ud's death, an armorer !

*Flam.* Armorer ! where's the armorer ?

*Brach.* Tear off my beaver.

*Flam.* Are you hurt, my lord ?

*Brach.* O, my brain's on fire !

*Enter Armorer.*

The helmet is poisoned.

*Armorer.* My lord, upon my soul,—

*Brach.* Away with him to torture!

There are some great ones that have hand in  
And near about me. [this,

*Vit. Cor.* O my loved lord! poisoned!

*Flam.* Remove the bar. Here's unfortunate revels!  
Call the physicians.

*Enter two Physicians.*

A plague upon you!

We have too much of your cunning here already:  
I fear the ambassadors are likewise poisoned.

*Brach.* O, I am gone already! the infection  
Flies to the brain and heart. O thou strong heart!  
There's such a covenant 'tween the world and it,  
They're loth to break.

*Giov.* O my most lovèd father!

*Brach.* Remove the boy away.—  
Where's this good woman?—Had I infinite worlds,  
They were too little for thee: must I leave thee?—  
What say you, screech-owls, is the venom mortal?

*1st Phys.* Most deadly.

*Brach.* Most corrupted politic hangman,  
You kill without book; but your art to save  
Fails you as oft as great men's needy friends.  
I that have given life to offending slaves  
And wretched murderers, have I not power  
To lengthen mine own a twelvemonth?—  
Do not kiss me, for I shall poison thee.  
This unction's sent from the great Duke of Flor-  
ence.

*Fran. de Med.* Sir, be of comfort.

*Brach.* O thou soft natural death, that art joint-  
twin

To sweetest slumber ! no rough-bearded comet  
 Stares on thy mild departure ; the dull owl  
 Beats not against thy casement ; the hoarse wolf  
 Scents not thy carrion : pity winds thy corse,  
 Whilst horror waits on princes.

*Vit. Cor.* I am lost for ever.

*Brach.* How miserable a thing it is to die  
 'Mongst women howling !

*Enter* LODOVICO and GASPARO, in the habit of  
 Capuchins.

What are those ?

*Flam.* Franciscans :  
 They have brought the extreme unction.

*Brach.* On pain of death, let no man name death  
 to me :

It is a word infinitely terrible.  
 Withdraw into our cabinet.

[*Exeunt all except* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS and  
 FLAMINEO.]

*Flam.* To see what solitariness is about dying  
 princes ! as heretofore they have unpeopled towns,  
 divorced friends, and made great houses inhospitable,  
 so now, O justice ! where are their flatterers now ?  
 Flatterers are but the shadows of princes' bodies ;  
 the least thick cloud makes them invisible.

*Fran. de Med.* There's great moan made for him.

*Flam.* Faith, for some few hours salt-water will  
 run most plentifully in every office o' the court : but,  
 believe it, most of them do but weep over their  
 stepmothers' graves.

*Fran. de Med.* How mean you ?

*Flam.* Why, they dissemble ; as some men do that  
 live within compass o' the verge.

*Fran. de Med.* Come, you have thrived well under  
 him.

*Flam.* Faith, like a wolf in a woman's breast;<sup>1</sup> I have been fed with poultry: but, for money, understand me, I had as good a will to cozen him as e'er an officer of them all; but I had not cunning enough to do it.

*Fran. de Med.* What didst thou think of him? faith, speak freely.

*Flam.* He was a kind of statesman that would sooner have reckoned how many cannon-bullets he had discharged against a town, to count his expence that way, than how many of his valiant and deserving subjects he lost before it.

*Fran. de Med.* O, speak well of the duke.

*Flam.* I have done. Wilt hear some of my court-wisdom? To reprehend princes is dangerous; and to over-commend some of them is palpable lying.

*Re-enter* LODOVICO.

*Fran. de Med.* How is it with the duke?

*Lod.* Most deadly ill.

He's fall'n into a strange distraction:  
He talks of battles and monopolies,  
Levying of taxes; and from that descends  
To the most brain-sick language. His mind  
fastens

On twenty several objects, which confound  
Deep sense with folly. Such a fearful end  
May teach some men that bear too lofty crest,  
Though they live happiest, yet they die not best.  
He hath conferred the whole state of the dukedom  
Upon your sister, till the prince arrive  
At mature age.

*Flam.* There's some good luck in that yet.

*Fran. de Med.* See, here he comes.

<sup>1</sup> Alluding to a woman's longing during pregnancy.

*Enter BRACHIANO, presented in a bed,<sup>1</sup> VITTORIA  
COROMBONA, GASPARO, and Attendants.*

There's death in's face already.

*Vit. Cor.* O my good lord!

*Brach.* Away! you have abused me:

*[These speeches are several kinds of distractions,  
and in the action should appear so.*

You have conveyed coin forth our territories,  
Bought and sold offices, oppressed the poor,  
And I ne'er dreamt on't. Make up your accounts:  
I'll now be mine own steward.

*Flam.* Sir, have patience.

*Brach.* Indeed, I am to blame:

For did you ever hear the dusky raven  
Chide blackness? or was't ever known the devil  
Railed against cloven creatures?

*Vit. Cor.* O my lord!

*Brach.* Let me have some quails to supper.

*Flam.* Sir, you shall.

*Brach.* No, some fried dog-fish; your quails feed  
on poison.

That old dog-fox, that politician, Florence!  
I'll forswear hunting, and turn dog-killer:  
Rate! I'll be friends with him; for, mark you, sir  
one dog

Still sets another a-barking. Peace, peace!  
Yonder's a fine slave come in now.

*Flam.* Where?

*Brach.* Why, there,

In a blue bonnet, and a pair of breeches  
With a great cod-piece: ha, ha, ha!  
Look you, his cod-piece is stuck full of pins,

<sup>1</sup> Here the audience were to suppose that a change of scene had taken place—that the stage now represented Brachiano's chamber: later on Gasparo says, "For Christian charity, avoid the chamber."

With pearls o' the head of them. Do not you know him?

*Flam.* No, my lord.

*Brach.* Why, 'tis the devil;  
I know him by a great rose<sup>1</sup> he wears on's shoe,  
To hide his cloven foot. I'll dispute with him;  
He's a rare linguist.

*Vit. Cor.* My lord, here's nothing.

*Brach.* Nothing! rare! nothing! when I want money,  
Our treasury is empty, there is nothing:  
I'll not be used thus.

*Vit. Cor.* O, lie still, my lord!

*Brach.* See, see Flamineo, that killed his brother,  
Is dancing on the ropes there, and he carries  
A money-bag in each hand, to keep him even,  
For fear of breaking's neck: and there's a lawyer,  
In a gown whipt with velvet, stares and gapes  
When the money will fall. How the rogue cuts capers!  
It should have been in a halter. 'Tis there: what's she?

*Flam.* Vittoria, my lord.

*Brach.* Ha, ha, ha! her hair is sprinkled with  
arras-powder,<sup>2</sup>  
That makes her look as if she had sinned in the  
pastry,—  
What's he?

*Flam.* A divine, my lord,

[BRACHIANO seems here near his end: LODOVICO  
and GASPARO, in the habit of Capuchins,  
present him in his bed with a crucifix and  
hallowed candle.]

*Brach.* He will be drunk; avoid him: the argument  
Is fearful, when churchmen stagger in't.  
Look you, six grey rats, that have lost their tails,

<sup>1</sup> Rosette.

<sup>2</sup> Orris powder.

Crawl up the pillow : send for a rat-catcher :  
I'll do a miracle, I'll free the court  
From all foul vermin. Where's Flamineo ?

*Flam.* I do not like that he names me so often,  
Especially on's death-bed : 'tis a sign [Aside.  
I shall not live long.—See, he's near his end.

*Lod.* Pray, give us leave. — *Attende, domine  
Brachiane.*

*Flam.* See, see how firmly he doth fix his eye  
Upon the crucifix.

*Vit. Cor.* O, hold it constant !  
It settles his wild spirits ; and so his eyes  
Melt into tears.

*Lod. Domine Brachiane, solebas in bello tutus esse  
tuo clypeo ; nunc hunc clypeum hosti tuo opponas in-  
fernali.* [By the crucifix.

*Gas.* *Olim hastâ valuisti in bello ; nunc hanc sacram  
hastam vibrabis contra hostem animarum.*  
[By the hallowed taper.

*Lod.* *Attende, domine Brachiane ; si nunc quoque  
probas ea quæ acta sunt inter nos, flecte caput in  
dextrum.*

*Gas.* *Esto securus, domine Brachiane ; cogita quan-  
tum habeas meritorum ; denique memineris meam ani-  
mam pro tuâ oppignoratam si quid esset periculi.*

*Lod.* *Si nunc quoque probas ea quæ acta sunt inter  
nos, flecte caput in lævum.—*  
He is departing : pray, stand all apart,  
And let us only whisper in his ears  
Some private meditations, which our order  
Permits you not to hear.

[Here, the rest being departed, *LODOVICO* and  
*GASPARO* discover themselves.

*Gas.* Brachiano,—

*Lod.* Devil Brachiano, thou art damned.

*Gas.* Perpetually.



*Lod.* A slave condemned and given up to the  
gallows  
Is thy great lord and master.  
*Gas.* True ; for thou  
Art given up to the devil.  
*Lod.* O you slave !  
You that were held the famous politician,  
Whose art was poison !  
*Gas.* And whose conscience, murder !  
*Lod.* That would have broke your wife's neck  
down the stairs,  
Ere she was poisoned !  
*Gas.* That had your villanous salads !  
*Lod.* And fine embroidered bottles and perfumes,  
Equally mortal with a winter-plague !  
*Gas.* Now there's mercury—  
*Lod.* And copperas—  
*Gas.* And quicksilver—  
*Lod.* With other devilish pothecary stuff,  
A-melting in your politic brains : dost hear ?  
*Gas.* This is Count Lodovico.  
*Lod.* This, Gasparo :  
And thou shalt die like a poor rogue.  
*Gas.* And stink  
Like a dead fly-blown dog.  
*Lod.* And be forgotten  
Before thy funeral sermon.  
*Brach.* Vittoria !  
Vittoria !  
*Lod.* O, the cursèd devil  
Comes to himself again ! we are undone.  
*Gas.* Strangle him in private.

*Enter* VITTORIA COROMBONA, FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS,  
FLAMINEO, and Attendants.

What, will you call him again

To live in treble torments? for charity,  
For Christian charity, avoid the chamber.

[*Exeunt* VITTORIA COROMBONA, FRANCISCO DE  
MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, and Attendants.

*Lod.* You would prate, sir? This is a true-love-  
knot

Sent from the Duke of Florence.

[*He strangles* BRACHIANO.

*Gas.* What, is it done?

*Lod.* The snuff is out. No woman-keeper i' the  
world,

Though she had practised seven year at the pest-  
house,

Could have done't quaintlier.

*Re-enter* VITTORIA COROMBONA, FRANCISCO DE  
MEDICIS, FLAMINEO, and Attendants.

My lords, he's dead.

*Omnes.* Rest to his soul!

*Vit. Cor.* O me! this place is hell. [Exit.

*Fran. de Med.* How heavily she takes it!

*Flam.* O, yes, yes;

Had women navigable rivers in their eyes,  
They would dispend them all: surely, I wonder  
Why we should wish more rivers to the city,  
When they sell water so good cheap. I'll tell thee,  
These are but moonish shades of griefs or fears;  
There's nothing sooner dry than women's tears.  
Why, here's an end of all my harvest; he has given  
me nothing.

Court promises! let wise men count them cursed,  
For while you live, he that scores best pays worst.

*Fran. de Med.* Sure, this was Florence' doing.

*Flam.* Very likely.

Those are found weighty strokes which come from  
the hand,

But those are killing strokes which come from the head.

O, the rare tricks of a Machiavelian !

He doth not come, like a gross plodding slave,  
And buffet you to death : no, my quaint knave,  
He tickles you to death, makes you die laughing,  
As if you had swallowed down a pound of saffron.  
You see the feat, 'tis practised in a trice ;  
To teach court honesty, it jumps on ice.

*Fran. de Med.* Now have the people liberty to talk,  
And descant on his vices.

*Flam.* Misery of princes,  
That must of force be censured by their slaves !  
Not only blamed for doing things are ill,  
But for not doing all that all men will :  
One were better be a thresher.  
Ud's death, I would fain speak with this duke yet.

*Fran. de Med.* Now he's dead ?

*Flam.* I cannot conjure ; but if prayers or oaths  
Will get to the speech of him, though forty devils  
Wait on him in his livery of flames,  
I'll speak to him, and shake him by the hand,  
Though I be blasted. [*Exit.*

*Fran. de Med.* Excellent Lodovico !  
What, did you terrify him at the last gasp ?

*Lod.* Yes, and so idly, that the duke had like  
To have terrified us.

*Fran. de Med.* How ?

*Lod.* You shall hear that hereafter.

*Enter ZANCHE.*

See, yon's the infernal that would make up sport.  
Now to the revelation of that secret  
She promised when she fell in love with you.

*Fran. de Med.* You're passionately met in this  
sad world.

*Zanche.* I would have you look up, sir; these  
court-tears

Claim not your tribute to them : let those weep  
That guiltily partake in the sad cause.  
I knew last night, by a sad dream I had,  
Some mischief would ensue ; yet, to say truth,  
My dream most concerned you.

*Lod.* Shall's fall a-dreaming ?

*Fran. de Med.* Yes ; and for fashion sake I'll  
dream with her.

*Zanche.* Methought, sir, you came stealing to my  
bed.

*Fran. de Med.* Wilt thou believe me, sweeting ?  
by this light,

I was a-dreamt on thee too ; for methought  
I saw thee naked.

*Zanche.* Fie, sir ! As I told you,  
Methought you lay down by me.

*Fran. de Med.* So dreamt I ;  
And lest thou shouldst take cold, I covered thee  
With this Irish mantle.

*Zanche.* Verily, I did dream  
You were somewhat bold with me : but to come to't—

*Lod.* How, how ! I hope you will not go to't here.

*Fran. de Med.* Nay, you must hear my dream out.

*Zanche.* Well, sir, forth.

*Fran. de Med.* When I threw the mantle o'er thee,  
thou didst laugh

Exceedingly, methought.

*Zanche.* Laugh !

*Fran. de Med.* And cried'st out,  
The hair did tickle thee.

*Zanche.* There was a dream indeed !

*Lod.* Mark her, I prithee ; she simpers like the  
suds

A collier hath been washed in.

*Zanche.* Come, sir, good fortune tends you. I did  
I would reveal a secret : Isabella, [tell you  
The Duke of Florence' sister, was poisoned  
By a fumed picture ; and Camillo's neck  
Was broke by damned Flamineo, the mischance  
Laid on a vaulting-horse.

*Fran. de Med.* Most strange !

*Zanche.* Most true.

*Lod.* The bed of snakes is broke.

*Zanche.* I sadly do confess I had a hand  
In the black deed.

*Fran. de Med.* Thou kept'st their counsel ?

*Zanche.* Right ;  
For which, urged with contrition, I intend  
This night to rob Vittoria.

*Lod.* Excellent penitence !  
Usurers dream on't while they sleep out sermons.

*Zanche.* To further our escape, I have entreated  
Leave to retire me, till the funeral,  
Unto a friend i' the country : that excuse  
Will further our escape. In coin and jewels  
I shall at least make good unto your use  
An hundred thousand crowns.

*Fran. de Med.* O noble wench !

*Lod.* Those crowns we'll share.

*Zanche.* It is a dowry,  
Methinks, should make that sun-burnt proverb false,  
And wash the Æthiop white.

*Fran. de Med.* It shall. Away !

*Zanche.* Be ready for our flight.

*Fran. de Med.* An hour 'fore day. [*Exit ZANCHE.*  
O strange discovery ! why, till now we knew not  
The circumstance of either of their deaths.

*Re-enter ZANCHE.*

*Zanche.* You'll wait about midnight in the chapel ?

*Fran. de Med.* There. [Exit ZANCHE.]

*Lod.* Why, now our action's justified.

*Fran. de Med.* Tush for justice!

What harms it justice? we now, like the partridge,  
Purge the disease with laurel;<sup>1</sup> for the fame  
Shall crown the enterprize, and quit the shame.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE IV.—*An Apartment in a Palace at Padua.*

*Enter* FLAMINEO *and* GASPARO, *at one door; another way, GIOVANNI, attended.*

*Gas.* The young duke: did you e'er see a sweeter prince?

*Flam.* I have known a poor woman's bastard better favoured; this is behind him; now, to his face, all comparisons were hateful. Wise was the courtly peacock that, being a great minion, and being compared for beauty by some dottrels,<sup>2</sup> that stood by to the kingly eagle, said the eagle was a far fairer bird than herself, not in respect of her feathers, but in respect of her long talons: his will grow out in time.—My gracious lord!

*Gio.* I pray, leave me, sir.

*Flam.* Your grace must be merry: 'tis I have cause to mourn; for, wot you, what said the little boy that rode behind his father on horseback?

*Gio.* Why, what said he?

*Flam.* "When you are dead, father," said he, "I hope that I shall ride in the saddle." O, 'tis a brave thing for a man to sit by himself! he may stretch himself in the stirrups, look about, and see the whole

<sup>1</sup> See *Pliny, Nat. Hist.*, viii. 27.

<sup>2</sup> A species of *φουστ.*

compass of the hemisphere. You're now, my lord, i' the saddle.

*Gio.* Study your prayers, sir, and be penitent :  
'Twere fit you'd think on what hath former bin ;  
I have heard grief named the eldest child of sin.

[*Exit.*

*Flam.* Study my prayers! he threatens me  
divinely :

I am falling to pieces already. I care not though, like Anacharsis, I were pounded to death in a mortar : and yet that death were fitter for usurers, gold and themselves to be beaten together, to make a most cordial cullis<sup>1</sup> for the devil.

He hath his uncle's villainous look already,  
*In decimo sexto.*

*Enter Courtier.*

Now, sir, what are you ?

*Cour.* It is the pleasure, sir, of the young duke,  
That you forbear the presence, and all rooms  
That owe him reverence.

*Flam.* So, the wolf and the raven  
Are very pretty fools when they are young.  
Is it your office, sir, to keep me out ?

*Cour.* So the duke wills.

*Flam.* Verily, master courtier, extremity is not to be used in all offices : say that a gentlewoman were taken out of her bed about midnight, and committed to Castle Angelo, or to the tower yonder, with nothing about her but her smock, would it not show a cruel part in the gentleman-porter to lay claim to her upper garment, pull it o'er her head and ears, and put her in naked ?

*Cour.* Very good : you are merry. [*Exit.*

*Flam.* Doth he make a court-ejectment of me ?

<sup>1</sup> Strong broth.

a flaming fire-brand casts more smoke without a chimney than within't. I'll smoor<sup>1</sup> some of them.

*Enter FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS.*

How now ! thou art sad.

*Fran. de Med.* I met even now with the most piteous sight.

*Flam.* Thou meet'st another here, a pitiful Degraded courtier.

*Fran. de Med.* Your reverend mother  
Is grown a very old woman in two hours.  
I found them winding of Marcello's corse ;  
And there is such a solemn melody,  
'Tween doleful songs, tears, and sad elegies,—  
Such as old grandams watching by the dead  
Were wont to outwear the nights with,—that,  
believe me,

I had no eyes to guide me forth the room,  
They were so o'ercharged with water.

*Flam.* I will see them.

*Fran. de Med.* 'Twere much uncharity in you ; for  
your sight  
Will add unto their tears.

*Flam.* I will see them :

They are behind the traverse ;<sup>2</sup> I'll discover  
Their superstitious howling. [*Draws the curtain.*]

CORNELIA, ZANCHE, and three other Ladies discovered  
winding MARCELLO'S corse. *A Song.*

*Cor.* This rosemary is withered ; pray, get fresh.  
I would have these herbs grow up in his grave,  
When I am dead and rotten. Reach the bays,  
I'll tie a garland here about his head ;  
'Twill keep my boy from lightning. This sheet  
I have kept this twenty year, and every day

<sup>1</sup> Smother.

<sup>2</sup> A curtain on the stage.



Hallowed it with my prayers: I did not think  
He should have wore it.

*Zanche.* Look you who are yonder.

*Cor.* O, reach me the flowers

*Zanche.* Her ladyship's foolish.

*Lady.* Alas, her grief

Hath turned her child again!

*Cor.* You're very welcome:

There's rosemary for you;—and rue for you;—

[To FLAMINEO.]

Heart's-ease for you; I pray make much of it:

I have left more for myself.

*Fran. de Med.* Lady, who's this?

*Cor.* You are, I take it, the grave-maker.

*Flam.* So.

*Zanche.* 'Tis Flamineo.

*Cor.* Will you make me such a fool? here's a  
white hand:

Can blood so soon be washed out? let me see;  
When screech-owls croak upon the chimney-tops,  
And the strange cricket i' the oven sings and hops,  
When yellow spots do on your hands appear,  
Be certain then you of a corse shall hear.  
Out upon't, how 'tis speckled! h'as handled a toad,  
sure.

Cowslip-water is good for the memory:

Pray, buy me three ounces of't.

*Flam.* I would I were from hence.

*Cor.* Do you hear, sir?

I'll give you a saying which my grandmother  
Was wont, when she heard the bell toll, to sing  
o'er

Unto her lute.

*Flam.* Do, an you will, do.

*Cor.* "Call for the robin-red-breast and the wren,  
[CORNELIA doth this in several forms of distraction.]

Since o'er shady groves they hover,  
 And with leaves and flowers do cover  
 The friendless bodies of unburied men.  
 Call unto his funeral dole  
 The ant, the field-mouse, and the mole,  
 To rear him hillocks that shall keep him warm,  
 And (when gay tombs are robbed) sustain no harm :  
 But keep the wolf far thence, that's foe to men,  
 For with his nails he'll dig them up again."<sup>1</sup>  
 They would not bury him 'cause he died in a  
 quarrel ;

But I have an answer for them :

" Let holy church receive him duly,  
 Since he paid the church-tithes truly."  
 His wealth is summed, and this is all his store,  
 This poor men get, and great men get no more.  
 Now the wares are gone, we may shut up shop.  
 Bless you all, good people.

[*Exeunt* CORNELIA, ZANCHE, and Ladies

*Flam.* I have a strange thing in me, to the which  
 I cannot give a name, without it be  
 Compassion. I pray, leave me.

[*Exit* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS.

This night I'll know the utmost of my fate ;  
 I'll be resolved<sup>2</sup> what my rich sister means  
 To assign me for my service. I have lived  
 Riotously ill, like some that live in court,  
 And sometimes when my face was full of smiles,  
 Have felt the maze of conscience in my breast.  
 Oft gay and honoured robes those tortures try :  
 We think caged birds sing, when indeed they cry.

<sup>1</sup> " I never saw anything like this dirge, except the ditty which reminds Ferdinand of his drowned father in the *Tempest*. As that is of the water, watery ; so this is of the earth, earthy. Both have that intenseness of feeling, which seems to resolve itself into the elements which it contemplates."—C. LAMB. *Spec. of Eng. Dram. Poets.*

<sup>2</sup> Assured.

*Enter BRACHIANO's ghost, in his leather cassock and breeches, boots and cowl; in his hand a pot of lily-flowers, with a skull in it.*

Ha! I can stand thee: nearer, nearer yet.  
What a mockery hath death made thee! thou look'st sad.

In what place art thou? in yon starry gallery?  
Or in the cursèd dungeon?—No? not speak?  
Pray, sir, resolve me, what religion's best  
For a man to die in? or is it in your knowledge  
'To answer me how long I have to live?  
That's the most necessary question.

Not answer? are you still like some great men  
That only walk like shadows up and down,  
And to no purpose? say:—

*[The Ghost throws earth upon him, and shows him the skull.*

What's that? O, fatal! he throws earth upon me!  
A dead man's skull beneath the roots of flowers!—  
I pray, speak, sir: our Italian churchmen  
Make us believe dead men hold conference  
With their familiars, and many times  
Will come to bed to them, and eat with them.

*[Exit Ghost.*

He's gone; and see, the skull and earth are vanished.  
This is beyond melancholy. I do dare my fate  
To do its worst. Now to my sister's lodging,  
And sum up all these horrors: the disgrace  
The prince threw on me; next the piteous sight  
Of my dead brother; and my mother's dotage;  
And last this terrible vision: all these  
Shall with Vittoria's bounty turn to good,  
Or I will drown this weapon in her blood. *[Exit.*

S

T



SCENE V.—*A Street in Padua.*

*Enter* FRANCISCO DE MEDICIS, LODOVICO, and HORTENSIO.

*Lod.* My lord, upon my soul, you shall no further :  
You have most ridiculously engaged yourself  
Too far already. For my part, I have paid  
All my debts ; so, if I should chance to fall,  
My creditors fall not with me ; and I vow  
To quit all-in this bold assembly  
To the meanest follower. My lord, leave the city,  
Or I'll forswear the murder. [*Exit.*]

*Fran. de Med.* Farewell, Lodovico :  
If thou dost perish in this glorious act,  
I'll rear unto thy memory that fame  
Shall in the ashes keep alive thy name. [*Exit.*]

*Hor.* There's some black deed on foot. I'll  
presently  
Down to the citadel, and raise some force.  
These strong court-factions, that do brook no checks,  
In the career oft break the riders' necks. [*Exit.*]

SCENE VI.—*An Apartment in VITTORIA'S House.*

*Enter* VITTORIA COROMBONA with a book in her hand,  
and ZANCHE ; FLAMINEO following them.

*Flam.* What, are you at your prayers? give o'er.

*Vit. Cor.* How, ruffian !

*Flam.* I come to you 'bout worldly business :  
Sit down, sit down :—nay, stay, blouze,<sup>1</sup> you may  
hear it :—  
The doors are fast enough.

<sup>1</sup> A low term for women.

*Vit. Cor.* Ha, are you drunk ?

*Flam.* Yes, yes, with wormwood-water : you shall taste

Some of it presently.

*Vit. Cor.* What intends the Fury ?

*Flam.* You are my lord's executrix ; and I claim Reward for my long service.

*Vit. Cor.* For your service !

*Flam.* Come, therefore, here is pen and ink ; set down

What you will give me.

*Vit. Cor.* There.

[*Writes.*

*Flam.* Ha ! have you done already ?

'Tis a most short conveyance.

*Vit. Cor.* I will read it :

[*Reads.*

" I give that portion to thee, and no other, Which Cain groaned under, having slain his brother."

*Flam.* A most courtly patent to beg by !

*Vit. Cor.* You are a villain.

*Flam.* Is't come to this ? They say, affrights cure agues :

Thou hast a devil in thee ; I will try

If I can scare him from thee. Nay, sit still :

My lord hath left me yet two case<sup>1</sup> of jewels

Shall make me scorn your bounty ; you shall see them.

[*Exit.*

*Vit. Cor.* Sure, he's distracted.

*Zanche.* O, he's desperate :

For your own safety give him gentle language.

*Re-enter FLAMINEO with two case of pistols.*

*Flam.* Look, these are better far at a dead lift Than all your jewel-house.

*Vit. Cor.* And yet, methinks, These stones have no fair lustre, they are ill set.

*Flam.* I'll turn the right side towards you : you shall  
How they will sparkle. [see

*Vit. Cor.* Turn this horror from me!  
What do you want ? what would you have me do ?  
Is not all mine yours ? have I any children ?

*Flam.* Pray thee, good woman, do not trouble me  
With this vain worldly business ; say your prayers :  
I made a vow to my deceased lord,  
Neither yourself nor I should outlive him  
The numbering of four hours.

*Vit. Cor.* Did he enjoin it ?

*Flam.* He did ; and 'twas a deadly jealousy,  
Lest any should enjoy thee after him,  
That urged him vow me to it. For my death,  
I did propound it voluntarily, knowing,  
If he could not be safe in his own court,  
Being a great duke, what hope, then, for us ?

*Vit. Cor.* This is your melancholy and despair.

*Flam.* Away !

Fool thou art to think that politicians  
Do use to kill the effects of injuries  
And let the cause live. Shall we groan in irons,  
Or be a shameful and a weighty burden  
To a public scaffold ? This is my resolve ;  
I would not live at any man's entreaty,  
Nor die at any's bidding.

*Vit. Cor.* Will you hear me ?

*Flam.* My life hath done service to other men ;  
My death shall serve mine own turn. Make you ready.

*Vit. Cor.* Do you mean to die indeed ?

*Flam.* With as much pleasure  
As e'er my father gat me.

*Vit. Cor.* Are the doors locked ?

*Zanche.* Yes, madam.

*Vit. Cor.* Are you grown an atheist ? will you turn  
your body,

Which is the goodly palace of the soul,  
 To the soul's slaughter-house? O, the cursèd devil,  
 Which doth present us with all other sins  
 Thrice-candied o'er; despair with gall and stibium;  
 Yet we carouse it off;—Cry out for help!—

[*Aside to ZANCHE.*]

Makes us forsake that which was made for man,  
 The world, to sink to that was made for devils,  
 Eternal darkness!

*Zanche.* Help, help!

*Flam.* I'll stop your throat

With winter-plums.

*Vit. Cor.* I prithee, yet remember,  
 Millions are now in graves, which at last day  
 Like mandrakes shall rise shrieking.<sup>1</sup>

*Flam.* Leave your prating,  
 For these are but grammatical laments,  
 Feminine arguments: and they move me,  
 As some in pulpits move their auditory,  
 More with their exclamation than sense  
 Of reason or sound doctrine.

*Zanche* [*Aside to VIT.*]. Gentle madam,  
 Seem to consent, only persuade him teach  
 The way to death; let him die first.

*Vit. Cor.* 'Tis good. I apprehend it,  
 To kill one's self is meat that we must take  
 Like pills, not chew't, but quickly swallow it;  
 The smart o' the wound, or weakness of the hand,  
 May else bring treble torments.

*Flam.* I have held it  
 A wretched and most miserable life  
 Which is not able to die.

*Vit. Cor.* O, but frailty!  
 Yet I am now resolved: farewell, affliction!

<sup>1</sup> This plant, respecting which many superstitions prevailed, was said to give a loud shriek when it was torn up.

Behold, Brachiano, I that while you lived  
 Did make a flaming altar of my heart  
 To sacrifice unto you, now am ready  
 To sacrifice heart and all.—Farewell, Zanche!

*Zanche.* How, madam! do you think that I'll out-  
 live you;

Especially when my best self, Flamineo,  
 Goes the same voyage?

*Flam.* O, most lovèd Moor!

*Zanche.* Only by all my love let me entreat you,—  
 Since it is most necessary one of us  
 Do violence on ourselves,—let you or I  
 Be her sad taster, teach her how to die.

*Flam.* Thou dost instruct me nobly: take these  
 pistols,

Because my hand is stained with blood already:  
 Two of these you shall level at my breast,  
 The other 'gainst your own, and so we'll die  
 Most equally contented: but first swear  
 Not to outlive me.

*Vit. Cor. and Zanche.* Most religiously.

*Flam.* Then here's an end of me; farewell, day-  
 And, O contemptible physic, that dost take [light!  
 So long a study, only to preserve  
 So short a life, I take my leave of thee!—  
 These are two cupping-glasses that shall draw

[*Showing the pistols.*

All my infected blood out. Are you ready?

*Vit. Cor. and Zanche.* Ready.

*Flam.* Whither shall I go now? O Lucian, thy  
 ridiculous purgatory! to find Alexander the Great  
 cobbling shoes, Pompey tagging points, and Julius  
 Cæsar making hair-buttons! Hannibal selling black-  
 ing, and Augustus crying garlic! Charlemagne selling  
 lists by the dozen, and King Pepin crying apples in  
 a cart drawn with one horse!



Whether I resolve to fire, earth, water, air,  
 Or all the elements by scruples, I know not,  
 Nor greatly care.—Shoot, shoot :  
 Of all deaths the violent death is best ;  
 For from ourselves it steals ourselves so fast,  
 The pain, once apprehended, is quite past.

*[They shoot : he falls ; and they run to him, and tread upon him.]*

*Vit. Cor.* What, are you dropt ?

*Flam.* I am mixed with earth already : as you are noble,

Perform your vows, and bravely follow me.

*Vit. Cor.* Whither ? to hell ?

*Zanche.* To most assured damnation ?

*Vit. Cor.* O thou most cursèd devil !

*Zanche.* Thou art caught—

*Vit. Cor.* In thine own engine. I tread the fire out  
 That would have been my ruin.

*Flam.* Will you be perjured ? what a religious oath  
 was Styx, that the gods never durst swear by, and  
 violate ! O, that we had such an oath to minister,  
 and to be so well kept in our courts of justice !

*Vit. Cor.* Think whither thou art going.

*Zanche.* And remember

What villanies thou hast acted.

*Vit. Cor.* This thy death

Shall make me like a blazing ominous star :  
 Look up and tremble.

*Flam.* O, I am caught with a springe !

*Vit. Cor.* You see the fox comes many times short  
 home ;

'Tis here proved true.

*Flam.* Killed with a couple of braches !<sup>1</sup>

*Vit. Cor.* No fitter offering for the infernal Furies  
 Than one in whom they reigned while he was living.

<sup>1</sup> Bitch-hounds.

*Flam.* O, the way's dark and horrid! I cannot see:  
Shall I have no company?

*Vit. Cor.* O, yes, thy sins  
Do run before thee to fetch fire from hell,  
To light thee thither.

*Flam.* O, I smell soot,  
Most stinking soot! the chimney is a-fire:  
My liver's parboiled, like Scotch holly-bread;  
There's a plumber laying pipes in my guts, it scalds.—  
Wilt thou outlive me?

*Zanche.* Yes, and drive a stake  
Through thy body; for we'll give it out  
Thou didst this violence upon thyself.

*Flam.* O cunning devils! now I have tried your  
love,  
And doubled all your reaches.—I am not wounded;

[*Rises.*

The pistols held no bullets: 'twas a plot  
To prove your kindness to me; and I live  
To punish your ingratitude. I knew,  
One time or other, you would find a way  
To give me a strong potion.—O men  
That lie upon your death-beds, and are haunted  
With howling wives, ne'er trust them! they'll  
re-marry

Ere the worm pierce your winding-sheet, ere the  
spider

Make a thin curtain for your epitaphs.—  
How cunning you were to discharge! do you practise  
at the Artillery-yard?—Trust a woman! never, never!  
Brachiano be my precedent. We lay our souls to  
pawn to the devil for a little pleasure, and a woman  
makes the bill of sale. That ever man should marry!  
For one Hypermnestra<sup>1</sup> that saved her lord and

<sup>1</sup> One of the fifty daughters of Danaus, the son of Belus, brother of *Ægyptus*. She preserved her husband Lynceus, who afterwards slew Danaus

husband, forty-nine of her sisters cut their husbands' throats all in one night: there was a shoal of virtuous horse-leeches!—Here are two other instruments.

*Vit. Cor.* Help, help!

*Enter* LODOVICO, GASPARO, PEDRO, *and* CARLO.

*Flam.* What noise is that? ha! false keys i' the court!

*Lod.* We have brought you a mask.

*Flam.* A matachin,<sup>1</sup> it seems by your drawn swords. Churchmen turned revellers!

*Carlo.* Isabella! Isabella!

*Lod.* Do you know us now?

*Flam.* Lodovicø! and Gasparo!

*Lod.* Yes; and that Moor the duke gave pension to Was the great Duke of Florence.

*Vit. Cor.* O, we are lost!

*Flam.* You shall not take justice from forth my hands,—

O, let me kill her!—I'll cut my safety  
Through your coats of steel. Fate's a spaniel,  
We cannot beat it from us. What remains now?  
Let all that do ill, take this precedent,—  
Man may his fate foresee, but not prevent:  
And of all axioms this shall win the prize,—  
'Tis better to be fortunate than wise..

*Gas.* Bind him to the pillar.

*Vit. Cor.* O, your gentle pity!

I have seen a blackbird that would sooner fly  
To a man's bosom, than to stay the gripe  
Of the fierce sparrowhawk.

*Gas.* Your hope deceives you.

*Vit. Cor.* If Florence be i' the court, would he would kill me!

<sup>1</sup> A French and Italian sword dance of fools.

*Gas.* Fool! princes give rewards with their own hands,

But death or punishment by the hands of others.

*Lod.* Sirrah, you once did strike me: I'll strike you into the centre.

*Flam.* Thou'lt do it like a hangman, a base hangman,

Not like a noble fellow; for thou see'st

I cannot strike again.

*Lod.* Dost laugh?

*Flam.* Would'st have me die, as I was born, in whining?

*Gas.* Recommend yourself to Heaven.

*Flam.* No, I will carry mine own commendations thither.

*Lod.* O, could I kill you forty times a day,  
And use't four year together, 'twere too little!  
Naught grieves but that you are too few to feed  
The famine of our vengeance. What dost think on?

*Flam.* Nothing; of nothing: leave thy idle questions.

I am i' the way to study a long silence:  
To prate were idle. I remember nothing.  
There's nothing of so infinite vexation  
As man's own thoughts.

*Lod.* O thou glorious strumpet!

Could I divide thy breath from this pure air  
When't leaves thy body, I would suck it up,  
And breathe't upon some dunghill.

*Vit. Cor.* You, my death's-man!

Methinks thou dost not look horrid enough,  
Thou hast too good a face to be a hangman:  
If thou be, do thy office in right form;  
Fall down upon thy knees, and ask forgiveness.

*Lod.* O, thou hast been a most prodigious comet  
But I'll cut off your train,—kill the Moor first.

*Vit. Cor.* You shall not kill her first; behold my breast:

I will be waited on in death; my servant  
Shall never go before me.

*Gas.* Are you so brave?

*Vit. Cor.* Yes, I shall welcome death  
As princes do some great ambassadors;  
I'll meet thy weapon half way.

*Lod.* Thou dost tremble:  
Methinks fear should dissolve thee into air.

*Vit. Cor.* O, thou art deceived, I am too true a  
woman:

Conceit can never kill me. I'll tell thee what,  
I will not in my death shed one base tear;  
Or if look pale, for want of blood, not fear.

*Carlo.* Thou art my task, black Fury.

*Zanche.* I have blood  
As red as either of theirs: wilt drink some?  
'Tis good for the falling-sickness. I am proud  
Death cannot alter my complexion,  
For I shall ne'er look pale.

*Lod.* Strike, strike,  
With a joint motion.

[*They stab VITTORIA, ZANCHE, and FLAMINEO.*

*Vit. Cor.* 'Twas a manly blow:  
The next thou giv'st, murder some sucking infant;  
And then thou wilt be famous.

*Flam.* O, what blade is't?  
A Toledo, or an English fox?<sup>1</sup>  
I ever thought a cutler should distinguish  
The cause of my death, rather than a doctor.  
Search my wound deeper; tent it with the steel  
That made it.

*Vit. Cor.* O, my greatest sin lay in my blood  
Now my blood pays for't.

<sup>1</sup> Slang for "sword."

*Flam.* Thou'rt a noble sister !

I love thee now : if woman do breed man,  
She ought to teach him manhood : fare thee well.  
Know, many glorious women that are famed  
For masculine virtue have been vicious,  
Only a happier silence did betide them :  
She hath no faults who hath the art to hide them.

*Vit. Cor.* My soul, like to a ship in a black storm,  
Is driven, I know not whither.

*Flam.* Then cast anchor.

Prosperity doth bewitch men, seeming clear ;  
But seas do laugh, show white, when rocks are  
near.

We cease to grieve, cease to be fortune's slaves,  
Nay, cease to die, by dying. Art thou gone ?  
And thou so near the bottom ? false report,  
Which says that women vie with the nine Muses  
For nine tough durable lives ! I do not look  
Who went before, nor who shall follow me ;  
No, at myself I will begin and end.  
While we look up to Heaven, we confound  
Knowledge with knowledge. O, I am in a mist !

*Vit. Cor.* O, happy they that never saw the court,  
Nor ever knew great men but by report ! [*Dies.*]

*Flam.* I recover like a spent taper, for a flash,  
And instantly go out.

Let all that belong to great men remember the old  
wives' tradition, to be like the lions i' the Tower on  
Candlemas-day : to mourn if the sun shine, for fear  
of the pitiful remainder of winter to come.  
'Tis well yet there's some goodness in my death ;  
My life was a black charnel. I have caught  
An everlasting cold ; I have lost my voice  
Most irrecoverably. Farewell, glorious villains !  
This busy trade of life appears most vain,  
Since rest breeds rest, where all seek pain by pain.

Let no harsh flattering bells resound my knell ;  
Strike, thunder, and strike loud, to my farewell !

[Dies.]

*Eng. Am.* [*Within*]. This way, this way ! break  
ope the doors ! this way !

*Lod.* Ha ! are we betrayed ?

Why, then let's constantly die all together ;  
And having finished this most noble deed,  
Defy the worst of fate, not fear to bleed.

*Enter Ambassadors and GIOVANNI.*

*Eng. Am.* Keep back the prince : shoot, shoot.

[*They shoot, and LODOVICO falls.*]

*Lod.* O, I am wounded !  
I fear I shall be ta'en.

*Gio.* You bloody villains,  
By what authority have you committed  
This massacre ?

*Lod.* By thine.

*Gio.* Mine !

*Lod.* Yes ; thy uncle,  
Which is a part of thee, enjoined us to't :  
Thou know'st me, I am sure ; I am Count Lodowick ;  
And thy most noble uncle in disguise  
Was last night in thy court.

*Gio.* Ha !

*Carlo.* Yes, that Moor  
Thy father chose his pensioner.

*Gio.* He turned murderer !—  
Away with them to prison and to torture !  
All that have hands in this shall taste our justice,  
As I hope Heaven.

*Lod.* I do glory yet  
That I can call this act mine own. For my part,  
The rack, the gallows, and the torturing wheel,

Shall be but sound sleeps to me : here's my rest ;  
I limned this night-piece, and it was my best.

*Gio.* Remove the bodies.—See, my honoured lords,  
What use you ought make of their punishment :  
Let guilty men remember, their black deeds  
Do lean on crutches made of slender reeds.

[*Exeunt.*



Instead of an EPILOGUE, only this of Martial  
supplies me :

*Hæc fuerint nobis præmia, si placui.*<sup>1</sup>



OR the action of the play, 'twas generally well, and I dare affirm, with the joint-testimony of some of their own quality, for the true imitation of life, without striving to make nature a monster, the best that ever became them : whereof as I make a general acknowledgment, so in particular I must remember the well-approved industry of my friend Master Perkins,<sup>2</sup> and confess the worth of his action did crown both the beginning and end.

<sup>1</sup> Martial ii. 91.

<sup>2</sup> An actor of considerable eminence, who is supposed to have originally played the part of Brachiano. He is known to have been the original performer of Captain Goodluck in Heywood's *Fair Maid of the West*, of Sir John Belfare in Shirley's *Wedding*, and of Hanno in Nabbes's *Hannibal and Scipio*. When Marlowe's *Jew of Malta* was revived about 1633 Perkins acted Barabas.









*THE  
DUCHESS OF MALFI.*





EBSTER'S tragedy of *The Duchess of Malfi* —“the perfect and exact Copy, with diverse things printed, that the length of the Play would not bear in the Presentment”—was printed in 1623, having been acted by the King's servants at Blackfriars and the Globe, Burbadge playing the part of Ferdinand. It was printed again in 1640 and in 1678. Theobald published an adaptation of it, called *The Fatal Secret*, in 1735. *The Duchess of Malfi* was revived at the Haymarket in 1707, and again at Sadler's Wells in 1850. Concerning its performance at the latter theatre Professor Ward remarks, “I remember, not many years ago, seeing *The Duchess of Malfi* well acted by Miss Glyn; the impression which the tragedy produces on the stage is indescribable.”

The story of this play is in the *Novelle* of Bendello, Part I., N. 26. Through Belleforest's French version it found its way into Paynter's *Palace of Pleasure*. Lope de Vega in 1618 wrote *El Mayordomo de la Duquesa de Amalfi*.





To the Rt. Hon. GEORGE HARDING, Baron Berkeley,<sup>1</sup>  
*Of Berkeley Castle, and Knight of the Order of the Bath to the  
illustrious Prince Charles.*

My Noble Lord,



HAT I may present my excuse why, being a stranger to your lordship, I offer this poem to your patronage, I plead this warrant:—men who never saw the sea yet desire to behold that regiment of waters, choose some eminent river to guide them thither, and make that, as it were, their conduct or postilion: by the like ingenious means has your fame arrived at my knowledge, receiving it from some of worth, who both in contemplation and practice owe to your honour their clearest service. I do not altogether look up at your title; the ancientest nobility being but a relic of time past, and the truest honour indeed being for a man to confer honour on himself, which your learning strives to propagate, and shall make you arrive at the dignity of a great example. I am confident this work is not unworthy your honour's perusal; for by such poems as this poets have kissed the hands of great princes, and drawn their gentle eyes to look down upon their sheets of paper when the poets themselves were bound up in their winding-sheets. The like courtesy from your lordship

<sup>1</sup> The twelfth Lord Berkeley. "My good lord," says Massinger, inscribing *The Renegado* to him, "to be honoured for old nobility or hereditary titles, is not alone proper to yourself, but to some few of your rank, who may challenge the like privilege with you: but in our age to vouchsafe (as you have often done) a ready hand to raise the dejected spirits of the contemned sons of the Muses, such as would not suffer the glorious fire of poesy to be wholly extinguished, is so remarkable and peculiar to your lordship, that, with a full vote and suffrage, it is acknowledged that the patronage and protection of the dramatic poem is yours and almost without a rival."

shall make you live in your grave, and laurel spring out of it, when the ignorant scorers of the Muses, that like worms in libraries seem to live only to destroy learning, shall wither neglected and forgotten. This work and myself I humbly present to your approved censure, it being the utmost of my wishes to have your honourable self my weighty and perspicuous comment; which grace so done me shall ever be acknowledged

By your lordship's in all duty and observance,

JOHN WEBSTER.



COMMENDATORY VERSES.

IN THE JUST WORTH OF THAT WELL-DESERVER, MR. JOHN WEBSTER, AND UPON THIS MASTER-PIECE OF TRAGEDY.

In this thou imitat'st one rich and wise,  
 That sees his good deeds done before he dies :  
 As he by works, thou by this work of fame  
 Hath well provided for thy living name.  
 To trust to others' honourings is worth's crime,  
 Thy monument is raised in thy life-time ;  
 And 'tis most just ; for every worthy man  
 Is his own marble, and his merit can  
 Cut him to any figure, and express  
 More art than death's cathedral palaces  
 Where royal ashes keep their court. Thy note  
 Be ever plainness ; 'tis the richest coat :  
 Thy epitaph only the title be,  
 Write DUCHESS, that will fetch a tear for thee ;  
 For who e'er saw this Duchess live and die,  
 That could get off under a bleeding eye ?

In Tragœdiam.

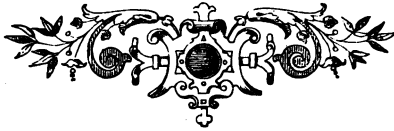
Ut lux ex tenebris ictu percussa tonantis,  
 Illa, ruina malis, claris fit vita poetis.

THOMAS MIDDLETONUS,  
 Poeta et Chron. Londinensis.

TO HIS FRIEND MR. JOHN WEBSTER, UPON HIS "DUCHESS  
OF MALFI."

I never saw thy Duchess till the day  
That she was lively bodied in thy play:  
Howe'er she answered her low-rated love  
Her brothers' anger did so fatal prove,  
Yet my opinion is, she might speak more,  
But never in her life so well before.

WIL. ROWLEY.



TO THE READER OF THE AUTHOR, AND HIS "DUCHESS  
OF MALFI."

Crown him a poet, whom nor Rome nor Greece  
Transcend in all their's for a masterpiece;  
In which, whiles words and matter change, and men  
Act one another, he, from whose clear pen  
They all took life, to memory hath lent  
A lasting fame to raise his monument.

JOHN FORD.





*DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.*

FERDINAND, Duke of Calabria.  
The CARDINAL, his Brother.  
ANTONIO BOLOGNA, Steward of the household to  
the DUCHESS.  
DELIO, his Friend.  
DANIEL DE BOSOLA, Gentleman of the horse to  
the DUCHESS.  
CASTRUCCIO.  
MARQUIS OF PESCARA.  
COUNT MALATESTI.  
RODERIGO.  
SILVIO.  
GRISOLAN.  
Doctor.  
Several Madmen, Pilgrims, Executioners, Officers,  
Attendants, &c.

DUCHESS OF MALFI.  
CARIOLA, her Woman.  
JULIA, Castruccio's Wife, and the Cardinal's Mistress.  
Old Lady, Ladies and Children.

SCENE—MALFI, ROME, and MILAN.





## THE DUCHESS OF MALFI.

ACT THE FIRST.

SCENE I.—*The Presence-chamber in the DUCHESS' Palace at Malfi.*

*Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.*



DELIO. You are welcome to your country, dear Antonio ;  
You have been long in France, and you return  
A very formal Frenchman in your habit :  
How do you like the French court ?

*Ant.* I admire it :

In seeking to reduce both state and people  
To a fixed order, their judicious king  
Begins at home ; quits first his royal palace  
Of flattering sycophants, of dissolute  
And infamous persons,—which he sweetly terms  
His master's master-piece, the work of Heaven ;  
Considering duly that a prince's court  
Is like a common fountain, whence should flow  
Pure silver drops in general, but if't chance  
Some cursed example poison't near the head,  
Death and diseases through the whole land spread.



And what is't makes this blessèd government  
 But a most provident council, who dare freely  
 Inform him the corruption of the times ?  
 Though some o' the court hold it presumption  
 To instruct princes what they ought to do,  
 It is a noble duty to inform them  
 What they ought to foresee.—Here comes Bosola,  
 The only court-gall ; yet I observe his railing  
 Is not for simple love of piety :  
 Indeed, he rails at those things which he wants ;  
 Would be as lecherous, covetous, or proud,  
 Bloody, or envious, as any man,  
 If he had means to be so.—Here's the cardinal.

*Enter the Cardinal and BOSOLA.*

*Bos.* I do haunt you still.

*Card.* So.

*Bos.* I have done you better service than to be  
 slighted thus. Miserable age, where only the reward  
 of doing well is the doing of it !

*Card.* You enforce your merit too much.

*Bos.* I fell into the galleys in your service ; where,  
 for two years together, I wore two towels instead of  
 a shirt, with a knot on the shoulder, after the fashion  
 of a Roman mantle. Slighted thus ! I will thrive  
 some way : blackbirds fatten best in hard weather ;  
 why not I in these dog-days ?

*Card.* Would you could become honest !

*Bos.* With all your divinity do but direct me the  
 way to it. I have known many travel far for it,  
 and yet return as arrant knaves as they went forth,  
 because they carried themselves always along with  
 them. [*Exit Cardinal.*] Are you gone ? Some  
 fellows, they say, are possessed with the devil, but  
 this great fellow were able to possess the greatest  
 devil, and make him worse.

*Ant.* He hath denied thee some suit ?

*Bos.* He and his brother are like plum-trees that grow crooked over standing-pools; they are rich and o'er-laden with fruit, but none but crows, pies, and caterpillars feed on them. Could I be one of their flattering panders, I would hang on their ears like a horseleech, till I were full, and then drop off. I pray, leave me. Who would rely upon these miserable dependencies, in expectation to be advanced to-morrow? what creature ever fed worse than hoping Tantalus? nor ever died any man more fearfully than he that hoped for a pardon. There are rewards for hawks and dogs when they have done us service; but for a soldier that hazards his limbs in a battle, nothing but a kind of geometry is his last supportation.

*Delio.* Geometry!

*Bos.* Ay, to hang in a fair pair of slings, take his latter swing in the world upon an honourable pair of crutches, from hospital to hospital. Fare ye well, sir: and yet do not you scorn us; for places in the court are but like beds in the hospital, where this man's head lies at that man's foot, and so lower and lower. [*Exit.*

*Delio.* I knew this fellow seven years in the galleys  
For a notorious murder; and 'twas thought  
The cardinal suborned it: he was released  
By the French general, Gaston de Foix,  
When he recovered Naples.

*Ant.* 'Tis great pity  
He should be thus neglected: I have heard  
He's very valiant. This foul melancholy  
Will poison all his goodness; for, I'll tell you,  
If too immoderate sleep be truly said  
To be an inward rust unto the soul,  
It then doth follow want of action  
Breeds all black malcontents; and their close rearing,  
Like moths in cloth, do hurt for want of wearing.

*Delio.* The presence 'gins to fill: you promised me  
To make me the partaker of the natures  
Of some of your great courtiers.

*Ant.* The lord cardinal's,  
And other strangers' that are now in court?  
I shall.—Here comes the great Calabrian duke.

*Enter* FERDINAND, CASTRUCCIO, SILVIO, RODERIGO,  
GRISOLAN, *and* Attendants.

*Ferd.* Who took the ring oftenest?<sup>1</sup>

*Sil.* Antonio Bologna, my lord.

*Ferd.* Our sister duchess' great-master of her  
household? give him the jewel.—When shall we  
leave this sportive action, and fall to action indeed?

*Cast.* Methinks, my lord, you should not desire to  
go to war in person.

*Ferd.* Now for some gravity:—why, my lord?

*Cast.* It is fitting a soldier arise to be a prince, but  
not necessary a prince descend to be a captain.

*Ferd.* No?

*Cast.* No, my lord; he were far better do it by a  
deputy.

*Ferd.* Why should he not as well sleep or eat by  
a deputy? this might take idle, offensive, and base  
office from him, whereas the other deprives him of  
honour.

*Cast.* Believe my experience, that realm is never  
long in quiet where the ruler is a soldier.

*Ferd.* Thou toldest me thy wife could not endure  
fighting.

*Cast.* True, my lord.

*Ferd.* And of a jest she broke of a captain she met  
full of wounds: I have forgot it.

<sup>1</sup> An allusion to the sport called "Running at the Ring," at which the tilter, while riding at full speed, endeavoured to thrust *the point of his lance* through, and to bear away, the ring, which *was suspended in the air.*—Dyce.

*Cast.* She told him, my lord, he was a pitiful fellow, to lie, like the children of Ismael, all in tents.<sup>1</sup>

*Ferd.* Why, there's a wit were able to undo all the surgeons o' the city; for although gallants should quarrel, and had drawn their weapons, and were ready to go to it, yet her persuasions would make them put up.

*Cast.* That she would, my lord.—How do you like my Spanish gennet?

*Rod.* He is all fire.

*Ferd.* I am of Pliny's opinion, I think he was begot by the wind; he runs as if he were ballasted with quicksilver.

*Silvio.* True, my lord, he reels from the tilt often.

*Rod. Gris.* Ha, ha, ha!

*Ferd.* Why do you laugh? methinks you that are courtiers should be my touchwood, take fire when I give fire; that is, laugh but when I laugh, were the subject never so witty.

*Cast.* True, my lord: I myself have heard a very good jest, and have scorned to seem to have so silly a wit as to understand it.

*Ferd.* But I can laugh at your fool, my lord.

*Cast.* He cannot speak, you know, but he makes faces: my lady cannot abide him.

*Ferd.* No?

*Cast.* Nor endure to be in merry company; for she says too much laughing, and too much company, fills her too full of the wrinkle.

*Ferd.* I would, then, have a mathematical instrument made for her face, that she might not laugh out of compass.—I shall shortly visit you at Milan, Lord Silvio.

*Silvio.* Your grace shall arrive most welcome.

*Ferd.* You are a good horseman, Antonio: you

<sup>1</sup> A play upon the word, "tent" meaning also a roll of lint or other bandage.

have excellent riders in France : what do you think of good horsemanship ?

*Ant.* Nobly, my lord : as out of the Grecian horse issued many famous princes, so out of brave horsemanship arise the first sparks of growing resolution, that raise the mind to noble action.

*Ferd.* You have bespoke it worthily.

*Silvio.* Your brother, the lord cardinal, and sister duchess.

*Re-enter Cardinal, with DUCHESS, CARIOLA, and JULIA.*

*Card.* Are the galleys come about ?

*Gris.* They are, my lord.

*Ferd.* Here's the Lord Silvio is come to take his leave. [dinal ?

*Delio.* Now, sir, your promise ; what's that car- I mean his temper ? they say he's a brave fellow, Will play his five thousand crowns at tennis, dance, Court ladies, and one that hath fought single combats.

*Ant.* Some such flashes superficially hang on him for form ; but observe his inward character : he is a melancholy churchman ; the spring in his face is nothing but the engendering of toads ; where he is jealous of any man, he lays worse plots for them than ever was imposed on Hercules, for he strews in his way flatterers, panders, intelligencers, atheists, and a thousand such political monsters. He should have been Pope ; but instead of coming to it by the primitive decency of the church, he did bestow bribes so largely and so impudently as if he would have carried it away without Heaven's knowledge. Some good he hath done—

*Delio.* You have given too much of him. What's his brother ?

*Ant.* The duke there ? a most perverse and turbulent nature :

What appears in him mirth is merely outside ;  
If he laugh heartily, it is to laugh  
All honesty out of fashion.

*Delio.* Twins ?

*Ant.* In quality.

[suits

He speaks with others' tongues, and hears men's  
With others' ears ; will seem to sleep o' the bench  
Only to entrap offenders in their answers ;  
Dooms men to death by information ;  
Rewards by hearsay.

*Delio.* Then the law to him

Is like a foul black cobweb to a spider,—  
He makes it his dwelling and a prison  
To entangle those shall feed him.

*Ant.* Most true :

He never pays debts unless they be shrewd turns,  
And those he will confess that he doth owe.  
Last, for his brother there, the cardinal,  
They that do flatter him most say oracles  
Hang at his lips ; and verily I believe them,  
For the devil speaks in them.  
But for their sister, the right noble duchess,  
You never fixed your eye on three fair medals  
Cast in one figure, of so different temper.  
For her discourse, it is so full of rapture,  
You only will begin then to be sorry  
When she doth end her speech, and wish, in wonder,  
She held it less vain-glory to talk much,  
Than your penance to hear her : whilst she speaks,  
She throws upon a man so sweet a look,  
That it were able to raise one to a galliard<sup>1</sup>  
That lay in a dead palsy, and to dote  
On that sweet countenance ; but in that look  
There speaketh so divine a continence  
As cuts off all lascivious and vain hope.  
Her days are practised in such noble virtue,

<sup>1</sup> A lively dance.

That sure her nights, nay, more, her very sleeps,  
 Are more in Heaven than other ladies' shrifts.  
 Let all sweet ladies break their flattering glasses,  
 And dress themselves in her.

*Delio.* Fie, Antonio,  
 You play the wire-drawer with her commendations.

*Ant.* I'll case the picture up: only thus much;  
 All her particular worth grows to this sum,—  
 She stains the time past, lights the time to come.

*Cari.* You must attend my lady in the gallery,  
 Some half an hour hence.

*Ant.* I shall. [Exeunt ANTONIO and DELIO.

*Ferd.* Sister, I have a suit to you.

*Duch.* To me, sir?

*Ferd.* A gentleman here, Daniel de Bosola,  
 One that was in the galleys—

*Duch.* Yes, I know him.

*Ferd.* A worthy fellow he is: pray, let me entreat for  
 The provisorship of your horse.

*Duch.* Your knowledge of him  
 Commends him and prefers him.

*Ferd.* Call him hither. [Exit Attendant.

We are now upon parting. Good Lord Silvio,  
 Do us commend to all our noble friends  
 At the leaguer.

*Silvio.* Sir, I shall.

*Ferd.* You are for Milan?

*Silvio.* I am.

*Duch.* Bring the caroches.<sup>1</sup> We'll bring you down  
 to the haven.

[Exeunt DUCHESS, SILVIO, CASTRUCCIO, RODERIGO,  
 GRISOLAN, CARIOLA, JULIA, and Attendants.

*Card.* Be sure you entertain that Bosola  
 For your intelligence: I would not be seen in't;  
 And therefore many times I have slighted him  
 When he did court our furtherance, as this morning.

<sup>1</sup> Coaches.

*Ferd.* Antonio, the great-master of her household,  
Had been far fitter.

*Card.* You are deceived in him :  
His nature is too honest for such business.—  
He comes : I'll leave you. [Exit.

*Re-enter BOSOLA.*

*Bos.* I was lured to you.

*Ferd.* My brother, here, the cardinal could never  
Abide you.

*Bos.* Never since he was in my debt.

*Ferd.* May be some oblique character in your face  
Made him suspect you.

*Bos.* Doth he study physiognomy ?  
There's no more credit to be given to the face  
Than to a sick man's urine, which some call  
The physician's whore because she cozens him.  
He did suspect me wrongfully.

*Ferd.* For that  
You must give great men leave to take their times.  
Distrust doth cause us seldom be deceived :  
You see the oft shaking of the cedar-tree  
Fastens it more at root.

*Bos.* Yet, take heed ;  
For to suspect a friend unworthily  
Instructs him the next way to suspect you,  
And prompts him to deceive you.

*Ferd.* There's gold.

*Bos.* So :  
What follows ? never rained such showers as these  
Without thunderbolts i' the tail of them : whose  
throat must I cut ?

*Ferd.* Your inclination to shed blood rides post  
Before my occasion to use you. I give you that  
To live i' the court here, and observe the duchess ;  
To note all the particulars of her haviour,<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Behaviour.



What suitors do solicit her for marriage,  
And whom she best affects. She's a young widow :  
I would not have her marry again.

*Bos.* No, sir ?

*Ferd.* Do not you ask the reason ; but be satisfied  
I say I would not.

*Bos.* It seems you would create me  
One of your familiars.

*Ferd.* Familiar ! what's that ?

*Bos.* Why, a very quaint invisible devil in flesh,  
An intelligencer.

*Ferd.* Such a kind of thriving thing  
I would wish thee ; and ere long thou mayest arrive  
At a higher place by't.

*Bos.* Take your devils,  
Which hell calls angels ; these cursed gifts would  
make

You a corrupter, me an impudent traitor ;  
And should I take these, they'd take me to hell.

*Ferd.* Sir, I'll take nothing from you that I have  
given :

There is a place that I procured for you  
This morning, the provisorship o' the horse ;  
Have you heard on't ?

*Bos.* No.

*Ferd.* 'Tis yours : is't not worth thanks ?

*Bos.* I would have you curse yourself now, that  
your bounty  
(Which makes men truly noble) e'er should make me  
A villain. O, that to avoid ingratitude  
For the good deed you have done me, I must do  
All the ill man can invent ! Thus the devil  
Candies all sins o'er ; and what Heaven terms vile,  
That names he complimentary.<sup>1</sup>

*Ferd.* Be yourself ;  
Keep your old garb of melancholy ; 'twill express

<sup>1</sup>*i.e.* Ornamental, belonging to accomplishments.—*Dyce.*

You envy those that stand above your reach,  
 Yet strive not to come near 'em: this will gain  
 Access to private lodgings, where yourself  
 May, like a politic dormouse—

*Bos.* As I have seen some  
 Feed in a lord's dish, half asleep, not seeming  
 To listen to any talk; and yet these rogues  
 Have cut his throat in a dream. What's my place?  
 The provisorship o' the horse? say, then, my cor-  
 ruption

Grew out of horse-dung: I am your creature.

*Ferd.* Away!

*Bos.* Let good men, for good deeds, covet good  
 fame,  
 Since place and riches oft are bribes of shame:  
 Sometimes the devil doth preach. [*Exit.*

*Re-enter* DUCHESS, Cardinal, and CARIOLA.

*Card.* We are to part from you; and your own  
 discretion  
 Must now be your director.

*Ferd.* You are a widow:  
 You know already what man is; and therefore  
 Let not youth, high promotion, eloquence—

*Card.* No,  
 Nor any thing without the addition, honour,  
 Sway your high blood.

*Ferd.* Marry! they are most luxurious<sup>1</sup>  
 Will wed twice.

*Card.* O, fie!

*Ferd.* Their livers are more spotted  
 Than Laban's sheep.

*Duch.* Diamonds are of most value,  
 They say, that have passed through most jewellers'  
 hands.

*Ferd.* Whores by that rule are precious.

<sup>1</sup> Incontinent.

*Duch.* Will you hear me?

I'll never marry.

*Card.* So most widows say;  
But commonly that motion lasts no longer  
Than the turning of an hour-glass: the funeral  
sermon

And it end both together.

*Ferd* Now hear me:

You live in a rank pasture, here, i' the court;  
There is a kind of honey-dew that's deadly;  
'Twill poison your fame; look to't: be not cunning;  
For they whose faces do belie their hearts  
Are witches ere they arrive at twenty years,  
Ay, and give the devil suck.

*Duch.* This is terrible good counsel.

*Ferd.* Hypocrisy is woven of a fine small thread,  
Subtler than Vulcan's engine:<sup>1</sup> yet, believe't,  
Your darkest actions, nay, your privat'st thoughts,  
Will come to light.

*Card.* You may flatter yourself,  
And take your own choice; privately be married  
Under the eves of night—

*Ferd.* Think't the best voyage  
That e'er you made; like the irregular crab,  
Which, though't goes backward, thinks that it goes  
right

Because it goes its own way; but observe,  
Such weddings may more properly be said  
To be executed than celebrated.

*Card.* The marriage night  
Is the entrance into some prison.

*Ferd.* And those joys,  
Those lustful pleasures, are like heavy sleeps  
Which do fore-run man's mischief.

*Card.* Fare you well.  
Wisdom begins at the end: remember it. [Exit.

<sup>1</sup> The net in which he caught Mars and Venus.

*Duch.* I think this speech between you both was studied,

It came so roundly off.

*Ferd.* You are my sister ;

This was my father's poinard, do you see ?

I'd be loth to see't look rusty, 'cause 'twas his.

I would have you give o'er these chargeable revels :

A visor and a mask are whispering-rooms

That were never built for goodness;—fare ye well;—

And women like that part which, like the lamprey,

Hath never a bone in't.

*Duch.* Fie, sir !

*Ferd.* Nay,

I mean the tongue ; variety of courtship :

What cannot a neat knave with a smooth tale

Make a woman believe ? Farewell, lusty widow,

[*Exit.*

*Duch.* Shall this move me ? If all my royal kindred

Lay in my way unto this marriage,

I'd make them my low footsteps : and even now,

Even in this hate, as men in some great battles,

By apprehending danger, have' achieved

Almost impossible actions (I have heard soldiers  
say so),

So I through frights and threatenings will assay

This dangerous venture. Let old wives report

I winked and chose a husband.—Cariola,

To thy known secrecy I have given up

More than my life—my fame.

*Cari.* Both shall be safe ;

For I'll conceal this secret from the world

As warily as those that trade in poison

Keep poison from their children.

*Duch.* Thy protestation

Is ingenious<sup>1</sup> and hearty : I believe it.

Is Antonio come ?

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Ingenuous.

*Cari.* He attends you.

*Duch.* Good, dear soul,  
Leave me ; but place thyself behind the arras,  
Where thou mayst overhear us. Wish me good  
speed ;

For I am going into a wilderness  
Where I shall find nor path nor friendly clue  
To be my guide. [CARIOLA goes behind the arras.

*Enter ANTONIO.*<sup>1</sup>

I sent for you : sit down ;  
Take pen and ink, and write : are you ready ?

*Ant.* Yes.

*Duch.* What did I say ?

*Ant.* That I should write somewhat.

*Duch.* O, I remember.

After these triumphs and this large expense,  
It's fit, like thrifty husbands, we inquire  
What's laid up for to-morrow.

*Ant.* So please your beauteous excellence.

*Duch.* Beauteous !

Indeed, I thank you : I look young for your sake ;  
You have ta'en my cares upon you.

*Ant.* I'll fetch your grace

The particulars of your revenue and expense.

*Duch.* O, you are

An upright treasurer : but you mistook ;  
For when I said I meant to make inquiry  
What's laid up for to-morrow, I did mean  
What's laid up yonder for me.

*Ant.* Where ?

*Duch.* In Heaven.

I am making my will (as 'tis fit princes should,

<sup>1</sup> As previously Antonio has been told that he must attend the Duchess "in the gallery," it would seem that the audience were to imagine a change of scene had taken place (*i.e.*, at the exit of Ferdinand).—*Dyce.*

In perfect memory), and, I pray, sir, tell me,  
Were not one better make it smiling, thus,  
Than in deep groans and terrible ghastly looks,  
As if the gifts we parted with procured  
That violent distraction?

*Ant.* O, much better.

*Duch.* If I had a husband now, this care were  
quit:

But I intend to make you overseer.

What good deed shall we first remember? say.

*Ant.* Begin with that first good deed began i' the  
world

After man's creation, the sacrament of marriage:  
I'd have you first provide for a good husband;  
Give him all.

*Duch.* All!

*Ant.* Yes, your excellent self.

*Duch.* In a winding-sheet?

*Ant.* In a couple.

*Duch.* Saint Winifred, that were a strange will!

*Ant.* 'Twere stranger if there were no will in you  
To marry again.

*Duch.* What do you think of marriage?

*Ant.* I take't, as those that deny purgatory,  
It locally contains or Heaven or hell;  
There's no third place in't.

*Duch.* How do you affect it?

*Ant.* My banishment, feeding my melancholy,  
Would often reason thus.

*Duch.* Pray, let's hear it.

*Ant.* Say a man never marry, nor have children,  
What takes that from him? only the bare name  
Of being a father, or the weak delight  
To see the little wanton ride a-cock-horse  
Upon a painted stick, or hear him chatter  
Like a taught starling.

*Duch.* Fie, fie, what's all this?

One of your eyes is blood-shot ; use my ring to't,  
They say 'tis very sovereign : 'twas my wedding-  
ring,

And I did vow never to part with it  
But to my second husband.

*Ant.* You have parted with it now.

*Duch.* Yes, to help your eye-sight.

*Ant.* You have made me stark blind.

*Duch.* How ?

*Ant.* There is a saucy and ambitious devil  
Is dancing in this circle.

*Duch.* Remove him.

*Ant.* How ?

*Duch.* There needs small conjuration, when your  
finger

May do it : thus ; is it fit ?

[*She puts the ring upon his finger : he kneels.*

*Ant.* What said you ?

*Duch.* Sir,

This goodly roof of yours is too low built ;  
I cannot stand upright in't nor discourse,  
Without I raise it higher : raise yourself ;  
Or, if you please, my hand to help you : so.

[*Raises him.*

*Ant.* Ambition, madam, is a great man's madness,  
That is not kept in chains and close-pent rooms,  
But in fair lightsome lodgings, and is girt  
With the wild noise of prattling visitants,  
Which makes it lunatic beyond all cure.  
Conceive not I am so stupid but I aim  
Whereto your favours tend : but he's a fool  
That, being a-cold, would thrust his hands i' the fire  
To warm them.

*Duch.* So, now the ground's broke,  
You may discover what a wealthy mine  
I make you lord of.

*Ant.* O my unworthiness !

*Duch.* You were ill to sell yourself :  
 This darkening of your worth is not like that  
 Which tradesmen use i' the city ; their false lights  
 Are to rid bad wares off : and I must tell you,  
 If you will know where breathes a complete man  
 (I speak it without flattery), turn your eyes,  
 And progress through yourself.

*Ant.* Were there nor Heaven nor hell,  
 I should be honest : I have long served virtue,  
 And ne'er ta'en wages of her.

*Duch.* Now she pays it.  
 The misery of us that are born great !  
 We are forced to woo, because none dare woo us ;  
 And as a tyrant doubles with his words,  
 And fearfully equivocates, so we  
 Are forced to express our violent passions  
 In riddles and in dreams, and leave the path  
 Of simple virtue, which was never made  
 To seem the thing it is not. Go, go brag  
 You have left me heartless ; mine is in your bosom :  
 I hope 'twill multiply love there. You do tremble :  
 Make not your heart so dead a piece of flesh,  
 To fear more than to love me. Sir, be confident :  
 What is't distracts you ? This is flesh and blood,  
 sir ;

'Tis not the figure cut in alabaster  
 Kneels at my husband's tomb. Awake, awake,  
 man !

I do here put off all vain ceremony,  
 And only do appear to you a young widow  
 That claims you for her husband, and, like a widow,  
 I use but half a blush in't.

*Ant.* Truth speak for me ;  
 I will remain the constant sanctuary  
 Of your good name.

*Duch.* I thank you, gentle love :  
 And 'cause you shall not come to me in debt,



Being now my steward, here upon your lips  
I sign your *Quietus est*. This you should have  
begged now :

I have seen children oft eat sweetmeats thus,  
As fearful to devour them too soon.

*Ant.* But for your brothers ?

*Duch.* Do not think of them :

All discord without this circumference  
Is only to be pitied, and not feared :  
Yet, should they know it, time will easily  
Scatter the tempest.

*Ant.* These words should be mine,  
And all the parts you have spoke, if some part of it  
Would not have savoured flattery.

*Duch.* Kneel.

[*CARIOLA comes from behind the arras.*]

*Ant.* Ha !

*Duch.* Be not amazed ; this woman's of my  
counsel :

I have heard lawyers say, a contract in a chamber  
*Per verba presenti* is absolute marriage.

[*She and ANTONIO kneel.*]

Bless, Heaven, this sacred gordian, which let  
violence

Never untwine !

*Ant.* And may our sweet affections, like the  
spheres,

Be still in motion !

*Duch.* Quickening, and make

The like soft music !

*Ant.* That we may imitate the loving palms,  
Best emblem of a peaceful marriage,  
That never bore fruit, divided !

*Duch.* What can the church force more ?

*Ant.* That fortune may not know an accident,  
Either of joy or sorrow, to divide  
Our fixèd wishes !

*Duch.* How can the church build faster?  
We now are man and wife, and 'tis the church  
That must but echo this.—Maid, stand apart:  
I now am blind.

*Ant.* What's your conceit in this?

*Duch.* I would have you lead your fortune by the  
hand  
Unto your marriage bed:  
(You speak in me this, for we now are one:)  
We'll only lie, and talk together, and plot  
To appease my humorous kindred; and if you  
please,  
Like the old tale in Alexander and Lodowick,<sup>1</sup>  
Lay a naked sword between us, keep us chaste.  
O, let me shrowd my blushes in your bosom,  
Since 'tis the treasury of all my secrets!

[*Exeunt* DUCHESS and ANTONIO.]

*Cari.* Whether the spirit of greatness or of woman  
Reign most in her, I know not; but it shows  
A fearful madness: I owe her much of pity. [*Exit.*]

<sup>1</sup> *The Two Faithful Friends, the pleasant History of Alexander and Lodwicke, who were so like one another, that none could know them asunder; wherein is declared how Lodwicke married the Princesse of Hungaria, in Alexander's name, and how each night he layd a naked sword betweene him and the Princesse, because he would not wrong his friend, is reprinted from the Pepys collection in Evans's Old Ballads. There was also a play written by Martin Slaughter, called Alexander and Lodowick.—Dyce.*





ACT THE SECOND.

SCENE I.—*An Apartment in the Palace of the  
DUCHESS.*

*Enter BOSOLA and CASTRUCCIO.*



BOS. You say you would fain be taken  
for an eminent courtier?

*Cast.* 'Tis the very main of my  
ambition.

*Bos.* Let me see: you have a  
reasonable good face for't already,  
and your night-cap expresses your  
ears sufficient largely. I would have you learn  
to twirl the strings of your band with a good  
grace, and in a set speech, at the end of every  
sentence, to hum three or four times, or blow your  
nose till it smart again, to recover your memory.  
When you come to be a president in criminal causes,  
if you smile upon a prisoner, hang him; but if you  
frown upon him and threaten him, let him be sure  
to scape the gallows.

*Cast.* I would be a very merry president.

*Bos.* Do not sup o' nights; 'twill beget you an  
admirable wit.

*Cast.* Rather it would make me have a good  
stomach to quarrel; for they say, your roaring  
boys<sup>1</sup> eat meat seldom, and that makes them so

<sup>1</sup> A cant term for the insolent bloods and vapourers of the  
time—*Dyce.*

valiant. But how shall I know whether the people take me for an eminent fellow?

*Bos.* I will teach a trick to know it: give out you lie a-dying, and if you hear the common people curse you, be sure you are taken for one of the prime night-caps.<sup>1</sup>

*Enter an Old Lady.*

You come from painting now.

*Old Lady.* From what?

*Bos.* Why, from your scurvy face-physic. To behold thee not painted inclines somewhat near a miracle; these in thy face here were deep ruts and foul sloughs the last progress.<sup>2</sup> There was a lady in France that, having had the small-pox, flayed the skin off her face to make it more level; and whereas before she looked like a nutmeg-grater, after she resembled an abortive hedgehog.

*Old Lady.* Do you call this painting?

*Bos.* No, no, but you call it careening of an old morphewed<sup>3</sup> lady, to make her disembogue again: there's rough-cast phrase to your plastic.

*Old Lady.* It seems you are well acquainted with my closet.

*Bos.* One would suspect it for a shop of witchcraft, to find in it the fat of serpents, spawn of snakes, Jews' spittle, and their young children's ordure; and all these for the face. I would sooner eat a dead pigeon taken from the soles of the feet of one sick of the plague than kiss one of you fasting. Here are two of you, whose sin of your youth is the very patrimony of the physician; makes him renew his foot-cloth<sup>4</sup> with the spring, and change his high-priced courtesan with the fall of the leaf. I do wonder you do not loathe yourselves. Observe my meditation now.

<sup>1</sup> Another cant term.

<sup>2</sup> State journey.

<sup>3</sup> A leperous eruption.

<sup>4</sup> Buy new housings for his beast.

What thing is in this outward form of man  
 To be beloved? We account it ominous,  
 If nature do produce a colt, or lamb,  
 A fawn, or goat, in any limb resembling  
 A man, and fly from't as a prodigy:  
 Man stands amazed to see his deformity  
 In any other creature but himself.  
 But in our own flesh, though we bear diseases  
 Which have their true names only ta'en from  
 beasts,—

As the most ulcerous wolf and swinish measles,—  
 Though we are eaten up of lice and worms,  
 And though continually we bear about us  
 A rotten and dead body, we delight  
 To hide it in rich tissue: all our fear,  
 Nay, all our terror, is lest our physician  
 Should put us in the ground to be made sweet.—  
 Your wife's gone to Rome: you two couple, and get  
 you to the wells at Lucca to recover your aches. I  
 have other work on foot.

[*Exeunt* CASTRUCCIO and Old Lady.]

I observe our duchess  
 Is sick a-days, she pukes, her stomach seethes,  
 The fins of her eye-lids looks most teeming blue,  
 She wanes i' the cheek, and waxes fat i' the flank,  
 And, contrary to our Italian fashion,  
 Wears a loose-bodied gown: there's somewhat in't.  
 I have a trick may chance discover it,  
 A pretty one; I have bought some apricocks,  
 The first our spring yields.

*Enter* ANTONIO and DELIO.

*Delio.* And so long since married!  
 You amaze me.

*Ant.* Let me seal your lips for ever:  
 For, did I think that any thing but the air  
 Could carry these words from you, I should wish

You had no breath at all.—Now, sir, in your contemplation ?

You are studying to become a great wise fellow.

*Bos.* O, sir, the opinion of wisdom is a foul tether that runs all over a man's body : if simplicity direct us to have no evil, it directs us to a happy being ; for the subtlest folly proceeds from the subtlest wisdom : let me be simply honest.

*Ant.* I do understand your inside.

*Bos.* Do you so ?

*Ant.* Because you would not seem to appear to the world

Puffed up with your preferment, you continue This out-of-fashion melancholy : leave it, leave it.

*Bos.* Give me leave to be honest in any phrase, in any compliment whatsoever. Shall I confess myself to you ? I look no higher than I can reach : they are the gods that must ride on winged horses. A lawyer's mule of a slow pace will both suit my disposition and business ; for, mark me, when a man's mind rides faster than his horse can gallop, they quickly both tire.

*Ant.* You would look up to Heaven, but I think The devil, that rules i' the air, stands in your light.

*Bos.* O, sir, you are lord of the ascendant, chief man with the duchess ; a duke was your cousin-german removed. Say you are lineally descended from King Pepin, or he himself, what of this ? search the heads of the greatest rivers in the world, you shall find them but bubbles of water. Some would think the souls of princes were brought forth by some more weighty cause than those of meaner persons : they are deceived, there's the same hand to them ; the like passions sway them ; the same reason that makes a vicar to go to law for a tithe-pig, and undo his neighbours, makes them spoil a whole province, and batter down goodly cities with the cannon.

*Enter DUCHESS and Ladies.*

*Duch.* Your arm, Antonio : do I not grow fat ?  
I am exceeding short-winded.—Bosola,  
I would have you, sir, provide for me a litter ;  
Such a one as the Duchess of Florence rode in.

*Bos.* The duchess used one when she was great  
with child.

*Duch.* I think she did.—Come hither, mend my  
ruff ;

Here, when ? thou art such a tedious lady ; and  
Thy breath smells of lemon-pills ; would thou hadst  
Shall I swoon under thy fingers ! I am [done !  
So troubled with the mother !<sup>1</sup>

*Bos.* [*Aside.*] I fear too much.

*Duch.* I have heard you say that the French  
Wear their hats on 'fore the king. [courtiers

*Ant.* I have seen it.

*Duch.* In the presence ?

*Ant.* Yes.

*Duch.* Why should not we bring up that fashion ?  
'Tis ceremony more than duty that consists  
In the removing of a piece of felt :  
Be you the example to the rest o' the court ;  
Put on your hat first.

*Ant.* You must pardon me :  
I have seen, in colder countries than in France,  
Nobles stand bare to the prince ; and the distinction  
Methought showed reverently.

*Bos.* I have a present for your grace.

*Duch.* For me, sir ?

*Bos.* Apricocks, madam.

*Duch.* O, sir, where are they ?  
I have heard of none to-year.

*Bos.* [*Aside.*] Good ; her colour rises.

*Duch.* Indeed, I thank you : they are wondrous  
fair ones.

<sup>1</sup> Hysterics.

What an unskilful fellow is our gardener!

We shall have none this month.

*Duch.* No: they taste of musk, methinks; indeed

*Bos.* Will not your grace pare them? [they do.

*Bos.* I know not: yet I wish your grace had pared

*Duch.* Why? [em.

*Bos.* I forgot to tell you, the knave gardener,  
Only to raise his profit by them the sooner,  
Did ripen them in horse-dung.

*Duch.* O, you jest—

You shall judge: pray taste one.

*Ant.* Indeed, madam,

I do not love the fruit.

*Duch.* Sir, you are loth

To rob us of our dainties: 'tis a delicate fruit;

They say they are restorative.

*Bos.* 'Tis a pretty art,

This grafting.

*Duch.* 'Tis so; bettering of nature.

*Bos.* To make a pippin grow upon a crab,

A damson on a blackthorn.— [*Aside.*] How greedily  
she eats them!

A whirlwind strike off these bawd farthingales!

For, but for that and the loose-bodied gown,

I should have discovered apparently

The young springal<sup>1</sup> cutting a caper in her belly.

*Duch.* I thank you, Bosola: they are right good  
If they do not make me sick. [ones,

*Ant.* How now, madam!

*Duch.* This green fruit and my stomach are not  
How they swell me! [friends:

*Bos.* [*Aside.*] Nay, you are too much swelled

*Duch.* O, I am in an extreme cold sweat! [already.

*Bos.* I am very sorry.

*Duch.* Lights to my chamber!—O good Antonio,  
I fear I am undone!

<sup>1</sup> Rascal.



*Delio.* Lights there, lights!

[*Exeunt* DUCHESS and Ladies.—*Exit, on the other side,* BOSOLA.]

*Ant.* O my most trusty *Delio*, we are lost!  
I fear she's fall'n in labour; and there's left  
No time for her remove.

*Delio.* Have you prepared  
Those ladies to attend her? and procured  
That politic safe conveyance for the midwife  
Your duchess plotted?

*Ant.* I have.

*Delio.* Make use, then, of this forced occasion:  
Give out that *Bosola* hath poisoned her  
With these apricocks; that will give some colour  
For her keeping close.

*Ant.* Fie, fie, the physicians  
Will then flock to her.

*Delio.* For that you may pretend  
She'll use some prepared antidote of her own,  
Lest the physicians should re-poison her.

*Ant.* I am lost in amazement: I know not what  
to think on't. [*Exeunt.*]



SCENE II.—*A Hall in the same Palace.*

*Enter* BOSOLA.

*Bos.* So, so, there's no question but her techiness  
and most vulturous eating of the apricocks are  
apparent signs of breeding.

*Enter an Old Lady.*

Now?

*Old Lady.* I am in haste, sir.

*Bos.* There was a young waiting-woman had a  
monstrous desire to see the glass-house—

*Old Lady.* Nay, pray let me go.

*Bos.* And it was only to know what strange

instrument it was should swell up a glass to the fashion of a woman's belly.

*Old Lady.* I will hear no more of the glass-house. You are still abusing women ?

*Bos.* Who, I ? no ; only, by the way now and then, mention your frailties. The orange-tree bears ripe and green fruit and blossoms all together ; and some of you give entertainment for pure love, but more for more precious reward. The lusty spring smells well ; but drooping autumn tastes well. If we have the same golden showers that rained in the time of Jupiter the thunderer, you have the same Danæes still, to hold up their laps to receive them. Didst thou never study the mathematics ?

*Old Lady.* What's that, sir ?

*Bos.* Why to know the trick how to make a many lines meet in one centre. Go, go, give your foster-daughters good counsel : tell them, that the devil takes delight to hang at a woman's girdle, like a false rusty watch, that she cannot discern how the time passes. [Exit Old Lady.]

*Enter* ANTONIO, RODERIGO, *and* GRISOLAN.

*Ant.* Shut up the court-gates.

*Rod.* Why, sir ? what's the danger ?

*Ant.* Shut up the posterns presently, and call All the officers o' the court.

*Gris.* I shall instantly. [Exit.]

*Ant.* Who keeps the key o' the park-gate ?

*Rod.* Forobosco.

*Ant.* Let him bring't presently.

*Re-enter* GRISOLAN *with* Servants.

*1st Serv.* O, gentlemen o' the court, the foulest treason !

*Bos.* [*Aside.*] If that these apricocks should be Without my knowledge ! [poisoned now,

*1st Serv.* There was taken even now a Switzer in the duchess' bed chamber—

*2nd Serv.* A Switzer !

*1st Serv.* With a pistol in his great cod-piece.

*Bos.* Ha, ha, ha !

*1st Serv.* The cod-piece was the case for't.

*2nd Serv.* There was a cunning traitor : who would have searched his cod-piece ?

*1st Serv.* True, if he had kept out of the ladies' chambers : and all the moulds of his buttons were leaden bullets.

*2nd Serv.* O wicked cannibal ! a fire-lock in's cod-piece !

*1st Serv.* 'Twas a French plot, upon my life.

*2nd Serv.* To see what the devil can do !

*Ant.* Are all the officers here ?

*Servants.* We are.

*Ant.* Gentlemen, [evening  
We have lost much plate you know ; and but this  
Jewels, to the value of four thousand ducats,  
Are missing in the duchess' cabinet.  
Are the gates shut ?

*Serv.* Yes.

*Ant.* 'Tis the duchess' pleasure  
Each officer be locked into his chamber  
Till the sun-rising ; and to send the keys  
Of all their chests and of their outward doors  
Into her bed-chamber. She is very sick.

*Rod.* At her pleasure.

*Ant.* She entreats you take't not ill : the innocent  
Shall be the more approved by it.

*Bos.* Gentleman o' the wood-yard, where's your  
Switzer now ?

*1st Serv.* By this hand, 'twas credibly reported by  
one o' the black guard.

[*Exeunt all except ANTONIO and DELIO.*

<sup>1</sup> The lowest class of menials.

*Delio.* How fares it with the duchess?

*Ant.* She's exposed

Unto the worst of torture, pain and fear.

*Delio.* Speak to her all happy comfort. [danger!

*Ant.* How I do play the fool with mine own  
You are this night, dear friend, to post to Rome:  
My life lies in your service.

*Delio.* Do not doubt me.

*Ant.* O, 'tis far from me: and yet fear presents me  
Somewhat that looks like danger.

*Delio.* Believe it,

'Tis but the shadow of your fear, no more:  
How superstitiously we mind our evils!  
The throwing down salt, or crossing of a hare,  
Bleeding at nose, the stumbling of a horse,  
Or singing of a cricket, are of power  
To daunt whole man in us. Sir, fare you well:  
I wish you all the joys of a blessed father:  
And, for my faith, lay this unto your breast,—  
Old friends, like old swords, still are trusted best. [*Exit.*

*Enter* CARIOLA.

*Cari.* Sir, you are the happy father of a son:  
Your wife commends him to you.

*Ant.* Blessèd comfort!—

For Heaven's sake tend her well: I'll presently  
Go set a figure for's nativity. [*Exeunt.*



SCENE III.—*The Court of the same Palace.*

*Enter* BOSOLA, *with a dark lantern.*

*Bos.* Sure I did hear a woman shriek: list, ha!  
And the sound came, if I received it right,  
From the duchess' lodgings. There's some stratagem  
In the confining all our courtiers  
To their several wards: I must have part of it;

My intelligence will freeze else. List, again !  
 It may be 'twas the melancholy bird,  
 Best friend of silence and of solitariness,  
 The owl, that screamed so.—Ha ! Antonio !

*Enter ANTONIO.*

*Ant.* I heard some noise.—Who's there ? what  
 art thou ? speak.

*Bos.* Antonio, put not your face nor body  
 To such a forced expression of fear :  
 I am Bosola, your friend.

*Ant.* Bosola !—

[*Aside.*] This mole does undermine me.—Heard you  
 A noise even now ? [not

*Bos.* From whence ?

*Ant.* From the duchess' lodging.

*Bos.* Not I : did you ?

*Ant.* I did, or else I dreamed.

*Bos.* Let's walk towards it.

*Ant.* No : it may be 'twas  
 But the rising of the wind.

*Bos.* Very likely.

Methinks 'tis very cold, and yet you sweat :  
 You look wildly.

*Ant.* I have been setting a figure  
 For the duchess' jewels.

*Bos.* Ah, and how falls your question ?  
 Do you find it radical ?

*Ant.* What's that to you ?  
 'Tis rather to be questioned what design,  
 When all men were commanded to their lodgings,  
 Makes you a night-walker.

*Bos.* In sooth, I'll tell you :  
 Now all the court's asleep, I thought the devil  
 Had least to do here ; I came to say my prayers ;  
 And if it do offend you I do so,  
 You are a fine courtier.

*Ant.* [*Aside.*] This fellow will undo me.—  
You gave the duchess apricocks to-day :  
Pray Heaven they were not poisoned !

*Bos.* Poisoned ! A Spanish fig  
For the imputation.

*Ant.* Traitors are ever confident  
Till they are discovered. There were jewels stol'n  
too :

In my conceit, none are to be suspected  
More than yourself.

*Bos.* You are a false steward.

*Ant.* Saucy slave, I'll pull thee up by the roots.

*Bos.* May be the ruin will crush you to pieces.

*Ant.* You are an impudent snake indeed, sir :  
Are you scarce warm, and do you show your sting ?  
You libel well, sir.

*Bos.* No, sir : copy it out,  
And I will set my hand to't.

*Ant.* [*Aside.*] My nose bleeds.  
One that were superstitious would count  
This ominous, when it merely comes by chance :  
Two letters, that are wrote here for my name,  
Are drowned in blood !  
Mere accident.—For you, sir, I'll take order  
I' the morn you shall be safe :—[*Aside.*] 'tis that  
must colour

Her lying-in :—sir, this door you pass not :  
I do not hold it fit that you come near  
The duchess' lodgings, till you have quit yourself.—  
[*Aside*] The great are like the base, nay, they are the  
same,

When they seek shameful ways to avoid shame. [*Exit.*

*Bos.* Antonio hereabout did drop a paper :—  
Some of your help, false friend :—O, here it is.  
What's here ? a child's nativity calculated ! [*Reads.*

“ The duchess was delivered of a son, 'tween the  
hours twelve and one in the night, Anno Dom. 1504.”

—that's this year—" *decimo nono Decembris*,"—that's this night,—“taken according to the meridian of Malfi,”—that's our duchess: happy discovery!—“The lord of the first house being combust in the ascendant, signifies short life; and Mars being in a human sign, joined to the tail of the Dragon, in the eighth house, doth threaten a violent death. *Cætera non scrutantur.*”

Why, now 'tis most apparent: this precise fellow  
Is the duchess' bawd:—I have it to my wish!  
This is a parcel of intelligency  
Our courtiers were cased up for: it needs must follow  
That I must be committed on pretence  
Of poisoning her; which I'll endure, and laugh at.  
If one could find the father now! but that  
Time will discover. Old Castruccio  
I' the morning posts to Rome: by him I'll send  
A letter that shall make her brothers' galls  
O'erflow their livers. This was a thrifty way.  
Though lust do mask in ne'er so strange disguise,  
She's oft found witty, but is never wise.      [Exit.



SCENE IV.—*An Apartment in the Palace of the  
Cardinal at Rome.*

*Enter Cardinal and JULIA.*

*Card.* Sit: thou art my best of wishes. Prithee,  
tell me

What trick didst thou invent to come to Rome  
Without thy husband.

*Julia.* Why, my lord, I told him  
I came to visit an old anchorite  
Here for devotion.

*Card.* Thou art a witty false one,—  
*I mean, to him.*

*Julia.* You have prevailed with me  
Beyond my strongest thoughts : I would not now  
Find you inconstant.

*Card.* Do not put thyself  
To such a voluntary torture, which proceeds  
Out of your own guilt.

*Julia.* How, my lord !

*Card.* You fear  
My constancy, because you have approved  
Those giddy and wild turnings in yourself.

*Julia.* Did you e'er find them ?

*Card.* Sooth, generally for women,  
A man might strive to make glass malleable,  
Ere he should make them fixèd.

*Julia.* So, my lord.

*Card.* We had need go borrow that fantastic glass  
Invented by Galileo the Florentine  
To view another spacious world i' the moon,  
And look to find a constant woman there.

*Julia.* This is very well, my lord.

*Card.* Why do you weep ?  
Are tears your justification ? the self-same tears  
Will fall into your husband's bosom, lady,  
With a loud protestation that you love him  
Above the world. Come, I'll love you wisely,  
That's jealousy ; since I am very certain  
You cannot make me cuckold.

*Julia.* I'll go home  
To my husband.

*Card.* You may thank me, lady,  
I have taken you off your melancholy perch,  
Bore you upon my fist, and showed you game,  
And let you fly at it.—I pray thee, kiss me.—  
When thou wast with thy husband, thou wast watched  
Like a tame elephant :—still you are to thank me :—  
Thou hadst only kisses from him and high feeding ;  
But what *delight* was that ? 'twas just like one



That hath a little fingering on the lute,  
Yet cannot tune it :—still you are to thank me.

*Julia.* You told me of a piteous wound i' the heart  
And a sick liver, when you wooed me first,  
And spake like one in physic.

*Card.* Who's that?—

*Enter Servant.*

Rest firm, for my affection to thee,  
Lightning moves slow to't.

*Serv.* Madam, a gentleman,  
That's come post from Malfi, desires to see you.

*Card.* Let him enter: I'll withdraw.      [*Exit.*]

*Serv.* He says  
Your husband, old Castruccio, is come to Rome,  
Most pitifully tired with riding post.      [*Exit.*]

*Enter DELIO.*

*Julia.* [*Aside.*] Signior Delio! 'tis one of my old

*Delio.* I was bold to come and see you.      [*suitors.*]

*Julia.* Sir, you are welcome.

*Delio.* Do you lie here?

*Julia.* Sure, your own experience  
Will satisfy you no: our Roman prelates  
Do not keep lodging for ladies.

*Delio.* Very well:

I have brought you no commendations from your  
For I know none by him.      [*husband,*]

*Julia.* I hear he's come to Rome.      [*knight,*]

*Delio.* I never knew man and beast, of a horse and a  
So weary of each other: /if he had had a good back,  
He would have undertook to have borne his horse,  
His breech was so pitifully sore.

*Julia.* Your laughter  
Is my pity.

*Delio.* Lady, I know not whether  
You want money, but I have brought you some.

*Julia.* From my husband?

*Delio.* No, from mine own allowance.

*Julia.* I must hear the condition, ere I be bound to take it.

*Delio.* Look on't, 'tis gold: hath it not a fine

*Julia.* I have a bird more beautiful. [colour?

*Delio.* Try the sound on't.

*Julia.* A lute-string far exceeds it:

It hath no smell, like cassia or civet;

Nor is it physical, though some fond doctors

Persuade us seethe't in cullises.<sup>1</sup> I'll tell you,

This is a creature bred by—

*Re-enter Servant.*

*Serv.* Your husband's come,

Hath delivered a letter to the Duke of Calabria

That, to my thinking, hath put him out of his wits.

[*Exit.*

*Julia.* Sir, you hear:

Pray, let me know your business and your suit

As briefly as can be.

*Delio.* With good speed: I would wish you,

At such time as you are non-resident

With your husband, my mistress.

*Julia.* Sir, I'll go ask my husband if I shall,

And straight return your answer.

[*Exit.*

*Delio.* Very fine!

Is this her wit, or honesty, that speaks thus?

I heard one say the duke was highly moved

With a letter sent from Malfi. I do fear

Antonio is betrayed: how fearfully

Shows his ambition now! unfortunate fortune!

They pass through whirlpools, and deep woes do shun,

Who the event weigh ere the action's done. [*Exit.*

<sup>1</sup> Strong broths. The old receipt-books recommend "pieces of gold" among the ingredients.—*Dyce.*



SCENE V.—*Another Apartment in the same Palace.*

*Enter Cardinal, and FERDINAND with a letter.*

*Ferd.* I have this night digged up a mandrake.

*Card.* Say you ?

*Ferd.* And I am grown mad with't.<sup>1</sup>

*Card.* What's the prodigy ? [the hilts ;

*Ferd.* Read there,—a sister damned : she's loose i'  
Grown a notorious strumpet.

*Card.* Speak lower.

*Ferd.* Lower !

Rogues do not whisper't now, but seek to publish't  
(As servants do the bounty of their lords)  
Aloud ; and with a covetous searching eye,  
To mark who note them. O, confusion seize her !  
She hath had most cunning bawds to serve her turn,  
And more secure conveyances for lust  
Than towns of garrison for service.

*Card.* Is't possible ?

Can this be certain ?

*Ferd.* Rhubarb, O, for rhubarb  
To purge this choler ! here's the cursèd day  
To prompt my memory ; and here't shall stick  
Till of her bleeding heart I make a sponge  
To wipe it out.

*Card.* Why do you make yourself  
So wild a tempest ?

*Ferd.* Would I could be one,  
That I might toss her palace 'bout her ears,  
Root up her goodly forests, blast her meads,  
And lay her general territory as waste  
As she hath done her honours.

*Card.* Shall our blood,

<sup>1</sup> Compare Shakespeare :

“ And shrieks, like mandrakes torn out of the earth,  
That living mortals hearing them run mad.”

Romeo and Juliet, A. iv. s. 3.

The royal blood of Arragon and Castile,  
Be thus attained?

*Ferd.* Apply desperate physic:

We must not now use balsamum, but fire,  
The smarting cupping-glass, for that's the mean  
To purge infected blood, such blood as hers.  
There is a kind of pity in mine eye,—  
I'll give it to my handkercher; and now 'tis here,  
I'll bequeath this to her bastard.

*Card.* What to do?

*Ferd.* Why, to make soft lint for his mother's  
When I have hewed her to pieces. [wounds,

*Card.* Cursèd creature!

Unequal nature, to place women's hearts  
So far upon the left side!

*Ferd.* Foolish men,

That e'er will trust their honour in a bark  
Made of so slight weak bulrush as is woman,  
Apt every minute to sink it!

*Card.* Thus

Ignorance, when it hath purchased honour,  
It cannot wield it.

*Ferd.* Methinks I see her laughing—

Excellent hyena! Talk to me somewhat quickly,  
Or my imagination will carry me  
To see her in the shameful act of sin.

*Card.* With whom?

*Ferd.* Happily with some strong-thighed bargeman,  
Or one o' the woodyard that can quoit the sledge  
Or toss the bar, or else some lovely squire  
That carries coals up to her privy lodgings.

*Card.* You fly beyond your reason.

*Ferd.* Go to, mistress!

'Tis not your whore's milk that shall quench my wild  
But your whore's blood. [fire,

*Card.* How idly shows this rage, which carries you,  
As men conveyed by witches through the air,

On violent whirlwinds! this intemperate noise  
Fittly resembles deaf men's shrill discourse,  
Who talk aloud, thinking all other men  
To have their imperfection.

*Ferd.* Have not you  
My palsy?

*Card.* Yes, but I can be angry  
Without this rupture:<sup>1</sup> there is not in nature  
A thing that makes man so deformed, so beastly,  
As doth intemperate anger. Chide yourself.  
You have divers men who never yet expressed  
Their strong desire of rest but by unrest,  
By vexing of themselves. Come, put yourself  
In tune.

*Ferd.* So I will only study to seem  
The thing I am not. I could kill her now,  
In you, or in myself; for I do think  
It is some sin in us Heaven doth revenge  
By her.

*Card.* Are you stark mad?

*Ferd.* I would have their bodies  
Burnt in a coal-pit with the ventage stopped,  
That their cursed smoke might not ascend to Heaven;  
Or dip the sheets they lie in in pitch or sulphur,  
Wrap them in't, and then light them like a match;  
Or else to boil their bastard to a cullis,  
And give't his lecherous father to renew  
The sin of his back.

*Card.* I'll leave you.

*Ferd.* Nay, I have done.  
I am confident, had I been damned in hell,  
And should have heard of this, it would have put me  
Into a cold sweat. In, in; I'll go sleep.  
Till I know who leaps my sister, I'll not stir:  
That known, I'll find scorpions to string my whips,  
And fix her in a general eclipse. [Exeunt.]

<sup>1</sup> Query "rapture."



ACT THE THIRD.

SCENE I.—*An Apartment in the Palace of the  
DUCHESS.*

*Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.*



ANT. Our noble friend, my most be-  
loved Delio!

O, you have been a stranger long  
at court;

Came you along with the Lord  
Ferdinand?

*Delio.* I did, sir: and how fares your noble  
duchess?

*Ant.* Right fortunately well: she's an excellent  
Feeder of pedigrees; since you last saw her,  
She hath had two children more, a son and daughter.

*Delio.* Methinks 'twas yesterday: let me but wink,  
And not behold your face, which to mine eye  
Is somewhat leaner, verily I should dream  
It were within this half hour.

*Ant.* You have not been in law, friend Delio,  
Nor in prison, nor a suitor at the court,  
Nor begged the reversion of some great man's place,  
Nor troubled with an old wife, which doth make  
Your time so insensibly hasten.

*Delio.* Pray, sir, tell me,  
Hath not this news arrived yet to the ear  
Of the lord cardinal?

*Ant.* I fear it hath :

The Lord Ferdinand, that's newly come to court,  
Doth bear himself right dangerously.

*Delio.* Pray, why ?

*Ant.* He is so quiet that he seems to sleep  
The tempest out, as dormice do in winter :  
Those houses that are haunted are most still  
Till the devil be up.

*Delio.* What say the common people ?

*Ant.* The common rabble do directly say  
She is a strumpet.

*Delio.* And your graver heads

Which would be politic, what censure they ?

*Ant.* They do observe I grow to infinite purchase,<sup>1</sup>  
The left hand way, and all suppose the duchess  
Would amend it, if she could ; for, say they,  
Great princes, though they grudge their officers  
Should have such large and unconfined means  
To get wealth under them, will not complain,  
Lest thereby they should make them odious  
Unto the people ; for other obligation  
Of love or marriage between her and me  
They never dream of.

*Delio.* The Lord Ferdinand

Is going to bed.

*Enter* DUCHESS, FERDINAND, *and* Attendants.

*Ferd.* I'll instantly to bed,

For I am weary.—I am to bespeak  
A husband for you.

*Duch.* For me, sir ! pray, who is't ?

*Ferd.* The great Count Malatesti.

*Duch.* Fie upon him !

A count ! he's a mere stick of sugar-candy ;  
You may look quite through him. When I choose  
A husband, I will marry for your honour.

Substance or property.

*Ferd.* You shall do well in't.—How is't, worthy Antonio?

*Duch.* But, sir, I am to have private conference  
About a scandalous report is spread [with you  
Touching mine honour.

*Ferd.* Let me be ever deaf to't:  
One of Pasquil's paper bullets, court-calumny,  
A pestilent air, which princes' palaces  
Are seldom purged of. Yet say that it were true,  
I pour it in your bosom, my fixed love  
Would strongly excuse, extenuate, nay, deny  
Faults, were they apparent in you. Go, be safe  
In your own innocency.

*Duch.* [*Aside.*] O blessed comfort!  
This deadly air is purged.  
[*Exeunt* DUCHESS, ANTONIO, DELIO, and Attendants.

*Ferd.* Her guilt treads on  
Hot-burning coulters.

*Enter* BOSOLA.

Now, Bosola,  
How thrives our intelligence?

*Bos.* Sir, uncertainly:  
'Tis rumoured she hath had three bastards, but  
By whom we may go read i' the stars.

*Ferd.* Why, some  
Hold opinion all things are written there.

*Bos.* Yes, if we could find spectacles to read them.  
I do suspect there hath been some sorcery  
Used on the duchess.

*Ferd.* Sorcery! to what purpose?

*Bos.* To make her dote on some desertless fellow  
She shames to acknowledge.

*Ferd.* Can your faith give way  
To think there's power in potions or in charms,  
To make us love whether we will or no?

*Bos.* Most certainly.



*Ferd.* Away! these are mere gulleries, horrid things,  
Invented by some cheating mountebanks  
To abuse us. Do you think that herbs or charms  
Can force the will? Some trials have been made  
In this foolish practice, but the ingredients  
Were lenitive poisons, such as are of force  
To make the patient mad; and straight the witch  
Swears by equivocation they are in love.  
The witchcraft lies in her rank blood. This night  
I will force confession from her. You told me  
You had got, within these two days, a false key  
Into her bed-chamber.

*Bos.* I have.

*Ferd.* As I would wish.

*Bos.* What do you intend to do?

*Ferd.* Can you guess?

*Bos.* No.

*Ferd.* Do not ask, then:  
He that can compass me, and know my drifts,  
May say he hath put a girdle 'bout the world,  
And sounded all her quicksands.

*Bos.* I do not  
Think so.

*Ferd.* What do you think, then, pray?

*Bos.* That you are  
Your own chronicle too much, and grossly  
Flatter yourself.

*Ferd.* Give me thy hand; I thank thee:  
I never gave pension but to flatterers,  
Till I entertain'd thee. Farewell.  
That friend a great man's ruin strongly checks,  
Who rails into his belief all his defects. [Exeunt.]



SCENE II.—*The Bed-chamber of the DUCHESS.*

*Enter* DUCHESS, ANTONIO, *and* CARIOLA.

*Duch.* Bring me the casket hither, and the glass.—  
You get no lodging here to-night, my lord.

*Ant.* Indeed, I must persuade one.

*Duch.* Very good :

I hope in time 'twill grow into a custom,  
That noblemen shall come with cap and knee  
To purchase a night's lodging of their wives.

*Ant.* I must lie here.

*Duch.* Must ! you are a lord of mis-rule.

*Ant.* Indeed, my rule is only in the night.

*Duch.* To what use will you put me ?

*Ant.* We'll sleep together.

*Duch.* Alas,

What pleasure can two lovers find in sleep !

*Cari.* My lord, I lie with her often ; and I know  
She'll much disquiet you.

*Ant.* See, you are complained of.

*Cari.* For she's the sprawling'st bedfellow.

*Ant.* I shall like her the better for that.

*Cari.* Sir, shall I ask you a question ?

*Ant.* Ay, pray thee, Cariola.

*Cari.* Wherefore still, when you lie with my lady,  
Do you rise so early ?

*Ant.* Labouring men

Count the clock oftenest, Cariola,  
Are glad when their task's ended.

*Duch.* I'll stop your mouth. [*Kisses him.*

*Ant.* Nay, that's but one ; Venus had two soft doves  
To draw her chariot ; I must have another—

[*She kisses him again.*

When wilt thou marry, Cariola ?

*Cari.* Never, my lord.

*Ant.* O, fie upon this single life ! forego it.

Web. & Tour.

We read how Daphne, for her peevish<sup>1</sup> flight,  
 Became a fruitless bay-tree; Syrinx turned  
 To the pale empty reed; Anaxarete  
 Was frozen into marble: whereas those  
 Which married, or proved kind unto their friends,  
 Were by a gracious influence transhaped  
 Into the olive, pomegranate, mulberry,  
 Became flowers, precious stones, or eminent stars.

*Cari.* This is a vain poetry: but I pray you tell me,  
 If there were proposed me, wisdom, riches, and  
 beauty,

In three several young men, which should I choose.

*Ant.* 'Tis a hard question: this was Paris' case,  
 And he was blind in't, and there was great cause;  
 For how was't possible he could judge right,  
 Having three amorous goddesses in view,  
 And they stark naked? 'twas a motion  
 Were able to benight the apprehension  
 Of the severest counsellor of Europe.  
 Now I look on both your faces so well formed,  
 It puts me in mind of a question I would ask.

*Cari.* What is't?

*Ant.* I do wonder why hard-favoured ladies,  
 For the most part, keep worse-favoured waiting-  
 To attend them, and cannot endure fair ones. [women

*Duch.* O, that's soon answered.

Did you ever in your life know an ill painter  
 Desire to have his dwelling next door to the shop  
 Of an excellent picture-maker? 'twould disgrace  
 His face-making, and undo him. I prithee,  
 When were we so merry?—My hair tangles.

*Ant.* Pray thee, Cariola, let's steal forth the room,  
 And let her talk to herself: I have divers times  
 Served her the like, when she hath chafed extremely.  
 I love to see her angry. Softly, Cariola.

[*Exeunt ANTONIO and CARIOLA.*

<sup>1</sup> i.e. Foolish.

*Duch.* Doth not the colour of my hair 'gin to change?

When I wax gray, I shall have all the court  
Powder their hair with arras,<sup>1</sup> to be like me.  
You have cause to love me; I entered you into my  
heart

Before you would vouchsafe to call for the keys.

*Enter FERDINAND behind.*

We shall one day have my brothers take you  
napping;

Methinks his presence, being now in court,  
Should make you keep your own bed; but you'll say  
Love mixed with fear is sweetest. I'll assure you,  
You shall get no more children till my brothers  
Consent to be your gossips. Have you lost your  
'Tis welcome: [tongue?

For know, whether I am doomed to live or die,  
I can do both like a prince.

*Ferd.* Die, then, quickly! [*Giving her a poniard.*  
Virtue, where art thou hid? what hideous thing  
Is it that doth eclipse thee?

*Duch.* Pray, sir, hear me.

*Ferd.* Or is it true thou art but a bare name,  
And no essential thing?

*Duch.* Sir,—

*Ferd.* Do not speak.

*Duch.* No, sir:

I will plant my soul in mine ears, to hear you.

*Ferd.* O most imperfect light of human reason,  
That mak'st us so unhappy to foresee  
What we can least prevent! Pursue thy wishes,  
And glory in them: there's in shame no comfort  
But to be past all bounds and sense of shame.

*Duch.* I pray, sir, hear me: I am married.

*Ferd.* So!

<sup>1</sup> Orris.

*Duch.* Happily, not to your liking : but for that,  
 Alas, your shears do come untimely now  
 To clip the bird's wing that's already flown !  
 Will you see my husband ?

*Ferd.* Yes, if I could change  
 Eyes with a basilisk.

*Duch.* Sure, you came hither  
 By his confederacy.

*Ferd.* The howling of a wolf  
 Is music to thee, screech-owl : prithee, peace.—  
 Whate'er thou art that hast enjoyed my sister,  
 For I am sure thou hear'st me, for thine own sake  
 Let me not know thee. I came hither prepared  
 To work thy discovery ; yet am now persuaded  
 It would beget such violent effects  
 As would damn us both. I would not for ten millions  
 I had beheld thee : therefore use all means  
 I never may have knowledge of thy name ;  
 Enjoy thy lust still, and a wretched life,  
 On that condition.—And for thee, vile woman,  
 If thou do wish thy lecher may grow old  
 In thy embracements, I would have thee build  
 Such a room for him as our anchorites  
 To holier use inhabit. Let not the sun  
 Shine on him till he's dead ; let dogs and monkeys  
 Only converse with him, and such dumb things  
 To whom nature denies use to sound his name ;  
 Do not keep a paraquito, lest she learn it ;  
 If thou do love him, cut out thine own tongue,  
 Lest it bewray him.

*Duch.* Why might not I marry ?  
 I have not gone about in this to create  
 Any new world or custom.

*Ferd.* Thou art undone ;  
 And thou hast ta'en that massy sheet of lead  
 That hid thy husband's bones, and folded it  
 heart.

*Duch.* Mine bleeds for't.

*Ferd.* Thine! thy heart!

What should I name't unless a hollow bullet  
Filled with unquenchable wild-fire?

*Duch.* You are in this

Too strict; and were you not my princely brother,  
I would say, too wilful: my reputation  
Is safe.

*Ferd.* Dost thou know what reputation is?

I'll tell thee,—to small purpose, since the instruction  
Comes now too late.

Upon a time Reputation, Love, and Death,  
Would travel o'er the world; and it was concluded  
That they should part, and take three several ways.  
Death told them, they should find him in great  
battles,

Or cities plagued with plagues: Love gives them  
counsel

To inquire for him 'mongst unambitious shepherds,  
Where dowries were not talked of, and sometimes  
'Mongst quiet kindred that had nothing left  
By their dead parents: "Stay," quoth Reputation,  
"Do not forsake me; for it is my nature,  
If once I part from any man I meet,  
I am never found again." And so for you:  
You have shook hands with Reputation,  
And made him invisible. So, fare you well:  
I will never see you more.

*Duch.* Why should only I,  
Of all the other princes of the world,  
Be cased up, like a holy relic? I have youth  
And a little beauty.

*Ferd.* So you have some virgins  
That are witches. I will never see thee more. [*Exit.*

*Re-enter ANTONIO with a pistol, and CARIOLA.*

*Duch.* You saw this apparition?

*Ant.* Yes : we are  
Betrayed. How came he hither ? I should turn  
This to thee, for that.

*Cari.* Pray, sir, do ; and when  
That you have cleft my heart, you shall read there  
Mine innocence.

*Duch.* That gallery gave him entrance.

*Ant.* I would this terrible thing would come again,  
That, standing on my guard, I might relate  
My warrantable love.— [*She shows the poniard.*

Ha ! what means this ?

*Duch.* He left this with me.

*Ant.* And it seems did wish  
You would use it on yourself.

*Duch.* His action  
Seemed to intend so much.

*Ant.* This hath a handle to't,  
As well as a point : turn it towards him,  
And so fasten the keen edge in his rank gall.

[*Knocking within.*

How now ! who knocks ? more earthquakes ?

*Duch.* I stand  
As if a mine beneath my feet were ready  
To be blown up.

*Cari.* 'Tis Bosola.

*Duch.* Away !  
O misery ! methinks unjust actions  
Should wear these masks and curtains, and not we.  
You must instantly part hence : I have fashioned it  
already. [*Exit ANTONIO.*

*Enter BOSOLA.*

*Bos.* The duke your brother is ta'en up in a whirl-  
Hath took horse, and 's rid post to Rome. [*wind*

*Duch.* So late ?

*Bos.* He told me, as he mounted into the saddle,  
You were undone.

*Duch.* Indeed, I am very near it.

*Bos.* What's the matter ?

*Duch.* Antonio, the master of our household,  
Hath dealt so falsely with me in 's accounts :  
My brother stood engaged with me for money  
Ta'en up of certain Neapolitan Jews,  
And Antonio lets the bonds be forfeit.

*Bos.* Strange ! — [*Aside.*] This is cunning.

*Duch.* And hereupon  
My brother's bills at Naples are protested  
Against.—Call up our officers.

*Bos.* I shall.

[*Exit.*

*Re-enter ANTONIO.*

*Duch.* The place that you must fly to is Ancona :  
Hire a house there ; I'll send after you  
My treasure and my jewels. Our weak safety  
Runs upon ingenious wheels : short syllables  
Must stand for periods. I must now accuse you  
Of such a feignèd crime as Tasso calls  
*Magnanima menzogna*, a noble lie,  
'Cause it must shield our honours.—Hark ! they are  
coming.

*Re-enter BOSOLA and Officers.*

*Ant.* Will your grace hear me ?

*Duch.* I have got well by you ; you have yielded me  
A million of loss : I am like to inherit  
The people's curses for your stewardship.  
You had the trick in audit-time to be sick,  
Till I had signed your quietus ; and that cured you  
Without help of a doctor.—Gentlemen,  
I would have this man be an example to you all ;  
So shall you hold my favour ; I pray, let him ;  
For h'as done that, alas, you would not think of,  
And, because I intend to be rid of him,  
I mean not to publish.—Use your fortune elsewhere.



*Ant.* I am strongly arm'd to brook my overthrow,  
 As commonly men bear with a hard year:  
 I will not blame the cause on't: but do think  
 The necessity of my malevolent star  
 Provokes this, not her humour. O, the inconstant  
 And rotten ground of service! you may see,  
 'Tis even like him, that in a winter night,  
 Takes a long slumber o'er a dying fire,  
 A-kin to part from't: yet parts thence as cold  
 As when he first sat down.

*Duch.* We do confiscate,  
 Towards the satisfying of your accounts,  
 All that you have.

*Ant.* I am all yours: and 'tis very fit  
 All mine should be so.

*Duch.* So, sir, you have your pass.

*Ant.* You may see, gentlemen, what 'tis to serve  
 A prince with body and soul. [Exit.

*Boz.* Here's an example for extortion: what  
 moisture is drawn out of the sea, when foul weather  
 comes, pours down, and runs into the sea again.

*Duch.* I would know what are your opinions  
 Of this Antonio.

*2nd Off.* He could not abide to see a pig's head  
 gaping: I thought your grace would find him a Jew.

*3rd Off.* I would you had been his officer, for your  
 own sake.

*4th Off.* You would have had more money.

*1st Off.* He stopped his ears with black wool, and  
 to those came to him for money said he was thick  
 of hearing.

*2nd Off.* Some said he was an hermaphrodite, for  
 he could not abide a woman.

*4th Off.* How scurvy proud he would look when  
 the treasury was full! Well, let him go.

*1st Off.* Yes, and the chippings of the buttry fly  
 after him, to scour his gold chain.

E  
F  
A  
V  
MB  
A  
W  
H  
T  
In  
A  
AlW  
H  
Th

On

Le  
Yo  
ToCo  
As  
As  
Bot

His

*Duch.* Leave us.

[*Exeunt Officers.*]

What do you think of these ?

*Bos.* That these are rogues that in's prosperity,  
But to have waited on his fortune, could have wished  
His dirty stirrup rivetted through their noses,  
And followed after's mule, like a bear in a ring ;  
Would have prostituted their daughters to his lust ;  
Made their first-born intelligencers ; thought none  
happy

But such as were born under his blest planet,  
And wore his livery : and do these lice drop off now ?  
Well, never look to have the like again :  
He hath left a sort of flattering rogues behind him ;  
Their doom must follow. Princes pay flatterers  
In their own money : flatterers dissemble their vices,  
And they dissemble their lies ; that's justice.

Alas, poor gentleman !

*Duch.* Poor ! he hath amply filled his coffers.

*Bos.* Sure, he was too honest. Pluto,<sup>1</sup> the god of  
When he's sent by Jupiter to any man, [riches,  
He goes limping, to signify that wealth  
That comes on God's name comes slowly ; but when  
he's sent

On the devil's errand, he rides post and comes in by  
scuttles.

Let me show you what a most unvalued jewel  
You have in a wanton humour thrown away,  
To bless the man shall find him. He was an  
excellent

Courtier and most faithful ; a soldier that thought it  
As beastly to know his own value too little  
As devilish to acknowledge it too much.  
Both his virtue and form deserved a far better  
fortune :

His discourse rather delighted to judge itself than  
show itself :

<sup>1</sup> Plutus.

His breast was filled with all perfection,  
And yet it seemed a private whispering-room,  
It made so little noise of't.

*Duch.* But he was basely descended.

*Bos.* Will you make yourself a mercenary herald,  
Rather to examine men's pedigrees than virtues?  
You shall want him:

For know an honest statesman to a prince  
Is like a cedar planted by a spring;  
The spring bathes the tree's root, the grateful tree  
Rewards it with his shadow: you have not done so.  
I would sooner swim to the Bermoothes<sup>1</sup> on  
Two politicians' rotten bladders, tied  
Together with an intelligencer's heart-string,  
Than depend on so changeable a prince's favour.  
Fare thee well, Antonio! since the malice of the  
world

Would needs down with thee, it cannot be said yet  
That any ill happened unto thee, considering thy fall  
Was accompanied with virtue.

*Duch.* O, you render me excellent music!

*Bos.* Say you?

*Duch.* This good one that you speak of is my  
husband.

*Bos.* Do I not dream! can this ambitious age  
Have so much goodness in't as to prefer  
A man merely for worth, without these shadows  
Of wealth and painted honours? possible?

*Duch.* I have had three children by him.

*Bos.* Fortunate lady!

For you have made your private nuptial bed  
The humble and fair seminary of peace.  
No question but many an unbeneficed scholar  
Shall pray for you for this deed, and rejoice  
That some preferment in the world can yet  
Arise from merit. The virgins of your land

<sup>1</sup> "The vexed Bermoothes" was the island of Bermuda.

That have no dowries shall hope your example  
 Will raise them to rich husbands. Should you want  
 Soldiers, 'twould make the very Turks and Moors  
 Turn Christians, and serve you for this act.  
 Last, the neglected poets of your time,  
 In honour of this trophy of a man,  
 Raised by that curious engine, your white hand,  
 Shall thank you, in your grave, for't; and make that  
 More reverend than all the cabinets  
 Of living princes. For Antonio.  
 His fame shall likewise flow from many a pen,  
 When heralds shall want coats to sell to men.

*Duch.* As I taste comfort in this friendly speech,  
 So would I find concealment.

*Bos.* O, the secret of my prince,  
 Which I will wear on the inside of my heart!

*Duch.* You shall take charge of all my coin and  
 And follow him; for he retires himself [jewels,  
 To Ancona.

*Bos.* So.

*Duch.* Whither, within few days,  
 I mean to follow thee.

*Bos.* Let me think:  
 I would wish your grace to feign a pilgrimage  
 To our Lady of Loretto, scarce seven leagues  
 From fair Ancona; so may you depart  
 Your country with more honour, and your flight  
 Will seem a princely progress, retaining  
 Your usual train about you.

*Duch.* Sir, your direction  
 Shall lead me by the hand.

*Cari.* In my opinion,  
 She were better progress to the baths at Lucca,  
 Or go visit the Spa  
 In Germany; for, if you will believe me,  
 I do not like this jesting with religion,  
 This feign'd pilgrimage.

*Duch.* Thou art a superstitious fool :  
 Prepare us instantly for our departure.  
 Past sorrows, let us moderately lament them ;  
 For those to come, seek wisely to prevent them.

[*Exeunt* DUCHESS and CARIOLA.]

*Bos.* A politician is the devil's quilted anvil ;  
 He fashions all sins on him, and the blows  
 Are never heard : he may work in a lady's chamber,  
 As here for proof. What rests but I reveal  
 All to my lord ? O, this base quality  
 Of intelligencer ! why, every quality i' the world  
 Prefers but gain or commendation :  
 Now for this act I am certain to be raised,  
 And men that paint weeds to the life are praised.

[*Exit.*]



SCENE III.—*An Apartment in the Cardinal's  
 Palace at Rome.*

*Enter* Cardinal, FERDINAND, MALATESTI, PESCARA,  
 DELIO, and SILVIO.

*Card.* Must we turn soldier, then ?

*Mal.* The emperor,  
 Hearing your worth that way, ere you attained  
 This reverend garment, joins you in commission  
 With the right fortunate soldier the Marquis of  
 And the famous Lannoy. [Pescara,

*Card.* He that had the honour  
 Of taking the French king prisoner ?<sup>1</sup>

*Mal.* The same.  
 Here's a plot<sup>2</sup> drawn for a new fortification  
 At Naples.

*Ferd.* This great Count Malatesti, I perceive,  
 Hath got employment ?

*Delio.* No employment, my lord ;

<sup>1</sup> Francis I., who surrendered to Lannoy at the battle of Pavia.

<sup>2</sup> Plan.

A marginal note in the muster-book, that he is  
A voluntary lord.

*Ferd.* He's no soldier.

*Delio.* He has worn gunpowder in's hollow tooth  
for the toothache.

*Sil.* He come to the leaguer<sup>1</sup> with a full intent  
To eat fresh beef and garlic, means to stay  
Till the scent be gone, and straight return to court.

*Delio.* He hath read all the late service  
As the city chronicle relates it ;  
And keeps two pewterers going, only to express  
Battles in model.

*Sil.* Then he'll fight by the book.

*Delio.* By the almanac, I think,  
To choose good days and shun the critical ;  
That's his mistress' scarf.

*Sil.* Yes, he protests  
He would do much for that taffeta.

*Delio.* I think he would run away from a battle,  
To save it from taking prisoner.

*Sil.* He is horribly afraid  
Gunpowder will spoil the perfume on't.

*Delio.* I saw a Dutchman break his pate once  
For calling him pot-gun ; he made his head  
Have a bore in't like a musket.

*Sil.* I would he had made a touchhole to't.  
He is indeed a guarded<sup>2</sup> sumpter-cloth,  
Only for the remove of the court.

*Enter BOSOLA.*

*Pes.* Bosola arrived ! what should be the business ?  
Some falling-out amongst the cardinals.  
These factions amongst great men, they are like  
Foxes, when their heads are divided,  
They carry fire in their tails, and all the country  
About them goes to wreck for't

<sup>1</sup> Camp.

<sup>2</sup> Trimmed.

*Sil.* What's that Bosola?

*Delio.* I knew him in Padua — a fantastical scholar, like such who study to know how many knots was in Hercules' club, of what colour Achilles' beard was, or whether Hector were not troubled with the toothache. He hath studied himself half blear-eyed to know the true symmetry of Cæsar's nose by a shoeing-horn; and this he did to gain the name of a speculative man.

*Pes.* Mark Prince Ferdinand :

A very salamander lives in's eye,  
To mock the eager violence of fire.

*Sil.* That cardinal hath made more bad faces with his oppression than ever Michael Angelo made good ones: he lifts up's nose, like a foul porpoise before a storm.

*Pes.* The Lord Ferdinand laughs.

*Delio.* Like a deadly cannon  
That lightens ere it smokes.

*Pes.* These are your true pangs of death,  
The pangs of life, that struggle with great statesmen.

*Delio.* In such a deformed silence witches whisper  
their charms.

*Card.* Doth she make religion her riding-hood  
To keep her from the sun and tempest?

*Ferd.* That,

That damns her. Methinks her fault and beauty,  
Blended together, show like leprosy,  
The whiter, the fouler. I make it a question  
Whether her beggarly brats were ever christened.

*Card.* I will instantly solicit the state of Ancona  
To have them banished.

*Ferd.* You are for Loretto :

I shall not be at your ceremony; fare you well.—  
Write to the Duke of Malfi, my young nephew  
She had by her first husband, and acquaint him  
With's mother's honesty.

*Bos.* I will.

*Ferd.* Antonio!

A slave that only smelled of ink and counters,  
And never in's life looked like a gentleman,  
But in the audit-time.—Go, go presently,  
Draw me out an hundred and fifty of our horse,  
And meet me at the fort-bridge.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE IV.—*The Shrine of our Lady of Loretto.*

*Enter Two Pilgrims.*

*1st Pil.* I have not seen a goodlier shrine than  
this;

Yet I have visited many.

*2nd Pil.* The Cardinal of Arragon  
Is this day to resign his cardinal's hat :  
His sister duchess likewise is arrived  
To pay her vow of pilgramage. I expect  
A noble ceremony.

*1st Pil.* No question.—They come.

*Here the ceremony of the Cardinal's instalment, in  
the habit of a soldier, is performed by his deliver-  
ing up his cross, hat, robes, and ring, at the  
shrine, and the investing of him with sword,  
helmet, shield, and spurs; then ANTONIO, the  
DUCHESS, and their children, having presented  
themselves at the shrine, are, by a form of banish-  
ment in dumb-show expressed towards them by  
the Cardinal and the state of Ancona, banished :  
during all which ceremony, this ditty is sung, to  
very solemn music, by divers churchmen.*

Arms and honours deck thy story,  
To thy fame's eternal glory !  
Adverse fortune ever fly thee ;



No disastrous fate come nigh thee !  
 I alone will sing thy praises,  
 Whom to honour virtue raises ;  
 And thy study, that divine is,  
 Bent to martial discipline is.  
 Lay aside all those robes lie by thee ;  
 Crown thy arts with arms, they'll beautify thee.  
 O worthy of worthiest name, adorned in this manner,  
 Lead bravely thy forces on under war's warlike  
 banner !

O, mayst thou prove fortunate in all martial  
 courses !

Guide thou still by skill in arts and forces !  
 Victory attend thee nigh, whilst fame sings loud  
 thy powers ;  
 Triumphant conquest crown thy head, and blessings  
 pour down showers !

[*Exeunt all except the Two Pilgrims.*

*1st Pil.* Here's a strange turn of state ! who  
 would have thought

So great a lady would have matched herself  
 Unto so mean a person ? yet the cardinal  
 Bears himself much too cruel.

*2nd Pil.* They are banished.

*1st Pil.* But I would ask what power hath this  
 Of Ancona to determine of a free prince ? [state

*2nd Pil.* They are a free state, sir, and her  
 brother showed

How that the Pope, fore-hearing of her looseness,  
 Hath seized into the protection of the church  
 The dukedom which she held as dowager.

*1st Pil.* But by what justice ?

*2nd Pil.* Sure, I think by none,

Only her brother's instigation.

*1st Pil.* What was it with such violence he took  
 Off from her finger ?

*2nd Pil.* 'Twas her wedding-ring ;

Which he vowed shortly he would sacrifice  
To his revenge.

*1st Pil.* Alas, Antonio!

If that a man be thrust into a well,  
No matter who sets hand to't, his own weight  
Will bring him sooner to the bottom. Come, let's  
hence.

Fortune makes this conclusion general,  
All things do help the unhappy man to fall. [*Exeunt.*]



SCENE V.—*Near Loretto.*

*Enter* DUCHESS, ANTONIO, Children, CARIOLA, and  
Servants.

*Duch.* Banished Ancona!

*Ant.* Yes, you see what power  
Lightens in great men's breath.

*Duch.* Is all our train  
Shrunk to this poor remainder?

*Ant.* These poor men,  
Which have got little in your service, vow  
To take your fortune: but your wiser buntings,  
Now they are fledged, are gone.

*Duch.* They have done wisely.  
This puts me in mind of death: physicians thus,  
With their hands full of money, use to give o'er  
Their patients.

*Ant.* Right the fashion of the world:  
From decayed fortunes every flatterer shrinks:  
Men cease to build where the foundation sinks.

*Duch.* I had a very strange dream to-night.

*Ant.* What was't?

*Duch.* Methought I wore my coronet of state,  
And on a sudden all the diamonds  
Were changed to pearls.

*Ant.* My interpretation  
Is, you'll weep shortly ; for to me the pearls  
Do signify your tears.

*Duch.* The birds that live i' the field  
On the wild benefit of nature live  
Happier than we ; for they may choose their mates,  
And carol their sweet pleasures to the spring.

*Enter BOSOLA with a letter.*

*Bos.* You are happily o'erta'en.

*Duch.* From my brother ?

*Bos.* Yes, from the Lord Ferdinand your brother  
All love and safety.

*Duch.* Thou dost blanch mischief,  
Wouldst make it white. See, see, like to calm  
weather

At sea before a tempest, false hearts speak fair  
To those they intend most mischief. [*Reads.*

"Send Antonio to me ; I want his head in a  
business."

A politic equivocation !

He doth not want your counsel, but your head ;  
That is, he cannot sleep till you be dead.

And here's another pitfall that's strewed o'er  
With roses ; mark it, 'tis a cunning one : [*Reads.*

"I stand engaged for your husband for several  
debts at Naples : let not that trouble him ; I had  
rather have his heart than his money :"—

And I believe so too.

*Bos.* What do you believe ?

*Duch.* That he so much distrusts my husband's  
love,

He will by no means believe his heart is with him  
Until he sees it : the devil is not cunning enough  
To circumvent us in riddles.

*Bos.* Will you reject that noble and free league  
Of amity and love which I present you ?

*Duch.* Their league is like that of some politic kings,  
Only to make themselves of strength and power  
To be our after-ruin : tell them so.

*Bos.* And what from you ?

*Ant.* Thus tell him ; I will not come.

*Bos.* And what of this ?

*Ant.* My brothers have dispersed  
Blood-hounds abroad ; which till I hear are muzzled,  
No truce, though hatched with ne'er such politic  
Is safe, that hangs upon our enemies' will. [skill,  
I'll not come at them.

*Bos.* This proclaims your breeding :  
Every small thing draws a base mind to fear,  
As the adamant draws iron. Fare you well, sir :  
You shall shortly hear from's. [Exit.

*Duch.* I suspect some ambush :  
Therefore by all my love I do conjure you  
To take your eldest son, and fly towards Milan.  
Let us not venture all this poor remainder  
In one unlucky bottom.

*Ant.* You counsel safely.  
Best of my life, farewell, since we must part :  
Heaven hath a hand in't ; but no otherwise  
Than as some curious artist takes in sunder  
A clock or watch, when it is out of frame,  
To bring't in better order.

*Duch.* I know not which is best,  
To see you dead, or part with you.—Farewell,  
boy :

Thou art happy that thou hast not understanding  
To know thy misery ; for all our wit  
And reading brings us to a truer sense  
Of sorrow.—In the eternal church, sir,  
I do hope we shall not part thus.

*Ant.* O, be of comfort !  
Make patience a noble fortitude,

And think not how unkindly we are used :  
Man, like to cassia, is proved best being bruised.

*Duch.* Must I, like a slave-born Russian,  
Account it praise to suffer tyranny ?  
And yet, O Heaven, thy heavy hand is in't !  
I have seen my little boy oft scourge his top,  
And compared myself to't : naught made me e'er  
Go right but Heaven's scourge-stick.

*Ant.* Do not weep :  
Heaven fashioned us of nothing, and we strive  
To bring ourselves to nothing.—Farewell, Cariola,  
And thy sweet armful.—If I do never see thee more,  
Be a good mother to your little ones,  
And save them from the tiger : fare you well.

*Duch.* Let me look upon you once more, for that  
speech  
Came from a dying father : your kiss is colder  
Than that I have seen an holy anchorite  
Give to a dead man's skull.

*Ant.* My heart is turned to a heavy lump of lead,  
With which I sound my danger : fare you well.

[*Exeunt ANTONIO and his Son.*]

*Duch.* My laurel is all withered.

*Cari.* Look, madam, what a troop of armèd men  
Make towards us.

*Duch.* O, they are very welcome :  
When Fortune's wheel is over-charged with princes,  
The weight makes it move swift : I would have my  
Be sudden. [ruin]

*Re-enter BOSOLA visarded, with a Guard.*

I am your adventure, am I not ?

*Bos.* You are : you must see your husband no more.

*Duch.* What devil art thou that counterfeit'st  
Heaven's thunder ?

*Bos.* Is that terrible ? I would have you tell me  
whether

Is that note worse that frights the silly birds  
 Out of the corn, or that which doth allure them  
 To the nets? you have hearkened to the last too  
 much.

*Duch.* O misery! like to a rusty o'er-charged  
 cannon,

Shall I never fly in pieces?—Come, to what prison?

*Bos.* To none.

*Duch.* Whither, then?

*Bos.* To your palace.

*Duch.* I have heard

That Charon's boat serves to convey all o'er  
 The dismal lake, but brings none back again.

*Bos.* Your brothers mean you safety and pity.

*Duch.* Pity!

With such a pity men preserve alive  
 Pheasants and quails, when they are not fat enough  
 To be eaten.

*Bos.* These are your children?

*Duch.* Yes.

*Bos.* Can they prattle?

*Duch.* No;

But I intend, since they were born accursed,  
 Curses shall be their first language.

*Bos.* Fie, madam!

Forget this base, low fellow,—

*Duch.* Were I a man,

I'd beat that counterfeit face into thy other.

*Bos.* One of no birth.

*Duch.* Say that he was born mean,  
 Man is most happy when's own actions  
 Be arguments and examples of his virtue.

*Bos.* A barren, beggarly virtue.

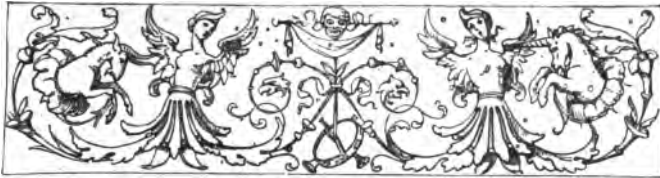
*Duch.* I prithee, who is greatest? can you tell?  
 Sad tales befit my woe: I'll tell you one.  
 A salmon, as she swam unto the sea,  
 Met with a dog-fish, who encounters her

With this rough language: "Why art thou so bold  
To mix thyself with our high state of floods,  
Being no eminent courtier, but one  
That for the calmest and fresh time o' the year  
Dost live in shallow rivers, rank'st thyself  
With silly smelts and shrimps? and darest thou  
Pass by our dog-ship without reverence?"  
"O!" quoth the salmon, "sister, be at peace:  
Thank Jupiter we both have passed the net!  
Our value never can be truly known,  
Till in the fisher's basket we be shown:  
I' the market then my price may be the higher,  
Even when I am nearest to the cook and fire."  
So to great men the moral may be stretched;  
Men oft are valued high, when they're most  
wretched.—

But come, whither you please. I am armed 'gainst  
misery;  
Bent to all sways of the oppressor's will:  
There's no deep valley but near some great hill.

[*Exeunt.*





ACT THE FOURTH.

SCENE I.—*An Apartment in the DUCHESS' Palace  
at Malfi.*

*Enter FERDINAND and BOSOLA.*



FERD. How doth our sister duchess  
bear herself

In her imprisonment ?

*Bos.* Nobly : I'll describe her.

She's sad as one long used to't, and  
she seems

Rather to welcome the end of misery

Than shun it ; a behaviour so noble

As gives a majesty to adversity :

You may discern the shape of loveliness

More perfect in her tears than in her smiles :

She will muse four hours together ; and her silence,

Methinks, expresseth more than if she spake.

*Ferd.* Her melancholy seems to be fortified  
With a strange disdain.

*Bos.* 'Tis so ; and this restraint,  
Like English mastiffs that grow fierce with tying,  
Makes her too passionately apprehend  
Those pleasures she's kept from.

*Ferd:* Curse upon her !  
I will no longer study in the book

Of another's heart. Inform her what I told you.

[*Exit.*



*Enter* DUCHESS.<sup>1</sup>

*Bos.* All comfort to your grace!

*Duch.* I will have none.

Pray thee, why dost thou wrap thy poisoned pills  
In gold and sugar?

*Bos.* Your elder brother, the Lord Ferdinand,  
Is come to visit you, and sends you word,  
'Cause once he rashly made a solemn vow  
Never to see you more, he comes i' the night;  
And prays you gently neither torch nor taper  
Shine in your chamber: he will kiss your hand,  
And reconcile himself; but for his vow  
He dares not see you.

*Duch.* At his pleasure.—  
Take hence the lights.—He's come.

*Enter* FERDINAND.

*Ferd.* Where are you?

*Duch.* Here, sir.

*Ferd.* This darkness suits you well.

*Duch.* I would ask you pardon.

*Ferd.* You have it;

For I account it the honorabl'st revenge,  
Where I may kill, to pardon.—Where are your cubs?

*Duch.* Whom?

*Ferd.* Call them your children;

For though our national law distinguish bastards  
From true legitimate issue, compassionate nature  
Makes them all equal.

*Duch.* Do you visit me for this?  
You violate a sacrament o' the church  
Shall make you howl in hell for't.

*Ferd.* It had been well,  
Could you have lived thus always; for, indeed,

<sup>1</sup> Dyce suggests that here the audience had to imagine a change of scene—to the lodging of the Duchess, who is confined to certain apartments in her own palace.

You were too much i' the light:—but no more ;  
 I come to seal my peace with you. Here's a hand  
     *[Gives her a dead man's hand.]*  
 To which you have vowed much love ; the ring upon't  
 You gave.

*Duch.* I affectionately kiss it.

*Ferd.* Pray, do, and bury the print of it in your  
 heart.

I will leave this ring with you for a love-token ;  
 And the hand as sure as the ring ; and do not doubt  
 But you shall have the heart too : when you need a  
 Send it to him that owned it ; you shall see *[friend,*  
 Whether he can aid you.

*Duch.* You are very cold :

I fear you are not well after your travel.—

Ha ! lights !——O, horrible !

*Ferd.* Let her have lights enough. *[Exit.]*

*Duch.* What witchcraft doth he practise, that he  
 hath left

A dead man's hand here ?

*[Here is discovered, behind a traverse,<sup>1</sup> the artificial  
 figures of ANTONIO and his Children, appearing  
 as if they were dead.]*

*Bos.* Look you, here's the piece from which 'twas  
 He doth present you this sad spectacle, *[ta'en.]*  
 That, now you know directly they are dead,  
 Hereafter you may wisely cease to grieve  
 For that which cannot be recoverèd.

*Duch.* There is not between Heaven and earth one  
 I stay for after this : it wastes me more *[wish]*  
 Than were't my picture, fashioned out of wax,  
 Stuck with a magical needle, and then buried  
 In some foul dunghill ; and yond's an excellent  
 property

For a tyrant, which I would account mercy.

*Bos.* What's that ?

<sup>1</sup> Curtain.

*Duch.* If they would bind me to that lifeless trunk,  
And let me freeze to death.

*Bos.* Come, you must live.

*Duch.* That's the greatest torture souls feel in hell,  
In hell, that they must live, and cannot die.  
Portia, I'll new kindle thy coals again,  
And revive the rare and almost dead example  
Of a loving wife.

*Bos.* O, fie! despair? remember  
You are a Christian.

*Duch.* The church enjoins fasting:  
I'll starve myself to death.

*Bos.* Leave this vain sorrow.  
Things being at the worst begin to mend: the bee  
When he hath shot his sting into your hand,  
May then play with your eyelid.

*Duch.* Good comfortable fellow,  
Persuade a wretch that's broke upon the wheel  
To have all his bones new set; entreat him live  
To be executed again. Who must despatch me?  
I account this world a tedious theatre,  
For I do play a part in't 'gainst my will.

*Bos.* Come, be of comfort; I will save your life.

*Duch.* Indeed, I have not leisure to tend  
So small a business.

*Bos.* Now, by my life, I pity you,

*Duch.* Thou art a fool, then,  
To waste thy pity on a thing so wretched  
As cannot pity itself. I am full of daggers.  
Puff, let me blow these vipers from me.

*Enter Servant.*

What are you?

*Serv.* One that wishes you long life.

*Duch.* I would thou wert hanged for the horrible  
curse

Thou hast given me: I shall shortly grow one

Of the miracles of pity. I'll go pray;—  
No, I'll go curse.

*Bos.* O, fie!

*Duch.* I could curse the stars.

*Bos.* O, fearful.

*Duch.* And those three smiling seasons of the year  
Into a Russian winter: nay, the world  
To its first chaos.

*Bos.* Look you, the stars shine still.

*Duch.* O, but you must  
Remember, my curse hath a great way to go.—  
Plagues, that make lanes through largest families,  
Consume them!—

*Bos.* Fie, lady!

*Duch.* Let them, like tyrants,  
Never be remembered but for the ill they have done;  
Let all the zealous prayers of mortified  
Churchmen forget them!—

*Bos.* O, uncharitable!

*Duch.* Let Heaven a little while cease crowning  
To punish them!— [martyrs,  
Go, howl them this, and say, I long to bleed:  
It is some mercy when men kill with speed. [Exit.

*Re-enter* FERDINAND.

*Ferd.* Excellent, as I would wish; she's plagued in  
These presentations are but framed in wax [art:  
By the curious master in that quality,  
Vincentio Lauriola, and she takes them  
For true substantial bodies.

*Bos.* Why do you do this?

*Ferd.* To bring her to despair.

*Bos.* Faith, end here,  
And go no farther in your cruelty:  
Send her a penitential garment to put on  
Next to her delicate skin, and furnish her  
With beads and prayer-books.

*Ferd.* Damn her! that body of hers.

While that my blood ran pure in it, was more worth  
 Than that which thou wouldst comfort, called a soul.  
 I will send her masks of common courtezans,  
 Have her meat served up by bawds and ruffians,  
 And, 'cause she'll needs be mad, I am resolved  
 To remove forth the common hospital  
 All the mad-folk, and place them near her lodging;  
 There let them practise together, sing and dance,  
 And act their gambols to the full of the moon:  
 If she can sleep the better for it, let her.  
 Your work is almost ended.

*Bos.* Must I see her again?

*Ferd.* Yes.

*Bos.* Never.

*Ferd.* You must.

*Bos.* Never in mine own shape:  
 That's forfeited by my intelligence  
 And this last cruel lie: when you send me next,  
 The business shall be comfort.

*Ferd.* Very likely;

Thy pity is nothing of kin to thee. Antonio  
 Lurks about Milan: thou shalt shortly thither,  
 To feed a fire as great as my revenge,  
 Which never will slack till it have spent his fuel:  
 Intemperate agues make physicians cruel. *[Exeunt.]*



SCENE II.—*Another Room in the Duchess' Lodging.*

*Enter DUCHESS and CARIOLA.*

*Duch.* What hideous noise was that?

*Cari.* 'Tis the wild consort<sup>1</sup>

Of madmen, lady, which your tyrant brother

<sup>1</sup> Band.

Hath placed about your lodging : this tyranny,  
I think, was never practised till this hour.

*Duch.* Indeed, I thank him : nothing but noise and  
folly

Can keep me in my right wits ; whereas reason  
And silence make me stark mad. Sit down ;  
Discourse to me some dismal tragedy.

*Cari.* O, 'twill increase your melancholy.

*Duch.* Thou art deceived :

To hear of greater grief would lessen mine.  
This is a prison ?

*Cari.* Yes, but you shall live

To shake this durance off.

*Duch.* Thou art a fool :

The robin-redbreast and the nightingale  
Never live long in cages.

*Cari.* Pray, dry your eyes.

What think you of, madam ?

*Duch.* Of nothing ;

When I muse thus, I sleep.

*Cari.* Like a madman, with your eyes open ?

*Duch.* Dost thou think we shall know one another  
In the other world ?

*Cari.* Yes, out of question.

*Duch.* O, that it were possible we might

But hold some two days' conference with the dead !

From them I should learn somewhat, I am sure,

I never shall know here. I'll tell thee a miracle ;

I am not mad yet, to my cause of sorrow :

The Heaven o'er my head seems made of molten  
brass,

The earth of flaming sulphur, yet I am not mad.

I am acquainted with sad misery.

As the tanned galley-slave is with his oar ;

Necessity makes me suffer constantly,

And custom makes it easy. Who do I look like  
now ?

*Cari.* Like to your picture in the gallery,  
A deal of life in show, but none in practice;  
Or rather like some reverend monument  
Whose ruins are even pitied.

*Duch.* Very proper;  
And Fortune seems only to have her eyesight  
To behold my tragedy.—How now!  
What noise is that?

*Enter Servant.*

*Serv.* I am come to tell you  
Your brother hath intended you some sport.  
A great physician, when the Pope was sick  
Of a deep melancholy, presented him  
With several sorts of madmen, which wild object  
Being full of change and sport, forced him to laugh,  
And so the imposthume broke: the self-same cure  
The duke intends on you.

*Duch.* Let them come in.

*Serv.* There's a mad lawyer; and a secular priest;  
A doctor that hath forfeited his wits  
By jealousy; an astrologian  
That in his works said such a day o' the month  
Should be the day of doom, and, failing of't,  
Ran mad; an English tailor crazed i' the brain  
With the study of new fashions; a gentleman-usher  
Quite beside himself with care to keep in mind  
The number of his lady's salutations  
Or "How do you" she employed him in each  
morning;  
A farmer, too, an excellent knave in grain,  
Mad 'cause he was hindered transportation:  
And let one broker that's mad loose to these,  
You'd think the devil were among them.

*Duch.* Sit, Cariola.—Let them loose when you  
please,  
For I am chained to endure all your tyranny.

*Enter Madmen.*

*Here this Song is sung to a dismal kind of music by  
a Madman.*

O, let us howl some heavy note,  
Some deadly doggèd howl,  
Sounding as from the threatening throat  
Of beasts and fatal fowl!  
As ravens, screech-owls, bulls, and bears,  
We'll bell, and bawl our parts,  
Till irksome noise have cloyed your ears  
And còrrosived your hearts.  
At last, whenas our quire wants breath,  
Our bodies being blest,  
We'll sing, like swans, to welcome death,  
And die in love and rest.

*1st Madman.* Doom's-day not come yet! I'll draw it nearer by a perspective, or make a glass that shall set all the world on fire upon an instant. I cannot sleep; my pillow is stuffed with a litter of porcupines.

*2nd Madman.* Hell is a mere glass-house, where the devils are continually blowing up women's souls on hollow irons, and the fire never goes out.

*3rd Madman.* I will lie with every woman in my parish the tenth night; I will tythe them over like haycocks.

*4th Madman.* Shall my pothecary out-go me because I am a cuckold? I have found out his roguery; he makes alum of his wife's urine, and sells it to Puritans that have sore throats with over-

*1st Madman.* I have skill in heraldry. [straining.

*2nd Madman.* Hast?

*1st Madman.* You do give for your crest a woodcock's head with the brains picked out on't; you are a very ancient gentleman.

*3rd Madman.* Greek is turned Turk: we are only to be saved by the Helvetian translation.



1st Madman. Come on, sir, I will lay the law to you.

2nd Madman. O, rather lay a corrosive: the law will eat to the bone.

3rd Madman. He that drinks but to satisfy nature is damned.

4th Madman. If I had my glass here, I would show a sight should make all the women here call me mad doctor.

1st Madman. What's he? a rope-maker?

2nd Madman. No, no, no, a snuffing knave that, while he shows the tombs, will have his hand in a wench's placket.

3rd Madman. Woe to the caroche<sup>1</sup> that brought home my wife from the masque at three o'clock in the morning! it had a large feather-bed in it.

4th Madman. I have pared the devil's nails forty times, roasted them in raven's eggs, and cured agues with them.

3rd Madman. Get me three hundred milchbats, to make possets to procure sleep.

4th Madman. All the college may throw their caps at me: I have made a soap-boiler costive; it was my masterpiece.

[Here a dance of Eight Madmen, with music answerable thereto; after which, BOSOLA, like an Old Man, enters.]

Duch. Is he mad too?

Serv. Pray, question him. I'll leave you.

[Exeunt Servant and Madmen.]

Bos. I am come to make thy tomb.

Duch. Ha! my tomb!

Thou speak'st as if I lay upon my deathbed,  
Gasping for breath: dost thou perceive me sick?

Bos. Yes, and the more dangerously, since thy sickness is insensible.

Duch. Thou art not mad, sure: dost know me?

<sup>1</sup> Coach.

l  
t

*Bos.* Yes.

*Duch.* Who am I ?

*Bos.* Thou art a box of worm-seed, at best but a salvatory of green mummy. What's this flesh ? a little crudded milk, fantastical puff-paste. Our bodies are weaker than those paper-prisons boys use to keep flies in ; more contemptible, since ours is to preserve earth-worms. Didst thou ever see a lark in a cage ? Such is the soul in the body : this world is like her little turf of grass, and the Heaven o'er our heads, like her looking-glass, only gives us a miserable knowledge of the small compass of our prison.

*Duch.* Am not I thy duchess ?

*Bos.* Thou art some great woman, sure, for riot begins to sit on thy forehead (clad in grey hairs) twenty years sooner than on a merry milkmaid's. Thou sleepest worse than if a mouse should be forced to take up her lodging in a cat's ear : a little infant that breeds its teeth, should it lie with thee, would cry out, as if thou wert the more unquiet bedfellow.

*Duch.* I am Duchess of Malfi still.

*Bos.* That makes thy sleeps so broken :  
Glories, like glow-worms, afar off shine bright,  
But looked to near, have neither heat nor light.

*Duch.* Thou art very plain.

*Bos.* My trade is to flatter the dead, not the living ;  
I am a tomb-maker.

*Duch.* And thou comest to make my tomb ?

*Bos.* Yes.

*Duch.* Let me be a little merry :—of what stuff wilt thou make it ?

*Bos.* Nay, resolve me first, of what fashion ?

*Duch.* Why do we grow fantastical in our death-bed ? do we affect fashion in the grave ?

*Bos.* Most ambitiously. Princes' images on their tombs do not lie, as they were wont, seeming to pray

up to Heaven; but with their hands under their cheeks, as if they died of the toothache: they are not carved with their eyes fixed upon the stars; but as their minds were wholly bent upon the world, the self-same way they seem to turn their faces.

*Duch.* Let me know fully therefore the effect  
Of this thy dismal preparation,  
This talk fit for a charnel.

*Bos.* Now I shall:—

*Enter Executioners, with a coffin, cords, and a bell.*

Here is a present from your princely brothers;  
And may it arrive welcome, for it brings  
Last benefit, last sorrow.

*Duch.* Let me see it:  
I have so much obedience in my blood,  
I wish it in their veins to do them good.

*Bos.* This is your last presence-chamber.

*Cari.* O my sweet lady!

*Duch.* Peace; it affrights not me.

*Bos.* I am the common bellman,  
That usually is sent to condemned persons  
The night before they suffer.

*Duch.* Even now thou said'st  
Thou wast a tomb-maker.

*Bos.* 'Twas to bring you  
By degrees to mortification. Listen.

Hark, now every thing is still  
The screech-owl and the whistler shrill  
Call upon our dame aloud,  
And bid her quickly don her shroud!  
Much you had of land and rent;  
Your length in clay's now competent:  
A long war disturbed your mind;  
Here your perfect peace is signed.  
Of what is't fools make such vain keeping?  
Sin their conception, their birth weeping,

Their life a general mist of error,  
 Their death a hideous storm of terror.  
 Strew your hair with powders sweet,  
 Don clean linen, bathe your feet,  
 And (the foul fiend more to check)  
 A crucifix let bless your neck :  
 'Tis now full tide 'tween night and day ;  
 End your groan, and come away.

*Cari.* Hence, villains, tyrants, murderers ! alas !  
 What will you do with my lady ?—Call for help.

*Duch.* To whom ? to our next neighbours ? they  
 are mad-folks.

*Bos.* Remove that noise.

*Duch.* Farewell, Cariola.

In my last will I have not much to give :  
 A many hungry guests have fed upon me ;  
 Thine will be a poor reversion.

*Cari.* I will die with her,

*Duch.* I pray thee, look thou giv'st my little boy  
 Some syrup for his cold, and let the girl  
 Say her prayers ere she sleep.

[*CARIOLA is forced out by the Executioners.*

Now what you please :

What death ?

*Bos.* Strangling ; here are your executioners.

*Duch.* I forgive them :

The apoplexy, catarrh, or cough o' the lungs,  
 Would do as much as they do.

*Bos.* Doth not death fright you ?

*Duch.* Who would be afraid on't,  
 Knowing to meet such excellent company  
 In the other world ?

*Bos.* Yet, methinks,

The manner of your death should much afflict you :  
 This cord should terrify you.

*Duch.* Not a whit :

What would it pleasure me to have my throat cut

With diamonds? or to be smotherèd  
 With cassia? or to be shot to death with pearls?  
 I know death hath ten thousand several doors  
 For men to take their exits; and 'tis found  
 They go on such strange geometrical hinges,  
 You may open them both ways; any way, for  
 Heaven sake,

So I were out of your whispering. Tell my brothers  
 That I perceive death, now I am well awake,  
 Best gift is they can give or I can take.  
 I would fain put off my last woman's fault,  
 I'd not be tedious to you.

*1st Execut.* We are ready.

*Duch.* Dispose my breath how please you; but my  
 Bestow upon my women, will you? [body

*1st Execut.* Yes.

*Duch.* Pull, and pull strongly, for your able  
 Must pull down Heaven upon me:— [strength  
 Yet stay; Heaven-gates are not so highly arched  
 As princes' palaces; they that enter there  
 Must go upon their knees [*Kneels*].—Come, violent  
 Serve for mandragora to make me sleep!— [death,  
 Go tell my brothers, when I am laid out,  
 They then may feed in quiet.

[*The Executioners strangle the DUCHESS.*<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> "She has lived among horrors till she is become 'native and endowed unto that element.' She speaks the dialect of despair, her tongue has a smatch of Tartarus and the souls in bale. What are 'Luke's iron crown,' the brazen bull of Perillus, Procrustes' bed, to the waxen images which counterfeit death, to the wild masque of madmen, the tomb-maker, the bell-man, the living person's dirge, the mortification by degrees! To move a horror skilfully, to touch a soul to the quick, to lay upon fear as much as it can bear, to wean and weary a life till it is ready to drop, and then step in with mortal instruments to take its last forfeit; this only a Webster can do. Writers of an inferior genius may 'upon horror's head horrors accumulate,' but they cannot do this. They mistake quantity for quality, they 'terrify babes with painted devils,' but they know not how a soul is capable of being moved; their terrors want dignity, their affrightments are without decorum."—C. Lamb, *Spec. of Eng. Dram. Poets.*

*Bos.* Where's the waiting woman?  
Fetch her: some other strangle the children.

[*CARIOLA and Children are brought in by the Executioners; who presently strangle the Children.*]

Look you, there sleeps your mistress.

*Cari.* O, you are damned  
Perpetually for this! My turn is next,  
Is't not so ordered?

*Bos.* Yes, and I am glad  
You are so well prepared for't.

*Cari.* You are deceived, sir,  
I am not prepared for't, I will not die;  
I will first come to my answer, and know  
How I have offended.

*Bos.* Come, despatch her.—  
You kept her counsel; now you shall keep ours.

*Cari.* I will not die, I must not; I am contracted  
To a young gentleman.

*1st Execut.* Here's your wedding-ring.

*Cari.* Let me but speak with the duke; I'll  
discover

Treason to his person.

*Bos.* Delays:—throttle her.

*1st Execut.* She bites and scratches.

*Cari.* If you kill me now,  
I am damned; I have not been at confession  
This two years.

*Bos.* [*to Executioners*]. When?

*Cari.* I am quick with child.

*Bos.* Why, then,  
Your credit's saved.

[*The Executioners strangle CARIOLA.*  
Bear her into the next room;

Let these lie still.

[*Exeunt the Executioners with the  
body of CARIOLA.*]

*Enter FERDINAND.*

*Ferd.* Is she dead ?

*Bos.* She is what

You'd have her. But here begin your pity :

[*Shows the Children strangled.*]

Alas, how have these offended ?

*Ferd.* The death

Of young wolves is never to be pitied.

*Bos.* Fix your eye here.

*Ferd.* Constantly.

*Bos.* Do you not weep ?

Other sins only speak ; murder shrieks out :

The element of water moistens the earth,

But blood flies upwards and bedews the heavens.

*Ferd.* Cover her face ; mine eyes dazzle : she died

*Bos.* I think not so ; her infelicity [young.

Seemed to have years too many.

*Ferd.* She and I were twins ;

And should I die this instant, I had lived

Her time to a minute.

*Bos.* It seems she was born first :

You have bloodily approved the ancient truth,

That kindred commonly do worse agree

Than remote strangers.

*Ferd.* Let me see her face

Again. Why didst not thou pity her ? what

An excellent honest man mightst thou have been,

If thou hadst born her to some sanctuary !

Or, bold in a good cause, opposed thyself,

With thy advancèd sword above thy head,

Between her innocence and my revenge !

I bade thee, when I was distracted of my wits,

Go kill my dearest friend, and thou hast done't.

For let me but examine well the cause :

What was the meanness of her match to me ?

Only I must confess I had a hope,

Had she continued widow, to have gained

An infinite mass of treasure by her death :  
 And what was the main cause ? her marriage,  
 That drew a stream of gall quite through my heart.  
 For thee, as we observe in tragedies  
 That a good actor many times is cursed  
 For playing a villain's part, I hate thee for't,  
 And, for my sake, say, thou hast done much ill well:

*Bos.* Let me quicken your memory, for I perceive  
 You are falling into ingratitude : I challenge  
 The reward due to my service.

*Ferd.* I'll tell thee  
 What I'll give thee.

*Bos.* Do.

*Ferd.* I'll give thee a pardon  
 For this murder.

*Bos.* Ha !

*Ferd.* Yes, and 'tis  
 The largest bounty I can study to do thee.  
 By what authority didst thou execute  
 This bloody sentence ?

*Bos.* By yours.

*Ferd.* Mine ! was I her judge ?  
 Did any ceremonial form of law  
 Doom her to not-being ? did a complete jury  
 Deliver her conviction up i' the court ?  
 Where shalt thou find this judgment registered,  
 Unless in hell ? See, like a bloody fool,  
 Thou'st forfeited thy life, and thou shalt die for't.

*Bos.* The office of justice is perverted quite  
 When one thief hangs another. Who shall dare  
 To reveal this ?

*Ferd.* O, I'll tell thee ;  
 The wolf shall find her grave, and scrape it up,  
 Not to devour the corpse, but to discover  
 The horrid murder.<sup>1</sup>

*Bos.* You, not I, shall quake for't.

<sup>1</sup> This was a common superstition of the time.



*Ferd.* Leave me.

*Bos.* I will first receive my pension.

*Ferd.* You are a villain.

*Bos.* When your ingratitude

Is judge, I am so.

*Ferd.* O horror,

That not the fear of him which binds the devils

Can prescribe man obedience!—

Never look upon me more.

*Bos.* Why, fare thee well.

Your brother and yourself are worthy men :

You have a pair of hearts are hollow graves,

Rotten, and rotting others ; and your vengeance,

Like two chained bullets, still goes arm in arm :

You may be brothers ; for treason, like the plague,

Doth take much in a blood. I stand like one

That long hath ta'en a sweet and golden dream :

I am angry with myself, now that I wake.

*Ferd.* Get thee into some unknown part o' the

That I may never see thee.

[world,

*Bos.* Let me know

Wherefore I should be thus neglected. Sir,

I served your tyranny, and rather strove

To satisfy yourself than all the world :

And though I loathed the evil, yet I loved .

You that did counsel it ; and rather sought

To appear a true servant than an honest man.

*Ferd.* I'll go hunt the badger by owl-light :

'Tis a deed of darkness.

[Exit.

*Bos.* He's much distracted. Off, my painted

honour !

While with vain hopes our faculties we tire,

We seem to sweat in ice and freeze in fire.

What would I do, were this to do again ?

I would not change my peace of conscience

For all the wealth of Europe.—She stirs ; here's

life :—

Return, fair soul, from darkness, and lead mine  
 Out of this sensible hell:—she's warm, she  
 breathes:—

Upon thy pale lips I will melt my heart,  
 To store them with fresh colour.—Who's there!  
 Some cordial drink!—Alas! I dare not call:  
 So pity would destroy pity.—Her eye opes,  
 And Heaven in it seems to ope, that late was shut,  
 To take me up to mercy.

*Duch.* Antonio!

*Bos.* Yes, madam, he is living;  
 The dead bodies you saw were but feigned statues:  
 He's reconciled to your brothers; the Pope hath  
 The atonement. [wrought

*Duch.* Mercy! [Dies.

*Bos.* O, she's gone again! there the cords of life  
 O sacred innocence, that sweetly sleeps [broke.  
 On turtles' feathers, whilst a guilty conscience  
 Is a black register wherein is writ  
 All our good deeds and bad, a perspective  
 That shows us hell! That we cannot be suffered  
 To do good when we have a mind to it!  
 This is manly sorrow;  
 These tears, I am very certain, never grew  
 In my mother's milk: my estate is sunk  
 Below the degree of fear: where were  
 These penitent fountains while she was living?  
 O, they were frozen up! Here is a sight  
 As direful to my soul as is the sword  
 Unto a wretch hath slain his father. Come,  
 I'll bear thee hence,  
 And execute thy last will; that's deliver  
 Thy body to the reverend dispose  
 Of some good women: that the cruel tyrant  
 Shall not deny me. Then I'll post to Milan,  
 Where somewhat I will speedily enact  
 Worth my dejection. [Exit.



ACT THE FIFTH.

SCENE I.—*A Public Place in Milan.*

*Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.*



NT. What think you of my hope of  
reconcilement

To the Arragonian brethren ?

*Delio.* I misdoubt it ;

For though they have sent their  
letters of safe-conduct

For your repair to Milan, they appear  
But nets to entrap you. The Marquis of Pescara,  
Under whom you hold certain land in cheat,  
Much 'gainst his noble nature hath been moved  
To seize those lands ; and some of his dependants  
Are at this instant making it their suit  
To be invested in your revenues.  
I cannot think they mean well to your life  
That do deprive you of your means of life,  
Your living.

*Ant.* You are still an heretic  
To any safety I can shape myself.

*Delio.* Here comes the marquis : I will make  
myself  
Petitioner for some part of your land,  
To know whither it is flying.

*Ant.* I pray do.

*Enter PESCARA.**Delio.* Sir, I have a suit to you.*Pes.* To me?*Delio.* An easy one :

There is the citadel of Saint Bennet,  
 With some demesnes, of late in the possession  
 Of Antonio Bologna,—please you bestow them on  
 me.

*Pes.* You are my friend ; but this is such a suit,  
 Nor fit for me to give, nor you to take.

*Delio.* No, sir ?

*Pes.* I will give you ample reason for't  
 Soon in private :—here's the cardinal's mistress.

*Enter JULIA.*

*Julia.* My lord, I am grown your poor petitioner,  
 And should be an ill beggar, had I not  
 A great man's letter here, the cardinal's,  
 To court you in my favour. [*Gives a letter.*]

*Pes.* He entreats for you  
 The citadel of Saint Bennet, that belonged  
 To the banished Bologna.

*Julia.* Yes.

*Pes.* I could not have thought of a friend I could  
 Pleasure with it : 'tis yours. [*rather*]

*Julia.* Sir, I thank you ;  
 And he shall know how doubly I am engaged  
 Both in your gift, and speediness of giving  
 Which makes your grant the greater. [*Exit.*]

*Ant.* How they fortify  
 Themselves with my ruin !

*Delio.* Sir, I am  
 Little bound to you.

*Pes.* Why ?

*Delio.* Because you denied this suit to me, and  
 To such a creature. [*gave't*]

*Pes.* Do you know what it was ?

It was Antonio's land ; not forfeited  
 By course of law, but ravished from his throat  
 By the cardinal's entreaty : it were not fit  
 I should bestow so main a piece of wrong  
 Upon my friend ; 'tis a gratification  
 Only due to a strumpet, for it is injustice.  
 Shall I sprinkle the pure blood of innocents  
 To make those followers I call my friends  
 Look ruddier upon me ? I am glad  
 This land, ta'en from the owner by such wrong,  
 Returns again unto so foul an use  
 As salary for his lust. Learn, good Delio,  
 To ask noble things of me, and you shall find  
 I'll be a noble giver

*Delio.* You instruct me well,

*Ant.* Why, here's a man now would fright im-  
 From sauciest beggars. [pudence

*Pes.* Prince Ferdinand's come to Milan,  
 Sick, as they give out, of an apoplexy ;  
 But some say 'tis a frenzy : I am going  
 To visit him. • [Exit.

*Ant.* 'Tis a noble old fellow.

*Delio.* What course do you mean to take, Antonio ?

*Ant.* This night I mean to venture all my fortune,  
 Which is no more than a poor lingering life,  
 To the cardinal's worst of malice : I have got  
 Private access to his chamber ; and intend  
 To visit him about the mid of night,  
 As once his brother did our noble duchess.  
 It may be that the sudden apprehension  
 Of danger,—for I'll go in mine own shape,—  
 When he shall see it fraught<sup>1</sup> with love and duty,  
 May draw the poison out of him, and work  
 A friendly reconciliation : if it fail,  
 Yet it shall rid me of this infamous calling ;  
 For better fall once than be ever falling.

<sup>1</sup> Fraught.

*Delio.* I'll second you in all danger ; and, howe'er,  
My life keeps rank with yours.

*Ant.* You are still my loved and best friend.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE II.—*A Gallery in the Cardinal's Palace  
at Milan.*

*Enter PESCARA and Doctor.*

*Pes.* Now, doctor, may I visit your patient ?

*Doc.* If't please your lordship : but he's instantly  
To take the air here in the gallery  
By my direction.

*Pes.* Pray thee, what's his disease ?

*Doc.* A very pestilent disease, my lord,  
They call lycanthropia.

*Pes.* What's that ?

I need a dictionary to't.

*Doc.* I'll tell you.

In those that are possessed with't there o'erflows  
Such melancholy humour they imagine  
Themselves to be transformed into wolves ;  
Steal forth to churchyards in the dead of night,  
And dig dead bodies up : as two nights since  
One met the duke 'bout midnight in a lane  
Behind Saint Mark's church, with the leg of a man  
Upon his shoulder ; and he howled fearfully ;  
Said he was a wolf, only the difference  
Was, a wolf's skin was hairy on the outside,  
His on the inside ; bade them take their swords,  
Rip up his flesh, and try : straight I was sent for,  
And, having ministered to him, found his grace  
Very well recovered.

*Pes.* I am glad on't.

*Doc.* Yet not without some fear  
Of a relapse. If he grow to his fit again,

I'll go a nearer way to work with him .  
 Than ever Paracelsus dreamed of ; if  
 They'll give me leave, I'll buffet his madness out of  
 Stand aside ; he comes. [him.

*Enter* FERDINAND, Cardinal, MALATESTI, and  
 BOSOLA.

*Ferd.* Leave me.

*Mal.* Why doth your lordship love this solitariness ?

*Ferd.* Eagles commonly fly alone : they are crows,  
 daws, and starlings that flock together. Look,  
 what's that follows me ?

*Mal.* Nothing, my lord.

*Ferd.* Yes.

*Mal.* 'Tis your shadow.

*Ferd.* Stay it ; let it not haunt me.

*Mal.* Impossible, if you move, and the sun shine.

*Ferd.* I will throttle it.

[*Throws himself down on his shadow.*

*Mal.* O, my lord, you are angry with nothing.

*Ferd.* You are a fool : how is't possible I should  
 catch my shadow, unless I fall upon't ? When I go  
 to hell, I mean to carry a bribe ; for, look you, good  
 gifts evermore make way for the worst persons.

*Pes.* Rise, good my lord.

*Ferd.* I am studying the art of patience.

*Pes.* 'Tis a noble virtue.

*Ferd.* To drive six snails before me from this  
 town to Moscow ; neither use goad nor whip to  
 them, but let them take their own time ;— the  
 patient'st man i' the world match me for an experi-  
 ment ;—and I'll crawl after like a sheep-biter.

*Card.* Force him up. [*They raise him.*

*Ferd.* Use me well, you were best. What I have  
 done, I have done : I'll confess nothing.

*Doc.* Now let me come to him.—Are you mad, my  
 lord ? are you out of your princely wits ?

*Ferd.* What's he ?

*Pes.* Your doctor.

*Ferd.* Let me have his beard sawed off, and his eyebrows filed more civil.

*Doc.* I must do mad tricks with him, for that's the only way on't.—I have brought your grace a salamander's skin to keep you from sun-burning.

*Ferd.* I have cruel sore eyes.

*Doc.* The white of a cockatrix's egg is present remedy.

*Ferd.* Let it be a new laid one, you were best.—Hide me from him : physicians are like kings,—They brook no contradiction.

*Doc.* Now he begins to fear me : now let me alone with him.

*Card.* How now ! put off your gown !

*Doc.* Let me have some forty urinals filled with rose-water : he and I'll go pelt one another with them.—Now he begins to fear me.—Can you fetch a frisk, sir?—Let him go, let him go, upon my peril : I find by his eye he stands in awe of me ; I'll make him as tame as a dormouse.

*Ferd.* Can you fetch your frisks, sir !—I will stamp him into a cullis, flay off his skin, to cover one of the anatomies<sup>1</sup> this rogue hath set i' the cold yonder in Barber-Surgeon's-hall. — Hence, hence ! you are all of you like beasts for sacrifice : there's nothing left of you but tongue and belly, flattery and lechery. [Exit.

*Pes.* Doctor, he did not fear you thoroughly.

*Doc.* True ; I was somewhat too forward.

*Bos.* Mercy upon me, what a fatal judgment Hath fall'n upon this Ferdinand !

*Pes.* Knows your grace  
What accident hath brought unto the prince  
This strange distraction ?

<sup>1</sup> Skeletons.



*Card.* [*Aside.*] I must feign somewhat. — Thus they say it grew.

You have heard it rumoured, for these many years  
None of our family dies but there is seen  
The shape of an old woman, which is given  
By tradition to us to have been murdered  
By her nephews for her riches. Such a figure  
One night, as the prince sat up late at's book,  
Appeared to him; when crying out for help,  
The gentlemen of's chamber found his grace  
All on a cold sweat, altered much in face  
And language: since which apparition,  
He hath grown worse and worse, and I much fear  
He cannot live.

*Bos.* Sir, I would speak with you.

*Pcs.* We'll leave your grace,  
Wishing to the sick prince, our noble lord,  
All health of mind and body.

*Card.* You are most welcome.

[*Excunt* PESCARA, MALATESTI, and Doctor.  
Are you come? so.—*Aside.*] This fellow must not  
By any means I had intelligence [know  
In our duchess' death: for, though I counselled it,  
The full of all the engagement seemed to grow  
From Ferdinand.—Now, sir, how fares our sister?  
I do not think but sorrow makes her look  
Like to an oft-dyed garment: she shall now  
Taste comfort from me. Why do you look so wildly?  
O, the fortune of your master here the prince  
Dejects you; but be you of happy comfort:  
If you'll do one thing for me I'll entreat,  
Though he had a cold tombstone o'er his bones,  
I'd make you what you would be.

*Bos.* Any thing;  
Give it me in a breath, and let me fly to't:  
They that think long small expedition win,  
For musing much o' the end cannot begin

*Enter JULIA.*

*Julia.* Sir, will you come in to supper ?

*Card.* I am busy ; leave me.

*Julia.* [*Aside.*] What an excellent shape hath that fellow ! *[Exit.*

*Card.* 'Tis thus. Antonio lurks here in Milan :  
Inquire him out, and kill him. While he lives,  
Our sister cannot marry ; and I have thought  
Of an excellent match for her. Do this, and style me  
Thy advancement.

*Bos.* But by what means shall I find him out ?

*Card.* There is a gentleman called Delio  
Here in the camp, that hath been long approved  
His loyal friend. Set eye upon that fellow ;  
Follow him to mass ; may be Antonio,  
Although he do account religion  
But a school-name, for fashion of the world  
May accompany him ; or else go inquire out  
Delio's confessor, and see if you can bribe  
Him to reveal it. There are a thousand ways  
A man might find to trace him ; as to know  
What fellows haunt the Jews for taking up  
Great sums of money, for sure he's in want ;  
Or else to go to the picture-makers, and learn  
Who bought her picture lately : some of these  
Happily may take.

*Bos.* Well, I'll not freeze i' the business :  
I would see that wretched thing, Antonio,  
Above all sights i' the world.

*Card.* Do, and be happy. *[Exit.*

*Bos.* This fellow doth breed basilisks in's eyes,  
He's nothing else but murder ; yet he seems  
Not to have notice of the duchess' death.  
'Tis his cunning : I must follow his example ;  
There cannot be a surer way to trace  
Than that of an old fox.

*Re-enter JULIA.*

*Julia.* So, sir, you are well met.

*Bos.* How now!

*Julia.* Nay, the doors are fast enough:  
Now, sir, I will make you confess your treachery.

*Bos.* Treachery!

*Julia.* Yes, confess to me  
Which of my women 'twas you hired to put  
Love-powder into my drink?

*Bos.* Love-powder!

*Julia.* Yes, when I was at Malfi.  
Why should I fall in love with such a face else?  
I have already suffered for thee so much pain,  
The only remedy to do me good  
Is to kill my longing.

*Bos.* Sure, your pistol holds  
Nothing but perfumes or kissing-comfits.<sup>1</sup>  
Excellent lady!

You have a pretty way on't to discover  
Your longing. Come, come, I'll disarm you,  
And arm you thus: yet this is wondrous strange.

*Julia.* Compare thy form and my eyes together,  
You'll find my love no such great miracle.  
Now you'll say  
I am wanton: this nice modesty in ladies  
Is but a troublesome familiar  
That haunts them.

*Bos.* Know you me, I am a blunt soldier.

*Julia.* The better:  
Sure, there wants fire where there are no lively  
Of roughness. [sparks]

*Bos.* And I want compliment.

*Julia.* Why, ignorance  
In courtship cannot make you do amiss,  
If you have a heart to do well.

*Bos.* You are very fair.

<sup>1</sup> Sugar-plums perfumed for sweetening the breath.

*Julia.* Nay, if you lay beauty to my charge,  
I must plead unguilty.

*Bos.* Your bright eyes  
Carry a quiver of darts in them sharper  
Than sunbeams.

*Julia.* You will mar me with commendation,  
Put yourself to the charge of courting me,  
Whereas now I woo you.

*Bos.* [*Aside.*] I have it, I will work upon this  
Let us grow most amorously familiar: [creature.—  
If the great cardinal now should see me thus,  
Would he not count me a villain?

*Julia.* No; he might count me a wanton,  
Not lay a scruple of offence on you;  
For if I see and steal a diamond,  
The fault is not i' the stone, but in me the thief  
That purloins it. I am sudden with you:  
We that are great women of pleasure use to cut off  
These uncertain wishes and unquiet longings,  
And in an instant join the sweet delight  
And the pretty excuse together. Had you been i' the  
Under my chamber-window, even there [street,  
I should have courted you.

*Bos.* O, you are an excellent lady!

*Julia.* Bid me do somewhat for you presently  
To express I love you.

*Bos.* I will; and if you love me,  
Fail not to effect it.  
The cardinal is grown wondrous melancholy;  
Demand the cause, let him not put you off  
With feigned excuse; discover the main ground on't.

*Julia.* Why would you know this?

*Bos.* I have depended on him,  
And I hear that he is fall'n in some disgrace  
With the emperor: if he be, like the mice  
That forsake falling houses, I would shift  
To other dependance.

*Julia.* You shall not need  
Follow the wars : I'll be your maintenance.

*Bos.* And I your loyal servant : but I cannot  
Leave my calling.

*Julia.* Not leave an ungrateful  
General for the love of a sweet lady !  
You are like some cannot sleep in feather-beds,  
But must have blocks for their pillows.

*Bos.* Will you do this ?

*Julia.* Cunningly.

*Bos.* To-morrow I'll expect the intelligence.

*Julia.* To-morrow ! get you into my cabinet ;  
You shall have it with you. Do not delay me,  
No more than I do you : I am like one  
That is condemned ; I have my pardon promised,  
But I would see it sealed. Go, get you in :  
You shall see me wind my tongue about his heart  
Like a skein of silk. [Exit BOSOLA.]

*Re-enter Cardinal.*

*Card.* Where are you ?

*Enter Servants.*

*Servants.* Here.

*Card.* Let none, upon your lives, have conference  
With the Prince Ferdinand, unless I know it.—

[*Aside.*] In this distraction he may reveal

The murder. [*Exeunt Servants.*]

Yond's my lingering consumption :  
I am weary of her, and by any means  
Would be quit of.

*Julia.* How now, my lord ! what ails you ?

*Card.* Nothing.

*Julia.* O, you are much altered :  
Come, I must be your secretary, and remove  
This lead from off your bosom : what's the matter ?

*Card.* I may not tell you.

*Julia.* Are you so far in love with sorrow

You cannot part with part of it? or think you  
 I cannot love your grace when you are sad  
 As well as merry? or do you suspect  
 I, that have been a secret to your heart  
 These many winters, cannot be the same  
 Unto your tongue?

*Card.* Satisfy thy longing,—  
 The only way to make thee keep my counsel  
 Is, not to tell thee.

*Julia.* Tell your echo this,  
 Or flatterers, that like echoes still report  
 What they hear though most imperfect, and not me;  
 For if that you be true unto yourself,  
 I'll know:

*Card.* Will you rack me?

*Julia.* No, judgment shall  
 Draw it from you: it is an equal fault,  
 To tell one's secrets unto all or none.

*Card.* The first argues folly.

*Julia.* But the last tyranny.

*Card.* Very well: why, imagine I have committed  
 Some secret deed which I desire the world  
 May never hear of.

*Julia.* Therefore may not I know it?  
 You have concealed for me as great a sin  
 As adultery. Sir, never was occasion  
 For perfect trial of my constancy  
 Till now: sir, I beseech you—

*Card.* You'll repent it.

*Julia.* Never.

*Card.* It hurries thee to ruin: I'll not tell thee.  
 Be well advised, and think what danger 'tis  
 To receive a prince's secrets: they that do,  
 Had need have their breasts hooped with adamant  
 To contain them. I pray thee, yet be satisfied;  
 Examine thine own frailty; 'tis more easy  
 To tie knots than unloose them: 'tis a secret

That, like a lingering poison, may chance lie  
Spread in thy veins, and kill thee seven year hence.

*Julia.* Now you dally with me.

*Card.* No more; thou shalt know it.

By my appointment the great Duchess of Malfi  
And two of her young children, four nights since,  
Were strangled.

*Julia.* O Heaven! sir, what have you done!

*Card.* How now? how settles this? think you your  
Will be a grave dark and obscure enough [bosom  
For such a secret?

*Julia.* You have undone yourself, sir.

*Card.* Why?

*Julia.* It lies not in me to conceal it.

*Card.* No?

Come, I will swear you to't upon this book.

*Julia.* Most religiously.

*Card.* Kiss it. [*She kisses the book.*]

Now you shall never utter it; thy curiosity  
Hath undone thee: thou'rt poisoned with that book;  
Because I knew thou couldst not keep my counsel,  
I have bound thee to't by death.

*Re-enter BOSOLA.*

*Bos.* For pity-sake, hold!

*Card.* Ha, Bosola!

*Julia.* I forgive you

This equal piece of justice you have done;  
For I betrayed your counsel to that fellow:  
He overheard it; that was the cause I said  
It lay not in me to conceal it.

*Bos.* O foolish woman,  
Couldst not thou have poisoned him?

*Julia.* 'Tis weakness,  
Too much to think what should have been done.

I go,

I know not whither.

[*Dies.*]

*Card.* Wherefore com'st thou hither ?

*Bos.* That I might find a great man like yourself,  
Not out of his wits as the Lord Ferdinand,  
To remember my service.

*Card.* I'll have thee hewed in pieces.

*Bos.* Make not yourself such a promise of that life  
Which is not yours to dispose of.

*Card.* Who placed thee here ?

*Bos.* Her lust, as she intended.

*Card.* Very well :

Now you know me for your fellow-murderer.

*Bos.* And wherefore should you lay fair marble  
Upon your rotten purposes to me ? [colours  
Unless you imitate some that do plot great treasons,  
And when they have done, go hide themselves i' the  
Of those were actors in't ? [graves

*Card.* No more ; there is  
A fortune attends thee.

*Bos.* Shall I go sue to Fortune any longer ?  
'Tis the fool's pilgrimage.

*Card.* I have honours in store for thee.

*Bos.* There are many ways that conduct to seeming  
And some of them very dirty ones. [honour,

*Card.* Throw to the devil  
Thy melancholy. The fire burns well ;  
What need we keep a stirring of't, and make  
A greater smother ? Thou wilt kill Antonio ?

*Bos.* Yes.

*Card.* Take up that body.

*Bos.* I think I shall  
Shortly grow the common bier for churchyards.

*Card.* I will allow thee some dozen of attendants  
To aid thee in the murder.

*Bos.* O, by no means. Physicians that apply  
horse-leeches to any rank swelling use to cut off  
their tails, that the blood may run through them  
the faster : let me have no train when I go to shed



blood, lest it make me have a greater when I ride to the gallows.

*Card.* Come to me after midnight, to help to remove

That body to her own lodging: I'll give out  
She died o' the plague; 'twill breed the less inquiry  
After her death.

*Bos.* Where's Castruccio her husband?

*Card.* He's rode to Naples, to take possession  
Of Antonio's citadel.

*Bos.* Believe me, you have done a very happy turn.

*Card.* Fail not to come: there is the master-key  
Of our lodgings; and by that you may conceive  
What trust I plant in you.

*Bos.* You shall find me ready. [*Exit Cardinal.*  
O poor Antonio, though nothing be so needful  
To thy estate as pity, yet I find  
Nothing so dangerous; I must look to my footing:  
In such slippery ice-pavements men had need  
To be frost-nailed well, they may break their necks  
The precedent's here afore me. How this man [*else*;  
Bears up in blood! seems fearless! Why, 'tis well:  
Security some men call the suburbs of hell,  
Only a dead wall between. Well, good Antonio,  
I'll seek thee out; and all my care shall be  
To put thee into safety from the reach  
Of these most cruel biters that have got  
Some of thy blood already. It may be,  
I'll join with thee in a most just revenge:  
The weakest arm is strong enough that strikes  
With the sword of justice. Still methinks the duchess  
Haunts me: there, there!—'Tis nothing but my  
melancholy.

O Penitence, let me truly taste thy cup,  
That throws men down only to raise them up! [*Exit.*



SCENE III.—*A Fortification at Milan.**Enter ANTONIO and DELIO.*

*Delio.* Yond's the cardinal's window. This fortification  
 Grew from the ruins of an ancient abbey;  
 And to yond side o' the river lies a wall,  
 Piece of a cloister, which in my opinion  
 Gives the best echo that you ever heard,  
 So hollow and so dismal, and withal  
 So plain in the distinction of our words,  
 That many have supposed it is a spirit  
 That answers.

*Ant.* I do love these ancient ruins.  
 We never tread upon them but we set  
 Our foot upon some reverend history:  
 And, questionless, here in this open court,  
 Which now lies naked to the injuries  
 Of stormy weather, some men lie interred  
 Loved the church so well, and gave so largely to't,  
 They thought it should have canopied their bones  
 Till doomsday; but all things have their end:  
 Churches and cities, which have diseases like to men,  
 Must have like death that we have.

*Echo.* "Like death that we have."

*Delio.* Now the echo hath caught you.

*Ant.* It groaned, methought, and gave  
 A very deadly accent.

*Echo.* "Deadly accent."

*Delio.* I told you 'twas a pretty one: you may  
 make it  
 A huntsman, or a falconer, a musician,  
 Or a thing of sorrow.

*Echo.* "A thing of sorrow."

*Ant.* Ay, sure, that suits it best.

*Echo.* "That suits it best."

*Ant.* 'Tis very like my wife's voice.

*Echo.* "Ay, wife's voice."

*Delio.* Come, let us walk further from't.

I would not have you go to the cardinal's to-night :  
Do not.

*Echo.* "Do not."

*Delio.* Wisdom doth not more moderate wasting  
sorrow

Than time: take time for't; be mindful of thy safety.

*Echo.* "Be mindful of thy safety."

*Ant.* Necessity compels me:

Make scrutiny throughout the passages  
Of your own life, you'll find it impossible  
To fly your fate.

*Echo.* "O, fly your fate."

*Delio.* Hark! the dead stones seem to have pity on  
And give you good counsel. [you,

*Ant.* Echo, I will not talk with thee,  
For thou art a dead thing.

*Echo.* "Thou art a dead thing."

*Ant.* My duchess is asleep now,  
And her little ones, I hope sweetly: O Heaven,  
Shall I never see her more?

*Echo.* "Never see her more."

*Ant.* I marked not one repetition of the echo  
But that; and on the sudden a clear light  
Presented me a face folded in sorrow.

*Delio.* Your fancy merely.

*Ant.* Come, I'll be out of this ague,  
For to live thus is not indeed to live;  
It is a mockery and abuse of life:  
I will not henceforth save myself by halves;  
Lose all, or nothing.

*Delio.* Your own virtue save you!  
I'll fetch your eldest son, and second you:  
It may be that the sight of his own blood  
Spread in so sweet a figure may beget  
The more compassion. However, fare you well.

Though in our miseries Fortune have a part,  
 Yet in our noble sufferings she hath none:  
 Contempt of pain, that we may call our own.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE IV.—*An Apartment in the Cardinal's  
 Palace.*

*Enter* Cardinal, PESCARA, MALATESTI, RODERIGO, and  
 GRISOLAN.

*Card.* You shall not watch to-night by the sick  
 His grace is very well recovered. [prince;

*Mal.* Good my lord, suffer us.

*Card.* O, by no means;  
 The noise, and change of object in his eye,  
 Doth more distract him: I pray, all to bed;  
 And though you hear him in his violent fit,  
 Do not rise, I entreat you.

*Pes.* So, sir; we shall not.

*Card.* Nay, I must have you promise  
 Upon your honours, for I was enjoined to't  
 By himself; and he seemed to urge it sensibly.

*Pes.* Let our honours bind this trifle.

*Card.* Nor any of your followers.

*Mal.* Neither.

*Card.* It may be, to make trial of your promise,  
 When he's asleep, myself will rise and feign  
 Some of his mad tricks, and cry out for help,  
 And feign myself in danger.

*Mal.* If your throat were cutting,  
 I'd not come at you, now I have protested against it.

*Card.* Why, I thank you.

*Gris.* 'Twas a foul storm to-night. [osier.

*Rod.* The Lord Ferdinand's chamber shook like an

*Mal.* 'Twas nothing but pure kindness in the devil,  
 To rock his own child. [*Exeunt all except the* Cardinal.]

*Card.* The reason why I would not suffer these  
 About my brother, is, because at midnight  
 I may with better privacy convey  
 Julia's body to her own lodging. O, my conscience!  
 I would pray now; but the devil takes away my heart  
 For having any confidence in prayer.  
 About this hour I appointed Bosola  
 To fetch the body: when he hath served my turn,  
 He dies. [Exit.

*Enter BOSOLA.*

*Bos.* Ha! 'twas the cardinal's voice; I heard him  
 name  
 Bosola and my death. Listen; I hear one's footing.

*Enter FERDINAND.*

*Ferd.* Strangling is a very quiet death.

*Bos.* [*Aside.*] Nay, then, I see I must stand upon  
 my guard.

*Ferd.* What say you to that? whisper softly; do  
 you agree to't? So; it must be done i' the dark:  
 the cardinal would not for a thousand pounds the  
 doctor should see it. [Exit.

*Bos.* My death is plotted; here's the consequence  
 of murder.

We value not desert nor Christian breath, [death.  
 When we know black deeds must be cured with

*Enter ANTONIO and Servant.*

*Serv.* Here stay, sir, and be confident, I pray:  
 I'll fetch you a dark lantern. [Exit.

*Ant.* Could I take him at his prayers,  
 There were hope of pardon.

*Bos.* Fall right, my sword!— [Stabs him.  
 I'll not give thee so much leisure as to pray.

*Ant.* O, I am gone! Thou hast ended a long suit  
 In a minute.

*Bos.* What art thou ?

*Ant.* A most wretched thing,  
That only have thy benefit in death,  
To appear myself.

*Re-enter Servant with a lantern.*

*Serv.* Where are you, sir ?

*Ant.* Very near my home.—Bosola !

*Serv.* O, misfortune !

*Bos.* Smother thy pity, thou art dead else.—  
Antonio !

The man I would have saved 'bove mine own life !  
We are merely the stars' tennis-balls, struck and  
bandied

Which way please them.—O good Antonio,  
I'll whisper one thing in thy dying ear  
Shall make thy heart break quickly ! thy fair  
duchess and two sweet children—

*Ant.* Their very names  
Kindle a little life in me.

*Bos.* Are murdered.

*Ant.* Some men have wished to die  
At the hearing of sad things ; I am glad  
That I shall do't in sadness :<sup>1</sup> I would not now  
Wish my wounds balmed nor healed, for I have no use  
To put my life to. In all our quest of greatness,  
Like wanton boys, whose pastime is their care,  
We follow after bubbles blown in the air.  
Pleasure of life, what is't ? only the good hours  
Of an ague ; merely a preparative to rest,  
To endure vexation. I do not ask  
The process of my death ; only commend me  
To Delio.

*Bos.* Break, heart !

*Ant.* And let my son fly the courts of princes. [*Dies.*]

*Bos.* Thou seem'st to have loved Antonio ?

<sup>1</sup>*i.e.* Earnest.

*Serv.* I brought him hither,  
To have reconciled him to the cardinal.

*Bos.* I do not ask thee that.

Take him up, if thou tender thine own life,  
And bear him where the lady Julia  
Was wont to lodge.—O, my fate moves swift ;  
I have this cardinal in the forge already ;  
Now I'll bring him to the hammer. O direful mis-  
I will not imitate things glorious, [prison!  
No more than base ; I'll be mine own example.—  
On, on, and look thou represent, for silence,  
The thing thou bear'st. [Exeunt.



SCENE V.—*Another Apartment in the same.*

*Enter Cardinal, with a book.*

*Card.* I am puzzled in a question about hell :  
He says, in hell there's one material fire,  
And yet it shall not burn all men alike.  
Lay him by. How tedious is a guilty conscience !  
When I look into the fish-ponds in my garden,  
Methinks I see a thing armed with a rake,  
That seems to strike at me.

*Enter BOSOLA, and Servant bearing ANTONIO'S body.*

Now, art thou come ?

Thou look'st ghastly :  
There sits in thy face some great determination  
Mixed with some fear.

*Bos.* Thus it lightens into action :  
I am come to kill thee.

*Card.* Ha !—Help ! our guard !

*Bos.* Thou art deceived ;  
They are out of thy howling.

*Card.* Hold ; and I will faithfully divide  
Revenues with thee.

*Bos.* Thy prayers and proffers  
Are both unseasonable.

*Card.* Raise the watch! we are betrayed!

*Bos.* I have confined your flight :  
I'll suffer your retreat to Julia's chamber,  
But no further.

*Card.* Help! we are betrayed!

*Enter, above, PESCARA, MALATESTI, RODERIGO, and  
GRISOLAN.*

*Mal.* Listen.

*Card.* My dukedom for rescue!

*Rod.* Fie upon his counterfeiting!

*Mal.* Why, 'tis not the cardinal.

*Rod.* Yes, yes, 'tis he:

But I'll see him hanged ere I'll go down to him.

*Card.* Here's a plot upon me; I am assaulted! I  
Unless some rescue. [am lost,

*Gris.* He doth this pretty well;

But it will not serve to laugh me out of mine honour.

*Card.* The sword's at my throat!

*Rod.* You would not bawl so loud then.

*Mal.* Come, come, let's go

To bed: he told us thus much aforehand.

*Pes.* He wished you should not come at him; but,  
The accent of the voice sounds not in jest: [believe't,  
I'll down to him, howsoever, and with engines  
Force open the doors. [Exit above.

*Rod.* Let's follow him aloof,

And note how the cardinal will laugh at him.

[Exeunt, above, MALATESTI, RODERIGO,  
and GRISOLAN.

*Bos.* There's for you first,  
'Cause you shall not unbarricade the door  
To let in rescue. [Kills the Servant.

*Card.* What cause hast thou to pursue my life?

*Bos.* Look there.

*Card.* Antonio!



*Bos.* Slain by my hand unwittingly.  
Pray, and be sudden: when thou killed'st thy sister,  
Thou took'st from Justice her most equal balance,  
And left her naught but her sword.

*Card.* O, mercy! [ward;

*Bos.* Now it seems thy greatness was only out-  
For thou fall'st faster of thyself than calamity  
Can drive thee. I'll not waste longer time; there!

[Stabs him.

*Card.* Thou hast hurt me.

*Bos.* Again! [Stabs him again.

*Card.* Shall I die like a leveret,  
Without any resistance?—Help, help, help!  
I am slain!

*Enter FERDINAND.*

*Ferd.* The alarum! give me a fresh horse;  
Rally the vaunt-guard, or the day is lost.  
Yield, yield! I give you the honour of arms,  
Shake my sword over you; will you yield?

*Card.* Help me; I am your brother!

*Ferd.* The devil!

My brother fight upon the adverse party!

[He wounds the Cardinal, and, in the  
scuffle, gives BOSOLA his death-wound.

There flies your ransom.

*Card.* O justice!

I suffer now for what hath former bin:  
Sorrow is held the eldest child of sin.

*Ferd.* Now you're brave fellows. Cæsar's fortune  
was harder than Pompey's; Cæsar died in the arms  
of prosperity, Pompey at the feet of disgrace. You  
both died in the field. The pain's nothing: pain  
many times is taken away with the apprehension of  
greater, as the toothache with the sight of the barber  
that comes to pull it out: there's philosophy for you.

*Bos.* Now my revenge is perfect.—Sink, thou main  
cause [Kills FERDINAND.

1  
1

F  
H  
B

Of my undoing!—The last part of my life  
Hath done me best service. [winded.

*Ferd.* Give me some wet hay; I am broken-  
I do account this world but a dog kennel:  
I will vault credit and affect high pleasures  
Beyond death.

*Bos.* He seems to come to himself,  
Now he's so near the bottom.

*Ferd.* My sister, O my sister! there's the cause  
on't.

Whether we fall by ambition, blood, or lust,  
Like diamonds we are cut with our own dust. [*Dies.*

*Card.* Thou hast thy payment too.

*Bos.* Yes, I hold my weary soul in my teeth;  
'Tis ready to part from me. I do glory  
That thou, which stood'st like a huge pyramid  
Begun upon a large and ample base,  
Shalt end in a little point, a kind of nothing.

*Enter below, PESCARA, MALATESTI, RODERIGO,  
and GRISOLAN.*

*Pes.* How now, my lord!

*Mal.* O sad disaster!

*Rod.* How comes this?

*Bos.* Revenge for the Duchess of Malfi murdered  
By the Arragonian brethren; for Antonio  
Slain by this hand; for lustful Julia  
Poisoned by this man; and lastly for myself,  
That was an actor in the main of all  
Much 'gainst mine own good nature, yet i' the end  
Neglected.

*Pes.* How now, my lord!

*Card.* Look to my brother:

He gave us these large wounds, as we were struggling  
Here i' the rushes.<sup>1</sup> And now, I pray, let me  
Be laid by and never thought of. [*Dies.*

<sup>1</sup> With which it was the custom to strew the floors.

*Pes.* How fatally, it seems, he did withstand  
His own rescue!

*Mal.* Thou wretched thing of blood  
How came Antonio by his death?

*Bos.* In a mist; I know not how:  
Such a mistake as I have often seen  
In a play. O, I am gone!  
We are only like dead walls or vaulted graves,  
That, ruined, yield no echo. Fare you well.  
It may be pain, but no harm, to me to die  
In so good a quarrel. O, this gloomy world!  
In what a shadow, or deep pit of darkness,  
Doth womanish and fearful mankind live!  
Let worthy minds ne'er stagger in distrust  
To suffer death or shame for what is just:  
Mine is another voyage. [Dies.

*Pes.* The noble Delio, as I came to the palace,  
Told me of Antonio's being here, and showed me  
A pretty gentleman, his son and heir.

*Enter DELIO and ANTONIO'S SON.*

*Mal.* O sir, you come too late!

*Delio.* I heard so, and  
Was armed for't, ere I came. Let us make noble use  
Of this great ruin; and join all our force  
To establish this young hopeful gentleman  
In's mother's right. These wretched eminent things  
Leave no more fame behind 'em, than should one  
Fall in a frost, and leave his print in snow;  
As soon as the sun shines, it ever melts,  
Both form and matter. I have ever thought  
Nature doth nothing so great for great men  
As when she's pleased to make them lords of truth:  
Integrity of life is fame's best friend,  
Which nobly, beyond death, shall crown the end.

[Exeunt.





*THE*  
*ATHEIST'S TRAGEDY;*  
OR,  
*THE HONEST MAN'S REVENGE.*







YRIL TOURNEUR'S *Atheist's Tragedy*, or, *the Honest Man's Revenge*, was first printed in 1611, "as in divers places it hath often been acted." It was probably written earlier than *The Revenger's Tragedy*. It was not printed again until 1792, and was subsequently included in Churton Collins's edition of Tourneur's works.





*DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.*

MONTFERRERS, a Baron

BELFOREST, a Baron.

D'AMVILLE, Brother of MONTFERRERS.

CHARLEMONT, Son of MONTFERRERS.

ROUSARD, elder Son of D'AMVILLE.

SEBASTIAN, younger Son of D'AMVILLE.

LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE, a Puritan, Chaplain to BELFOREST.

BORACHIO, D'AMVILLE's instrument.

FRESCO, Servant to CATAPLASMA.

Serjeant in war.

Soldiers, Servants, Watchmen, Judges, Officers.

LEVIDULCIA, Wife of BELFOREST.

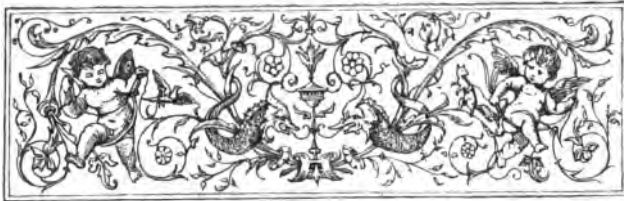
CASTABELLA, Daughter of BELFOREST.

CATAPLASMA, a Maker of Periwigs and Attires.

SOQUETTE, a seeming Gentlewoman to CATAPLASMA.

SCENE—FRANCE.





THE  
*ATHEIST'S TRAGEDY.*

---

ACT THE FIRST.

SCENE I.—*In the Grounds of D'AMVILLE'S Mansion.*

*Enter D'AMVILLE, BORACHIO, and Attendants.*



'AM. I saw my nephew Charle-  
mont but now  
Part from his father. Tell him I  
desire  
To speak with him. [*Exit* Servant.  
Borachio, thou art read  
In nature and her large philosophy.

Observ'st thou not the very self-same course  
Of revolution, both in man and beast ?

*Bor.* The same, for birth, growth, state, decay and  
Only a man's beholding to his nature [death ;  
For the better composition o' the two.

*D'Am.* But where that favour of his nature is  
Not full and free, you see a man becomes  
A fool, as little-knowing as a beast.

*Bor.* That shows there's nothing in a man above  
His nature ; if there were, considering 'tis



His being's excellency, 'twould not yield  
To nature's weakness.

*D'Am.* Then, if Death casts up  
Our total sum of joy and happiness,  
Let me have all my senses feasted in  
The abundant fulness of delight at once,  
And, with a sweet insensible increase  
Of pleasing surfeit, melt into my dust.

*Bor.* That revolution is too short, methinks.  
If this life comprehends our happiness,  
How foolish to desire to die so soon!  
And if our time runs home unto the length  
Of nature, how improvident it were  
To spend our substance on a minute's pleasure,  
And after, live an age in misery!

*D'Am.* So thou conclud'st that pleasure only flows  
Upon the stream of riches?

*Bor.* Wealth is lord  
Of all felicity.

*D'Am.* 'Tis, oracle.

For what's a man that's honest without wealth?

*Bor.* Both miserable and contemptible.

*D'Am.* He's worse, Borachio. For if charity  
Be an essential part of honesty,  
And should be practised first upon ourselves,  
Which must be granted, then your honest man  
That's poor, is most dishonest, for he is  
Uncharitable to the man whom he  
Should most respect. But what doth this touch me  
That seem to have enough?—thanks industry.  
'Tis true, had not my body spread itself  
Into posterity, perhaps I should  
Desire no more increase of substance, than  
Would hold proportion with mine own dimensions.  
Yet even in that sufficiency of state,  
A man has reason to provide and add.  
For what is he hath such a present eye,

And so prepared a strength, that can foresee,  
And fortify his substance and himself  
Against those accidents, the least whereof  
May rob him of an age's husbandry?  
And for my children, they are as near to me  
As branches to the tree whereon they grow;  
And may as numerously be multiplied.  
As they increase, so should my providence;  
For from my substance they receive the sap,  
Whereby they live and flourish.

*Bor.* Sir, enough.

I understand the mark wherewith you aim.

*Enter CHARLEMONT.*

*D'Am.* Silence, we are interrupted. Charlemont!

*Charl.* Good morrow, uncle.

*D'Am.* Noble Charlemont,  
Good morrow. Is not this the honoured day  
You purposed to set forward to the war?

*Charl.* My inclination did intend it so.

*D'Am.* And not your resolution?

*Charl.* Yes, my lord;  
Had not my father contradicted it.

*D'Am.* O noble war! Thou first original  
Of all man's honour, how dejectedly  
The baser spirit of our present time  
Hath cast itself below the ancient worth  
Of our forefathers, from whose noble deeds  
Ignobly we derive our pedigrees.

*Charl.* Sir, tax not me for his unwillingness.  
By the command of his authority  
My disposition's forced against itself.

*D'Am.* Nephew, you are the honour of our blood.  
The troop of gentry, whose inferior worth  
Should second your example, are become  
Your leaders; and the scorn of their discourse  
Turns smiling back upon your backwardness.

*Charl.* You need not urge my spirit by disgrace,  
 'Tis free enough ; my father hinders it.  
 To curb me, he denies me maintenance  
 To put me in the habit of my rank.  
 Unbind me from that strong necessity,—  
 And call me coward, if I stay behind.

*D'Am.* For want of means? Borachio, where's the  
 I'd disinherit my posterity [gold?  
 To purchase honour. 'Tis an interest  
 I prize above the principal of wealth.  
 I'm glad I had the occasion to make known  
 How readily my substance shall unlock  
 Itself to serve you. Here's a thousand crowns.

*Charl.* My worthy uncle, in exchange for this  
 I leave my bond ; so I am doubly bound ;  
 By that, for the repayment of this gold,  
 And by this gold, to satisfy your love.

*D'Am.* Sir, 'tis a witness only of my love,  
 And love doth always satisfy itself.  
 Now to your father, labour his consent,  
 My importunity shall second yours.  
 We will obtain it.

*Charl.* If entreaty fail,  
 The force of reputation shall prevail. [Exit.

*D'Am.* Go call my sons, that they may take their  
 Of noble Charlemont. Now, my Borachio! [leaves

*Bor.* The substance of our former argument  
 Was wealth.

*D'Am.* The question, how to compass it.

*Bor.* Young Charlemont is going to the war.

*D'Am.* O, thou begin'st to take me!

*Bor.* Mark me then.

Methinks the pregnant wit of man might make  
 The happy absence of this Charlemont  
 A subject of commodious providence.  
 He has a wealthy father, ready even  
 To drop into his grave. And no man's power,

When Charlemont is gone, can interpose  
'Twixt you and him.

*D'Am.* Thou hast apprehended both  
My meaning and my love. Now let thy trust,  
For undertaking and for secrecy  
Hold measure with thy amplitude of wit ;  
And thy reward shall parallel thy worth.

*Bor.* My resolution has already bound  
Me to your service.

*D'Am.* And my heart to thee.

*Enter ROUSARD and SEBASTIAN.*

Here are my sons.—

There's my eternity. My life in them  
And their succession shall for ever live.  
And in my reason dwells the providence  
To add to life as much of happiness.  
Let all men lose, so I increase my gain,  
I have no feeling of another's pain.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE II.—*An Apartment in MONTFERRERS'*  
*Mansion.*

*Enter MONTFERRERS and CHARLEMONT.*

*Mont.* I prithee, let this current of my tears  
Divert thy inclination from the war,  
For of my children thou art only left  
To promise a succession to my house.  
And all the honour thou canst get by arms  
Will give but vain addition to thy name ;  
Since from thy ancestors thou dost derive  
A dignity sufficient, and as great  
As thou hast substance to maintain and bear.  
I prithee, stay at home.

*Charl.* My noble father,

The weakest sigh you breathe hath power to turn  
 My strongest purpose, and your softest tear  
 To melt my resolution to as soft  
 Obedience; but my affection to the war  
 Is as hereditary as my blood  
 To every life of all my ancestry.  
 Your predecessors were your precedents.  
 And you are my example. Shall I serve  
 For nothing but a vain parenthesis  
 I' the honoured story of your family?  
 Or hang but like an empty scutcheon  
 Between the trophies of my predecessors,  
 And the rich arms of my posterity?  
 There's not a Frenchman of good blood and youth,  
 But either out of spirit or example  
 Is turned a soldier. Only Charlemont  
 Must be reputed that same heartless thing  
 That cowards will be bold to play upon.

*Enter D'AMVILLE, ROUSARD, and SEBASTIAN.*

*D'Am.* Good morrow, my lord.

*Mont.* Morrow, good brother.

*Charl.* Good morrow, uncle.

*D'Am.* Morrow, kind nephew. [morning?

What, ha' you washed your eyes wi' tears this

Come, by my soul, his purpose does deserve

Your free consent;—your tenderness dissuades him.

What to the father of a gentleman

Should be more tender than the maintenance

And the increase of honour to his house?

My lord, here are my boys. I should be proud

That either this were able, or that inclined

To be my nephew's brave competitor.

*Mont.* Your importunities have overcome.

Pray God my forced grant prove not ominous!

*D'Am.* We have obtained it.—Ominous! in what?

It cannot be in anything but death.

And I am of a confident belief  
 That even the time, place, manner of our deaths  
 Do follow Fate with that necessity  
 That makes us sure to die. And in a thing  
 Ordained so certainly unalterable,  
 What can the use of providence prevail ?

*Enter BELFOREST, LEVIDULCIA, CASTABELLA, and Attendants.*

*Bel.* Morrow, my Lord Montferrers, Lord D'Amville.

Good morrow, gentlemen. Cousin Charlemont,  
 Kindly good morrow. Troth, I was afear'd  
 I should ha' come too late to tell you that  
 I wish your undertakings a success  
 That may deserve the measure of their worth.

*Charl.* My lord, my duty would not let me go  
 Without receiving your commandments.

*Bel.* Accompliments are more for ornament  
 Then use. We should employ no time in them  
 But what our serious business will admit,

*Mont.* Your favour had by his duty been prevented  
 If we had not withheld him in the way.

*D'Am.* He was a coming to present his service ;  
 But now no more. The book invites to breakfast.  
 Wilt please your lordship enter ?—Noble lady !

[*Exeunt all except CHARLEMONT and CASTABELLA.*]

*Charl.* My noble mistress, this accomplishment  
 Is like an elegant and moving speech,  
 Composed of many sweet persuasive points,  
 Which second one another, with a fluent  
 Increase and confirmation of their force,  
 Reserving still the best until the last,  
 To crown the strong impulsion of the rest  
 With a full conquest of the hearer's sense ;  
 Because the impression of the last we speak  
 Doth always longest and most constantly

Possess the entertainment of remembrance.  
 So all that now salute my taking leave  
 Have added numerously to the love.  
 Wherewith I did receive their courtesy.  
 But you, dear mistress, being the last and best  
 That speaks my farewell, like the imperious close  
 Of a most sweet oration, wholly have  
 Possessed my liking, and shall ever live  
 Within the soul of my true memory.  
 So, mistress, with this kiss I take my leave.

*Cast.* My worthy servant, you mistake the intent  
 Of kissing. 'Twas not meant to separate  
 A pair of lovers, but to be the seal  
 Of love; importing by the joining of  
 Our mutual and incorporated breaths,  
 That we should breathe but one contracted life.  
 Or stay at home, or let me go with you.

*Charl.* My Castabella, for myself to stay,  
 Or you to go, would either tax my youth  
 With a dishonourable weakness, or  
 Your loving purpose with immodesty.

*Enter LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE.*

And, for the satisfaction of your love,  
 Here comes a man whose knowledge I have made  
 A witness to the contract of our vows,  
 Which my return, by marriage, shall confirm.

*Lang.* I salute you both with the spirit of copu-  
 lation, already informed of your matrimonial pur-  
 poses, and will testimony to the integrity—

*Cast.* O the sad trouble of my fearful soul!  
 My faithful servant, did you never hear  
 That when a certain great man went to the war,  
 The lovely face of Heaven was masqued with sorrow,  
 The sighing winds did move the breast of earth,  
 The heavy clouds hung down their mourning heads,  
 And wept sad showers the day that he went hence

As if that day presaged some ill success  
That fatally should kill his happiness.  
And so it came to pass. Methinks my eyes  
(Sweet Heaven forbid!) are like those weeping clouds,  
And as their showers presaged, so do my tears.  
Some sad event will follow my sad fears.

*Charl.* Fie, superstitious! Is it bad to kiss?

*Cast.* May all my fears hurt me no more than this!

*Lang.* Fie, fie, fie! these carnal kisses do stir up  
the concupiscences of the flesh.

*Enter BELFOREST and LEVIDULCIA.*

*Lev.* O! here's your daughter under her servant's  
lips.

*Charl.* Madam, there is no cause you should mistrust  
The kiss I gave; 'twas but a parting one.

*Lev.* A lusty blood! Now by the lip of love,  
Were I to choose your joining one for me—

*Bel.* Your father stays to bring you on the way.  
Farewell. The great commander of the war  
Prosper the course you undertake! Farewell.

*Charl.* My lord, I humbly take my leave.—Madam,  
I kiss your hand.—And your sweet lip.—[*To CASTABELLA.*] Farewell.

[*Exeunt BELFOREST, LEVIDULCIA, and CASTABELLA.*  
Her power to speak is perished in her tears.

Something within me would persuade my stay,  
But reputation will not yield unto't.

Dear sir, you are the man whose honest trust  
My confidence hath chosen for my friend.  
I fear my absence will discomfort her.

You have the power and opportunity  
To moderate her passion. Let her grief  
Receive that friendship from you, and your love  
Shall not repent itself of courtesy.

*Lang.* Sir, I want words and protestation to  
insinuate into your credit; but in plainness and



truth, I will qualify her grief with the spirit of consolation.

*Charl.* Sir, I will take your friendship up at use,  
And fear not that your profit shall be small ;  
Your interest shall exceed your principal. [Exit.

*Re-enter D'AMVILLE with BORACHIO.*

*D'Am.* Monsieur Languebeau ! happily encountered. The honesty of your conversation makes me request more interest in your familiarity.

*Lang.* If your lordship will be pleased to salute me without ceremony, I shall be willing to exchange my service for your favour ; but this worshipping kind of entertainment is a superstitious vanity ; in plainness and truth, I love it not.

*D'Am.* I embrace your disposition, and desire to give you as liberal assurance of my love as my Lord Belforest, your deserved favourer.

*Lang.* His lordship is pleased with my plainness and truth of conversation.

*D'Am.* It cannot displease him. In the behaviour of his noble daughter Castabella a man may read her worth and your instruction.

*Lang.* That gentlewoman is most sweetly modest, fair, honest, handsome, wise, well-born, and rich.

*D'Am.* You have given me her picture in small.

*Lang.* She's like your diamond ; a temptation in every man's eye, yet not yielding to any light impression herself.

*D'Am.* The praise is hers, but the comparison your own. [Gives him the ring.

*Lang.* You shall forgive me that, sir.

*D'Am.* I will not do so much at your request as forgive you it. I will only give you it, sir. By — you will make me swear.

*Lang.* O ! by no means. Profane not your lips with the foulness of that sin. I will rather take it.

To save your oath, you shall lose your ring.—Verily, my lord, my praise came short of her worth. She exceeds a jewel. This is but only for ornament : she both for ornament and use.

*D'Am.* Yet unprofitably kept without use. She deserves a worthy husband, sir. I have often wished a match between my elder son and her. The marriage would join the houses of Belforest and D'Amville into a noble alliance. [charity.

*Lang.* And the unity of families is a work of love and

*D'Am.* And that work an employment well becoming the goodness of your disposition.

*Lang.* If your lordship please to impose it upon me I will carry it without any second end ; the surest way to satisfy your wish.

*D'Am.* Most joyfully accepted. Rousard ! Here are letters to my Lord Belforest, touching my desire to that purpose.

*Enter ROUSARD, looking sickly.*

Rousard, I send you a suitor to Castabella. To this gentleman's discretion I commit the managing of your suit. His good success shall be most thankful to your trust. Follow his instructions ; he will be your leader.

*Lang.* In plainness and truth.

*Rous.* My leader ! Does your lordship think me too weak to give the onset myself ?

*Lang.* I will only assist your proceedings.

*Rous.* To say true, so I think you had need ; for a sick man can hardly get a woman's good will without help.

*Lang.* Charlemont, thy gratuity and my promises were both

But words, and both, like words, shall vanish into air. For thy poor empty hand I must be mute ; This gives me feeling of a better suit.

[*Exeunt* LANGUEBEAU and ROUSARD.]

*D'Am.* Borachio, didst precisely note this man ?

*Bor.* His own profession would report him pure.

*D'Am.* And seems to know if any benefit  
Arises of religion after death.

Yet but compare's profession with his life ;—

They so directly contradict themselves,  
As if the end of his instructions were  
But to divert the world from sin, that he  
More easily might ingross it to himself.

By that I am confirmed an atheist.

Well ! Charlemont is gone ; and here thou seest  
His absence the foundation of my plot.

*Bor.* He is the man whom Castabella loves.

*D'Am.* That was the reason I propounded him  
Employment, fixed upon a foreign place,  
To draw his inclination out o' the way.

*Bor.* It has left the passage of our practice free.

*D'Am.* This Castabella is a wealthy heir ;  
And by her marriage with my elder son  
My house is honoured and my state increased.  
This work alone deserves my industry ;  
But if it prosper, thou shalt see my brain  
Make this but an induction to a point  
So full of profitable policy,  
That it would make the soul of honesty  
Ambitious to turn villain.

*Bor.* I bespeak  
Employment in't. I'll be an instrument  
To grace performance with dexterity.

*D'Am.* Thou shalt. No man shall rob thee of the  
honour.

Go presently and buy a crimson scarf  
Like Charlemont's : prepare thee a disguise  
I' the habit of a soldier, hurt and lame ;  
And then be ready at the wedding feast,  
Where thou shalt have employment in a work  
Will please thy disposition.

*Bor.* As I vowed,  
Your instrument shall make your project proud.  
*D'Am.* This marriage will bring wealth. If that  
I will increase it though my brother bleed. [succeed,  
[*Exeunt.*



SCENE III.—*An Apartment in BELFOREST'S  
Mansion.*

*Enter CASTABELLA avoiding the importunity of  
ROUSARD.*

*Cast.* Nay, good sir; in troth, if you knew how  
little it pleases me, you would forbear it.

*Rous.* I will not leave thee till thou'st entertained  
me for thy servant.

*Cast.* My servant! You are sick you say. You  
would tax me of indiscretion to entertain one that is  
not able to do me service.

*Rous.* The service of a gentlewoman consists most  
in chamber work, and sick men are fittest for the  
chamber. I prithee give me a favour.

*Cast.* Methinks you have a very sweet favour of  
your own.

*Rous.* I lack but your black eye.

*Cast.* If you go to buffets among the boys, they'll  
give you one.

*Rous.* Nay, if you grow bitter I'll dispraise your  
black eye.

The gray-eyed morning makes the fairest day.

*Cast.* Now that you dissemble not, I could be  
willing to give you a favour. What favour would  
you have?

*Rous.* Any toy, any light thing.

*Cast.* Fie! Will you be so uncivil to ask a light  
thing at a gentlewoman's hand?

*Rous.* Wilt give me a bracelet o' thy hair then ?

*Cast.* Do you want hair, sir.

*Rous.* No, faith, I'll want no hair, so long as I can have it for money.

*Cast.* What would you do with my hair then ?

*Rous.* Wear it for thy sake, sweetheart.      [off ?

*Cast.* Do you think I love to have my hair worn

*Rous.* Come, you are so witty now and so sensible.

[*Kisses her.*

*Cast.* Tush, I would I wanted one o' my senses now !

*Rous.* Bitter again ? What's that ? Smelling ?

*Cast.* No, no, no. Why now y'are satisfied, I hope. I have given you a favour.

*Rous.* What favour ? A kiss ? I prithee give me another.

*Cast.* Show me that I gave it you then.

*Rous.* How should I show it ?

*Cast.* You are unworthy of a favour if you will not bestow the keeping of it one minute.

*Rous.* Well, in plain terms, dost love me ? That's the purpose of my coming.

*Cast.* Love you ? Yes, very well.

*Rous.* Give me thy hand upon't.

*Cast.* Nay, you mistake me. If I love you very well I must not love you now. For now y'are not very well, y'are sick.

*Rous.* This equivocation is for the jest now.

*Cast.* I speak't as 'tis now in fashion, in earnest. But I shall not be in quiet for you, I perceive, till I have given you a favour. Do you love me ?

*Rous.* With all my heart.

*Cast.* Then with all my heart I'll give you a jewel to hang in your ear.—Hark ye—I can never love you.      [*Exit.*

*Rous.* Call you this a jewel to hang in mine ear ? 'Tis no light favour, for I'll be sworn it comes some-

what heavily to me. Well, I will not leave her for all this. Methinks it animates a man to stand to't, when a woman desires to be rid of him at the first sight. [Exit.



SCENE IV.—*Another Apartment in the same.*

*Enter BELFOREST and LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE.*

*Bel.* I entertain the offer of this match  
With purpose to confirm it presently.  
I have already moved it to my daughter.  
Her soft excuses savoured at the first,  
Methought, but of a modest innocence  
Of blood, whose unmoved stream was never drawn  
Into the current of affection. But when I  
Replied with more familiar arguments,  
Thinking to make her apprehension bold,—  
Her modest blush fell to a pale dislike,  
And she refused it with such confidence,  
As if she had been prompted by a love  
Inclining firmly to some other man ;  
And in that obstinacy she remains.

*Lang.* Verily, that disobedience doth not become a child. It proceedeth from an unsanctified liberty. You will be accessory to your own dishonour if you suffer it.

*Bel.* Your honest wisdom has advised me well.  
Once more I'll move her by persuasive means.  
If she resist, all mildness set apart,  
I will make use of my authority.

*Lang.* And instantly, lest fearing your constraint  
Her contrary affection teach her some  
Device that may prevent you.

*Bel.* To cut off every opportunity  
Procrastination may assist her with  
This instant night she shall be married.

*Lang.* Best.

*Enter* CASTABELLA.

*Cast.* Please it your lordship, my mother attends  
I' the gallery, and desires your conference.

[*Exit* BELFOREST.

This means I used to bring me to your ear.

[*To* LANGUEBEAU.

Time cuts off circumstance ; I must be brief.  
To your integrity did Charlemont  
Commit the contract of his love and mine ;  
Which now so strong a hand seeks to divide,  
That if your grave advice assist me not,  
I shall be forced to violate my faith.

*Lang.* Since Charlemont's absence I have weighed  
his love with the spirit of consideration ; and in  
sincerity I find it to be frivolous and vain. With-  
draw your respect ; his affection deserveth it not.

*Cast.* Good sir, I know your heart cannot profane  
The holiness you make profession of  
With such a vicious purpose as to break  
The vow your own consent did help to make.

*Lang.* Can he deserve your love who in neglect  
Of your delightful conversation and  
In obstinate contempt of all your prayers  
And tears, absents himself so far from your  
Sweet fellowship, and with a purpose so  
Contracted to that absence that you see  
He purchases your separation with  
The hazard of his blood and life, fearing to want  
Pretence to part your companies.—  
'Tis rather hate that doth division move.  
Love still desires the presence of his love.—  
Verily he is not of the family of love.

*Cast.* O do not wrong him ! 'Tis a generous mind  
That led his disposition to the war :  
For gentle love and noble courage are  
So near allied, that one begets another ;  
Or Love is sister and Courage is the brother.

Could I affect him better then before,  
His soldier's heart would make me love him more.

*Lang.* But, Castabella—

*Enter LEVIDULCIA.*

*Lev.* Tush, you mistake the way into a woman.  
The passage lies not through her reason but her blood.

[*Exit LANGUEBEAU. CASTABELLA about to follow.*  
*Nay, stay! How wouldst thou call the child,  
That being raised with cost and tenderness  
To full hability of body and means,  
Denies relief unto the parents who  
Bestowed that bringing up?*

*Cast.* Unnatural.

*Lev.* Then Castabella is unnatural.  
Nature, the loving mother of us all,  
Brought forth a woman for her own relief  
By generation to revive her age;  
Which, now thou hast hability and means  
Presented, most unkindly dost deny.

*Cast.* Believe me, mother, I do love a man.

*Lev.* Preferr'st the affection of an absent love  
Before the sweet possession of a man;  
The barren mind before the fruitful body,  
Where our creation has no reference  
To man but in his body, being made  
Only for generation; which (unless  
Our children can be gotten by conceit)  
Must from the body come? If Reason were  
Our counsellor, we would neglect the work  
Of generation for the prodigal  
Expense it draws us to of that which is  
The wealth of life. Wise Nature, therefore, hath  
Reserved for an inducement to our sense  
Our greatest pleasure in that greatest work;  
Which being offered thee, thy ignorance  
Refuses, for the imaginary joy



Of an unsatisfied affection to  
 An absent man whose blood once spent i' the war  
 Then he'll come home sick, lame, and impotent,  
 And wed thee to a torment, like the pain  
 Of Tantalus, continuing thy desire  
 With fruitless presentation of the thing  
 It loves, still moved, and still unsatisfied.

*Enter* BELFOREST, D'AMVILLE, ROUSARD, SEBASTIAN,  
 LANGUEBEAU, &c.

*Bel.* Now, Levidulcia, hast thou yet prepared  
 My daughter's love to entertain this man  
 Her husband, here ?

*Lev.* I'm but her mother i' law ;  
 Yet if she were my very flesh and blood  
 I could advise no better for her<sup>1</sup> good.

*Rous.* Sweet wife,  
 Thy joyful husband thus salutes thy cheek.

*Cast.* My husband ? O ! I am betrayed.—  
 Dear friend of Charlemont, your purity  
 Professes a divine contempt o' the world ;  
 O be not bribed by that you so neglect,  
 In being the world's hated instrument,  
 To bring a just neglect upon yourself !

[*Kneels from one to another.*]

Dear father, let me but examine my  
 Affection.—Sir, your prudent judgment can  
 Persuade your son that 'tis improvident  
 To marry one whose disposition he  
 Did ne'er observe.—Good sir, I may be of  
 A nature so unpleasing to your mind,  
 Perhaps you'll curse the fatal hour wherein  
 You rashly married me.

*D'Am.* My Lord Belforest,  
 I would not have her forced against her choice.

*Bel.* Passion o' me, thou peevish girl ! I charge

<sup>1</sup> The quarto drops the "her."

Thee by my blessing, and the authority  
I have to claim thy obedience, marry him.

*Cast.* Now, Charlemont! O my presaging tears!  
This sad event hath followed my sad fears.

*Sebas.* A rape, a rape, a rape!

*Bel.* How now!

*D'Am.* What's that?

*Sebas.* Why what is't but a rape to force a wench  
To marry, since it forces her to lie  
With him she would not?

*Lang.* Verily his tongue is an unsanctified member.

*Sebas.* Verily

Your gravity becomes your perished soul  
As hoary mouldiness does rotten fruit.

*Bel.* Cousin, y'are both uncivil and profane.

*D'Am.* Thou disobedient villain, get thee out of  
my sight.

Now, by my soul, I'll plague thee for this rudeness.

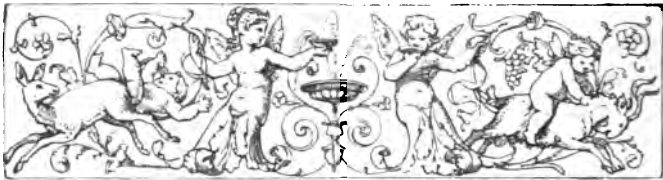
*Bel.* Come, set forward to the church.

[*Exeunt all except SEBASTIAN.*]

*Sebas.* And verify the proverb—The nearer the  
church the further from God.—Poor wench! For  
thy sake may his hability die in his appetite, that  
thou beest not troubled with him thou lovest not!  
May his appetite move thy desire to another man, so  
he shall help to make himself cuckold! And let that  
man be one that he pays wages to; so thou shalt  
profit by him thou hatest. Let the chambers be  
matted, the hinges oiled, the curtain rings silenced,  
and the chambermaid hold her peace at his own  
request, that he may sleep the quieter; and in that  
sleep let him be soundly cuckolded. And when he  
knows it, and seeks to sue a divorce, let him have no  
other satisfaction than this: He lay by and slept:  
the law will take no hold of her because he winked  
at it.

[*Exit.*]





## ACT THE SECOND.

SCENE I.—*The Banqueting Room in BELFOREST'S Mansion.*

*Night time. A Banquet set out. Music.*

*Enter D'AMVILLE, BELFOREST, LEVIDULCIA, ROUSARD, CASTABELLA, LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE, at one side. At the other side enter CATAPLASMA and SOQUETTE, ushered by FRESCO.*



EV. Mistress Cataplasma, I expected you an hour since.

*Cata.* Certain ladies at my house, madam, detained me; otherwise I had attended your ladyship sooner.

*Lev.* We are beholden to you for your company. My lord, I pray you bid these gentlewomen welcome; they're my invited friends.

*D'Am.* Gentlewomen, y'are welcome. Pray sit down.

*Lev.* Fresco, by my Lord D'Amville's leave, I prithee go into the buttery. Thou shalt find some o' my men there. If they bid thee not welcome they are very loggerheads.

*Fres.* If your loggerheads will not, your hogsheads shall, madam, if I get into the buttery. [*Exit.*]

*D'Am.* That fellow's disposition to mirth should

be our present example. Let's be grave, and meditate when our affairs require our seriousness. 'Tis out of season to be heavily disposed.

*Lev.* We should be all wound up into the key of

*D'Am.* The music there! [mirth.

*Bel.* Where's my Lord Montferrers? Tell him here's a room attends him.

*Enter* MONTFERRERS.

*Mont.* Heaven given your marriage that I am deprived of, joy!

*D'Am.* My Lord Belforest, Castabella's health!

[*D'AMVILLE drinks.*

Set ope the cellar doors, and let this health

Go freely round the house.—Another to

Your son, my lord; to noble Charlemont—

He is a soldier—Let the instruments

Of war congratulate his memory.

[*Drums and trumpets.*

*Enter a* Servant.

*Ser.* My lord, here's one, i' the habit of a soldier, says he is newly returned from Ostend, and has some business of import to speak.

*D'Am.* Ostend! let him come in. My soul foretells

He brings the news will make our music full.

My brother's joy would do't, and here comes he

Will raise it.

*Enter* BORACHIO *disguised.*

*Mont.* O my spirit, it does dissuade  
My tongue to question him, as if it knew  
His answer would displease.

*D'Am.* Soldier, what news?

We heard a rumour of a blow you gave

The enemy.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> At the siege of Ostend, which is described in Borachio's speech.

*Bor.* 'Tis very true, my lord.

*Bel.* Canst thou relate it ?

*Bor.* Yes.

*D'Am.* I prithee do.

*Bor.* The enemy, defeated of a fair  
 Advantage by a flatt'ring stratagem,  
 Plants all the artillery against the town ;  
 Whose thunder and lightning made our bulwarks  
 And threatened in that terrible report [shake,  
 The storm wherewith they meant to second it.  
 The assault was general. But, for the place  
 That promised most advantage to be forced,  
 The pride of all their army was drawn forth  
 And equally divided into front  
 And rear. They marched, and coming to a stand,  
 Ready to pass our channel at an ebb,  
 We advised it for our safest course, to draw  
 Our sluices up and mak't impassable.  
 Our governor opposed and suffered them  
 To charge us home e'en to the rampier's foot.  
 But when their front was forcing up our breach  
 At push o' pike, then did his policy  
 Let go the sluices, and tripped up the heels  
 Of the whole body of their troop that stood  
 Within the violent current of the stream.  
 Their front, beleaguered 'twixt the water and  
 The town, seeing the flood was grown too deep  
 To promise them a safe retreat, exposed  
 The force of all their spirits (like the last  
 Expiring gasp of a strong-hearted man)  
 Upon the hazard of one charge, but were  
 Oppressed, and fell. The rest that could not swim  
 Were only drowned ; but those that thought to 'scape  
 By swimming, were by murderers that flanked  
 The level of the flood, both drowned and slain.

*D'Am.* Now, by my soul, soldier, a brave service.

*Mont.* O what became of my dear Charlemont ?

*Bor.* Walking next day upon the fatal shore,  
 Among the slaughtered bodies of their men  
 Which the full-stomached sea had cast upon  
 The sands, it was my unhappy chance to light  
 Upon a face, whose favour<sup>1</sup> when' it lived,  
 My astonished mind informed me I had seen.  
 He lay in's armour, as if that had been  
 His coffin; and the weeping sea, like one  
 Whose milder temper doth lament the death  
 Of him whom in his rage he slew, runs up  
 The shore, embraces him, kisses his cheek,  
 Goes back again, and forces up the sands  
 To bury him, and every time it parts  
 Sheds tears upon him, till at last (as if  
 It could no longer endure to see the man  
 Whom it had slain, yet loth to leave him) with  
 A kind of unresolved unwilling pace,  
 Winding her waves-one in another, like  
 A man that folds his arms or wrings his hands  
 For grief, ebb'd from the body, and descends  
 As if it would sink down into the earth,  
 And hide itself for shame of such a deed.<sup>2</sup>

*D'Am.* And, soldier, who was this?

*Mont.* O Charlemont!

*Bor.* Your fear hath told you that, whereof my grief  
 Was loth to be the messenger.

*Cast.* O God!

[*Exit.*

*D'Am.* Charlemont drowned! Why how could  
 that be, since

It was the adverse party that received  
 The overthrow?

*Bor.* His forward spirit pressed into the front,

<sup>1</sup> Appearance. This meaning passes into that of countenance.

<sup>2</sup> This way of description, which seems unwilling ever to leave off weaving parenthesis within parenthesis, was brought to its height by Sir Philip Sidney. He seems to have set the example to Shakespeare. Many beautiful instances may be found all over the *Arcadia*. These bountiful wits always give full measure, pressed down and overflowing.—*Charles Lamb.*

And being engaged within the enemy  
 When they retreated through the rising stream,  
 I' the violent confusion of the throng  
 Was overborne, and perished in the flood.  
 And here's the sad remembrance of his life—the scarf,  
 Which, for his sake, I will for ever wear.

*Mont.* Torment me not with witnesses of that  
 Which I desire not to believe, yet must.

*D'Am.* Thou art a screech-owl and dost come i' the  
 To be the cursèd messenger of death. [night  
 Away! depart my house, or, by my soul,  
 You'll find me a more fatal enemy  
 Than ever was Ostend. Begone; dispatch!

*Bor.* Sir, 'twas my love.

*D'Am.* Your love to vex my heart  
 With that I hate?

Hark, do you hear, you knave?  
 O thou'rt a most delicate, sweet, eloquent villain!

*Bor.* Was't not well counterfeited? [Aside.

*D'Am.* Rarely.—[Aside.] Begone. I will not  
 here reply.

*Bor.* Why then, farewell. I will not trouble you.  
 [Exit.

*D'Am.* So. The foundation's laid. Now by degrees  
 [Aside.

The work will rise and soon be perfected.  
 O this uncertain state of mortal man!

*Bel.* What then? It is the inevitable fate  
 Of all things underneath the moon.

*D'Am.* 'Tis true.

Brother, for health's sake overcome your grief.

*Mont.* I cannot, sir. I am incapable  
 Of comfort. My turn will be next. I feel  
 Myself not well.

*D'Am.* You yield too much to grief.

*Lang.* All men are mortal. The hour of death is

uncertain. Age makes sickness the more dangerous, and grief is subject to distraction. You know not how soon you may be deprived of the benefit of sense. In my understanding, therefore, You shall do well if you be sick to set Your state in present order. Make your will.

*D'Am.* I have my wish. Lights for my brother.

*Mont.* I'll withdraw a while,  
And crave the honest counsel of this man.

*Bel.* With all my heart. I pray attend him, sir.

[*Exeunt* MONTFERRERS and SNUFFE.

This next room, please your lordship.

*D'Am.* Where you will.

[*Exeunt* BELFOREST and D'AMVILLE.

*Lev.* My daughter's gone. Come, son, Mistress Cataplasma, come, we'll up into her chamber. I'd fain see how she entertains the expectation of her husband's bedfellowship.

*Rou.* 'Faith, howsoever she entertains it, I Shall hardly please her; therefore let her rest.

*Lev.* Nay, please her hardly, and you please her best. [Exeunt.



SCENE II.—*The Hall in the same.*

*Enter three Servants, drunk, drawing in* FRESKO.

*1st Ser.* Boy! fill some drink, boy.

*Fres.* Enough, good sir; not a drop more by this light.

*2nd Ser.* Not by this light? Why then put out the candles and we'll drink i' the dark, and t'-to 't, old boy.

*Fres.* No, no, no, no, no.

*3rd Ser.* Why then take thy liquor. A health, Fresko! [Kneels.



*Fres.* Your health will make me sick, sir.

*1st Ser.* Then 'twill bring you o' your knees, I hope,

*Fres.* May I not stand and pledge it, sir? [sir.

*2nd Ser.* I hope you will do as we do.

*Fres.* Nay then, indeed I must not stand, for you

*3rd Ser.* Well said, old boy. [cannot.

*Fres.* Old boy! you'll make me a young child anon; for if I continue this I shall scarce be able to go alone.

*1st Ser.* My body is as weak as water, Fresco.

*Fres.* Good reason, sir. The beer has sent all the malt up into your brain and left nothing but the water in your body.

*Enter D'AMVILLE and BORACHIO, closely observing their drunkenness.*

*D'Am.* Borachio, seest those fellows?

*Bor.* Yes, my lord.

*D'Am.* Their drunkenness, that seems ridiculous, shall be a serious instrument to bring our sober purposes to their success.

*Bor.* I am prepared for the execution, sir.

*D'Am.* Cast off this habit and about it straight.

*Bor.* Let them drink healths and drown their brains i' the flood;

I promise them they shall be pledged in blood.

[*Exit.*

*1st Ser.* You ha' left a damnable snuff here.

*2nd Ser.* Do you take that in snuff, sir?

*1st Ser.* You are a damnable rogue then—

[*Together by the ears.*

*D'Am.* Fortune, I honour thee. My plot still rises

According to the model of mine own desires.

Lights for my brother — What ha' you drunk yourselves mad, you knaves?

*1st Ser.* My lord, the jacks abused me.

*D'Am.* I think they are the jacks<sup>1</sup> indeed that have abused thee. Dost hear? That fellow is a proud knave. He has abused thee. As thou goest over the fields by-and-by in lighting my brother home, I'll tell thee what shalt do. Knock him over the pate with thy torch. I'll bear thee out in't.

*1st Ser.* I will singe the goose by this torch. [*Exit.*

*D'Am.* [*To 2nd Servant.*] Dost hear, fellow?

Seest thou that proud knave.

I have given him a lesson for his sauciness.

He's wronged thee. I will tell thee what shalt do:

As we go over the fields by-and-by

Clap him suddenly o'er the coxcomb with

Thy torch. I'll bear thee out in't.

*2nd Ser.* I will make him understand as much. [*Exit.*

*Enter* LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE.

*D'Am.* Now, Monsieur Snuffe, what has my brother done?

*Lang.* Made his will, and by that will made you his heir with this proviso, that as occasion shall hereafter move him, he may revoke, or alter it when he pleases.

*D'Am.* Yes. Let him if he can.—I'll make it sure  
From his revoking. [*Aside.*

*Enter* MONTFERRERS and BELFOREST attended with  
*lights.*

*Mont.* Brother, now good night. [*fields.*

*D'Am.* The sky is dark; we'll bring you o'er the  
Who can but strike, wants wisdom to maintain;  
He that strikes safe and sure, has heart and brain.

[*Exeunt.*

<sup>1</sup> Play on the double meaning—clown, leathern flagon—of the word "jack."



SCENE III.—*An Apartment in the same.**Enter* CASTABELLA.

*Cas.* O love, thou chaste affection of the soul,  
 Without the adulterate mixture of the blood,  
 That virtue, which to goodness addeth good,—  
 The minion of Heaven's heart. Heaven! is't my  
 For loving that thou lov'st, to get thy hate, [fate  
 Or was my Charlemont thy chosen love,  
 And therefore hast received him to thyself?  
 Then I confess thy anger's not unjust.  
 I was thy rival. Yet to be divorced  
 From love, has been a punishment enough  
 (Sweet Heaven!) without being married unto hate,  
 Hadst thou been pleased,—O double misery,—  
 Yet, since thy pleasure hath inflicted it,  
 If not my heart, my duty shall submit.

*Enter* LEVIDULCIA, ROUSARD, CATAPLASMA, SOQUETTE,  
*and* FRESCO *with a lanthorn.*

*Lev.* Mistress Cataplasma, good night. I pray  
 when your man has brought you home, let him  
 return and light me to my house.

*Cata.* He shall instantly wait upon your ladyship.

*Lev.* Good Mistress Cataplasma! for my servants  
 are all drunk, I cannot be beholden to 'em for their  
 attendance.

[*Exeunt* CATAPLASMA, SOQUETTE, *and* FRESCO.  
 O here's your bride!

*Rous.* And melancholic too, methinks.

*Lev.* How can she choose? Your sickness will  
 Distaste the expected sweetness o' the night  
 That makes her heavy.

*Rous.* That should make her light.

*Lev.* Look you to that.

*Cast.* What sweetness speak you of?  
 The sweetness of the night consists in rest.

*Rous.* With that sweetness thou shalt be surely  
blest

Unless my groaning wake thee. Do not moan.

*Lev.* She'd rather you would wake, and make her  
groan.

*Rous.* Nay 'troth, sweetheart, I will not trouble  
Thou shalt not lose thy maidenhead to-night. [thee.

*Cast.* O might that weakness ever be in force,  
I never would desire to sue divorce.

*Rous.* Wilt go to bed?

*Cast.* I will attend you, sir.

*Rous.* Mother, good night.

*Lev.* Pleasure be your bedfellow.

[*Exeunt ROUSARD and CASTABELLA.*

Why sure their generation was asleep  
When she begot those dormice, that she made  
Them up so weakly and imperfectly.  
One wants desire, the t'other ability,  
When my affection even with their cold bloods  
(As snow rubbed through an active hand does make  
The flesh to burn) by agitation is  
Inflamed, I could embrace and entertain  
The air to cool it.

*Enter SEBASTIAN.*

*Sebas.* That but mitigates  
The heat ; rather embrace and entertain  
A younger brother ; he can quench the fire.

*Lev.* Can you so, sir ? Now I beshrew your ear.  
Why, bold Sebastian, how dare you approach  
So near the presence of your displeas'd father ?

*Sebas.* Under the protection of his present absence.

*Lev.* Belike you knew he was abroad then ?

*Sebas.* Yes.

Let me encounter you so : I'll persuade  
Your means to reconcile me to his loves.

*Lev.* Is that the way ? I understand you not.

But for your reconciliation meet me at home ;  
I'll satisfy your suit.

*Sebas.* Within this half-hour ? [*Exit.*

*Lev.* Or within this whole hour. When you will.—  
A lusty blood ! has both the presence and spirit of a  
man. I like the freedom of his behaviour.  
—Ho !—Sebastian ! Gone ?—Has set  
My blood o' boiling i' my veins. And now,  
Like water poured upon the ground that mixes  
Itself with every moisture it meets, I could  
Clasp with any man.

*Enter FRESKO with a lanthorn.*

O, Fresco, art thou come ?  
If t'other fail, then thou art entertained.  
Lust is a spirit, which whosoe'er doth raise,  
The next man that encounters boldly, lays. [*Exeunt.*



SCENE IV.—*A Country Road near a Gravel Pit.*  
*Night time.*

*Enter BORACHIO warily and hastily over the Stage*  
*with a stone in either hand.*

*Bor.* Such stones men use to raise a house upon,  
But with these stones I go to ruin one. [*Descends.*

*Enter two Servants drunk, fighting with their torches ;*  
*D'AMVILLE, MONTFERRERS, BELFOREST, and*  
*LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE.*

*Bel.* Passion o' me, you drunken knaves ! You'll  
The lights out. [*put*

*D'Am.* No, my lord ; they are but in jest.

*1st Ser.* Mine's out.

*D'Am.* Then light it at his head,—that's light  
enough.—

'Fore God, they are out. You drunken rascals, back  
And light 'em.

*Bel.* 'Tis exceeding dark. [*Exeunt Servants.*]

*D'Am.* No matter ;

I am acquainted with the way. Your hand.  
Let's easily walk. I'll lead you till they come.

*Mont.* My soul's oppressed with grief. 'T lies  
My heart. O my departed son, ere long [*heavy at*  
I shall be with thee !

[*D'AMVILLE thrusts him down into the gravel pit.*]

*D'Am.* Marry, God forbid !

*Mont.* O, O, O !

*D'Am.* Now all the host of Heaven forbid !  
Knaves ! Rogues !

*Bel.* Pray God he be not hurt. He's fallen into  
the gravel pit. [*knaves !*]

*D'Am.* Brother ! dear brother ! Rascals ! villains !

*Re-enter Servants with lights.*

Eternal darkness damn you ! come away !  
Go round about into the gravel pit,  
And help my brother up. Why what a strange  
Unlucky night is this ! Is't not, my lord ?  
I think that dog that howled the news of grief,  
That fatal screech-owl, ushered on this mischief.

[*Exit Servants and Re-enter with the  
murdered body.*]

*Lang.* Mischief indeed, my lord. Your brother's

*Bel.* He's dead ? [*dead !*]

*Ser.* He's dead !

*D'Am.* Dead be your tongues ! Drop out  
Mine eye-balls and let envious Fortune play  
At tennis with 'em. Have I lived to this ?  
Malicious Nature, hadst thou borne me blind,  
Thou hadst yet been something favourable to me.  
No breath ? no motion ? Prithee tell me, Heaven,  
Hast shut thine eye to wink at murder ; or

Hast put this sable garment on to mourn  
At's death ?

Not one poor spark in the whole spacious sky  
Of all that endless number would vouchsafe  
To shine ?—You viceroys to the king of Nature,  
Whose constellations govern mortal births,  
Where is that fatal planet ruled at his  
Nativity ? that might ha' pleased to light him out,  
As well as into the world, unless it be  
Ashamèd I have been the instrument  
Of such a good man's cursèd destiny.—

*Bel.* Passion transports you. Recollect yourself.  
Lament him not. Whether our deaths be good  
Or bad, it is not death, but life that tries.  
He lived well ; therefore, questionless, well dies.

*D'Am.* Ay, 'tis an easy thing for him that has  
No pain, to talk of patience. Do you think  
That Nature has no feeling ?

*Bel.* Feeling ? Yes.  
But has she purposed anything for nothing ?  
What good receives this body by your grief ?  
Whether is't more unnatural, not to grieve  
For him you cannot help with it, or hurt  
Yourself with grieving, and yet grieve in vain ?

*D'Am.* Indeed, had he been taken from me like  
A piece o' dead flesh, I should neither ha' felt it  
Nor grieved for't. But come hither, pray look here.  
Behold the lively tincture of his blood !  
Neither the dropsy nor the jaundice in't,  
But the true freshness of a sanguine red,  
For all the fog of this black murderous night  
Has mixed with it. For anything I know  
He might ha' lived till doomsday, and ha' done  
More good than either you or I. O brother !  
He was a man of such a native goodness,  
As if regeneration had been given  
Him in his mother's womb. So harmless

That rather than ha' trod upon a worm  
 He would ha' shunned the way.  
 So dearly pitiful that ere the poor  
 Could ask his charity with dry eyes he gave 'em  
 Relief with tears—with tears—yes, faith, with tears.

*Bel.* Take up the corpse. For wisdom's sake let  
 reason fortify this weakness.

*D'Am.* Why, what would you ha' me do? Foolish  
 Will have her course in spite o' wisdom. But [Nature  
 I have e'en done. All these words were  
 But a great wind; and now this shower of tears  
 Has laid it, I am calm again. You may  
 Set forward when you will. I'll follow you  
 Like one that must and would not.

*Lang.* Our opposition will but trouble him.

*Bel.* The grief that melts to tears by itself is spent;  
 Passion resisted grows more violent.

[*Exeunt all except D'AMVILLE. BORACHIO ascends.*]

*D'Am.* Here's a sweet comedy. 'T begins with *O  
 Dolentis*<sup>1</sup> and concludes with ha, ha, he!

*Bor.* Ha, ha, he!

*D'Am.* O my echo! I could stand  
 Reverberating this sweet musical air  
 Of joy till I had perished my sound lungs  
 With violent laughter. Lonely night-raven,  
 Thou hast seized a carcass.

*Bor.* Put him out on's pain.  
 I lay so fitly underneath the bank,  
 From whence he fell, that ere his faltering tongue  
 Could utter double O, I knocked out's brains  
 With this fair ruby, and had another stone,  
 Just of this form and bigness, ready; that  
 I laid i' the broken skull upon the ground  
 For's pillow, against the which they thought he fell  
 And perished.

<sup>1</sup> With the O of one in pain. An odd and tragical application  
 of a rule from the Latin grammar.—*Collins.*



*D'Am.* Upon this ground I'll build my manor  
house;

And this shall be the chiefest corner stone.

*Bor.* 'T has crowned the most judicious murder  
The brain of man was e'er delivered of. [that

*D'Am.* Ay, mark the plot. Not any circumstance  
That stood within the reach of the design  
Of persons, dispositions, matter, time, or place  
But by this brain of mine was made  
An instrumental help; yet nothing from  
The induction to the accomplishment seemed forced,  
Or done o' purpose, but by accident.

*Bor.* First, my report that Charlemont was dead,  
Though false, yet covered with a mask of truth.

*D'Am.* Ay, and delivered in as fit a time  
When all our minds so wholly were possessed  
With one affair, that no man would suspect  
A thought employed for any second end.

*Bor.* Then the precisian<sup>1</sup> to be ready, when  
Your brother spake of death, to move his will.

*D'Am.* His business called him thither, and it fell  
Within his office unrequested to't.  
From him it came religiously, and saved  
Our project from suspicion which if I  
Had moved, had been endangered.

*Bor.* Then your healths,  
Though seeming but the ordinary rites  
And ceremonies due to festivals—

*D'Am.* Yet used by me to make the servants drunk,  
An instrument the plot could not have missed.  
'Twas easy to set drunkards by the ears,  
They'd nothing but their torches to fight with,  
And when those lights were out—

*Bor.* Then darkness did  
Protect the execution of the work  
Both from prevention and discovery.

<sup>1</sup> Sanctified Puritan.

*D'Am.* Here was a murder bravely carried through  
The eye of observation, unobserved.

*Bor.* And those that saw the passage of it made  
The instruments, yet knew not what they did.

*D'Am.* That power of rule philosophers ascribe  
To him they call the Supreme of the stars  
Making their influences governors  
Of sublunary creatures, when themselves  
Are senseless of their operations.

What ! *[Thunder and lightning.*

Dost start at thunder ? Credit my belief  
'Tis a mere effect of Nature—an exhalation hot  
And dry involved within a watery vapour  
I' the middle region of the air ; whose coldness,  
Congealing that thick moisture to a cloud,  
The angry exhalation, shut within  
A prison of contrary quality,  
Strives to be free and with the violent  
Eruption through the grossness of that cloud,  
Makes this noise we hear.

*Bor.* 'Tis a fearful noise.

*D'Am.* 'Tis a brave noise, and methinks  
Graces our accomplished project as  
A peal of ordnance does a triumph. It speaks  
Encouragement. Now Nature shows thee how  
It favoured our performance, to forbear  
This noise when we set forth, because it should  
Not terrify my brother's going home,  
Which would have dashed our purpose,—to forbear  
This lightning in our passage lest it should  
Ha' warned him o' the pitfall.  
Then propitious Nature winked  
At our proceedings : now it doth express  
How that forbearance favoured our success.

*Bor.* You have confirmed me. For it follows well  
That Nature, since herself decay doth hate,  
Should favour those that strengthen their estate.

*D'Am.* Our next endeavour is, since on the false Report that Charlemont is dead depends The fabric of the work, to credit that With all the countenance we can.

*Bor.* Faith, sir,  
Even let his own inheritance, whereof You have dispossessed him, countenance the act. Spare so much out of that to give him a Solemnity of funeral. 'Twill quit The cost, and make your apprehension of His death appear more confident and true.

*D'Am.* I'll take thy counsel. Now farewell, black Thou beauteous mistress of a murderer. [Night ; To honour thee that hast accomplished all I'll wear thy colours at his funeral. [Exeunt.



SCENE V.—LEVIDULCIA'S *Apartment.*

*Enter LEVIDULCIA manned*<sup>1</sup> *by FRESKO.*

*Lev.* Thou art welcome into my chamber, Fresco. Prithee shut the door.—Nay, thou mistakest me. Come in and shut it.

*Fres.* 'Tis somewhat late, madam.

*Lev.* No matter. I have somewhat to say to thee. What, is not thy mistress towards a husband yet ?

*Fres.* Faith, madam, she has suitors, but they will not suit her, methinks. They will not come off lustily, it seems.

*Lev.* They will not come on lustily, thou wouldst say.

*Fres.* I mean, madam they are not rich enough.

*Lev.* But ay, Fresco, they are not bold enough. Thy mistress is of a lively attractive blood, Fresco,

<sup>1</sup> To man is to attend or escort.

and in truth she is of my mind for that. A poor spirit is poorer than a poor purse. Give me a fellow that brings not only temptation with him, but has the activity of wit and audacity of spirit to apply every word and gesture of a woman's speech and behaviour to his own desire, and make her believe she's the suitor herself; never give back till he has made her yield to it.

*Fres.* Indeed among our equals, madam; but otherwise we shall be put horribly out o' countenance.

*Lev.* Thou art deceived, Fresco. Ladies are as courteous as yeomen's wives, and methinks they should be more gentle. Hot diet and soft ease makes 'em like wax always kept warm, more easy to take impression.—Prithee, untie my shoe.—What, art thou shamfaced too? Go roundly to work, man. My leg is not gouty: 'twill endure the feeling, I warrant thee. Come hither, Fresco; thine ear. S'dainty, I mistook the place, I missed thine ear and hit thy lip.

*Fres.* Your ladyship has made me blush.

*Lev.* That shows thou art full o' lusty blood and thou knowest not how to use it. Let me see thy hand. Thou shouldst not be shamefaced by thy hand, Fresco. Here's a brawny flesh and a hairy skin, both signs of an able body. I do not like these phlegmatic, smooth-skinned, soft-fleshed fellows. They are like candied suckets<sup>1</sup> when they begin to perish, which I would always empty my closet of, and give 'em my chambermaid.—I have some skill in palmistry: by this line that stands directly against me thou shouldst be near a good fortune, Fresco, if thou hadst the grace to entertain it.

*Fres.* O what is that, madam, I pray?

*Lev.* No less than the love of a fair lady, if thou dost not lose her with faint-heartedness.

<sup>1</sup> Preserves, sweetmeats.

*Fres.* A lady, madam? Alas, a lady is a great thing: I cannot compass her.

*Lev.* No? Why, I am a lady. Am I so great I cannot be compassed? Clasp my waist, and try.

*Fres.* I could find i' my heart, madam—

[SEBASTIAN *knocks within.*

*Lev.* 'Uds body, my husband! Faint-hearted fool! I think thou wert begotten between the North Pole and the congealed passage.<sup>1</sup> Now, like an ambitious coward that betrays himself with fearful delay, you must suffer for the treason you never committed. Go, hide thyself behind yon arras instantly.

[FRESCO *hides himself.*

*Enter SEBASTIAN.*

Sebastian! What do you here so late?

*Sebas.* Nothing yet, but I hope I shall. [*Kisses her.*

*Lev.* Y'are very bold.

*Sebas.* And you very valiant, for you met me at full career.<sup>2</sup>

*Lev.* You come to ha' me move your father's reconciliation. I'll write a word or two i' your behalf.

*Sebas.* A word or two, madam? That you do for me will not be contained in less than the compass of two sheets. But in plain terms shall we take the opportunity of privateness.

*Lev.* What to do?

*Sebas.* To dance the beginning of the world after the English manner.

*Lev.* Why not after the French or Italian?

*Sebas.* Fie! they dance it preposterously; backward!

*Lev.* Are you so active to dance?

*Sebas.* I can shake my heels.

*Lev.* Y'are well made for't.

<sup>1</sup> A reference to Arctic voyages.

<sup>2</sup> In full course. A metaphor from the jousting-ground.

*Sebas.* Measure me from top to toe you shall not find me differ much from the true standard of proportion. [*BELFOREST knocks within.*]

*Lev.* I think I am accursed, Sebastian. There's one at the door has beaten opportunity away from us. In brief, I love thee, and it shall not be long before I give thee a testimony of it. To save thee now from suspicion do no more but draw thy rapier, chafe thyself, and when he comes in, rush by without taking notice of him. Only seem to be angry, and let me alone for the rest.<sup>1</sup>

*Enter BELFOREST.*

*Sebas.* Now by the hand of Mercury— [*Exit.*]

*Bel.* What's the matter, wife?

*Lev.* Oh, oh, husband!

*Bel.* Prithee what ail'st thou, woman?

*Lev.* O feel my pulse. It beats, I warrant you. Be patient a little, sweet husband: tarry but till my breath come to me again and I'll satisfy you.

*Bel.* What ails Sebastian? He looks so distractedly.

*Lev.* The poor gentleman's almost out on's wits, I think. You remember the displeasure his father took against him about the liberty of speech he used even now, when your daughter went to be married?

*Bel.* Yes. What of that?

*Lev.* 'T has crazed him sure. He met a poor man i' the street even now. Upon what quarrel I know not, but he pursued him so violently that if my house had not been his rescue he had surely killed him.

*Bel.* What a strange desperate young man is that!

*Lev.* Nay, husband, he grew so in rage, when he saw the man was conveyed from him, that he was ready even to have drawn his naked weapon upon

<sup>1</sup> This trick of a woman, caught with a lover, to deceive her husband is frequently employed by the Italian novelists.

me. And had not your knocking at the door prevented him, surely he'd done something to me.

*Bel.* Where's the man ?

*Lev.* Alas, here ! I warrant you the poor fearful soul is scarce come to himself again yet.—If the fool have any wit he will apprehend me. [*Aside.*]—Do you hear, sir ? You may be bold to come forth : the fury that haunted you is gone.

[*Fresco peeps fearfully forth from behind the arras.*

*Fres.* Are you sure he is gone ?

*Bel.* He's gone, he's gone, I warrant thee.

*Fres.* I would I were gone too. H's shook me almost into a dead palsy.

*Bel.* How fell the difference between you ?

*Fres.* I would I were out at the back door. [out.]

*Bel.* Thou art safe enough. Prithée tell's the falling

*Fres.* Yes, sir, when I have recovered my spirits. My memory is almost frighted from me.—Oh, so, so, so !—Why, sir, as I came along the street, sir—this same gentleman came stumbling after me and trod o' my heel.—I cried O. Do you cry, sirrah ? says he. Let me see your heel ; if it be not hurt I'll make you cry for something. So he claps my head between his legs and pulls off my shoe. I having shifted no socks in a sen'night, the gentleman cried foh ! and said my feet were base and cowardly feet, they stunk for fear. Then he knocked my shoe about my pate, and I cried O once more. In the meantime comes a shag-haired dog by, and rubs against his shins. The gentleman took the dog in shag-hair to be some watchman in a rug gown, and swore he would hang me up at the next door with my lanthorn in my hand, that passengers might see their way as they went, without rubbing against gentlemen's shins. So, for want of a cord, he took his own garters off, and as he was going to make a noose, I watched my time and ran away. And as I

ran, indeed I bid him hang himself in his own garters. So he, in choler, pursued me hither, as you see.

*Bel.* Why, this savours of distraction.

*Lev.* Of mere distraction.

*Fres.* Howsoever it savours, I am sure it smells like a lie. [*Aside.*]

*Bel.* Thou may'st go forth at the back door, honest fellow; the way is private and safe.

*Fres.* So it had need, for your fore-door here is both common and dangerous. [*Exit BELFOREST.*]

*Lev.* Good night, honest Fresco.

*Fres.* Good night, madam. If you get me kissing o' ladies again!— [*Exit.*]

*Lev.* This falls out handsomely.

But yet the matter does not well succeed,  
Till I have brought it to the very deed. [*Exit.*]



SCENE VI.—*A Camp.*

*Enter CHARLEMONT in arms, a Musketeer, and a Serjeant.*

*Charl.* Serjeant, what hour o' the night is't?

*Serj.* About one.

*Charl.* I would you would relieve me, for I am  
So heavy that I shall ha' much ado  
To stand out my perdu. [*Thunder and lightning.*]

*Serj.* I'll e'en but walk  
The round, sir, and then presently return.

*Sol.* For God's sake, serjeant, relieve me. Above  
five hours together in so foul a stormy night as this!

*Serj.* Why 'tis a music, soldier. Heaven and earth  
are now in consort, when the thunder and the cannon  
play one to another. [*Exit Serjeant.*]



*Charl.* I know not why I should be thus inclined  
To sleep. I feel my disposition pressed  
With a necessity of heaviness.

Soldier, if thou hast any better eyes,  
I prithee wake me when the serjeant comes.

*Sol.* Sir, 'tis so dark and stormy that I shall  
Scarce either see or hear him, ere he comes  
Upon me.

*Charl.* I cannot force myself to wake.—     [*Sleeps.*]

*Enter the Ghost of MONTFERRERS.*

*Mont.* Return to France, for thy old father's dead,  
And thou by murder disinherited.  
Attend with patience the success of things,  
But leave revenge unto the King of kings.     [*Exit.*]

[*CHARLEMONT starts and wakes.*]

*Charl.* O my affrighted soul, what fearful dream  
Was this that waked me? Dreams are but the raised  
Impressions of premeditated things  
By serious apprehension left upon  
Our minds; or else the imaginary shapes  
Of objects proper to the complexion, or  
The dispositions of our bodies. These  
Can neither of them be the cause why I  
Should dream thus; for my mind has not been moved  
With any one conception of a thought  
To such a purpose; nor my nature wont  
To trouble me with fantasies of terror.  
It must be something that my Genius would  
Inform me of. Now gracious Heaven forbid!  
Oh! let my spirit be deprived of all  
Foresight and knowledge, ere it understand  
That vision acted, or divine that act  
To come. Why should I think so? Left I not  
My worthy father i' the kind regard  
Of a most loving uncle? Soldier, saw'st  
No apparition of a man?

*Sol.* You dream,  
*Sir.* I saw nothing.

*Charl.* Tush! these idle dreams  
 Are fabulous. Our boyling fantasies  
 Like troubled waters falsify the shapes  
 Of things retained in them, and make 'em seem  
 Confounded when they are distinguished. So,  
 My actions daily conversant with war,  
 The argument of blood and death had left  
 Perhaps the imaginary presence of  
 Some bloody accident upon my mind,  
 Which, mixed confusedly with other thoughts,  
 Whereof the remembrance of my father might  
 Be one presented, all together seem  
 Incorporate, as if his body were  
 The owner of that blood, the subject of  
 That death, when he's at Paris and that blood  
 Shed here. It may be thus. I would not leave  
 The war, for reputation's sake, upon  
 An idle apprehension, a vain dream.

*Enter the Ghost.*

*Sol.* Stand! Stand, I say! No? Why then have  
 at thee,  
*Sir.* If you will not stand, I'll make you fall. [*Fires.*  
 Nor stand nor fall? Nay then, the devil's dam  
 Has broke her husband's head, for sure it is  
 A spirit.  
 I shot it through, and yet it will not fall. [*Exit.*

[*The Ghost approaches CHARLEMONT who  
 fearfully avoids it.*

*Charl.* O pardon me, my doubtful heart was slow  
 To credit that which I did fear to know. [*Exeunt.*





## ACT THE THIRD.

SCENE I.—*Inside a Church.*

*Enter the funeral of MONTFERRERS.*



'AM. Set down the body. Pay Earth  
what she lent.  
But she shall bear a living monu-  
ment  
To let succeeding ages truly know  
That she is satisfied what he did  
Both principal and use ; because his worth [owe,  
Was better at his death than at his birth.

[*A dead march. Enter the funeral of  
CHARLEMONT as a Soldier.*

*D'Am.* And with his body place that memory  
Of noble Charlemont, his worthy son ;  
And give their graves the rites that do belong  
To soldiers. They were soldiers both. The father  
Held open war with sin, the son with blood :  
This in a war more gallant, that more good.

[*The first volley.*

*D'Am.* There place their arms, and here their  
epitaphs  
And may these lines survive the last of graves.

[*Reads.*

“ *The Epitaph of MONTFERRERS.*

“ Here lie the ashes of that earth and fire,  
 Whose heat and fruit did feed and warm the  
 And they (as if they would in sighs expire, [poor!  
 And into tears dissolve) his death deplore.  
 He did that good freely for goodness' sake  
 Unforced, for generousness he held so dear  
 That he feared but Him that did him make  
 And yet he served Him more for love than fear.  
 So's life provided that though he did die  
 A sudden death, yet died not suddenly.

“ *The Epitaph of CHARLEMONT.*

“ His body lies interred within this mould,  
 Who died a young man yet departed old,  
 And in all strength of youth that man can have  
 Was ready still to drop into his grave.  
 For aged in virtue, with a youthful eye  
 He welcomed it; being still prepared to die,  
 And living so, though young deprived of breath  
 He did not suffer an untimely death,  
 But we may say of his brave blessed decease  
 He died in war, and yet he died in peace.”

[*The second volley.*

*D'Am.* O might that fire revive the ashes of  
 This Phœnix! yet the wonder would not be  
 So great as he was good, and wondered at  
 For that. His life's example was so true  
 A practise of religion's theory  
 That her divinity seemed rather the  
 Description than the instruction of his life.  
 And of his goodness was his virtuous son  
 A worthy imitator. So that on  
 These two Herculean pillars where their arms  
 Are placed there may be writ *Non ultra*.<sup>1</sup> For

<sup>1</sup> An allusion, of course, to the Straits of Gibraltar, where Hercules was supposed to have set up columns forbidding further exploration of the ocean.

Beyond their lives, as well for youth as age,  
 Nor young nor old, in merit or in name,  
 Shall e'er exceed their virtues or their fame.

[*The third volley.*]

'Tis done. Thus fair accomplishments make foul  
 Deeds gracious. Charlemont, come now when thou  
 I've buried under these two marble stones      [wilt,  
 Thy living hopes, and thy dead father's bones.

[*Exeunt.*]

*Enter CASTABELLA mourning, to the monument of  
 CHARLEMONT.*

*Cast.* O thou that knowest me justly Charlemont's,  
 Though in the forced possession of another,  
 Since from thine own free spirit we receive it  
 That our affections cannot be compelled  
 Though our actions may, be not displeas'd if on  
 The altar of his tomb I sacrifice  
 My tears. They are the jewels of my love  
 Dissolved into grief, and fall upon  
 His blasted Spring, as April dew upon  
 A sweet young blossom shaken before the time.

*Enter CHARLEMONT with a Servant.*

*Charl.* Go see my trunks disposed of. I'll but walk  
 A turn or two i' th' church and follow you.

[*Exit Servant.*]

O! here's the fatal monument of my  
 Dead father first presented to mine eye.  
 What's here?—"In memory of Charlemont?"  
 Some false relation has abused belief.  
 I am deluded. But I thank thee, Heaven,  
 For ever let me be deluded thus.  
 My Castabella mourning o'er my hearse?  
 Sweet Castabella, rise. I am not dead.

*Cast.* O Heaven defend me!      [*Falls in a swoon.*]

*Charl.* I—Beshrew my rash

And inconsiderate passion.—Castabella!  
 That could not think—my Castabella!—that  
 My sudden presence might affright her sense.--  
 I prithee, my affection, pardon me. [*She rises.*  
 Reduce thy understanding to thine eye.  
 Within this habit, which thy misinformed  
 Conceit takes only for a shape, live both  
 The soul and body of thy Charlemont.

*Cast.* I feel a substance warm, and soft, and moist,  
 Subject to the capacity of sense.<sup>1</sup>

*Charl.* Which spirits are not ; for their essence is  
 Above the nature and the order of  
 Those elements whereof our senses are  
 Created. Touch my lip. Why turn'st thou from me ?

*Cast.* Grief above griefs ! That which should woe  
 relieve

Wished and obtained, gives greater cause to grieve.

*Charl.* Can Castabella think it cause of grief  
 That the relation of my death prove false ?

*Cast.* The presence of the person we affect,  
 Being hopeless to enjoy him, makes our grief  
 More passionate than if we saw him not.

*Charl.* Why not enjoy ? Has absence changed  
 thee.

*Cast.* Yes.

From maid to wife.

*Charl.* Art married ?

*Cast.* O ! I am.

*Charl.* Married ?—Had not my mother been a  
 woman,

I should protest against the chastity  
 Of all thy sex. How can the merchant or  
 The mariners absent whole years from wives  
 Experienced in the satisfaction of  
 Desire, promise themselves to find their sheets

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Tangible, yielding impressions to the senses of another person.

Unspotted with adultery at their  
 Return, when you that never had the sense  
 Of actual temptation could not stay  
 A few short months ?

*Cast.* O! do but hear me speak.

*Charl.* But thou wert wise, and did'st consider that  
 A soldier might be maimed, and so perhaps  
 Lose his ability to please thee.

*Cast.* No.

That weakness pleases me in him I have.

*Charl.* What, married to a man unable too ?  
 O strange incontinence ! Why, was thy blood  
 Increased to such a pleurisy of lust,<sup>1</sup>  
 That of necessity there must a vein  
 Be opened, though by one that had no skill  
 To do't ?

*Cast.* Sir, I beseech you hear me.

*Charl.* Speak.

*Cast.* Heaven knows I am unguilty of this act.

*Charl.* Why? Wert thou forced to do't ?

*Cast.* Heaven knows I was.

*Charl.* What villain did it ?

*Cast.* Your uncle D'Amville.

And he that dispossessed my love of you  
 Hath disinherited you of possession.

*Charl.* Disinherited ? wherein have I deserved  
 To be deprived of my dear father's love ?

*Cast.* Both of his love and him. His soul's at rest ;  
 But here your injured patience may behold  
 The signs of his lamented memory.

[CHARLEMONT *finds his* Father's *monument.*  
 He's found it. When I took him for a ghost  
 I could endure the torment of my fear  
 More eas'ly than I can his sorrows hear.      [Exit.]

*Charl.* Of all men's griefs must mine be singular ?

<sup>1</sup> So in *Two Noble Kinsmen* pleurisy is used for plethora—"The pleurisy of people."

Without example? Here I met my grave.  
 And all men's woes are buried i' their graves  
 But mine. In mine my miseries are born.  
 I prithee, sorrow, leave a little room  
 In my confounded and tormented mind  
 For understanding to deliberate  
 The cause or author of this accident,—  
 A close advantage of my absence made  
 To dispossess me both of land and wife,  
 And all the profit does arise to him  
 By whom my absence was first moved and urged.  
 These circumstances, uncle, tell me you  
 Are the suspected author of those wrongs,  
 Whereof the lightest is more heavy than  
 The strongest patience can endure to bear. [Exit.

SCENE II.—*An Apartment in D'AMVILLE'S Mansion.*

*Enter D'AMVILLE, SEBASTIAN, and LANGUEBEAU.*

*D'Am.* Now, sir, your business?

*Sebas.* My annuity.

*D'Am.* Not a denier.<sup>1</sup>

*Sebas.* How would you ha' me live?

*D'Am.* Why; turn crier. Cannot you turn crier?

*Sebas.* Yes.

*D'Am.* Then do so: y' have a good voice for't.  
 Y'are excellent at crying of a rape.<sup>2</sup>

*Sebas.* Sir, I confess in particular respect to yourself I was somewhat forgetful. General honesty possessed me.

*D'Am.* Go, th'art the base corruption of my blood;  
 And, like a tetter, growest unto my flesh.

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* A farthing.

<sup>2</sup> See on page 263, Sebastian's exclamation, "A rape!" near end of Act i., sc. 4.



*Sebas.* Inflict any punishment upon me. The severity shall not discourage me if it be not shameful, so you'll but put money i' my purse. The want of money makes a free spirit more mad than the possession does an usurer.

*D'Am.* Not a farthing.

*Sebas.* Would you ha' me turn purse-taker? 'Tis the next way to do't. For want is like the rack: it draws a man to endanger himself to the gallows rather than endure it.

*Enter CHARLEMONT. D'AMVILLE counterfeits to take him for a Ghost.*

*D'Am.* What art thou? Stay—Assist my troubled sense—

My apprehension will distract me—Stay.

[LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE avoids him fearfully.]

*Sebas.* What art thou? Speak.

*Charl.* The spirit of Charlemont.

*D'Am.* O! stay. Compose me. I dissolve.

*Lang.* No. 'Tis profane. Spirits are invisible. 'Tis the fiend i' the likeness of Charlemont. I will have no conversation with Satan. [Exit.]

*Sebas.* The spirit of Charlemont? I'll try that.

[He strikes, and the blow is returned.]

'Fore God thou sayest true: th'art all spirit.

*D'Am.* Go, call the officers. [Exit.]

*Charl.* Th'art a villain, and the son of a villain.

*Sebas.* You lie.

*Charl.* Have at thee.

[They fight. SEBASTIAN falls.]

*Enter the Ghost of MONTFERRERS.*

Revenge, to thee I'll dedicate this work.

*Mont.* Hold, Charlemont.

Let him revenge my murder and thy wrongs  
To whom the justice of revenge belongs. [Exit.]

*Charl.* You torture me between the passion of  
My blood and the religion of my soul.

*Sebas.* [*Rising.*] A good honest fellow !

*Re-enter D'AMVILLE with Officers.*

*D'Am.* What, wounded ? Apprehend him. Sir, is  
Your salutation for the courtesy [this  
I did you when we parted last ? You have  
Forgot I lent you a thousand crowns. First, let  
Him answer for this riot. When the law  
Is satisfied for that, an action for  
His debt shall clap him up again. I took  
You for a spirit and I'll conjure you  
Before I ha' done.

*Charl.* No, I'll turn conjuror. Devil !  
Within this circle, in the midst of all  
Thy force and malice, I conjure thee do  
Thy worst.

*D'Am.* Away with him !

[*Exeunt Officers with CHARLEMONT.*

*Sebas.* Sir, I have got  
A scratch or two here for your sake. I hope  
You'll give me money to pay the surgeon.

*D'Am.* Borachio, fetch me a thousand crowns. I  
am

Content to countenance the freedom of  
Your spirit when 'tis worthily employed.  
'A God's name, give behaviour the full scope  
Of generous liberty, but let it not  
Disperse and spend itself in courses of  
Unbounded licence. Here, pay for your hurts.

[*Exit.*

*Sebas.* I thank you, sir.—Generous liberty!—that  
is to say, freely to bestow my abilities to honest  
purposes. Methinks I should not follow that instruc-  
tion now, if having the means to do an honest office  
for an honest fellow, I should neglect it. Charlemont

lies in prison for a thousand crowns. Honesty tells me 'twere well done to release Charlemont. But discretion says I had much ado to come by this, and when this shall be gone I know not where to finger any more, especially if I employ it to this use, which is like to endanger me into my father's perpetual displeasure. And then I may go hang myself, or be forced to do that will make another save me the labour. No matter, Charlemont, thou gavest me my life, and that's somewhat of a purer earth than gold, fine as it is. 'Tis no courtesy, I do thee but thankfulness. I owe it thee, and I'll pay it. He fought bravely, but the officers dragged him villanously. Arrant knaves! for using him so discourteously; may the sins o' the poor people be so few that you sha' not be able to spare so much out of your gettings as will pay for the hire of a lame starved hackney to ride to an execution, but go a-foot to the gallows and be hanged. May elder brothers turn good husbands, and younger brothers get good wives, that there be no need of debt books nor use of serjeants. May there be all peace, but i' the war and all charity, but i' the devil, so that prisons may be turned to hospitals, though the officers live o' the benevolence. If this curse might come to pass, the world would say, "Blessed be he that curseth."      [*Exit.*]



SCENE III.—*Inside a Prison.*

CHARLEMONT *discovered.*

*Charl.* I grant thee, Heaven, thy goodness doth command

Our punishments, but yet no further than  
The measure of our sins. How should they else

Be just? Or how should that good purpose of  
 Thy justice take effect by bounding men  
 Within the confines of humanity,  
 When our afflictions do exceed our crimes?  
 Then they do rather teach the barbarous world  
 Examples that extend her cruelties  
 Beyond their own dimensions, and instruct  
 Our actions to be much more barbarous.  
 O my afflicted soul! How torment swells  
 Thy apprehension with profane conceit,  
 Against the sacred justice of my God!  
 Our own constructions are the authors of  
 Our misery. We never measure our  
 Conditions but with men above us in  
 Estate. So while our spirits labour to  
 Be higher than our fortunes, they are more base.  
 Since all those attributes which make men seem  
 Superior to us, are man's subjects and  
 Were made to serve him. The repining man  
 Is of a servile spirit to deject  
 The value of himself below their estimation.

*Enter SEBASTIAN with the Keeper.*

*Sebas.* Here. Take my sword.—How now, my wild swagerer? Y'are tame enough now, are you not? The penury of a prison is like a soft consumption. 'Twill humble the pride o' your mortality, and arm your soul in complete patience to endure the weight of affliction without feeling it. What, hast no music in thee? Th' hast trebles and basses enough. Treble injury and base usage. But trebles and basses make poor music without means.<sup>1</sup> Thou wantest means, dost? What? Dost droop? art dejected?

<sup>1</sup> "Means" are here equivalent to voices intermediate between treble and bass, as tenors. Collins adduces a passage from Lyly's *Galathea* (Act v., sc. 3), where there is a similar play on words.

*Charl.* No, sir. I have a heart above the reach  
 Of thy most violent maliciousness ;  
 A fortitude in scorn of thy contempt  
 (Since Fate is pleased to have me suffer it)  
 That can bear more than thou hast power t' inflict.  
 I was a baron. That thy father has  
 Deprived me of. Instead of that I am  
 Created king. I've lost a signiory<sup>1</sup>  
 That was confined within a piece of earth,  
 A wart upon the body of the world,  
 But now I am an emperor of a world,  
 This little world of man. My passions are  
 My subjects, and I can command them laugh,  
 Whilst thou dost tickle 'em to death with misery.

*Sebas.* 'Tis bravely spoken, and I love thee for't.  
 Thou liest here for a thousand crowns. Here are a  
 thousand to redeem thee. Not for the ransom o' my  
 life thou gavest me,—that I value not at one crown—  
 'tis none o' my deed. Thank my father for't. 'Tis  
 his goodness. Yet he looks not for thanks. For he  
 does it under hand, out of a reserved disposition to  
 do thee good without ostentation.—Out o' great  
 heart you'll refuse't now; will you?

*Charl.* No. Since I must submit myself to Fate,  
 I never will neglect the offer of  
 One benefit, but entertain them as  
 Her favours and the inductions to some end  
 Of better fortune. As whose instrument,  
 I thank thy courtesy.

*Sebas.* Well, come along.

[*Exeunt.*]

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* A lordship, Ital. *Signoria* ; Fr. *Seigneurie*.



SCENE IV.—*An Apartment in D'AMVILLE'S Mansion.**Enter D'AMVILLE and CASTABELLA.*

*D'Am.* Daughter, you do not well to urge me. I  
Ha' done no more than justice. Charlemont  
Shall die and rot in prison, and 'tis just.

*Cast.* O father, mercy is an attribute  
As high as justice, an essential part  
Of his unbounded goodness, whose divine  
Impression, form, and image man should bear!  
And, methinks, man should love to imitate  
His mercy, since the only countenance  
Of justice were destruction, if the sweet  
And loving favour of his mercy did  
Not mediate between it and our weakness. [rot.

*D'Am.* Forbear. You will displease me. He shall

*Cast.* Dear sir, since by your greatness you  
Are nearer heaven in place, be nearer it  
In goodness. Rich men should transcend the poor  
As clouds the earth, raised by the comfort of  
The sun to water dry and barren grounds.  
If neither the impression in your soul  
Of goodness, nor the duty of your place  
As goodness' substitute can move you, then  
Let nature, which in savages, in beasts,  
Can stir to pity, tell you that he is  
Your kinsman.—

*D'Am.* You expose your honesty  
To strange construction. Why should you so urge  
Release for Charlemont? Come, you profess  
More nearness to him than your modesty  
Can answer. You have tempted my suspicion.  
I tell thee he shall starve, and die, and rot.

*Enter CHARLEMONT and SEBASTIAN.*

*Charl.* Uncle, I thank you.

*D'Am.* Much good do it you.—Who did release him?

*Sebas.* I. [Exit CASTABELLA.

*D'Am.* You are a villain.

*Sebas.* Y'are my father. [Exit SEBASTIAN.

*D'Am.* I must temporize.— [Aside.

Nephew, had not his open freedom made  
My disposition known, I would ha' borne  
The course and inclination of my love  
According to the motion of the sun,  
Invisibly enjoyed and understood.

*Charl.* That shows your good works are directed  
No other end than goodness. I was rash, [to  
I must confess. But—

*D'Am.* I will excuse you.

To lose a father and, as you may think,  
Be disinherited, it must be granted  
Are motives to impatience. But for death,  
Who can avoid it? And for his estate,  
In the uncertainty of both your lives  
'Twas done discreetly to confer't upon  
A known successor being the next in blood.  
And one, dear nephew, whom in time to come  
You shall have cause to thank. I will not be  
Your dispossessor but your guardian.  
I will supply your father's vacant place  
To guide your green improvidence of youth,  
And make you ripe for your inheritance.

*Charl.* Sir, I embrace your generous promises.

*Enter ROUSARD looking sickly, and CASTABELLA.*

*Rous.* Embracing! I behold the object that  
Mine eye affects. Dear cousin Charlemont!

*D'Am.* My elder son! He meets you happily.  
For with the hand of our whole family  
We interchange the indenture<sup>1</sup> of our loves.

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Bond, contract.

*Charl.* And I accept it. Yet not so joyfully  
Because y'are sick.

*D'Am.* Sir, his affection's sound  
Though he be sick in body.

*Rous.* Sick indeed.

A general weakness did surprise my health  
The very day I married Castabella,  
As if my sickness were a punishment  
That did arrest me for some injury  
I then committed. Credit me, my love,  
I pity thy ill fortune to be matched  
With such a weak, unpleasing bedfellow.

*Cast.* Believe me, sir, it never troubles me.  
I am as much disrespectful to enjoy  
Such pleasure, as ignorant what it is.

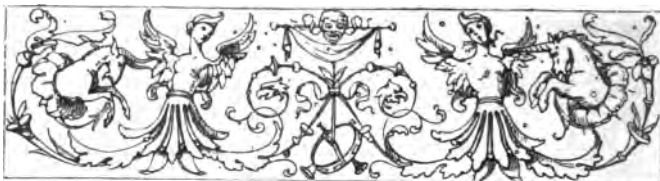
*Charl.* Thy sex's wonder. Unhappy Charlemont !

*D'Am.* Come, let's to supper. There we will  
confirm

The eternal bond of our concluded love. [*Exeunt.*]







## ACT THE FOURTH.

SCENE I.—*A Room in CATAPLASMA'S House.*

*Enter CATAPLASMA and SOQUETTE with needlework.*



CATAPLASMA. Come, Soquette, your work! let's examine your work. What's here? a medlar with a plum tree growing hard by it; the leaves o' the plum tree falling off; the gum issuing out o' the perished joints; and the branches some of 'em dead, and some rotten; and yet but a young plum tree. In good sooth very pretty.

*Soqu.* The plum tree, forsooth, grows so near the medlar that the medlar sucks and draws all the sap from it and the natural strength o' the ground, so that it cannot prosper.

*Cata.* How conceited you are!<sup>1</sup> But here th'ast made a tree to bear no fruit. Why's that?

*Soqu.* There grows a savin tree next it, forsooth.<sup>2</sup>

*Cata.* Forsooth you are a little too witty in that.

*Enter SEBASTIAN.*

*Sebas.* But this honeysuckle winds about this white thorn very prettily and lovingly, sweet Mistress Cataplasma.

<sup>1</sup> What pretty fancies you have.

<sup>2</sup> Savin, an irritant poison, has long been in popular use to induce abortion in women.

*Cata.* Monsieur Sebastian! in good sooth very uprightly welcome this evening.

*Sebas.* What, moralizing upon this gentlewoman's needlework? Let's see.

*Cata.* No, sir. Only examining whether it be done to the true nature and life o' the thing.

*Sebas.* Here y' have set a medlar with a bachelor's button o' one side and a snail o' the tother. The bachelor's button should have held his head up more pertly towards the medlar: the snail o' the tother side should ha' been wrought with an artificial laziness, doubling his tail and putting out his horn but half the length. And then the medlar falling (as it were) from the lazy snail and ending towards the pert bachelor's button, their branches spreading and winding one within another as if they did embrace. But here's a moral. A poppring<sup>a</sup> pear tree growing upon the bank of a river seeming continually to look downwards into the water as if it were enamoured of it, and ever as the fruit ripens lets it fall for love (as it were) into her lap. Which the wanton stream, like a strumpet, no sooner receives but she carries it away and bestows it upon some other creature she maintains, still seeming to play and dally under the poppring so long that it has almost washed away the earth from the root, and now the poor tree stands as if it were ready to fall and perish by that whereon it spent all the substance it had.

*Cata.* Moral for you that love those wanton running waters.

*Sebas.* But is not my Lady Levidulcia come yet?

*Cata.* Her purpose promised us her company ere this. Sirrah, your lute and your book.

*Sebas.* Well said. A lesson o' the lute, to entertain the time with till she comes.

<sup>a</sup> Also spelt *popering*. A particular species of pear.

*Cata.* *Sol, fa, mi, la.*—*Mi, mi, mi.*—Precious! Dost not see *mi* between the two crotchets? Strike me full there. — So — forward. This is a sweet strain, and thou finger'st it beastly. *Mi* is a *laerg*<sup>1</sup> there, and the prick that stands before *mi* a long; always halve your note. — Now — Run your division pleasingly with these quavers. Observe all your graces i' the touch. — Here's a sweet close — strike it full; it sets off your music delicately.

*Enter* LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE *and* LEVIDULCIA.

*Lang.* Purity be in this house.

*Cata.* 'Tis now entered; and welcome with your good ladyship. [ment.]

*Sebas.* Cease that music. Here's a sweeter instru-

*Lev.* Restrain your liberty. See you not Snuffe?

*Sebas.* What does the stinkard here? put Snuffe out. He's offensive.

*Lev.* No. The credit of his company defends my being abroad from the eye of suspicion.

*Cata.* Wilt please your ladyship go up into the closet? There are those falls and tires<sup>2</sup> I told you of.

*Lev.* Monsieur Snuffe, I shall request your patience. My stay will not be long. [Exit with SEBASTIAN.]

*Lang.* My duty, madam. — Falls and tires! I begin to suspect what falls and tires you mean. My lady and Sebastian the fall and the tire, and I the shadow. I perceive the purity of my conversation is used but for a property to cover the uncleanness of their purposes. The very contemplation o' the thing makes the spirit of the flesh begin to wriggle in my blood. And here my desire has met with an object already. This gentlewoman, methinks, should be swayed with the motion, living in a house where moving example

<sup>1</sup> This is obscure, but it probably refers to the Italian music phrase *largo*.

<sup>2</sup> Articles of millinery: veils and headdresses.

is so common. — Mistress Cataplasma, my lady, it seems, has some business that requires her stay. The fairness o' the evening invites me into the air. Will it please you give this gentlewoman leave to leave her work and walk a turn or two with me for honest recreation?

*Cata.* With all my heart, sir. Go, Soquette: give ear to his instructions. You may get understanding by his company, I can tell you.

*Lang.* In the way of holiness, Mistress Cataplasma.

*Cata.* Good Monsieur Snuffe!—I will attend your return.

*Lang.* Your hand, gentlewoman.—[*To SOQUETTE.*] The flesh is humble till the spirit move it. But when 'tis raised it will command above it.

[*Exeunt.*]



SCENE II.—*An Apartment in D'AMVILLE'S Mansion.*

*Enter D'AMVILLE, CHARLEMONT, and BORACHIO.*

*D'Am.* Your sadness and the sickness of my son Have made our company and conference Less free and pleasing than I purposed it.

*Charl.* Sir, for the present I am much unfit For conversation or society. With pardon I will rudely take my leave.

*D'Am.* Good night, dear nephew.

[*Exit CHARLEMONT.*]

Seest thou that same man?

*Bor.* Your meaning, sir?

*D'Am.* That fellow's life, Borachio, Like a superfluous letter in the law, Endangers our assurance.<sup>1</sup>

*Bor.* Scrape him out.

<sup>1</sup> The simile is from legal documents in which one superfluous letter might nullify a deed.

*D'Am.* Wilt do't ?

*Bor.* Give me your purpose—I will do't.

*D'Am.* Sad melancholy has drawn Charlemont  
With meditation on his father's death  
Into the solitary walk behind the church.

*Bor.* The churchyard ? 'Tis the fittest place for  
Perhaps he's praying. Then he's fit to die. [death.  
We'll send him charitably to his grave.

*D'Am.* No matter how thou tak'st him. First take  
this— [Gives him a pistol.

Thou knowest the place. Observe his passages,  
And with the most advantage make a stand,  
That, favoured by the darkness of the night,  
His breast may fall upon thee at so near  
A distance that he sha' not shun the blow.  
The deed once done, thou may'st retire with safety.  
The place is unfrequented, and his death  
Will be imputed to the attempt of thieves. [clear.

*Bor.* Be careless. Let your mind be free and  
This pistol shall discharge you of your fear. [Exit.

*D'Am.* But let me call my projects to account  
For what effect and end have I engaged  
Myself in all this blood ? To leave a state  
To the succession of my proper blood.  
But how shall that succession be continued ?  
Not in my elder son, I fear. Disease  
And weakness have disabled him for issue.  
For the other,—his loose humour will endure  
No bond of marriage. And I doubt his life,  
His spirit is so boldly dangerous.  
O pity that the profitable end  
Of such a prosperous murder should be lost !  
Nature forbid ! I hope I have a body  
That will not suffer me to lose my labour  
For want of issue yet. But then't must be  
A bastard.—Tush ! they only father bastards  
That father other men's begettings. Daughter !

Be it mine own. Let it come whence it will,  
I am resolved. Daughter!

*Enter Servant.*

*Ser.* My lord.

*D'Am.* I prithee call my daughter.

*Enter CASTABELLA.*

*Cast.* Your pleasure, sir.

*D'Am.* Is thy husband i' bed?

*Cast.* Yes, my lord.

*D'Am.* The evening's fair. I prithee walk a turn or

*Cast.* Come, Jaspar. [two.]

*D'Am.* No.

We'll walk but to the corner o' the church;  
And I have something to speak privately.

*Cast.* No matter; stay. [*Exit Servant.*]

*D'Am.* This falls out happily. [*Exeunt.*]



SCENE III.—*The Churchyard.*

*Enter CHARLEMONT.*—BORACHIO *dogging him.*  
*The clock strikes twelve.*

*Charl.* Twelve.

*Bor.* 'Tis a good hour: 'twill strike one anon.

*Charl.* How fit a place for contemplation is this  
dead of night, among the dwellings of the dead.—  
This grave—Perhaps the inhabitant was in his life-  
time the possessor of his own desires. Yet in the  
midst of all his greatness and his wealth he was less  
rich and less contented than in this poor piece of  
earth lower and lesser than a cottage. For here he  
neither wants nor cares. Now that his body savours  
of corruption

He enjoys a sweeter rest than e'er he did  
Amongst the sweetest pleasures of this life,

For here there's nothing troubles him.—And there  
—In that grave lies another. He, perhaps,  
Was in his life as full of misery  
As this of happiness. And here's an end  
Of both. Now both their states are equal. O  
That man with so much labour should aspire  
To worldly height, when in the humble earth  
The world's condition's at the best, or scorn  
Inferior men, since to be lower than  
A worm is to be higher than a king.

*Bor.* Then fall and rise.

[*Discharges the pistol, which misses fire.*]

*Charl.* What villain's hand was that?

Save thee, or thou shalt perish. [They fight.]

*Bor.* Zounds! unsaved

I think.

[Falls.]

*Charl.* What? Have I killed him? Whatsoe'er  
thou beest,

I would thy hand had prospered. For I was  
Unfit to live and well prepared to die.

What shall I do? Accuse myself? Submit  
Me to the law? And that will quickly end  
This violent increase of misery.

But 'tis a murder to be accessory

To mine own death. I will not. I will take

This opportunity to 'scape. It may

Be Heaven reserves me to some better end. [Exit.]

*Enter* LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE *and* SOQUETTE.

*Soqu.* Nay, good sir, I dare not. In good sooth I  
come of a generation both by father and mother that  
were all as fruitful as costermongers' wives.

*Lang.* Tush! then a tympany<sup>1</sup> is the greatest  
danger can be feared. Their fruitfulness turns but  
to a certain kind of phlegmatic windy disease.

<sup>1</sup> A flatulent swelling of the abdomen.

*Soqu.* I must put my understanding to your trust, sir. I would be loth to be deceived.

*Lang.* No, conceive thou sha't not. Yet thou shalt profit by my instruction too. My body is not every day drawn dry, wench.

*Soqu.* Yet methinks, sir, your want of use should rather make your body like a well,—the lesser 'tis drawn, the sooner it grows dry.

*Lang.* Thou shalt try that instantly.

*Soqu.* But we want place and opportunity.

*Lang.* We have both. This is the back side of the house which the superstitious call St. Winifred's church, and is verily a convenient unfrequented place.—

Where under the close curtains of the night—

*Soqu.* You purpose i' the dark to make me light.

[*SNUFFE pulls out a sheet, a hair, and a beard.*]

But what ha' you there?

*Lang.* This disguise is for security's sake, wench. There's a talk, thou know'st, that the ghost of old Montferrers walks. In this church he was buried. Now if any stranger fall upon us before our business be ended, in this disguise I shall be taken for that ghost, and never be called to examination, I warrant thee. Thus we shall 'scape both prevention and discovery. How do I look in this habit, wench?

*Soqu.* So like a ghost that notwithstanding I have some foreknowledge of you, you make my hair stand almost on end.

*Lang.* I will try how I can kiss in this beard. O, fie, fie, fie! I will put it off and then kiss, and then put it on. I can do the rest without kissing.

*Re-enter CHARLEMONT doubtfully, with his sword drawn; he comes upon them before they are aware. They run out different ways, leaving the disguise behind..*



*Charl.* What ha' we here? A sheet! a hair! a  
 What end was this disguise intended for? [beard!  
 No matter what. I'll not expostulate  
 The purpose of a friendly accident.<sup>1</sup>  
 Perhaps it may accommodate my 'scape.  
 —I fear I am pursued. For more assurance,  
 I'll hide me here i' th' charnel house,  
 This convocation-house of dead men's skulls.

[*In getting into the charnel house he takes hold of  
 a death's head; it slips, and he staggers.*

Death's head, deceivest my hold?  
 Such is the trust to all mortality.

[*Hides himself in the charnel house.*

*Enter D'AMVILLE and CASTABELLA.*

*Cast.* My lord, the night grows late. Your lord-  
 ship spake  
 Of something you desired to move in private.

*D'Am.* Yes. Now I'll speak it. The argument is  
 The smallest ornament of thy sweet form [love.  
 (That abstract of all pleasure) can command  
 The senses into passion and thy entire  
 Perfection is my object, yet I love thee  
 With the freedom of my reason. I can give  
 Thee reason for my love.

*Cast.* Love me, my lord?  
 I do believe it, for I am the wife  
 Of him you love.

*D'Am.* 'Tis true. By my persuasion thou wert  
 To marry one unable to perform [forced  
 The office of a husband. I was the author  
 Of the wrong.  
 My conscience suffers under't, and I would  
 Disburthen it by satisfaction.

*Cast.* How?

<sup>1</sup> Too narrowly dispute the reason of an accident favourable to myself.

*D'Am.* I will supply that pleasure to thee which he

*Cast.* Are ye a devil or a man? [cannot.

*D'Am.* A man, and such a man as can return

Thy entertainment with as prodigal

A body as the covetous desire,

Or woman ever was delighted with.

So that, besides the full performance of

Thy empty husband's duty, thou shalt have

The joy of children to continue the

Succession of thy blood. For the appetite

That steals her pleasure, draws the forces of

The body to an united strength, and puts 'em

Altogether into action, never fails

Of procreation. All the purposes

Of man aim but at one of these two ends—

Pleasure or profit; and in this one sweet

Conjunction of our loves they both will meet.

Would it not grieve thee that a stranger to

Thy blood should lay the first foundation of

His house upon the ruins of thy family?

† *Cast.* Now Heaven defend me! May my memory

Be utterly extinguished, and the heir

Of him that was my father's enemy

Raise his eternal monument upon

Our ruins, ere the greatest pleasure or

The greatest profit ever tempt me to

Continue it by incest.

*D'Am.* Incest? Tush!

These distances affinity observes

Are articles of bondage cast upon

Our freedoms by our own objections.

Nature allows a general liberty

Of generation to all creatures else.

Shall man,

To whose command and use all creatures were

Made subject, be less free than they?

*Cast.* O God!

Is Thy unlimited and infinite  
 Omnipotence less free because thou doest  
 No ill ?  
 Or if you argue merely out of nature,  
 Do you not degenerate from that, and are  
 You not unworthy the prerogative  
 Of Nature's masterpiece, when basely you  
 Prescribe yourself authority and law  
 From their examples whom you should command ?  
 I could confute you, but the horror of  
 The argument confutes my understanding.—  
 Sir, I know you do but try me in  
 Your son's behalf, suspecting that  
 My strength  
 And youth of blood cannot contain themselves  
 With impotence.—Believe me, sir,  
 I never wronged him. If it be your lust,  
 O quench it on their prostituted flesh  
 Whose trade of sin can please desire with more  
 Delight and less offence.—The poison o' your breath,  
 Evaporated from so foul a soul,  
 Infects the air more than the damps that rise  
 From bodies but half rotten in their graves.

*D'Am.* Kiss me. I warrant thee my breath is sweet.  
 These dead men's bones lie here of purpose to  
 Invite us to supply the number of  
 The living. Come we'll get young bones, and do't.  
 I will enjoy thee. No ? Nay then invoke  
 Your great supposed protector ; I will do't.

*Cast.* Supposed protector ! Are ye an atheist ? Then  
 I know my prayers and tears are spent in vain.  
 O patient Heaven ! Why dost thou not express  
 Thy wrath in thunderbolts to tear the frame  
 Of man in pieces ? How can earth endure  
 The burthen of this wickedness without  
 An earthquake ? Or the angry face of Heaven  
 Be not inflamed with lightning ?

*D'Am.* Conjure up  
The devil and his dam : cry to the graves :  
The dead can hear thee : invoke their help.

*Cast.* O would this grave might open and my body  
Were bound to the dead carcass of a man  
For ever, ere it entertain the lust  
Of this detested villain !

*D'Am.* Tereus-like  
Thus I will force my passage to—

*Charl.* The Devil !

[CHARLEMONT *rises in the disguise, and frightens*  
*D'AMVILLE away.*

Now, lady, with the hand of Charlemont  
I thus redeem you from the arm of lust.  
—My Castabella !

*Cast.* My dear Charlemont !

*Charl.* For all my wrongs I thank thee, gracious  
Heaven,

Th'ast made me satisfaction to reserve  
Me for this blessed purpose. Now, sweet Death,  
I'll bid thee welcome. Come, I'll guide thee home,  
And then I'll cast myself into the arms  
Of apprehension,<sup>1</sup> that the law may make  
This worthy work the crown of all my actions,  
Being the best and last.

*Cast.* The last ? The law ?

Now Heaven forbid ! What ha' you done ?

*Charl.* Why, I have  
Killed a man ; not murdered him, my Castabella.  
He would ha' murdered me.

*Cast.* Then, Charlemont,  
The hand of Heaven directed thy defence.  
That wicked atheist ! I suspect his plot.

*Charl.* My life he seeks. I would he had it, since  
He has deprived me of those blessings that  
Should make me love it. Come, I'll give it him.

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Surrender myself to justice.

*Cast.* You sha' not. I will first expose myself  
To certain danger than for my defence  
Destroy the man that saved me from destruction.

*Charl.* Thou canst not satisfy me better than  
To be the instrument of my release  
From misery.

*Cast.* Then work it by escape.  
Leave me to this protection that still guards  
The innocent. Or I will be a partner  
In your destiny.

*Charl.* My soul is heavy. Come, lie down to rest;  
These are the pillows whereon men sleep best.

*[They lie down, each of them with a death's head  
for a pillow.]*

*Re-enter* LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE, *seeking* SOQUETTE.

*Lang.* Soquette, Soquette, Soquette! O art thou  
there?

*[He mistakes the body of BORACHIO for SOQUETTE.]*

Verily thou liest in a fine premeditated readiness  
for the purpose. Come, kiss me, sweet Soquette.—  
Now purity defend me from the sin of Sodom!—This  
is a creature of the masculine gender.—Verily the  
man is blasted.—Yea, cold and stiff!—Murder,  
murder, murder! *[Exit.]*

*Re-enter* D'AMVILLE *distractedly*: *he starts at the  
sight of a death's head.*

*D'Am.* Why dost thou stare upon me? Thou art  
not  
The soul of him I murdered. What hast thou  
To do to vex my conscience? Sure thou wert  
The head of a most doggèd usurer,  
Th'art so uncharitable. And that bawd,  
The sky there: she could shut the windows and  
The doors of this great chamber of the world,  
And draw the curtains of the clouds between

Those lights and me, above this bed of earth,  
 When that same strumpet Murder and myself  
 Committed sin together. Then she could  
 Leave us i' the dark till the close deed was done.  
 But now that I begin to feel the loathsome horror of  
 my sin, and, like a lecher emptied of his lust, desire  
 to bury my face under my eye-brows, and would steal  
 from my shame unseen, she meets me  
 I' the face with all her light corrupted eyes  
 To challenge payment o' me. O behold!  
 Yonder's the ghost of old Montferrers, in  
 A long white sheet climbing yon lofty mountain  
 To complain to Heaven of me.—  
 Montferrers! pox o' fearfulness! 'Tis nothing  
 But a fair white cloud. Why, was I born a coward?  
 He lies that says so. Yet the countenance of  
 A bloodless worm might ha' the courage now  
 To turn my blood to water.  
 The trembling motion of an aspen leaf  
 Would make me, like the shadow of that leaf,  
 Lie shaking under 't. I could now commit  
 A murder were it but to drink the fresh  
 Warm blood of him I murdered to supply  
 The want and weakness o' mine own,  
 'Tis grown so cold and phlegmatic.

*Lang.* Murder, murder, murder! [Within.

*D'Am.* Mountains o'erwhelm me: the ghost of old  
 Montferrers haunts me.

*Lang.* Murder, murder, murder!

*D'Am.* O were my body circumvolved  
 Within that cloud, that when the thunder tears  
 His passage open, it might scatter me  
 To nothing in the air!

*Re-enter* LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE *with the Watch.*

*Lang.* Here you shall find  
 The murdered body.

*D'Am.* Black Beelzebub,  
And all his hell-hounds, come to apprehend me ?

*Lang.* No, my good lord, we come to apprehend  
The murderer.

*D'Am.* The ghost (great Pluto !) was  
A fool unfit to be employed in  
Any serious business for the state of hell.  
Why could not he ha' suffered me to raise  
The mountains o' my sins with one as damnable  
As all the rest, and then ha' tumbled me  
To ruin ? But apprehend me e'en between  
The purpose and the act before it was  
Committed !

[piciously.

*Watch.* Is this the murderer ? He speaks sus-

*Lang.* No, verily. This is my Lord D'Amville.  
And his distraction, I think, grows out of his grief  
for the loss of a faithful servant. For surely I take  
him to be Borachio that is slain.

*D'Am.* Hah ! Borachio slain ? Thou look'st like  
Snuffe, dost not ?

*Lang.* Yes, in sincerity, my lord.

*D'Am.* Hark thee—sawest thou not a ghost ?

*Lang.* A ghost ? Where, my lord ?—I smell a fox.

*D'Am.* Here i' the churchyard.

*Lang.* Tush ! tush ! their walking spirits are mere  
imaginary fables. There's no such thing *in rerum  
natura*. Here is a man slain. And with the spirit  
of consideration I rather think him to be the murder-  
er got into that disguise than any such fantastic  
toy.

*D'Am.* My brains begin to put themselves in order.  
I apprehend thee now.—'Tis e'en so.—Borachio, I  
will search the centre, but I'll find the murderer.

*Watch.* Here, here, here.

*D'Am.* Stay. Asleep ? so soundly,  
So sweetly upon Death's heads ? and in a place  
So full of fear and horror ? Sure there is

Some other happiness within the freedom  
Of the conscience than my knowledge e'er attained  
to.—Ho, ho, ho!

*Charl.* Y'are welcome, uncle. Had you sooner  
You had been sooner welcome. I'm the man [come  
You seek. You sha' not need examine me.

*D'Am.* My nephew and my daughter! O my dear  
Lamented blood, what fate has cast you thus  
Unhappily upon this accident?

*Charl.* You know, sir, she's as clear as chastity.

*D'Am.* As her own chastity. The time, the place  
All circumstances argue that unclear.

*Cast.* Sir, I confess it; and repentantly  
Will undergo the selfsame punishment  
That justice shall inflict on Charlemont.

*Charl.* Unjustly she betrays her innocence.

*Watch.* But, sir, she's taken with you, and she  
To prison with you. [must

*D'Am.* There's no remedy.  
Yet were it not my son's bed she abused,  
My land should fly, but both should be excused.

[*Exeunt.*



SCENE IV.—*An Apartment in BELFOREST'S Mansion.*

*Enter BELFOREST and a Servant.*

*Bel.* Is not my wife come in yet?

*Ser.* No, my lord.

*Bel.* Methinks she's very affectedly inclined  
To young Sebastian's company o' late.  
But jealousy is such a torment that  
I am afraid to entertain it. Yet  
The more I shun by circumstances to meet  
Directly with it, the more ground I find  
To circumvent my apprehension. First,



I know she has a perpetual appetite,  
Which being so oft encountered with a man  
Of such a bold luxurious freedom as  
Sebastian is, and of so promising  
A body, her own blood corrupted will  
Betray her to temptation.

*Enter FRESKO closely.*

*Fres.* Precious! I was sent by his lady to see if her lord were in bed. I should ha' done't sliily without discovery, and now I am blurted upon 'em before I was aware. [*Exit.*]

*Bel.* Know not you the gentlewoman my wife brought home?

*Ser.* By sight, my lord. Her man was here but now.

*Bel.* Her man? I prithee, run and call him quickly. This villain! I suspect him ever since I found him hid behind the tapestry.

*Re-enter FRESKO.*

Fresko! th'art welcome, Fresco. Leave us. [*Exit*  
Servant.] Dost hear, Fresco? Is not my wife at thy mistress's?

*Fres.* I know not, my lord.

*Bel.* I prithee tell me, Fresco—we are private—Is not thy mistress a good wench? [*tell me:*]

*Fres.* How means your lordship that? A wench o' the trade?

*Bel.* Yes, faith, Fresco; e'en a wench o' the trade.

*Fres.* O no, my lord. Those falling diseases cause baldness, and my mistress recovers the loss of hair, for she is a periwig maker.

*Bel.* And nothing else?

*Fres.* Sells falls, and tires, and bodies for ladies, or so.

*Bel.* So, sir; and she helps my lady to falls and bodies now and then, does she not?

*Fres.* At her ladyship's pleasure, my lord.

*Bel.* Her pleasure, you rogue? You are the pander to her pleasure, you varlet, are you not? You know the conveyances between Sebastian and my wife? Tell me the truth, or by this hand I'll nail thy bosom to the earth. Stir not, you dog, but quickly tell the truth.

*Fres.* O yes! [Speaks like a crier.

*Bel.* Is not thy mistress a bawd to my wife?

*Fres.* O yes!

*Bel.* And acquainted with her tricks, and her plots, and her devices?

*Fres.* O yes! If any man, o' court, city, or country, has found my Lady Levidulcia in bed but my Lord Belforest, it is Sebastian.

*Bel.* What, dost thou proclaim it? Dost thou cry it, thou villain?

*Fres.* Can you laugh it, my lord? I thought you meant to proclaim yourself cuckold.

*Enter The Watch.*

*Bel.* The watch met with my wish. I must request the assistance of your offices.

[Fresco runs away.

'Sdeath, stay that villain; pursue him! [Exeunt.



SCENE V.—*A Room in CATAPLASMA'S House.*

*Enter LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE, importuning SOQUETTE.*

*Soqu.* Nay, if you get me any more into the churchyard!

*Lang.* Why, Soquette, I never got thee there yet.

*Soqu.* Got me there! No, not with child.

*Lang.* I promised thee I would not, and I was as good as my word.

*Soqu.* Yet your word was better than your deed.  
But steal up into the little matted chamber o' the  
left hand.

*Lang.* I prithee let it be the right hand. Thou  
leftest me before, and I did not like that.

*Soqu.* Precious quickly.—So soon as my mistress  
shall be in bed I'll come to you.      [*Exit* SNUFFE.]

*Enter* SEBASTIAN, LEVIDULCIA, and CATAPLASMA.

*Cata.* I wonder Fresco stays so long.

*Sebas.* Mistress Soquette, a word with you.

[*Whispers.*]

*Lev.* If he brings word my husband is i' bed  
I will adventure one night's liberty  
To be abroad.—

My strange affection to this man!—'Tis like  
That natural sympathy which e'en among  
The senseless creatures of the earth commands  
A mutual inclination and consent.  
For though it seems to be the free effect  
Of mine own voluntary love, yet I can  
Neither restrain it nor give reason for't.  
But now 'tis done, and in your power it lies  
To save my honour, or dishonour me.

*Cata.* Enjoy your pleasure, madam, without fear,  
I never will betray the trust you have  
Committed to me. And you wrong yourself  
To let consideration of the sin  
Molest your conscience. Methinks 'tis unjust  
That a reproach should be inflicted on  
A woman for offending but with one,  
When 'tis a light offence in husbands to  
Commit with many.

*Lev.* So it seems to me.—

Why, how now, Sebastian, making love to that  
gentlewoman? How many mistresses ha' you i' faith?

*Sebas.* In faith, none; for I think none of 'em are

faithful ; but otherwise, as many as clean shirts. The love of a woman is like a mushroom,—it grows in one night and will serve somewhat pleasingly next morning to breakfast, but afterwards waxes fulsome and unwholesome.

*Cata.* Nay, by Saint Winifred, a woman's love lasts as long as winter fruit.

*Sebas.* 'Tis true — till new come in. By my experience no longer.

*Enter FRESCO running.*

*Fres.* Somebody's doing has undone us, and we are like to pay dearly for't.

*Sebas.* Pay dear? For what?

*Fres.* Will't not be a chargeable reckoning, think you, when here are half a dozen fellows coming to call us to account, with every man a several bill<sup>1</sup> in his hand that we are not able to discharge.

*[Knock at the door.*

*Cata.* Passion o' me! What bouncing's that? Madam, withdraw yourself.

*Lev.* Sebastian, if you love me, save my honour.

*[Exeunt all except SEBASTIAN.*

*Sebas.* What violence is this? What seek you? You shall not pass. *[Zounds!*

*Enter BELFOREST with the Watch.*

*Bel.* Pursue the strumpet *[Exit. Watch]*. Villain, give me way,  
Or I will make a passage through thy blood.

*Sebas.* My blood will make it slippery, my lord, 'Twere better you would take another way.  
You may hap fall else.

*[They fight. Both are slain. SEBASTIAN falls first.*

*Sebas.* I ha't, i' faith. *[Dies.*

*[While BELFOREST is staggering enter LEVIDULCIA.*

<sup>1</sup> Play upon the word "bill," which meant in one sense a stout staff with an iron blade at one end, like a partizan.

*Lev.* O God! my husband! my Sebastian! Husband neither can speak, yet both report my shame. [band! Is this the saving of my honour when Their blood runs out in rivers, and my lust The fountain whence it flows? Dear husband, let Not thy departed spirit be displeased If with adulterate lips I kiss thy cheek. Here I behold the hatefulness of lust, Which brings me kneeling to embrace him dead Whose body living I did loathe to touch. Now I can weep. But what can tears do good When I weep only water, they weep blood. But could I make an ocean with my tears That on the flood this broken vessel of My body, laden heavy with light lust, Might suffer shipwreck and so drown my shame. Then weeping were to purpose, but alas! The sea wants water enough to wash away The foulness of my name. O! in their wounds I feel my honour wounded to the death. Shall I out-live my honour? Must my life Be made the world's example? Since it must, Then thus in detestation of my deed, To make the example move more forceably To virtue, thus I seal it with a death As full of horror as my life of sin.      [*Stabs herself.*]

*Enter the Watch with CATAPLASMA, FRESCO,  
LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE, and SOQUETTE.*

*Watch.* Hold, madam! Lord, what a strange night is this!

*Lang.* May not Snuffe be suffered to go out of himself?

*Watch.* Nor you, nor any. All must go with us. O with what virtue lust should be withstood! Since 'tis a fire quenched seldom without blood.

[*Exeunt.*]



ACT THE FIFTH.

SCENE I.—*A Room in D'AMVILLE'S Mansion.*

*A Servant sleeping, with lights and money before him.*  
*Music.*

*Enter D'AMVILLE.*



'AM. What, sleep'st thou?

*Ser. (Awaking)* No, my lord. Nor  
sleep nor wake;

But in a slumber troublesome to  
both.

*D'Am.* Whence comes this gold?

*Ser.* 'Tis part of the revenue  
Due to your lordship since your brother's death.

*D'Am.* To bed. Leave me my gold.

*Ser.* And me my rest.

Two things wherewith one man is seldom blest.

[*Exit.*

*D'Am.* Cease that harsh music. We are not pleased  
with it. [He handles the gold.]

Here sounds a music whose melodious touch  
Like angels' voices ravishes the sense.  
Behold, thou ignorant astronomer  
Whose wandering speculation seeks among  
The planets for men's fortunes, with amazement  
Behold thine error and be planet-struck.  
These are the stars whose operations make  
The fortunes and the destinies of men.  
Yon lesser eyes of Heaven (like subjects raised  
Into their lofty houses, when their prince

Rides underneath the ambition of their loves)  
 Are mounted only to behold the face  
 Of your more rich imperious eminence  
 With unprevented sight. Unmask, fair queen.

[*Unpurses the gold.*

Vouchsafe their expectations may enjoy  
 The gracious favour<sup>1</sup> they admire to see.  
 These are the stars, the ministers of Fate,  
 And man's high wisdom the superior power  
 To which their forces are subordinate.      [*Sleeps.*

*Enter the Ghost of MONTFERRERS.*

*Mont.* D'Amville! With all thy wisdom th'art a  
 fool.

Not like those fools that we term innocents,  
 But a most wretched miserable fool  
 Which instantly, to the confusion of  
 Thy projects, with despair thou shalt behold.

[*Exit Ghost.*

*D'Am. (Starting up).* What foolish dream dares  
 interrupt my rest

To my confusion? How can that be, since  
 My purposes have hitherto been borne  
 With prosperous judgment to secure success,  
 Which nothing lives to dispossess me of  
 But apprehended<sup>2</sup> Charlemont. And him  
 This brain has made the happy instrument  
 To free suspicion, to annihilate  
 All interest and title of his own  
 To seal up my assurance, and confirm  
 My absolute possession by the law.  
 Thus while the simple, honest worshipper  
 Of a fantastic providence, groans under  
 The burthen of neglected misery,  
 My real wisdom has raised up a state  
 That shall eternise my posterity.

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Countenance.

<sup>2</sup> *i.e.* Arrested.

*Enter Servant with the body of SEBASTIAN,*

What's that ?

*Ser.* The body of your younger son,  
Slain by the Lord Belforest.

*D'Am.* Slain ! You lie !

Sebastian ! Speak, Sebastian ! He's lost  
His hearing. A physician presently.

Go, call a surgeon.

*Rous.* O—oh !

[*Within.*

*D'Am.* What groan was that ?

How does my elder son ? The sound came from  
His chamber.

*Ser.* He went sick to bed, my lord.

*Rous.* O—oh !

[*Within.*

*D'Am.* The cries of mandrakes never touched the  
With more sad horror than that voice does mine. [ear

*Enter a Servant running.*

*Ser.* Never you will see your son alive—

*D'Am.* Nature forbid I e'er should see him dead.

[*A bed drawn forth with ROUSARD on it.*

Withdraw the curtains. O how does my son ?

*Ser.* Methinks he's ready to give up the ghost.

*D'Am.* Destruction take thee and thy fatal tongue.

Dead ! where's the doctor ?—Art not thou the face  
Of that prodigious apparition stared upon  
Me in my dream ?

*Ser.* The doctor's come, my lord.

*Enter Doctor.*

*D'Am.* Doctor, behold two patients in whose cure  
Thy skill may purchase an eternal fame.  
If thou'st any reading in Hippocrates,  
Galen, or Avicen ; if herbs, or drugs,  
Or minerals have any power to save,  
Now let thy practice and their sovereign use  
Raise thee to wealth and honour.



*Doct.* If any root of life remains within 'em  
Capable of physic, fear 'em not, my lord.

*Rous.* O—oh!

*D'Am.* His gasping sighs are like the falling noise  
Of some great building when the groundwork breaks.  
On these two pillars stood the stately frame  
And architecture of my lofty house.  
An earthquake shakes 'em. The foundation shrinks.  
Dear Nature, in whose honour I have raised  
A work of glory to posterity,  
O bury not the pride of that great action  
Under the fall and mine of itself.

*Doct.* My lord, these bodies are deprived of all  
The radical ability of Nature.  
The heat of life is utterly extinguished.  
Nothing remains within the power of man  
That can restore them.

*D'Am.* Take this gold, extract  
The spirit of it, and inspire new life  
Into their bodies.

*Doct.* Nothing can, my lord.

*D'Am.* You ha' not yet examined the true state  
And constitution of their bodies. Sure  
You ha' not. I'll reserve their waters till  
The morning. Questionless, their urines will  
Inform you better.

*Doct.* Ha, ha, ha!

*D'Am.* Dost laugh,  
Thou villain? Must my wisdom that has been  
The object of men's admiration now  
Become the subject of thy laughter?

*Rou.* O—oh!

[*Dies.*

*All.* He's dead.

*D'Am.* O there expires the date  
Of my posterity! Can nature be  
So simple or malicious to destroy  
The reputation of her proper memory?

She cannot. Sure there is some power above  
Her that controls her force.

*Doct.* A power above  
Nature? Doubt you that, my lord? Consider but  
Whence man receives his body and his form.  
Not from corruption like some worms and flies,  
But only from the generation of  
A man. For Nature never did bring forth  
A man without a man; nor could the first  
Man, being but the passive subject, not  
The active mover, be the maker of  
Himself. So of necessity there must  
Be a superior power to Nature.

*D'Am.* Now to myself I am ridiculous.  
Nature, thou art a traitor to my soul.  
Thou hast abused my trust. I will complain  
To a superior court to right my wrong.  
I'll prove thee a forger of false assurances.  
In yon Star Chamber thou shalt answer it.  
Withdraw the bodies. O the sense of death  
Begins to trouble my distracted soul. [*Exeunt.*]



SCENE II.—*A Hall of Justice. A scaffold at  
one end.*

*Enter Judges and Officers.*

*1st Judge.* Bring forth the malefactors to the bar.

*Enter CATAPLASMA, SOQUETTE, and FRESCO.*

Are you the gentlewoman in whose house  
The murders were committed?

*Cata.* Yes, my lord.

*1st Judge.* That worthy attribute of gentry which  
Your habit draws from ignorant respect  
Your name deserves not, nor yourself the name

Of woman, since you are the poison that  
Infects the honour of all womanhood.

*Cata.* My lord, I am a gentlewoman ; yet  
I must confess my poverty compels  
My life to a condition lower than  
My birth or breeding.

*2nd Judge.* Tush, we know your birth.

*1st Judge.* But, under colour to profess the sale  
Of tires and toys for gentlewomen's pride,  
You draw a frequentation of men's wives  
To your licentious house, and there abuse  
Their husbands.—

*Fres.* Good my lord, her rent is great.  
The good gentlewoman has no other thing  
To live by but her lodgings. So she's forced  
To let her fore-rooms out to others, and  
Herself contented to lie backwards.

*2nd Judge.* So.

*1st Judge.* Here is no evidence accuses you  
For accessories to the murder, yet  
Since from the spring of lust, which you preserved  
And nourished, ran the effusion of that blood,  
Your punishment shall come as near to death  
As life can bear it. Law cannot inflict  
Too much severity upon the cause  
Of such abhorred effects.

*2nd Judge.* Receive your sentence.

Your goods (since they were gotten by that means  
Which brings diseases) shall be turned to the use  
Of hospitals. You carted through the streets  
According to the common shame of strumpets,  
Your bodies whipped, till with the loss of blood  
You faint under the hand of punishment.  
Then that the necessary force of want  
May not provoke you to your former life,  
You shall be set to painful labour, whose  
Penurious gains shall only give you food

To hold up Nature, mortify your flesh,  
And make you fit for a repentant end.

*All.* O good my lord!

*1st Judge.* No more. Away with 'em.

[*Exeunt* CATAPLASMA, SOQUETTE, and FRESCO.

*Enter* LANGUEBEAU SNUFFE.

*2nd Judge.* Now, Monsieur Snuffe! A man of your  
Found in a place of such impiety! [profession

*Lang.* I grant you. The place is full of impurity.  
So much the more need of instruction and reformation.  
The purpose that carried me thither was with the spirit of conversion to purify their uncleanness, and I hope your lordship will say the law cannot take hold o' me for that.

*1st Judge.* No, sir, it cannot; but yet give me leave  
To tell you that I hold your wary answer  
Rather premeditated for excuse

Then spoken out of a religious purpose.

Where took you your degrees of scholarship?

*Lang.* I am no scholar, my lord. To speak the  
sincere truth, I am Snuffe the tallow-chandler. [thus?

*2nd Judge.* How comes your habits to be altered

*Lang.* My Lord Belforest, taking a delight in the  
cleanness of my conversation, withdrew me from that  
unclean life and put me in a garment fit for his  
society and my present profession.

*1st Judge.* His lordship did but paint a rotten post,  
Or cover foulness fairly. Monsieur Snuffe,  
Back to your candle-making! You may give  
The world more light with that, than either with  
Instruction or the example of your life.

*Lang.* Thus the Snuffe is put out. [Exit.

*Enter* D'AMVILLE *distractedly with the hearses of his*  
*two Sons borne after him.*

*D'Am.* Judgment! Judgment!

*2nd Judge.* Judgment, my lord, in what ?

*D'Am.* Your judgment must resolve me in a case.

Bring in the bodies. Nay, I'll ha' it tried.  
This is the case, my lord. By providence,  
Even in a moment, by the only hurt  
Of one, or two, or three at most, and those  
Put quickly out o' pain, too, mark me, I  
Had wisely raised a competent estate  
To my posterity. And is there not  
More wisdom and more charity in that  
Than for your lordship, or your father, or  
Your grandsire to prolong the torment and  
The rack of rent from age to age upon  
Your poor penurious tenants, yet perhaps  
Without a penny profit to your heir ?  
Is't not more wise ? more charitable ? Speak.

*1st Judge.* He is distracted.

*D'Am.* How ? distracted ? Then  
You ha' no judgment. I can give you sense  
And solid reason for the very least  
Distinguishable syllable I speak.  
Since my thrift

Was more judicious than your grandsires', why  
I would fain know why your lordship lives to make  
A second generation from your father,  
And the whole fry of my posterity  
Extinguished in a moment. Not a brat  
Left to succeed me.—I would fain know that.

*2nd Judge.* Grief for his children's death dis-  
tempers him.

*1st Judge.* My lord, we will resolve you of your  
question.<sup>1</sup>

In the meantime vouchsafe your place with us.

*D'Am.* I am contented, so you will resolve me.

[*Ascends.*

<sup>1</sup> Clear up the doubt conveyed in your question.

*Enter CHARLEMONT and CASTABELLA.*

*2nd Judge.* Now, Monsieur Charlemont, you are accused

Of having murdered one Borachio, that  
Was servant to my Lord D'Amville. How can  
You clear yourself? Guilty or not guilty?

*Charl.* Guilty of killing him, but not of murder.  
My lords, I have no purpose to desire  
Remission for myself.—

[D'AMVILLE descends to CHARLEMONT.

*D'Am.* Uncivil boy!

Thou want'st humanity to smile at grief.  
Why dost thou cast a cheerful eye upon  
The object of my sorrow—my dead sons?

*1st Judge.* O good my lord, let charity forbear  
To vex the spirit of a dying man.

A cheerful-eye upon the face of death  
Is the true countenance of a noble mind.  
For honour's sake, my lord, molest it not.

*D'Am.* Y'are all uncivil. O! is't not enough  
That he unjustly hath conspired with Fate  
To cut off my posterity, for him  
To be the heir to my possessions, but  
He must pursue me with his presence.  
And, in the ostentation of his joy,  
Laugh in my face and glory in my grief?

*Charl.* D'Amville, to show thee with what light  
respect

I value death and thy insulting pride,  
Thus, like a warlike navy on the sea,  
Bound for the conquest of some wealthy land,  
Passed through the stormy troubles of this life,  
And now arrived upon the armèd coast  
In expectation of the victory  
Whose honour lies beyond this exigent,<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Shakespeare uses this word in two senses, as "pressing business" and "extremity."

Through mortal danger, with an active spirit  
Thus I aspire to undergo my death.

[Leaps up the scaffold. CASTABELLA leaps after him.]

Cast. And thus I second thy brave enterprise.  
Be cheerful, Charlemont. Our lives cut off  
In our young prime of years are like green herbs  
Wherewith we strew the hearses of our friends.  
For, as their virtue, gathered when they are green,  
Before they wither or corrupt, is best ;  
So we in virtue are the best for death  
While yet we have not lived to such an age  
That the increasing canker of our sins  
Hath spread too far upon us.—

D'Am. A boon, my lords,  
I beg a boon.

1st Judge. What's that, my lord ?

D'Am. His body when 'tis dead  
For an anatomy.<sup>1</sup>

2nd Judge. For what, my lord ? [mine.]

D'Am. Your understanding still comes short o'  
I would find out by his anatomy  
What thing there is in Nature more exact  
Than in the constitution of myself.  
Methinks my parts and my dimensions are  
As many, as large, as well composed as his ;  
And yet in me the resolution wants  
To die with that assurance as he does.  
The cause of that in his anatomy  
I would find out.

1st Judge. Be patient and you shall.

D'Am. I have bethought me of a better way.  
—Nephew, we must confer.—Sir, I am grown  
A wondrous student now o' late. My wit  
Has reached beyond the scope of Nature, yet  
For all my learning I am still to seek  
From whence the peace of conscience should proceed.

<sup>1</sup> i.e. A subject for dissection.

*Charl.* The peace of conscience rises in itself.

*D'Am.* Whether it be thy art or nature, I  
Admire thee, Charlemont. Why, thou hast taught  
A woman to be valiant. I will beg  
Thy life.—My lords, I beg my nephew's life.  
I'll make thee my physician. Thou shalt read  
Philosophy to me. I will find out  
The efficient cause of a contented mind.  
But if I cannot profit in't, then 'tis  
No more good being my physician,  
But infuse

A little poison in a potion when  
Thou giv'st me physic, unawares to me,  
So I shall steal into my grave without  
The understanding or the fear of death.  
And that's the end I aim at. For the thought  
Of death is a most fearful torment ; is it not ?

*2nd Judge.* Your lordship interrupts the course of

*1st Judge.* Prepare to die. [law.]

*Charl.* My resolution's made.

But ere I die, before this honoured bench,  
With the free voice of a departing soul,  
I here protest this gentlewoman clear  
Of all offence the law condemns her for.

*Cast.* I have accused myself. The law wants power  
To clear me. My dear Charlemont, with thee  
I will partake of all thy punishments.

*Charl.* Uncle, for all the wealthy benefits  
My death advances you, grant me but this :  
Your mediation for the guiltless life  
Of Castabella, whom your conscience knows  
As justly clear as harmless innocence.

*D'Am.* Freely. My mediation for her life  
And all my interest in the world to boot ;  
Let her but in exchange possess me of  
The resolution that she dies withal.  
—The price of things is best known in their want.



Had I her courage, so I value it :  
The Indies should not buy't out o' my hands.

*Charl.* Give me a glass of water.

*D'Am.* Me of wine.—

This argument of death congeals my blood.  
Cold fear, with apprehension of thy end,  
Hath frozen up the rivers of my veins.—

[*Servant brings him a glass of wine.*]

I must drink wine to warm me and dissolve  
The obstruction ; or an apoplexy will  
Possess me.—Why, thou uncharitable knave,  
Dost thou bring me blood to drink ? The very  
glass

Looks pale and trembles at it.

*Ser.* 'Tis your hand, my lord.

*D'Am.* Canst blame me to be fearful, bearing still  
The presence of a murderer about me ?

[*Servant gives CHARLEMONT a glass of water.*]

*Charl.* Is this water ?

*Ser.* Water, sir.

*Charl.* Come, thou clear emblem of cool temperance,  
Be thou my witness that I use no art  
To force my courage nor have need of helps  
To raise my spirits, like those of weaker men  
Who mix their blood with wine, and out of that  
Adulterate conjunction do beget  
A bastard valour. Native courage, thanks.  
Thou lead'st me soberly to undertake  
This great hard work of magnanimity.

*D'Am.* Brave Charlemont, at the reflexion of  
Thy courage my cold fearful blood takes fire,  
And I begin to emulate thy death.

[*Executioner comes forward.*]

—Is that thy executioner ? My lords,  
You wrong the honour of so high a blood  
To let him suffer by so base a hand.

*Judges.* He suffers by the form of law, my lord.

*D'Am.* I will reform it. Down, you shag-haired cur.<sup>1</sup>  
The instrument that strikes my nephew's blood  
Shall be as noble as his blood. I'll be  
Thy executioner myself.

*1st Judge.* Restrain his fury. Good my lord, forbear.

*D'Am.* I'll butcher out the passage of his soul  
That dares attempt to interrupt the blow.

*2nd Judge.* My lord, the office will impress a mark  
Of scandal and dishonour on your name.

*Charl.* The office fits him : hinder not his hand,  
But let him crown my resolution with  
An unexampled dignity of death.  
Strike home. Thus I submit me.

*[Is made ready for execution.]*

*Cast.* So do I.

In scorn of death thus hand in hand we die.

*D'Am.* I ha' the trick on't, nephew. You shall see  
How easily I can put you out of pain.—Oh!

*[As he raises up the axe he strikes out his own  
brains, and staggers off the scaffold.]*

*Exe.* In lifting up the axe  
I think he's knocked his brains out.

*D'Am.* What murderer was he that lifted up  
My hand against my head?

*1st Judge.* None but yourself, my lord.

*D'Am.* I thought he was a murderer that did it.

*1st Judge.* God forbid!

*D'Am.* Forbid? You lie, judge. He commanded it.  
To tell thee that man's wisdom is a fool.

I came to thee for judgment, and thou think'st  
Thyself a wise man, I outreached thy wit  
And made thy justice murder's instrument,  
In Castabella's death and in Charlemont's,  
To crown my murder of Montferrers with  
A safe possession of his wealthy state.

*Charl.* I claim the just advantage of his words.

<sup>1</sup> This is addressed to the common headsman.

*2nd Judge.* Descend the scaffold and attend the rest.

*D'Am.* There was the strength of natural understanding.

But Nature is a fool. There is a power  
Above her that hath overthrown the pride  
Of all my projects and posterity,  
For whose surviving blood  
I had erected a proud monument,  
And struck 'em dead before me, for whose deaths  
I called to thee for judgment. Thou didst want  
Discretion for the sentence. But yon power  
That struck me knew the judgment I deserved,  
And gave it.—O! the lust of death commits  
A rape upon me as I would ha' done  
On Castabella. [Dies.]

*1st Judge.* Strange is his death and judgment.  
With the hands

Of joy and justice I thus set you free.  
The power of that eternal providence  
Which overthrew his projects in their pride  
Hath made your griefs the instruments to raise  
Your blessings to a higher height than ever.

*Charl.* Only to Heaven I attribute the work,  
Whose gracious motives made me still forbear  
To be mine own revenger. Now I see  
That patience is the honest man's revenge.

*1st Judge.* Instead of Charlemont that but e'en now  
Stood ready to be dispossessed of all,  
I now salute you with more titles both  
Of wealth and dignity, than you were born to.  
And you, sweet madam, Lady of Belforest,  
You have the title by your father's death.

*Cast.* With all the titles due to me, increase  
The wealth and honour of my Charlemont,  
Lord of Montferrers, Lord D'Amville Belforest,—  
And for a close to make up all the rest—

[Embraces CHARLEMONT.]

The Lord of Castabella. Now at last  
Enjoy the full possession of my love,  
As clear and pure as my first chastity.

*Charl.* The crown of all my blessings!—I will tempt  
My stars no longer, nor protract my time  
Of marriage. When those nuptial rites are done,  
I will perform my kinsmen's funeral.

*1st Judge.* The drums and trumpets! Interchange  
the sounds  
Of death and triumph. For these honoured lives,  
Succeeding their deservèd tragedies.

*Charl.* Thus, by the work of heaven, the men that  
thought  
To follow our dead bodies without tears  
Are dead themselves, and now we follow theirs.

[*Exeunt.*







*THE*  
*REVENGER'S TRAGEDY.*







HIS play was entered on the stationers' books in 1607, and was sometimes called *The Loyal Brother*. There are two quarto editions of it, one dated 1607 and one 1608, and from the care with which the text is printed it is probable that the author revised the proofs. The play has several times been reprinted.

Tourneur's plots have no known source.





*DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.*

**THE DUKE.**

LUSSURIOSO, the Duke's Son.

SPURIO, a Bastard.

AMBITIOSO, the Duchess' Eldest Son.

SUPERVACUO, the Duchess' Second Son.

The Duchess' Youngest Son.

VENDICE, disguised as PIATO, }  
HIPPOLITO, also called CARLO, } Brothers of CASTIZA.

ANTONIO, }  
PIERO, } Nobles.

DONDOLO.

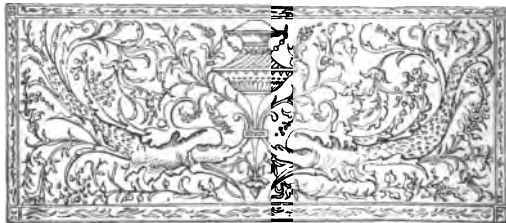
Judges, Nobles, Gentlemen, Officers, Keeper, Servants.

**THE DUCHESS.**

CASTIZA.

GRATIANA, Mother of CASTIZA.

SCENE—A CITY OF ITALY.





THE  
REVENGER'S TRAGEDY.

—o—o—o—  
ACT THE FIRST.

SCENE I.—*Near the House of GRATIANA.*

*Enter VENDICE.*<sup>1</sup> The DUKE, DUCHESS, LUSSURIOSO,  
SPURIO, *with a train, pass over the stage with  
torchlight.*



VEN. Duke! royal lecher! go, grey-  
haired adultery!  
And thou his son, as impious  
steeped as he:  
And thou his bastard, true begot  
in evil: [with devil:  
And thou his duchess, that will do  
Four excellent characters! O, that marrowless age  
Should stuff the hollow bones with damned desires!  
And, 'stead of heat, kindle infernal fires  
Within the spendthrift veins of a dry duke,  
A parched and juiceless luxur.<sup>2</sup> O God! one,  
That has scarce blood enough to live upon;  
And he to riot it, like a son and heir!  
O, the thought of that

<sup>1</sup> With a skull in his hand. That it is the skull of his mistress is evident from the whole of the scene. He makes use of it afterwards in Act iii.—*Collier.*

<sup>2</sup> Luxury was the ancient term for incontinence.



Can make great men, as greatness goes by clay ;  
But wise men little are more great than they.

*Enter HIPPOLITO.*

*Hip.* Still sighing o'er death's vizard ?

*Ven.* Brother, welcome !

What comfort bring'st thou ? how go things at court ?

*Hip.* In silk and silver, brother : never braver.

*Ven.* Pooh !

Thou play'st upon my meaning. Prythee, say,  
Has that bald madam, Opportunity,  
Yet thought upon's ? speak, are we happy yet ?  
Thy wrongs and mine are for one scabbard fit.

*Hip.* It may prove happiness.

*Ven.* What is't may prove ?

Give me to taste.

*Hip.* Give me your hearing, then.

You know my place at court ?

*Ven.* Ay, the duke's chamber !

But 'tis a marvel thou'rt not turned out yet !

*Hip.* Faith, I've been shoved at ; but 'twas still my  
To hold by the duchess' skirt : you guess at that : [hap  
Whom such a coat keeps up, can ne'er fall flat.  
But to the purpose—

Last evening, predecessor unto this,  
The duke's son warily inquired for me,  
Whose pleasure I attended : he began  
By policy to open and unhusk me  
About the time and common rumour :  
But I had so much wit to keep my thoughts  
Up in their built houses ; yet afforded him  
An idle satisfaction without danger.  
But the whole aim and scope of his intent  
Ended in this : conjuring me in private  
To seek some strange-digested fellow forth,  
Of ill-contented nature ; either disgraced  
In former times, or by new grooms displaced,

Since his step-mother's nuptials ; such a blood,  
 A man that were for evil only good—  
 To give you the true word, some base-coined pander.

*Ven.* I reach you ; for I know his heat is such,  
 Were there as many concubines as ladies,  
 He would not be contained ; he must fly out.  
 I wonder how ill-featured, vile-proportioned,  
 That one should be, if she were made for woman,  
 Whom, at the insurrection of his lust,  
 He would refuse for once. Heart ! I think none.  
 Next to a skull, though more unsound than one,  
 Each face he meets he strongly doats upon.

*Hip.* Brother, y' have truly spoke him.  
 He knows not you, but I will swear you know him.

*Ven.* And therefore I'll put on that knave for once,  
 And be a right man then, a man o' the time ;  
 For to be honest is not to be i' the world.  
 Brother, I'll be that strange-composèd fellow.

*Hip.* And I'll prefer you, brother.

*Ven.* Go to, then :  
 The smallest advantage fattens wrongèd men :  
 It may point out occasion ; if I meet her,  
 I'll hold her by the foretop fast enough ;  
 Or, like the French mole,<sup>1</sup> heave up hair and all.  
 I have a habit that will fit it quaintly.  
 Here comes our mother.

*Hip.* And sister.

*Ven.* We must coin :  
 Women are apt, you know, to take false money ;  
 But I dare stake my soul for these two creatures ;  
 Only excuse excepted, that they'll swallow,  
 Because their sex is easy in belief.

*Enter GRATIANA and CASTIZA.*

*Gra.* What news from court, son Carlo ?

<sup>1</sup> This is not a name of syphilis, but a comparison only of it to a mole, on account of the effects it sometimes produces in occasioning the loss of hair.—*Pegge.*

*Hip.* Faith, mother,  
'Tis whispered there the duchess' youngest son  
Has raped a rape on Lord Antonio's wife.

*Gra.* On that religious lady!

*Cas.* Royal blood monster! he deserves to die,  
If Italy had no more hopes but he.

*Ven.* Sister, y' have sentenced most direct and true,  
The law's a woman, and would she were you.  
Mother, I must take leave of you.

*Gra.* Leave for what?

*Ven.* I intend speedy travel.

*Hip.* That he does, madam.

*Gra.* Speedy indeed!

*Ven.* For since my worthy father's funeral,  
My life's unnaturally to me, e'en compelled;  
As if I lived now, when I should be dead.

*Gra.* Indeed, he was a worthy gentleman,  
Had his estate been fellow to his mind.

*Ven.* The duke did much deject him.

*Gra.* Much?

*Ven.* Too much:

And though disgrace oft smothered in his spirit,  
When it would mount, surely I think he died  
Of discontent, the noble man's consumption.

*Gra.* Most sure he did.

*Ven.* Did he, 'lack? you know all:—  
You were his midnight secretary.

*Gra.* No,

He was too wise to trust me with his thoughts.

*Ven.* I' faith, then, father, thou wast wise indeed;  
"Wives are but made to go to bed and feed."

Come, mother, sister: you'll bring me onward,

*Hip.* I will.

[brother?

*Ven.* I'll quickly turn into another.

[*Aside. Exeunt.*



SCENE II.—*A Hall of Justice.*

*Enter the DUKE, LUSSURIOSO, the DUCHESS, SPURIO, AMBITIOSO, and SUPERVACUO; the DUCHESS' Youngest Son brought out by Officers. Two Judges.*

*Duke.* Duchess, it is your youngest son, we're sorry His violent act has e'en drawn blood of honour, And stained our honours ;  
 Thrown ink upon the forehead of our state ;  
 Which envious spirits will dip their pens into  
 After our death ; and blot us in our tombs :  
 For that which would seem treason in our lives [per,  
 Is laughter, when we're dead. Who dares now whis-  
 That dares not then speak out, and e'en proclaim  
 With loud words and broad pens our closest shame ?

*1st Judge.* Your grace hath spoke like to your silver years,

Full of confirmed gravity ; for what is it to have  
 A flattering false insculption on a tomb,  
 And in men's hearts reproach ? the bowelled<sup>1</sup> corpse  
 May be seared in, but (with free tongue I speak)  
 The faults of great men through their sear-cloths  
 break.

*Duke.* They do ; we're sorry for't : it is our fate  
 To live in fear, and die to live in hate.

I leave him to your sentence ; doom him, lords—  
 The fact is great—whilst I sit by and sigh.

*Duch.* My gracious lord, I pray be merciful :  
 Although his trespass far exceed his years,  
 Think him to be your own, as I am yours ;  
 Call him not son-in-law : the law, I fear,  
 Will fall too soon upon his name and him :  
 Temper his fault with pity.

*Lus.* Good my lord,

<sup>1</sup> Disembowelled.

Then 'twill not taste so bitter and unpleasant  
 Upon the judges' palate; for offences,  
 Gilt o'er with mercy, show like fairest women,  
 Good only for their beauties, which washed off,  
 No sin is uglier.

*Amb.* I beseech your grace,  
 Be soft and mild; let not relentless law  
 Look with an iron forehead on our brother.

*Spu.* He yields small comfort yet; hope he shall  
 And if a bastard's wish might stand in force, [die;  
 Would all the court were turned into a corse! [*Aside.*

*Duch.* No pity yet? must I rise fruitless then?  
 A wonder in a woman! are my knees  
 Of such low metal, that without respect—

*1st Judge.* Let the offender stand forth:  
 'Tis the duke's pleasure that impartial doom  
 Shall take fast hold of his unclean attempt.  
 A rape! why 'tis the very core of lust—  
 Double adultery.

*Y. Son.* So, sir.

*2nd Judge.* And which was worse,  
 Committed on the Lord Antonio's wife,  
 That general-honest lady. Confess, my lord,  
 What moved you to't?

*Y. Son.* Why, flesh and blood, my lord;  
 What should move men unto a woman else?

*Lus.* O, do not jest thy doom! trust not an axe  
 Or sword too far: the law is a wise serpent,  
 And quickly can beguile thee of thy life.  
 Though marriage only has made thee my brother,  
 I love thee so far: play not with thy death.

*Y. Son.* I thank you, troth; good admonitions,  
 If I'd the grace now to make use of them. [faith,

*1st Judge.* That lady's name has spread such a fair  
 Over all Italy, that if our tongues [wing  
 Were sparing toward the fact, judgment itself  
 Would be condemned, and suffer in men's thoughts.



*Y. Son.* Well then, 'tis done ; and it would please me well,

Were it to do again : sure, she's a goddess,  
For I'd no power to see her, and to live.  
It falls out true in this, for I must die ;  
Her beauty was ordained to be my scaffold.  
And yet, methinks, I might be easier 'sessed :  
My fault being sport, let me but die in jest.

*1st Judge.* This be the sentence—

*Duch.* O, keep't upon your tongue ; let it not slip ;  
Death too soon steals out of a lawyer's lip.  
Be not so cruel-wise !

*1st Judge.* Your grace must pardon us ;  
'Tis but the justice of the law.

*Duch.* The law  
Is grown more subtle than a woman should be.

*Spu.* Now, now he dies ! rid 'em away. [*Aside.*

*Duch.* O, what it is to have an old cool duke,  
To be as slack in tongue as in performance ! [*Aside.*

*1st Judge.* Confirmed, this be the doom irrevocable.

*Duch.* O !

*1st Judge.* To-morrow early—

*Duch.* Pray be abed, my lord.

*1st Judge.* Your grace much wrongs yourself.

*Amb.* No, 'tis that tongue :

Your too much right does do us too much wrong.

*1st Judge.* Let that offender—

*Duch.* Live, and be in health.

*1st Judge.* Be on a scaffold—

*Duke.* Hold, hold, my lord !

*Spu.* Pox on't,

What makes my dad speak now ? [*Aside.*

*Duke.* We will defer the judgment till next sitting :  
In the meantime, let him be kept close prisoner.  
Guard, bear him hence.

*Amb.* Brother, this makes for thee ;  
Fear not, we'll have a trick to set thee free. [*Aside.*

*Y. Son.* Brother, I will expect it from you both ;  
And in that hope I rest. [*Aside.*

*Sup.* Farewell, be merry. [*Exit with a Guard.*

*Spu.* Delayed ! deferred ! nay then, if judgment  
have cold blood,  
Flattery and bribes will kill it.

*Duke.* About it, then, my lords, with your best  
More serious business calls upon our hours. [powers :  
[*Exeunt, excepting the DUCHESS.*

*Duch.* Was't ever known step-duchess was so mild  
And calm as I ? some now would plot his death  
With easy doctors, those loose-living men,  
And make his withered grace fall to his grave,  
And keep church better.  
Some second wife would do this, and despatch  
Her double-loathèd lord at meat or sleep.  
Indeed, 'tis true, an old man's twice a child ;  
Mine cannot speak ; one of his single words  
Would quite have freed my youngest dearest son  
From death or durance, and have made him walk  
With a bold foot upon the thorny law,  
Whose prickles should bow under him ; but 'tis not,  
And therefore wedlock-faith shall be'forgot :  
I'll kill him in his forehead ; hate, there feed ;  
That wound is deepest, though it never bleed.  
And hefe comes he whom my heart points unto,  
His bastard son, but my love's true-begot ;  
Many a wealthy letter have I sent him,  
Swelled up with jewels, and the timorous man  
Is yet but coldly kind.  
That jewel's mine that quivers in his ear,  
Mocking his master's chillness and vain fear.  
He has spied me now !

*Enter SPURIO.*

*Spu.* Madam, your grace so private ?  
My duty on your hand.

*Duch.* Upon my hand, sir! troth, I think you'd  
To kiss my hand too, if my lip stood there. [fear

*Spu.* Witness I would not, madam. [Kisses her.

*Duch.* 'Tis a wonder ;

For ceremony has made many fools !

It is as easy way unto a duchess,

As to a hatted dame,<sup>1</sup> if her love answer :

But that by timorous honours, pale respects,

Idle degrees of fear, men make their ways

Hard of themselves. What, have you thought of me ?

*Spu.* Madam, I ever think of you in duty,  
Regard, and —

*Duch.* Pooh! upon my love, I mean.

*Spu.* I would 'twere love; but 'tis a fouler name  
Than lust: you are my father's wife—your grace  
may guess now  
What I could call it.

*Duch.* Why, th' art his son but falsely ;  
'Tis a hard question whether he begot thee.

*Spu.* I' faith, 'tis true: I'm an uncertain man  
Of more uncertain woman. Maybe, his groom  
O' the stable begot me; you know I know not!  
He could ride a horse well, a shrewd suspicion,  
marry!—

He was wondrous tall: he had his length, i' faith.  
For peeping over half-shut holyday windows,  
Men would desire him light. When he was afoot  
He made a goodly show under a pent-house;  
And when he rid, his hat would check the signs,  
And clatter barbers' basons.

*Duch.* Nay, set you a-horseback once,  
You'll ne'er light off.<sup>2</sup>

*Spu.* Indeed, I am a beggar.

*Duch.* That's the more sign thou'rt great.—

<sup>1</sup> She means from the highest to the lowest of her sex. At this time women of the inferior order wore hats. See Hollar's *Ornatus Muliebris Anglicanus*, 1640.—*Hazlitt*.

<sup>2</sup> "Set a beggar on horseback, and he'll ride a gallop."

But to our love:

Let it stand firm both in thy thought and mind,  
That the duke was thy father, as no doubt then  
He bid fair for't—thy injury is the more;  
For had he cut thee a right diamond,  
Thou had'st been next set in the dukedom's ring,  
When his worn self, like age's easy slave,  
Had dropped out of the collet<sup>1</sup> into th' grave.  
What wrong can equal this? canst thou be tame,  
And think upon't?

*Spu.* No, mad, and think upon't.

*Duch.* Who would not be revenged of such a father,  
E'en in the worst way? I would thank that sin,  
That could most injure him, and be in league with it.  
O, what a grief 'tis that a man should live  
But once i' the world, and then to live a bastard—  
The curse o' the womb, the thief of nature,  
Begot against the seventh commandment,  
Half-damned in the conception by the justice  
Of that unbribèd everlasting law.

*Spu.* O, I'd a hot-backed devil to my father.

*Duch.* Would not this mad e'en patience, make  
blood rough?

Who but an eunuch would not sin? his bed,  
By one false minute disinherited. [wrapped in!

*Spu.* Ay, there's the vengeance that my birth was  
I'll be revenged for all: now, hate, begin;  
I'll call foul incest but a venial sin.

*Duch.* Cold still! in vain then must a duchess woo?

*Spu.* Madam, I blush to say what I will do.

*Duch.* Thence flew sweet comfort. Earnest, and  
farewell. [Kisses him.

*Spu.* O, one incestuous kiss picks open hell.

*Duch.* Faith, now, old duke, my vengeance shall  
reach high,  
I'll arm thy brow with woman's heraldry. [Exit.

<sup>1</sup> That part of a ring in which the stone is set.

*Spu.* Duke, thou didst do me wrong ; and, by thy Adultery is my nature. [act  
 Faith, if the truth were known, I was begot  
 After some gluttonous dinner ; some stirring dish  
 Was my first father, when deep healths went round,  
 And ladies' cheeks were painted red with wine,  
 Their tongues, as short and nimble as their heels,  
 Uttering words sweet and thick ; and when they rose,  
 Were merrily disposed to fall again.  
 In such a whispering and withdrawing hour,  
 When base male-bawds kept sentinel at stair-head,  
 Was I stol'n softly. O damnation meet !<sup>1</sup>  
 The sin of feasts, drunken adultery !  
 I feel it swell me ; my revenge is just !  
 I was begot in impudent wine and lust.  
 Step-mother, I consent to thy desires ;  
 I love thy mischief well ; but I hate thee  
 And those three cubs thy sons, wishing confusion,  
 Death and disgrace may be their epitaphs.  
 As for my brother, the duke's only son,  
 Whose birth is more beholding to report  
 Than mine, and yet perhaps as falsely sown  
 (Women must not be trusted with their own),  
 I'll loose my days upon him, hate-all-I ;  
 Duke, on thy brow I'll draw my bastardy :  
 For indeed a bastard by nature should make cuckolds,  
 Because he is the son of a cuckold-maker. [*Exit.*



SCENE III.—*A part of the City.*

*Enter* VENDICE *in disguise* and HIPPOLITO.

*Ven.* What, brother, am I far enough from myself?

*Hip.* As if another man had been sent whole  
 Into the world, and none wist how he came.

<sup>1</sup> Old copy, " Met."

*Ven.* It will confirm me bold—the child o' the court ;  
 Let blushes dwell i' the country. Impudence !  
 Thou goddess of the palace, mistress of mistresses,  
 To whom the costly perfumed people pray,  
 Strike thou my forehead into dauntless marble,  
 Mine eyes to steady sapphires, Turn my visage ;  
 And, if I must needs glow, let me blush inward,  
 That this immodest season may not spy  
 That scholar in my cheeks, fool bashfulness ;  
 That maid in the old time, whose flush of grace  
 Would never suffer her to get good clothes.  
 Our maids are wiser, and are less ashamed ;  
 Save Grace the bawd, I seldom hear grace named !

*Hip.* Nay, brother, you reach out o' the verge  
 'Sfoot, the duke's son ! settle your looks. [now—

*Ven.* Pray, let me not be doubted.

*Hip.* My lord—

*Enter LUSSURIOSO.*

*Lus.* Hippolito—be absent, leave us !

*Hip.* My lord, after long search, wary inquiries,  
 And politic siftings, I made choice of yon fellow,  
 Whom I guess rare for many deep employments :  
 This our age swims within him ; and if Time  
 Had so much hair, I should take him for Time,  
 He is so near kin to this present minute.

*Lus.* 'Tis enough ;  
 We thank thee : yet words are but great men's  
 blanks ;<sup>1</sup>

Gold, though it be dumb, does utter the best thanks.

[*Gives him money.*]

*Hip.* Your plenteous honour ! an excellent fellow,  
 my lord.

*Lus.* So, give us leave. [*Exit HIPPOLITO.*] Wel-  
 come, be not far off ; we must be better acquainted :  
 pish, be bold with us—thy hand.

<sup>1</sup> Bonds.

*Ven.* With all my heart, i' faith: how dost, sweet  
When shall we lie together? [musk-cat?

*Lus.* Wondrous knave,  
Gather him into boldness! 'sfoot, the slave's  
Already as familiar as an ague,  
And shakes me at his pleasure. Friend, I can  
Forget myself in private; but elsewhere  
I pray do you remember me.

*Ven.* O, very well, sir—I conster myself saucy.

*Lus.* What hast been?  
Of what profession?

*Ven.* A bone-setter.

*Lus.* A bone-setter!

*Ven.* A bawd, my lord—  
One that sets bones together.

*Lus.* Notable bluntness!  
Fit, fit for me; e'en trained up to my hand:  
Thou hast been scrivener to much knavery, then?

*Ven.* 'Sfoot, to abundance, sir: I have been witness  
To the surrenders of a thousand virgins:  
And not so little;  
I have seen patrimonies washed a-pieces,  
Fruit-fields turned into bastards,  
And in a world of acres  
Not so much dust due to the heir 'twas left to  
As would well gravel<sup>1</sup> a petition.

*Lus.* Fine villain! troth, I like him wondrously:  
He's e'en shaped for my purpose. [*Aside.*] Then  
thou know'st  
I' th' world strange lust?

*Ven.* O Dutch lust! fulsome lust!  
Drunken procreation! which begets so many  
drunkards  
Some fathers dread not (gone to bed in wine) to slide  
from the mother,

<sup>1</sup> i.e. Sand it, to prevent it from blotting, while the ink was wet.—*Stevens.*

And cling<sup>1</sup> the daughter-in-law ;  
 Some uncles are adulterous with their nieces :  
 Brothers with brothers' wives. O hour of incest !  
 Any kin now, next to the rim o' th' sister,  
 Is men's meat in these days ; and in the morning,  
 When they are up and dressed, and their mask on,  
 Who can perceive this, save that eternal eye,  
 That sees through flesh and all ? Well, if anything  
     be damned,

It will be twelve o'clock at night ; that twelve  
 Will never 'scape ;  
 It is the Judas of the hours, wherein  
 Honest salvation is betrayed to sin.

*Lus.* In troth, it is true ; but let this talk glide.  
 It is our blood to err, though hell gape wide.  
 Ladies know Lucifer fell, yet still are proud.  
 Now, sir, wert thou as secret as thou'rt subtle,  
 And deeply fathomed into all estates,  
 I would embrace thee for a near employment ;  
 And thou shouldst swell in money, and be able  
 To make lame beggars crouch to thee.

*Ven.* My lord,  
 Secret ! I ne'er had that disease o' the mother,  
 I praise my father : why are men made close,  
 But to keep thoughts in best ? I grant you this,  
 Tell but some women a secret over night,  
 Your doctor may find it in the urinal i' the morning.  
 But, my lord—

*Lus.* So thou'rt confirmed in me,  
 And thus I enter thee.                    [*Gives him money.*]

*Ven.* This Indian devil  
 Will quickly enter any man but a usurer ;  
 He prevents that by entering the devil first.

*Lus.* Attend me. I am past my depth in lust,  
 And I must swim or drown. All my desires  
 Are levelled at a virgin not far from court,

<sup>1</sup> i.e. Embrace.



To whom I have conveyed by messenger  
 Many waxed lines, full of my neatest spirit,  
 And jewels that were able to ravish her  
 Without the help of man ; all which and more  
 She (foolish chaste) sent back, the messengers  
 Receiving frowns for answers.

*Ven.* Possible !

'Tis a rare Phœnix, whoe'er she be.  
 If your desires be such, she so repugnant,  
 In troth, my lord, I'd be revenged and marry her.

*Lus.* Pish ! the dowry of her blood and of her  
 fortunes

Are both too mean—good enough to be bad withal.  
 I'm one of that number can defend  
 Marriage is good ; yet rather keep a friend.  
 Give me my bed by stealth—there's true delight ;  
 What breeds a loathing in't, but night by night !

*Ven.* A very fine religion !

*Lus.* Therefore thus

I'll trust thee in the business of my heart ;  
 Because I see thee well-experienced  
 In this luxurious day wherein we breathe.  
 Go thou, and with a smooth enchanting tongue  
 Bewitch her ears, and cosen her of all grace :  
 Enter upon the portion<sup>1</sup> of her soul—  
 Her honour, which she calls her chastity,  
 And bring it into expense ; for honesty  
 Is like a stock of money laid to sleep  
 Which, ne'er so little broke, does never keep.

*Ven.* You have gi'en't the tang,<sup>2</sup> i' faith, my  
 lord :

Make known the lady to me, and my brain  
 Shall swell with strange invention : I will move it,

<sup>1</sup> "Portico" has been suggested. But I see no reason to alter the text. "Portion" is here that which specially belongs to the soul as its birthright.

<sup>2</sup> Equivalent to hit the nail on the head, clinched the matter. Perhaps the metaphor is derived from ringing sound.

Till I expire with speaking, and drop down  
Without a word to save me—but I'll work—

*Lus.* We thank thee, and will raise thee.—

Receive her name ; it is the only daughter to Madam  
Gratiana, the late widow.

*Ven.* O my sister, my sister ! [*Aside.*

*Lus.* Why dost walk aside ?

*Ven.* My lord, I was thinking how I might begin :  
As thus, O lady—or twenty hundred devices—  
Her very bodkin will put a man in.

*Lus.* Ay, or the wagging of her hair.

*Ven.* No, that shall put you in, my lord.

*Lus.* Shall't ? why, content. Dost know the

*Ven.* O, excellent well by sight. [daughter then ?

*Lus.* That was her brother,

That did prefer thee to us.

*Ven.* My lord, I think so ;

I knew I had seen him somewhere—

*Lus.* And therefore, prythee, let thy heart to him

Be as a virgin close.

*Ven.* O my good lord.

*Lus.* We may laugh at that simple age within him.

*Ven.* Ha, ha, ha !

*Lus.* Himself being made the subtle instrument,  
To wind up a good fellow.<sup>1</sup>

*Ven.* That's I, my lord.

*Lus.* That's thou,

To entice and work his sister.

*Ven.* A pure novice !

*Lus.* 'Twas finely managed.

*Ven.* Gallantly carried !

A pretty perfumed villain !

*Lus.* I've bethought me,

If she prove chaste still and immovable,  
Venture upon the mother ; and with gifts,  
As I will furnish thee, begin with her.

<sup>1</sup> Put a thief upon the track.

*Ven.* O, fie, fie! that's the wrong end my lord.  
'Tis mere impossible that a mother, by any gifts,  
should become a bawd to her own daughter!

*Lus.* Nay, then, I see thou'rt but a puisne<sup>1</sup>  
In the subtle mystery of a woman.

Why, 'tis held now no dainty dish: the name  
Is so in league with the age, that nowadays  
It does eclipse three quarters of a mother.

*Ven.* Does it so, my lord?  
Let me alone, then, to eclipse the fourth.

*Lus.* Why, well-said—come, I'll furnish thee, but  
Swear to be true in all. [first

*Ven.* True!

*Lus.* Nay, but swear.

*Ven.* Swear?—I hope your honour little doubts  
my faith.

*Lus.* Yet, for my humour's sake, 'cause I love  
swearing—

*Ven.* 'Cause you love swearing,—'slud,<sup>2</sup> I will.

*Lus.* Why, enough!

Ere long look to be made of better stuff.

*Ven.* That will do well indeed, my lord.

*Lus.* Attend me. [Exit.

*Ven.* O!

Now let me burst. I've eaten noble poison;  
We are made strange fellows, brother, innocent  
villains!

Wilt not be angry, when thou hear'st on't, think'st  
thou?

I' faith, thou shalt: swear me to foul my sister!  
Sword, I durst make a promise of him to thee;  
Thou shalt disheir him; it shall be thine honour.  
And yet, now angry froth is down in me,  
It would not prove the meanest policy,  
In this disguise, to try the faith of both.

<sup>1</sup> Novice.

<sup>2</sup> A corruption of "God's blood."

Another might have had the selfsame office ;  
 Some slave that would have wrought effectually,  
 Ay, and perhaps o'erwrought 'em ; therefore I,  
 Being thought travelled, will apply myself  
 Unto the selfsame form, forget my nature,  
 As if no part about me were kin to 'em,  
 So touch 'em ;—though I durst almost for good  
 Venture my lands in Heaven upon their blood. [*Exit.*]



SCENE IV.—*A Room in ANTONIO'S House.*

*Enter ANTONIO, whose Wife the Duchess' Youngest  
 Son ravished, discovering her dead body to HIP-  
 POLITO, PIERO, and Lords.*

*Ant.* Draw nearer, lords, and be sad witnesses  
 Of a fair comely building newly fallen,  
 Being falsely undermined. Violent rape  
 Has played a glorious act : behold, my lords,  
 A sight that strikes man out of me.

*Piero.* That virtuous lady !

*Ant.* Precedent for wives !

*Hip.* The blush of many women, whose chaste  
 presence  
 Would e'en call shame up to their cheeks, and make  
 Pale wanton sinners have good colours—

*Ant.* Dead !

Her honour first drank poison, and her life,  
 Being fellows in one house, did pledge her honour.

*Piero.* O, grief of many !

*Ant.* I marked not this before—  
 A prayer-book, the pillow to her cheek :  
 This was her rich confection ; and another  
 Placed in her right hand, with a leaf tucked up,  
 Pointing to these words—

*Melius virtute mori, quam per dedecus vivere :*

True and effectual it is indeed.

*Hip.* My lord, since you invite us to your sorrows,  
Let's truly taste 'em, that with equal comfort,  
As to ourselves, we may relieve your wrongs :  
We have grief too, that yet walks without tongue ;  
*Curæ leves loquuntur, majores stupent.*

*Ant.* You deal with truth, my lord ;  
Lend me but your attentions, and I'll cut  
Long grief into short words. Last revelling night,  
When torch-light made an artificial noon  
About the court, some courtiers in the masque,  
Putting on better faces than their own,  
Being full of fraud and flattery—amongst whom  
The duchess' youngest son (that moth to honour)  
Filled up a room, and with long lust to eat  
Into my warren, amongst all the ladies  
Singled out that dear form, who ever lived  
As cold in lust as she is now in death  
(Which that step-duchess' monster knew too well),  
And therefore in the height of all the revels,  
When music was heard loudest, courtiers busiest,  
And ladies great with laughter—O vicious minute !  
Unfit but for relation to be spoke of :  
Then with a face more impudent than his vizard,  
He harried her amidst a throng of panders,  
That live upon damnation of both kinds,  
And fed the ravenous vulture of his lust.  
O death to think on't ! She, her honour forced,  
Deemed it a nobler dowry for her name  
To die with poison than to live with shame.

*Hip.* A wondrous lady ! of rare fire compact ;  
She has made her name an empress by that act.

*Piero.* My lord, what judgment follows the offender ?

*Ant.* Faith, none, my lord ; it cools, and is deferred.

*Piero.* Delay the doom for rape !

*Ant.* O, you must note who 'tis should die,

The duchess' son ! she'll look to be a savor :  
 " Judgment, in this age, is near kin to favour." ✓

*Hip.* Nay, then, step forth, thou bribeless officer :

[*Draws his sword.*

I'll bind you all in steel, to bind you surely ;  
 Here let your oaths meet, to be kept and paid,  
 Which else will stick like rust, and shame the blade ;  
 Strengthen my vow that if, at the next sitting,  
 Judgment speak all in gold, and spare the blood  
 Of such a serpent, e'en before their seats  
 To let his soul out, which long since was found  
 Guilty in Heaven—

*All.* We swear it, and will act it.

*Ant.* Kind gentlemen, I thank you in mine ire.

*Hip.* 'Twere pity

The ruins of so fair a monument  
 Should not be dipped in the defacer's blood.

*Piero.* Her funeral shall be wealthy ; for her name  
 Merits a tomb of pearl. My Lord Antonio,  
 For this time wipe your lady from your eyes ;  
 No doubt our grief and yours may one day court it,  
 When we are more familiar with revenge.

*Ant.* That is my comfort, gentlemen, and I joy  
 In this one happiness above the rest,  
 Which will be called a miracle at last ;  
 That, being an old man, I'd a wife so chaste.

[*Exeunt.*





## ACT THE SECOND.

### SCENE I.—*A Room in GRATIANA'S House.*

*Enter CASTIZA.*



AS. How hardly shall that maiden be beset,  
Whose only fortunes are her constant thoughts!  
That has no other child's part but her honour, [estate;  
That keeps her low and empty in  
Maids and their honours are like poor beginners;  
Were not sin rich, there would be fewer sinners;  
Why had not virtue a revenue? Well,  
I know the cause, 'twould have impoverished hell.

*Enter DONDOLO.*

How now, Dondolo?

*Don.* Madonna, there is one as they say, a thing of flesh and blood—a man, I take him by his beard, that would very desirously mouth to mouth with you.

*Cas.* What's that?

*Don.* Show his teeth in your company.

*Cas.* I understand thee not.

*Don.* Why, speak with you, madonna.

*Cas.* Why, say so, madman, and cut off a great deal of dirty way; had it not been better spoke in ordinary words, that one would speak with me?

*Don.* Ha, ha! that's as ordinary as two shillings.

I would strive a little to show myself in my place;  
a gentleman-usher scorns to use the phrase and  
fancy of a serving-man.

*Cas.* Yours be your own, sir; go, direct him  
hither; [*Exit* DONDOLO.]

I hope some happy tidings from my brother,  
That lately travelled, whom my soul affects.  
Here he comes.

*Enter* VENDICE, *disguised.*

*Ven.* Lady, the best of wishes to your sex—  
Fair skins and new gowns.

*Cas.* O, they shall thank you, sir.  
Whence this?

*Ven.* O, from a dear and worthy mighty friend.

*Cas.* From whom?

*Ven.* The duke's son!

*Cas.* Receive that. [*Boxes his ear.*]

I swore I would put anger in my hand,  
And pass the virgin limits of my sex,  
To him that next appeared in that base office,  
To be his sin's attorney. Bear to him  
That figure of my hate upon thy cheek,  
Whilst 'tis yet hot, and I'll reward thee for't;  
Tell him my honour shall have a rich name,  
When several harlots shall share his with shame.  
Farewell; commend me to him in my hate. [*Exit.*]

*Ven.* It is the sweetest box that e'er my nose  
came nigh;  
The finest drawn-work cuff that e'er was worn;  
I'll love this blow for ever, and this cheek  
Shall still henceforward take the wall of this.  
O, I'm above my tongue: most constant sister,  
In this thou hast right honourable shown;  
Many are called by<sup>1</sup> their honour, that have none;

<sup>1</sup> There is no reason to omit the word "by." Vendice seems to refer to "families called honourable," *i.e.*, the children of lords.



Thou art approved for ever in my thoughts.  
 It is not in the power of words to taint thee.  
 And yet for the salvation of my oath,  
 As my resolve in that point, I will lay  
 Hard siege unto my mother, though I know  
 A syren's tongue could not bewitch her so.  
 Mass, fitly here she comes! thanks, my disguise—  
 Madam, good afternoon.

*Enter GRATIANA.*

*Gra.* Y'are welcome, sir.

*Ven.* The next<sup>1</sup> of Italy commends him to you,  
 Our mighty expectation, the duke's son.

*Gra.* I think myself much honoured that he pleases  
 To rank me in his thoughts.

*Ven.* So may you, lady :  
 One that is like to be our sudden duke ;  
 The crown gapes for him every tide, and then  
 Commander o'er us all ; do but think on him,  
 How blessed were they, now that could pleasure him—  
 E'en with anything almost !

*Gra.* Ay, save their honour.

*Ven.* Tut, one would let a little of that go too,  
 And ne'er be seen in't—ne'er be seen in't, mark you ;  
 I'd wink, and let it go.

*Gra.* Marry, but I would not.

*Ven.* Marry but I would, I hope ; I know you  
 would too,  
 If you'd that blood now, which you gave your  
 daughter.

To her indeed 'tis this wheel<sup>2</sup> comes about ;  
 That man that must be all this, perhaps ere morning  
 (For his white father does but mould away),  
 Has long desired your daughter.

*Gra.* Desired ?

*Ven.* Nay, but hear me ;

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Next heir.

<sup>2</sup> Wheel of fortune,

He desires now, that will command hereafter :  
 Therefore be wise. I speak as more a friend  
 To you than him : madam, I know you're poor,  
 And, 'lack the day !

There are too many poor ladies already ;  
 Why should you wax the number ? 'Tis despised.  
 Live wealthy, rightly understand the world,  
 And chide away that foolish country girl  
 Keeps company with your daughter—Chastity.

*Gra.* O fie, fie ! the riches of the world cannot hire  
 A mother to such a most unnatural task.

*Ven.* No, but a thousand angels<sup>1</sup> can.  
 Men have no power, angels must work you to't :  
 The world descends into such baseborn evils,  
 That forty angels can make fourscore devils.  
 There will be fools still, I perceive—still fools.  
 Would I be poor, dejected, scorned of greatness,  
 Swept from the palace, and see others' daughters  
 Spring with the dew o' the court, having mine  
 own

So much desired and loved by the duke's son ?  
 No, I would raise my state upon her breast ;  
 And call her eyes my tenants ; I would count  
 My yearly maintenance upon her cheeks ;  
 Take coach upon her lip ; and all her parts  
 Should keep men after men, and I would ride  
 In pleasure upon pleasure.  
 You took great pains for her, once when it was ;  
 Let her requite it now, though it be but some.  
 You brought her forth : she may well bring you home.

*Gra.* O Heavens ! this o'ercomes me !

*Ven.* Not, I hope, already ? *[Aside.*

*Gra.* It is too strong for me ; men know that  
 know us,  
 We are so weak their words can overthrow us ;

<sup>1</sup> A play upon the double meaning of the word "angel," which was the name of a gold coin.

He touch'd me nearly, made my virtues bate,<sup>1</sup>  
 When his tongue struck upon my poor estate. [*Aside.*

*Ven.* I e'en quake to proceed, my spirit turns edge.  
 I fear me she's unmothered; yet I'll venture.  
 "That woman is all male, whom none can enter."

[*Aside.*  
 What think you now, lady? Speak, are you wiser?  
 What said advancement to you? Thus it said:  
 The daughter's fall lifts up the mother's head.  
 Did it not, madam? But I'll swear it does  
 In many places: tut, this age fears no man.  
 "'Tis no shame to be bad, because 'tis common."

*Gra.* Ay, that's the comfort on't.

*Ven.* The comfort on't!

I keep the best for last—can these persuade you  
 To forget Heaven—and— [Gives her money.]

*Gra.* Ay, these are they—

*Ven.* O!

*Gra.* That enchant our sex. These are  
 The means that govern our affections—that woman  
 Will not be troubled with the mother long,  
 That sees the comfortable shine of you:  
 I blush to think what for your sakes I'll do.

*Ven.* O suffering<sup>2</sup> Heaven, with thy invisible  
 finger,

E'en at this instant turn the precious side  
 Of both mine eyeballs inward, not to see myself. [*Aside.*

*Gra.* Look you, sir.

*Ven.* Hollo.

*Gra.* Let this thank your pains.

*Ven.* O, you're kind, madam.

*Gra.* I'll see how I can move.

*Ven.* Your words will sting.

*Gra.* If she be still chaste, I'll ne'er call her mine.

*Ven.* Spoke truer than you meant it.

*Gra.* Daughter Castiza.

<sup>1</sup> Decline, droop.

<sup>2</sup> Long-suffering.

*Re-enter CASTIZA.**Cas.* Madam.*Ven.* O, she's yonder ;

Meet her : troops of celestial soldiers guard her heart.  
 Yon dam has devils enough to take her part.

*Cas.* Madam, what makes yon evil-officed man  
 In presence of you ?

*Gra.* Why ?

*Cas.* He lately brought  
 Immodest writing sent from the duke's son,  
 To tempt me to dishonourable act.

*Gra.* Dishonourable act !—good honourable fool,  
 That wouldst be honest, 'cause thou wouldst be so,  
 Producing no one reason but thy will.

And't has a good report, prettily commended,  
 But pray, by whom ? Poor people, ignorant people ;  
 The better sort, I'm sure, cannot abide it.  
 And by what rule should we square out our lives,  
 But by our betters' actions ? O, if thou knew'st  
 What 'twere to lose it, thou would never keep it !  
 But there's a cold curse laid upon all maids,  
 Whilst others clip<sup>1</sup> the sun, they clasp the shades.  
 Virginitie is paradise locked up.

You cannot come by yourselves without fee ;  
 And 'twas decreed that man should keep the key !  
 Deny advancement ! treasure ! the duke's son !

*Cas.* I cry you mercy ! lady, I mistook you !  
 Pray did you see my mother ? which way went you ?  
 Pray God, I have not lost her.

*Ven.* Prettily put by ! *[Aside.*

*Gra.* Are you as proud to me, as coy to him ?  
 Do you not know me now ?

*Cas.* Why, are you she ?  
 The world's so changed one shape into another,  
 It is a wise child now that knows her mother.

*Ven.* Most right i' faith. *[Aside.*<sup>1</sup> Embr. &c.

*Gra.* I owe your cheek my hand  
 For that presumption now ; but I'll forget it.  
 Come, you shall leave those childish 'haviours,  
 And understand your time. Fortunes flow to you ;  
 What, will you be a girl ?  
 If all feared drowning that spy waves ashore,  
 Gold would grow rich, and all the merchants poor.

*Cas.* It is a pretty saying of a wicked one ;  
 But methinks now it does not show so well  
 Out of your mouth—better in his !

*Ven.* Faith, bad enough in both,  
 Were I in earnest, as I'll seem no less. [Aside.  
 I wonder, lady, your own mother's words  
 Cannot be taken, nor stand in full force.  
 'Tis honesty you urge ; what's honesty ?  
 'Tis but Heaven's beggar ; and what woman is  
 So foolish to keep honesty,  
 And be not able to keep herself ? No,  
 Times are grown wiser, and will keep less charge.  
 A maid that has small portion now intends  
 To break up house, and live upon her friends ;  
 How blessed are you ! you have happiness alone ;  
 Others must fall to thousands, you to one,  
 Sufficient in himself to make your forehead  
 Dazzle the world with jewels, and petitionary people  
 Start at your presence.

*Gra.* O, if I were young, I should be ravished.

*Cas.* Ay, to lose your honour !

*Ven.* 'Slid, how can you lose your honour  
 To deal with my lord's grace ?  
 He'll add more honour to it by his title ;  
 Your mother will tell you how.

*Gra.* That I will.

*Ven.* O, think upon the pleasure of the palace !  
 Secured ease and state ! the stirring meats,  
 Ready to move out of the dishes, that e'en now  
 Quicken when they are eaten !

Banquets abroad by torchlight ! music ! sports !  
 Bareheaded vassals, that had ne'er the fortune  
 To keep on their own hats, but let horns<sup>1</sup> wear 'em !  
 Nine coaches waiting—hurry, hurry, hurry—

*Cas.* Ay, to the devil,

*Ven.* Ay, to the devil ! [*Aside.*] To the duke, by  
 my faith.

*Gra.* Ay, to the duke : daughter, you'd scorn to  
 think o' the devil, an you were there once.

*Ven.* True, for most there are as proud as he for  
 his heart, i' faith. [*Aside.*]

Who'd sit at home in a neglected room,  
 Dealing her short-lived beauty to the pictures,  
 That are as useless as old men, when those  
 Poorer in face and fortune than herself  
 Walk with a hundred acres on their backs,<sup>2</sup>  
 Fair meadows cut into green foreparts ? O,  
 It was the greatest blessing ever happened to woman  
 When farmers' sons agreed and met again,  
 To wash their hands, and come up gentlemen !  
 The commonwealth has flourished ever since :  
 Lands that were mete<sup>3</sup> by the rod, that labour's  
 spared :

Tailors ride down, and measure 'em by the yard.  
 Fair trees, those comely foretops of the field,  
 Are cut to maintain head-tires—much untold.  
 All thrives but chastity ; she lies a-cold.  
 Nay, shall I come nearer to you ? mark but this :  
 Why are there so few honest women, but because  
 'tis the poorer profession ? that's accounted best  
 that's best followed ; least in trade, least in fashion ;  
 and that's not honesty, believe it ; and do but note  
 the love and dejected price of it—

<sup>1</sup> Alluding to the custom of hanging hats in ancient halls upon  
 stags' horns.—*Steevens.*

<sup>2</sup> This allusion to farms sold for a court-wardrobe is common in  
 our drama.

<sup>3</sup> *i.e.* Measured.

Lose but a pearl, we search, and cannot brook it :  
But that<sup>1</sup> once gone, who is so mad to look it ?

*Gra.* Troth, he says true.

*Cas.* False ! I defy you both :

I have endured you with an ear of fire ;  
Your tongues have struck hot irons on my face.  
Mother, come from that poisonous woman there.

*Gra.* Where ?

*Cas.* Do you not see her ? she's too inward, then !  
Slave, perish in thy office ! you Heavens, please  
Henceforth to make the mother a disease,  
Which first begins with me : yet I've outgone you.

[*Exit.*

*Ven.* O angels, clap your wings upon the skies,  
And give this virgin crystal plaudites ! [Aside.

*Gra.* Peevish, coy, foolish !—but return this answer,  
My lord shall be most welcome, when his pleasure  
Conducts him this way. I will sway mine own.  
Women with women can work best alone. [Exit.

*Ven.* Indeed, I'll tell him so.

O, more uncivil, more unnatural,  
Than those base-titled creatures that look downward ;  
Why does not Heaven turn black, or with a frown  
Undo the world ? Why does not earth start up,  
And strike the sins that tread upon't ? O,  
Were't not for gold and women, there would be no  
damnation.

Hell would look like a lord's great kitchen without  
fire in't.

But 'twas decreed, before the world began,  
That they should be the hooks to catch at man.

[*Exit.*

<sup>1</sup>*i.e.* Honesty.



SCENE II.—*An Apartment in the Duke's Palace.*

*Enter LUSSURIOSO, with HIPPOLITO.*

*Lus.* I much applaud  
Thy judgment; thou art well-read in a fellow;  
And 'tis the deepest art to study man.  
I know this, which I never learnt in schools,  
The world's divided into knaves and fools.

*Hip.* Knave in your face, my lord—behind your  
back— [Aside.]

*Lus.* And I much thank thee, that thou hast  
A fellow of discourse, well-mingled, [preferred  
And whose brain time hath seasoned.

*Hip.* True, my lord,  
We shall find season once, I hope. O villain!  
To make such an unnatural slave of me—but— [Aside.]

*Lus.* Mass, here he comes.

*Hip.* And now shall I have free leave to depart.  
[Aside.]

*Lus.* Your absence, leave us.

*Hip.* Are not my thoughts true? [Aside.]  
I must remove; but, brother, you may stay.  
Heart! we are both made bawds a new-found way!  
[Exit.]

*Enter VENDICE, disguised.*

*Lus.* Now we're an even number, a third man's  
Especially her brother;—say, be free, [dangerous,  
Have I a pleasure toward—

*Ven.* O my lord!

*Lus.* Ravish me in thine answer; art thou rare?  
Hast thou beguiled her of salvation,  
And rubbed hell o'er with honey? Is she a woman?

*Ven.* In all but in desire. [now.]

*Lus.* Then she's in nothing—I bate<sup>1</sup> in courage

<sup>1</sup> Decline.



*Ven.* The words I brought  
 Might well have made indifferent honest naught.  
 A right good woman in these days is changed  
 Into white money with less labour far ;  
 Many a maid has turned to Mahomet  
 With easier working : I durst undertake,  
 Upon the pawn and forfeit of my life,  
 With half those words to flat a Puritan's wife.  
 But she is close and good ; yet 'tis a doubt  
 By this time.—O, the mother, the mother

*Lus.* I never thought their sex had been a wonder,  
 Until this minute. What fruit from the mother ?

*Ven.* How must I blister my soul, be forsworn,  
 Or shame the woman that received me first !  
 I will be true : thou liv'st not to proclaim.  
 Spoke to a dying man, shame has no shame. [*Aside.*  
 My lord.

*Lus.* Who's that ?

*Ven.* Here's none but I, my lord.

*Lus.* What would thy haste utter ?

*Ven.* Comfort.

*Lus.* Welcome.

*Ven.* The maid being dull, having no mind to  
 Into unknown lands, what did I straight, [travel  
 But set spurs to the mother ? golden spurs  
 Will put her to a false gallop in a trice.

*Lus.* Is't possible that in this  
 The mother should be damned before the daughter ?

*Ven.* O, that's good manners, my lord ; the mother  
 for her age must go foremost, you know.

*Lus.* Thou'st spoke that true ! but where comes  
 in this comfort ? [mother

*Ven.* In a fine place, my lord, — the unnatural  
 Did with her tongue so hard beset her honour,  
 That the poor fool was struck to silent wonder ;  
 Yet still the maid, like an unlighted taper,  
 Was cold and chaste, save that her mother's breath

Did blow fire on her cheeks. The girl departed ;  
 But the good ancient madam, half mad, threw me  
 These promising words, which I took deeply note of :  
 " My lord shall be most welcome "—

*Lus.* Faith, I thank her.

*Ven.* " When his pleasure conducts him this

*Lus.* That shall be soon, i' faith. [way"—

*Ven.* " I will sway mine own "—

*Lus.* She does the wiser : I commend her for't.

*Ven.* " Women with women can work best alone."

*Lus.* By this light, and so they can ; give 'em their  
 due, men are not comparable to 'em.

*Ven.* No, that's true ; for you shall have one  
 woman knit more in an hour, than any man can ravel  
 again in seven-and-twenty years.

*Lus.* Now my desires are happy ; I'll make 'em  
 freemen now.

Thou art a precious fellow ; faith, I love thee ;  
 Be wise and make it thy revenue ; beg, beg ;  
 What office couldst thou be ambitious for ?

*Ven.* Office, my lord ! marry, if I might have my  
 wish, I would have one that was never begged yet.

*Lus.* Nay, then, thou canst have none.

*Ven.* Yes, my lord, I could pick out another office  
 yet ; nay, and keep a horse and drab upon't.

*Lus.* Prythee, good bluntness, tell me.

*Ven.* Why, I would desire but this, my lord—to  
 have all the fees behind the arras, and all the  
 farthingales that fall plump about twelve o'clock at  
 night upon the rushes.

*Lus.* Thou'rt a mad, apprehensive knave ; dost  
 think to make any great purchase of that ?

*Ven.* O, 'tis an unknown thing, my lord ; I wonder't  
 has been missed so long.

*Lus.* Well, this night I'll visit her, and 'tis till then  
 A year in my desires—farewell, attend :  
 Trust me with thy preferment.



*Ven.* Unbraced! two of his valiant bawds with him!  
O, there's a wicked whisper; hell's in his ear.  
Stay, let's observe his passage—

*Enter SPURIO and Servants.*

*Spu.* O, but are you sure on't?

*1st Ser.* My lord, most sure on't; for 'twas spoke by  
That is most inward with the duke's son's lust, [one,  
That he intends within this hour to steal  
Unto Hippolito's sister, whose chaste life  
The mother has corrupted for his use.

*Spu.* Sweet word! sweet occasion! faith, then,  
I'll disinherit you in as short time [brother,  
As I was when I was begot in haste.  
I'll damn you at your pleasure: precious deed!  
After your lust, O, 'twill be fine to bleed.  
Come, let our passing out be soft and wary.

[*Exeunt SPURIO and Servants.*

*Ven.* Mark! there; there; that step; now to the  
duchess!

This their second meeting writes the duke cuckold  
With new additions—his horns newly revived.  
Night! thou that look'st like funeral heralds' fees,  
Torn down betimes i' the morning, thou hang'st fitly  
To grace those sins that have no grace at all.  
Now 'tis full sea abed over the world:  
There's juggling of all sides; some that were maids  
E'en at sunset, are now perhaps i' the toll-book.<sup>1</sup>  
This woman in immodest thin apparel  
Lets in her friend by water; here a dame  
Cunning nails leather hinges to a door,  
To avoid proclamation.  
Now cuckolds are coining, apace, apace, apace, apace!  
And careful sisters spin that thread i' the night,  
That does maintain them and their bawds i' the day.

<sup>1</sup> Alluding to the custom of entering horses sold at fairs in a book called the "Toll-book."

*Hip.* You flow well, brother.

*Ven.* Pooh! I'm shallow yet;

Too sparing and too modest; shall I tell thee?

If every trick were told that's dealt by night,

There are few here that would not blush outright.

*Hip.* I am of that belief too. Who's this comes?

*Ven.* The duke's son up so late? Brother, fall back,  
And you shall learn some mischief. My good lord!

*Enter LUSSURIOSO.*

*Lus.* Piato! why, the man I wished for! Come,  
I do embrace this season for the fittest  
To taste of that young lady.

*Ven.* Heart and hell.

[*Aside.*

*Hip.* Damned villain!

[*Aside.*

*Ven.* I have no way now to cross it, but to kill  
him.

[*Aside.*

*Lus.* Come, only thou and I.

*Ven.* My lord! my lord!

*Lus.* Why dost thou start us?

*Ven.* I'd almost forgot—the bastard!

*Lus.* What of him?

*Ven.* This night, this hour, this minute, now—

*Lus.* What? what?

*Ven.* Shadows the duchess—

*Lus.* Horrible word!

*Ven.* And (like strong poison) eats  
Into the duke your father's forehead.

*Lus.* O!

*Ven.* He makes horn-royal.

*Lus.* Most ignoble slave!

*Ven.* This is the fruit of two beds.

*Lus.* I am mad.

*Ven.* That passage he trod warily.

*Lus.* He did?

*Ven.* And hushed his villains every step he took.

*Lus.* His villains! I'll confound them.

I  
N  
T  
C

V  
E  
A

SCENE IV.] *THE REVENGER'S TRAGEDY.* 379

*Ven.* Take 'em finely—finely, now.

*Lus.* The duchess' chamber-door shall not control me. [*Exeunt LUSSURIOSO and VENDICE.*]

*Hip.* Good, happy, swift: there's gunpowder i' the Wildfire at midnight. In this heedless fury [court, He may show violence to cross himself. I'll follow the event. [*Exit.*]



SCENE IV.—*The DUKE's Bedchamber.*—*The DUKE and DUCHESS in bed.*

*Enter LUSSURIOSO and VENDICE, disguised.*

*Lus.* Where is that villain?

*Ven.* Softly, my lord, and you may take 'em twisted.

*Lus.* I care not how.

*Ven.* O! 'twill be glorious [my lord. To kill 'em doubled, when they're heaped. Be soft,

*Lus.* Away! my spleen is not so lazy: thus and I'll shake their eyelids ope, and with my sword [thus Shut 'em again for ever. Villain! strumpet!

*Duke.* You upper guard, defend us!

*Duch.* Treason! treason!

*Duke.* O, take me not in sleep!

I have great sins; I must have days,  
Nay, months, dear son, with penitential heaves,  
To lift 'em out, and not to die unclear.

O, thou wilt kill me both in Heaven and here.

*Lus.* I am amazed to death.

*Duke.* Nay, villain, traitor,  
Worse than the foulest epithet; now I'll gripe thee  
E'en with the nerves of wrath, and throw thy head  
Amongst the lawyers!--guard!

*Enter AMBITIOSO, SUPERVACUO, and Lords.*

*1st Lord.* How comes the quiet of your grace disturbed?

*Duke.* This boy, that should be myself after me,  
Would be myself before me; and in heat  
Of that ambition bloodily rushed in,  
Intending to depose me in my bed.

*2nd Lord.* Duty and natural loyalty forfend!

*Duch.* He called his father villain, and me strumpet,  
A word that I abhor to file<sup>1</sup> my lips with.

*Amb.* That was not so well-done, brother.

*Lus.* I am abused—I know there's no excuse  
can do me good. [Aside.

*Ven.* 'Tis now good policy to be from sight;  
His vicious purpose to our sister's honour  
I crossed beyond our thought. [Aside.

*Hip.* You little dreamt his father slept here.

*Ven.* O, 'twas far beyond me:  
But since it fell so—without frightful words,  
Would he had killed him, 'twould have eased our  
swords.

*Duke.* Be comforted, our duchess, he shall die.

[*Exeunt VENDICE and HIPPOLITO.*

*Lus.* Where's this slave-pander now? out of mine  
Guilty of this abuse. [eye,

*Enter SPURIO with Servants.*

*Spu.* Y' are villains, fblers!<sup>2</sup>  
You have knaves' chins and harlots' tongues; you lie;  
And I will damn you with one meal a day.

*1st Ser.* O good my lord!

*Spu.* 'Sblood, you shall never sup.

*2nd Ser.* O, I beseech you, sir! [him!

*Spu.* To let my sword catch cold so long, and miss

*1st Ser.* Troth, my lord, 'twas his intent to meet

*Spu.* 'Heart! he's yonder. [there.

Ha, what news here? is the day out o' the socket,  
That it is noon at midnight? the court up?  
How comes the guard so saucy with his elbows?

<sup>1</sup> Defile.

<sup>2</sup> Liars.

*Lus.* The bastard here ?

Nay, then the truth of my intent shali out ;  
My lord and father, hear me.

*Duke.* Bear him hence.

*Lus.* I can with loyalty excuse.

*Duke.* Excuse ? to prison with the villain !

Death shall not long lag after him.

*Spu.* Good, i' faith : then 'tis not much amiss.

*Lus.* Brothers, my best release lies on your tongues ;  
I pray, persuade for me.

*Amb.* It is our duties ; make yourself sure of us.

*Sup.* We'll sweat in pleading.

*Lus.* And I may live to thank you.

[*Exit with Lords.*]

*Amb.* No, thy death shall thank me better.

*Spu.* He's gone ; I'll after him,

And know his trespass ; seem to bear a part  
In all his ills, but with a puritan heart.

[*Exit with Servants.*]

*Amb.* Now, brother, let our hate and love be woven  
So subtly together, that in speaking one word for  
We may make three for his death : [his life,  
The craftiest pleader gets most gold for breath.

*Sup.* Set on, I'll not be far behind you, brother.

*Duke.* Is't possible a son should be disobedient as  
far as the sword ? It is the highest : he can go no  
farther.

*Amb.* My gracious lord, take pity—

*Duke.* Pity, boys !

*Amb.* Nay, we'd be loth to move your grace too  
We know the trespass is unpardonable, [much ;  
Black, wicked, and unnatural.

*Sup.* In a son ! O, monstrous !

*Amb.* Yet, my lord,

A duke's soft hand strokes the rough head of law,  
And makes it lie smooth.

*Duke.* But my hand shall ne'er do't.



*Amb.* That as you please, my lord.

*Sup.* We must needs confess.

Some fathers would have entered into hate  
So deadly-pointed, that before his eyes  
He would ha' seen the execution sound<sup>1</sup>  
Without corrupted favour.

*Amb.* But, my lord,  
Your grace may live the wonder of all times,  
In pardoning that offence, which never yet  
Had face to beg a pardon.

*Duke.* Hunny, how's this ?

*Amb.* Forgive him, good my lord ; he's your own  
And I must needs say, 'twas the viler done. [son :

*Sup.* He's the next heir : yet this true reason  
gathers,

None can possess that dispossess their fathers.  
Be merciful!—

*Duke.* Here's no step-mother's wit ;  
I'll try them both upon their love and hate. [*Aside.*

*Amb.* Be merciful—although—

*Duke.* You have prevailed.

My wrath, like flaming wax, hath spent itself ;  
I know 'twas but some peevish moon<sup>2</sup> in him ;  
Go, let him be released.

*Sup.* 'Sfoot, how now, brother ? [*Aside.*

*Amb.* Your grace doth please to speak beside your  
I would it were so happy. [spleen ;

*Duke.* Why, go, release him.

*Sup.* O my good lord ! I know the fault's too  
And full of general loathing : too inhuman, [weighty  
Rather by all men's voices worthy death.

*Duke.* 'Tis true too ; here, then, receive this signet.  
Doom shall pass ;  
Direct it to the judges ; he shall die  
Ere many days. Make haste.

*Amb.* All speed that may be.

<sup>1</sup> Stable.

<sup>2</sup> Some lune or frenzy.

We could have wished his burden not so sore :  
 We knew your grace did but delay before.

[*Exeunt* AMBITIOSO and SUPERVACUO.]

*Duke.* Here's envy with a poor thin cover o'er't ;  
 Like scarlet hid in lawn, easily spied through.  
 This their ambition by the mother's side  
 Is dangerous, and for safety must be purged.  
 I will prevent their envies ; sure it was  
 But some mistaken fury in our son,  
 Which these aspiring boys would climb upon :  
 He shall be released suddenly.

*Enter Nobles.*

*1st Noble.* Good morning to your grace.

*Duke.* Welcome, my lords.

*2nd Noble.* Our knees shall take  
 Away the office of our feet for ever,  
 Unless your grace bestow a father's eye  
 Upon the clouded fortunes of your son,  
 And in compassionate virtue grant him that,  
 Which makes e'en mean men happy—liberty.

*Duke.* How seriously their loves and honours woo  
 For that which I am about to pray them do !  
 Arise, my lords ; your knees sign his release.  
 We freely pardon him.

*1st Noble.* We owe your grace much thanks, and  
 he much duty. [ *Exeunt* Nobles.]

*Duke.* It well becomes that judge to nod at crimes,  
 That does commit greater himself, and lives.  
 I may forgive a disobedient error,  
 That expect pardon for adultery,  
 And in my old days am a youth in lust.  
 Many a beauty have I turned to poison  
 In the denial, covetous of all.  
 Age hot is like a monster to be seen ;  
 My hairs are white, and yet my sins are green.



ACT THE THIRD.

SCENE I.—*A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter* AMBITIOSO *and* SUPERVACUO.



UP. Brother, let my opinion sway you  
once ;  
I speak it for the best, to have him die  
Surest and soonest ; if the signet  
come  
Unto the judge's hand, why then his  
Will be deferred till sittings and court-days, [doom  
Juries, and further. Faiths are bought and sold ;  
Oaths in these days are but the skin of gold.

*Amb.* In troth, 'tis true too.

*Sup.* Then let's set by the judges,  
And fall to the officers ; 'tis but mistaking  
The duke our father's meaning ; and where he named  
" Ere many days "—'tis but forgetting that,  
And have him die i' the morning.

*Amb.* Excellent !  
Then am I heir ! duke in a minute !

*Sup.* [*Aside.*] Nay,  
An he were once puffed out, here is a pin  
Should quickly prick your bladder.

*Amb.* Blessed occasion !  
He being packed, we'll have some trick and wile  
To wind our younger brother out of prison,  
That lies in for the rape. The lady's dead,  
And people's thoughts will soon be buried.

*Sup.* We may with safety do't, and live and feed ;  
The duchess' sons are too proud to bleed.

*Amb.* We are, i' faith, to say true—come, let's not  
I'll to the officers ; go you before, [linger :  
And set an edge upon the executioner.

*Sup.* Let me alone to grind. [Exit.

*Amb.* Meet farewell !

I am next now ; I rise just in that place,  
Where thou'rt cut off ; upon thy neck, kind brother ;  
The falling of one head lifts up another. [Exit.



SCENE II.—*The Courtyard of a Prison.*

*Enter LUSSURIOSO with Nobles.*

*Lus.* My lords, I am so much indebted to your loves  
For this, O, this delivery—

*1st Noble.* Put our duties, my lord, unto the hopes  
that grow in you.

*Lus.* If e'er I live to be myself, I'll thank you.  
O liberty, thou sweet and heavenly dame !  
But hell for prison is too mild a name. [Exit.

*Enter AMBITIOSO and SUPERVACUO, with Officers.*

*Amb.* Officers, here's the duke's signet, your firm  
warrant,  
Brings the command of present death along with it  
Unto our brother, the duke's son ; we are sorry  
That we are so unnaturally employed  
In such an unkind office, fitter far  
For enemies than brothers.

*Sup.* But, you know,  
The duke's command must be obeyed.

*1st Off.* It must and shall, my lord. This morning,  
So suddenly ? [then—

*Amb.* Ay, alas! poor, good soul!  
He must breakfast betimes; the executioner  
Stands ready to put forth his cowardly valour.

*2nd Off.* Already?

*Sup.* Already, i' faith. O sir, destruction hies,  
And that is least imprudent,<sup>1</sup> soonest dies.

*1st Off.* Troth, you say true. My lord, we take our  
Our office shall be sound; we'll not delay [leaves:  
The third part of a minute.

*Amb.* Therein you show  
Yourselves good men and upright. Officers,  
Pray, let him die as private as he may;  
Do him that favour; for the gaping people  
Will but trouble him at his prayers,  
And make him curse and swear, and so die black.  
Will you be so far kind?

*1st Off.* It shall be done, my lord.

*Amb.* Why, we do thank you; if we live to be—  
You shall have a better office.

*2nd Off.* Your good lordship—

*Sup.* Commend us to the scaffold in our tears.

*1st Off.* We'll weep, and do your commendations.

*Amb.* Fine fools in office! [Exeunt Officers.

*Sup.* Things fall out so fit!

*Amb.* So happily! come, brother! ere next clock,  
His head will be made serve a bigger block.<sup>2</sup> [Exeunt.



SCENE III.—*Inside a Prison.*

*Enter the DUCHESS' Youngest Son and Keeper.*

*Y. Son.* Keeper!

*Keep.* My lord.

*Y. Son.* No news lately from our brothers?  
Are they unmindful of us?

<sup>1</sup> *Edits.*, "Impudent." The least imprudent is equivalent to the most farsighted or wary.

<sup>2</sup> i.e. Hat.

*Keep.* My lord, a messenger came newly in,  
And brought this from 'em.

*Y. Son.* Nothing but paper-comforts?  
I looked for my delivery before this,  
Had they been worth their oaths.—Prythee, be from  
us. [*Exit* Keeper.

Now what say you, forsooth? speak out, I pray.

[*Reads the letter.*] “Brother, be of good cheer”;  
'Slud, it begins like a whore with good cheer.

“Thou shalt not be long a prisoner.”

Not six-and-thirty years, like a bankrupt—I think so.

“We have thought upon a device to get thee out  
by a trick.” [*playing.*]

By a trick! pox o' your trick, an' it be so long a

“And so rest comforted, be merry, and expect it  
suddenly!”

Be merry! hang merry, draw and quarter merry;  
I'll be mad. Is't not strange that a man should lie  
in a whole month for a woman? Well, we shall see  
how sudden our brothers will be in their promise.  
I must expect still a trick: I shall not be long a  
prisoner. How now, what news?

*Re-enter* Keeper.

*Keep.* Bad news, my lord; I am discharged of you.

*Y. Son.* Slave! call'st thou that bad news? I  
thank you, brothers.

*Keep.* My lord, 'twill prove so. Here come the  
Into whose hands I must commit you. [*officers,*]

*Y. Son.* Ha, officers! what? why?

*Enter* Officers.

*1st. Off.* You must pardon us, my lord:

Our office must be sound: here is our warrant,  
The signet from the duke; you must straight suffer.

*Y. Son.* Suffer! I'll suffer you to begone; I'll  
suffer you

To come no more; what would you have me suffer?

*2nd Off.* My lord, those words were better changed to prayers.

The time's but brief with you : prepare to die.

*Y. Son.* Sure, 'tis not so !

*3rd Off.* It is too true, my lord.

*Y. Son.* I tell you 'tis not ; for the duke my father  
Deferred me till next sitting ; and I look,  
E'en every minute, threescore times an hour,  
For a release, a trick wrought by my brothers.

*1st Off.* A trick, my lord ! if you expect such  
comfort,

Your hope's as fruitless as a barren woman :  
Your brothers were the unhappy messengers  
That brought this powerful token for your death.

*Y. Son.* My brothers ? no, no.

*2nd Off.* 'Tis most true, my lord.

*Y. Son.* My brothers to bring a warrant for my  
How strange this shows ! [death !]

*3rd Off.* There's no delaying time.

*Y. Son.* Desire 'em hither : call 'em up — my  
They shall deny it to your faces. [brothers !]

*1st Off.* My lord,

They're far enough by this ; at least at court ;  
And this most strict command they left behind 'em.  
When grief swam in their eyes, they showed like  
Brimful of heavy sorrow—but the duke [brothers,  
“ Must have his pleasure.”

*Y. Son.* His pleasure !

*1st Off.* These were the last words, which my  
memory bears,

“ Commend us to the scaffold in our tears.”

*Y. Son.* Pox dry their tears ! what should I do  
with tears ?

I hate 'em worse than any citizen's son  
Can hate salt water. Here came a letter now,  
New-bleeding from their pens, scarce stinted yet :  
Would I'd been torn in pieces when I tore it :

SCENE IV.] *THE REVENGER'S TRAGEDY.* 389

Look, you officious whoresons, words of comfort,  
"Not long a prisoner."

*1st Off.* It says true in that, sir; for you must  
suffer presently.

*Y. Son.* A villainous Duns<sup>1</sup> upon the letter,  
knavish exposition!

Look you then here, sir: "we'll get thee out by a  
trick," says he.

*2nd Off.* That may hold too, sir; for you know a  
trick is commonly four cards,<sup>2</sup> which was meant by us  
four officers.

*Y. Son.* Worse and worse dealing.

*1st Off.* The hour beckons us.

The headsman waits: lift up your eyes to Heaven.

*Y. Son.* I thank you, faith; good pretty wholesome  
I should look up to Heaven, as you said, [counsel!  
Whilst he behind me cosens me of my head.

Ay, that's the trick.

*3rd Off.* You delay too long, my lord. [must,

*Y. Son.* Stay, good authority's bastards; since I  
Through brothers' perjury, die, O, let me venom  
Their souls with curses.

*3rd Off.* Come, 'tis no time to curse.

*Y. Son.* Must I bleed then without respect of sign?  
well—

My fault was sweet sport which the world approves,  
I die for that which every woman loves. [*Exeunt.*



SCENE IV.—*A Lodge in the Ducal Grounds.*

*Enter VENDICE, disguised, and HIPPOLITO.*

*Ven.* O, sweet, delectable, rare, happy, ravishing!

*Hip.* Why, what's the matter, brother?

<sup>1</sup> Alluding to Duns Scotus, who commented upon "The Master  
of the Sentences."

<sup>2</sup> In the game of Primero.



*Ven.* O, 'tis able to make a man spring up and knock  
Against yon silver ceiling. [his forehead]

*Hip.* Prythee, tell me ;  
Why may not I partake with you ? you vowed once  
To give me share to every tragic thought.

*Ven.* By the mass, I think I did too ;  
Then I'll divide it to thee. The old duke,  
Thinking my outward shape and inward heart  
Are cut out of one piece (for he that prates his  
secrets,

His heart stands o' the outside), hires me by price  
To greet him with a lady  
In some fit place, veiled from the eyes o' the court,  
Some darkened, blushless angle, that is guilty  
Of his forefather's lust and great folks' riots ;  
To which I easily (to maintain my shape)  
Consented, and did wish his impudent grace  
To meet her here in this unsunnèd lodge,  
Wherein 'tis night at noon ; and here the rather  
Because, unto the torturing of his soul,  
The bastard and the duchess have appointed  
Their meeting too in this luxurious circle ;  
Which most afflicting sight will kill his eyes,  
Before we kill the rest of him.

*Hip.* 'Twill, i' faith ! Most dreadfully digested !  
I see not how you could have missed me, brother.

*Ven.* True ; but the violence of my joy forgot it.

*Hip.* Ay, but where's that lady now ?

*Ven.* O ! at that word

I'm lost again ; you cannot find me yet :  
I'm in a throng of happy apprehensions.  
He's suited for a lady ; I have took care  
For a delicious lip, a sparkling eye—  
You shall be witness, brother :  
Be ready ; stand with your hat off.

[*Exit.*

*Hip.* Troth, I wonder what lady it should be !  
Yet 'tis no wonder, now I think again,

To have a lady stoop to a duke, that stoops unto  
his men.

'Tis common to be common through the world :  
And there's more private common shadowing vices,  
Than those who are known both by their names and  
'Tis part of my allegiance to stand bare [prices.  
To the duke's concubine ; and here she comes.

*Re-enter VENDICE, with the skull of his Betrothed  
dressed up in tires.*

*Ven.* Madam, his grace will not be absent long.<sup>1</sup>  
Secret ! ne'er doubt us, madam ; 'twill be worth  
Three velvet gowns to your ladyship. Known !  
Few ladies respect that disgrace : a poor thin shell !  
'Tis the best' grace you have to do it well.

I'll save your hand that labour : I'll unmask you !

*Hip.* Why, brother, brother !

*Ven.* Art thou beguiled now ? tut, a lady can,  
As such all hid, beguile a wiser man.  
Have I not fitted the old surfeiter  
With a quaint piece of beauty ? Age and bare bone  
Are e'er allied in action. Here's an eye,  
Able to tempt a great man—to serve God :  
A pretty hanging lip, that has forgot now to dis-  
semble.

Methinks this mouth should make a swearer tremble ;  
A drunkard clasp his teeth, and not undo 'em,  
To suffer wet damnation to run through 'em.  
Here's a cheek keeps her colour, let the wind go  
whistle :

Spout, rain, we fear thee not : be hot or cold,  
All's one with us ; and is not he absurd,  
Whose fortunes are upon their faces set,  
That fear no other god but wind and wet ?

*Hip.* Brother, you've spoke that right :  
Is this the form that, living, shone so bright ?

<sup>1</sup> He imagines her to be speaking, and answers her.

*Ven.* The very same.

And now methinks I could e'en chide myself  
 For doating on her beauty, though her death  
 Shall be revenged after no common action.  
 Does the silkworm expend her yellow labours  
 For thee? For thee does she undo herself?  
 Are lordships sold to maintain ladyships,  
 For the poor benefit of a bewildering minute?  
 Why does yon fellow falsify highways,  
 And put his life between the judge's lips,  
 To refine such a thing—keeps horse and men  
 To beat their valours for her?

Surely we are all mad people, and they  
 Whom we think are, are not: we mistake those;  
 'Tis we are mad in sense, they but in clothes.

*Hip.* Faith, and in clothes too we, give us our due.

*Ven.* Does every proud and self-affecting dame  
 Camphire her face for this, and grieve her Maker  
 In sinful baths of milk, when many an infant starves  
 For her superfluous outside—all for this?  
 Who now bids twenty pounds a night? prepares  
 Music, perfumes, and sweetmeats? All are hushed.  
 Thou may'st lie chaste now! it were fine, methinks,  
 To have thee seen at revels, forgetful feasts,  
 And unclean brothels! sure, 'twould fright the  
 sinner,

And make him a good coward: put a reveller  
 Out of his antic amble,  
 And cloy an epicure with empty dishes.  
 Here might a scornful and ambitious woman  
 Look through and through herself. See, ladies, with  
 false forms

You deceive men, but cannot deceive worms.—  
 Now to my tragic business. Look you, brother,  
 I have not fashioned this only for show  
 And useless property; no, it shall bear a part  
 E'en in its own revenge. This very skull,

Whose mistress the duke poisoned, with this drug,  
 The mortal curse of the earth, shall be revenged  
 In the like strain, and kiss his lips to death.  
 As much as the dumb thing can, he shall feel :  
 What fails in poison, we'll supply in steel.

*Hip.* Brother, I do applaud thy constant vengeance—

The quaintness of thy malice—above thought.

*Ven.* So, 'tis laid on [*He poisons the lips of the skull*]: now come and welcome, duke,  
 I have her for thee. I protest it, brother,  
 Methinks she makes almost as fair a fine,  
 As some old gentlewoman in a periwig.  
 Hide thy face now for shame; thou hadst need have  
 a mask now :

'Tis vain when beauty flows; but when it fleets,  
 This would become graves better than the streets.

*Hip.* You have my voice in that: hark, the duke's come.

*Ven.* Peace, let's observe what company he brings,  
 And how he does absent 'em; for you know  
 He'll wish all private. Brother, fall you back a little  
 With the bony lady.

*Hip.* That I will. [*Retires.*]

*Ven.* So, so; now nine years' vengeance crowd  
 into a minute!

*Enter DUKE and Gentlemen.*

*Duke.* You shall have leave to leave us, with this charge  
 Upon your lives, if we be missed by the duchess  
 Or any of the nobles, to give out,  
 We're privately rid forth.

*Ven.* O happiness!

*Duke.* With some few honourable gentlemen, you may say—  
 You may name those that are away from court.

*Gen.* Your will and pleasure shall be done, my lord. [*Exeunt Gentlemen.*]

*Ven.* "Privately rid forth!"

He strives to make sure work on't. Your good grace! [*Advances.*]

*Duke.* Piato, well done, hast brought her! what lady is't?

*Ven.* Faith, my lord, a country lady, a little bashful at first, as most of them are; but after the first kiss, my lord, the worst is past with them. Your grace knows now what you have to do; she has somewhat a grave look with her—but—

*Duke.* I love that best; conduct her.

*Ven.* Have at all. [*Aside.*]

*Duke.* In gravest looks the greatest faults seem Give me that sin that's robed in holiness. [*less.*]

*Ven.* Back with the torch! brother, raise the perfumes. [*Aside.*]

*Duke.* How sweet can a duke breathe! Age has no Pleasure should meet in a perfumèd mist. [*fault.*]

Lady, sweetly encountered: I came from court, I must be bold with you. O, what's this? O!

*Ven.* Royal villain! white devil!

*Duke.* O!

*Ven.* Brother, place the torch here, that his affrighted eyeballs

May start into those hollows. Duke, dost know Yon dreadful vizard? View it well; 'tis the skull Of Gloriana, whom thou poisonedst last.

*Duke.* O! 't has poisoned me.

*Ven.* Didst not know that till now?

*Duke.* What are you two?

*Ven.* Villains all three! the very ragged bone Has been sufficiently revenged.

*Duke.* O, Hippolito, call treason! [*He sinks down.*]

*Hip.* Yes, my lord; treason! treason! treason! [*Stamping on him.*]

*Duke.* Then I'm betrayed.

*Ven.* Alas! poor lecher: in the hands of knaves,  
A slavish duke is baser than his slaves.

*Duke.* My teeth are eaten out.

*Ven.* Hadst any left?

*Hip.* I think but few.

*Ven.* Then those that did eat are eaten.

*Duke.* O my tongue!

*Ven.* Your tongue? 'twill teach you to kiss closer,  
Not like a slobbering Dutchman. You have eyes still:  
Look, monster, what a lady hast thou made me

[*Discovers himself.*

My once betrothèd wife.

*Duke.* Is it thou, villain? nay, then—

*Ven.* 'Tis I, 'tis Vendice, 'tis I.

*Hip.* And let this comfort thee: our lord and  
Fell sick upon the infection of thy frowns, [*father*  
And died in sadness: be that thy hope of life.

*Duke.* O!

*Ven.* He had his tongue, yet grief made him die  
Pooh! 'tis but early yet; now I'll begin [*speechless.*  
To stick thy soul with ulcers. I will make  
Thy spirit grievous sore; it shall not rest,  
But like some pestilent man toss in thy breast.

Mark me, duke:

Thou art a renownèd, high and mighty cuckold.

*Duke.* O!

*Ven.* Thy bastard, thy bastard rides a-hunting in

*Duke.* Millions of deaths! [*thy brow.*

*Ven.* Nay, to afflict thee more,

Here in this lodge they meet for damnèd clips.<sup>1</sup>

Those eyes shall see the incest of their lips.

*Duke.* Is there a hell besides this, villains?

*Ven.* Villain!

Nay, Heaven is just; scorns are the hire of scorns:  
I ne'er knew yet adulterer without horns.

<sup>1</sup> Embraces.

*Hip.* Once, ere they die, 'tis quitted.

*Ven.* Hark! the music:

Their banquet is prepared, they're coming—

*Duke.* O, kill me not with that sight!

*Ven.* Thou shalt not lose that sight for all thy

*Duke.* Traitors! murderers! [dukedom.

*Ven.* What! is not thy tongue eaten out yet?

Then we'll invent a silence. Brother, stifle the torch.

*Duke.* Treason! murder!

*Ven.* Nay, faith, we'll have you hushed. Now  
with thy dagger

Nail down his tongue, and mine shall keep possession

About his heart; if he but gasp, he dies;

We dread not death to quittance injuries.

Brother, if he but wink, not brooking the foul object,

Let our two other hands tear up his lids,

And make his eyes like comets shine through blood.

When the bad bleeds, then is the tragedy good.

*Hip.* Whist, brother! the music's at our ear; they  
come.

*Enter SPURIO, meeting the DUCHESS.*

*Spu.* Had not that kiss a taste of sin, 'twere sweet.

*Duch.* Why, there's no pleasure sweet, but it is  
sinful.

*Spu.* True, such a bitter sweetness fate hath given;  
Best side to us is the worst side to Heaven.

*Duch.* Pish! come: 'tis the old duke, thy doubt-  
ful father:

The thought of him rubs Heaven in thy way.

But I protest by yonder waxen fire,

Forget him, or I'll poison him.

*Spu.* Madam, you urge a thought which ne'er had  
So deadly do I loathe him for my birth, [life.

That if he took me hasped within his bed,

I would add murder to adultery,

And with my sword give up his years to death.

*Duch.* Why, now thou'rt sociable; lets in and feast :

Loud'st music sound ; pleasure is banquet's guest.

[*Exeunt* DUCHESS and SPURIO.

*Duke.* I cannot brook— [Dies.

*Ven.* The brook is turned to blood.

*Hip.* Thanks to loud music.

*Ven.* 'Twas our friend, indeed.

'Tis state in music for a duke to bleed.

The dukedom wants a head, though yet unknown ;

As fast as they peep up, let's cut 'em down. [*Exeunt.*



SCENE V.—*A Room in the Palace.*

*Enter* AMBITIOSO and SUPERVACUO.

*Amb.* Was not his execution rarely plotted ?  
We are the duke's sons now.

*Sup.* Ay, you may thank my policy for that.

*Amb.* Your policy for what ?

*Sup.* Why, was't not my invention, brother,  
To slip the judges ? and in lesser compass  
Did I not draw the model of his death ;  
Advising you to sudden officers  
And e'en extemporal execution ?

*Amb.* Heart ! 'twas a thing I thought on too.

*Sup.* You thought on't too ! 'sfoot, slander not your  
thoughts

With glorious untruth ; I know 'twas from you.

*Amb.* Sir, I say, 'twas in my head.

*Sup.* Ay, like your brains then,  
Ne'er to come out as long as you lived.

*Amb.* You'd have the honour on't, forsooth, that  
Led him to the scaffold. [your wit

*Sup.* Since it is my due,  
I'll publish't, but I'll ha't in spite of you.



*Amb.* Methinks, y'are much too bold; you should  
a little

Remember us, brother, next to be honest duke.

*Sup.* Ay, it shall be as easy for you to be duke  
As to be honest; and that's never, i' faith. [*Aside.*

*Amb.* Well, cold he is by this time; and because  
We're both ambitious, be it our amity,  
And let the glory be shared equally.

*Sup.* I am content to that.

*Amb.* This night our younger brother shall out of  
I have a trick. [prison:

*Sup.* A trick! prythee, what is't?

*Amb.* We'll get him out by a wile.

*Sup.* Prythee, what wile?

*Amb.* No, sir; you shall not know it, till it be done;  
For then you'd swear 'twere yours.

*Enter an Officer.*

*Sup.* How now, what's he?

*Amb.* One of the officers.

*Sup.* Desired news.

*Amb.* How now, my friend?

*Off.* My lords, under your pardon, I am allotted  
To that desertless office, to present you  
With the yet bleeding head—

*Sup.* Ha, ha! excellent.

*Amb.* All's sure our own: brother, canst weep,  
think'st thou?

'Twould grace our flattery much; think of some  
'Twill teach thee to dissemble. [dame;

*Sup.* I have thought;—now for yourself.

*Amb.* Our sorrows are so fluent,  
Our eyes o'erflow our tongues; words spoke in tears  
Are like the murmurs of the waters—the sound  
Is loudly heard, but cannot be distinguished.

*Sup.* How died he, pray?

*Off.* O, full of rage and spleen.

*Sup.* He died most valiantly, then ; we're glad to

*Off.* We could not woo him once to pray. [hear it.

*Amb.* He showed himself a gentlemen in that :

Give him his due.

*Off.* But, in the stead of prayer,

He drew forth oaths.

*Sup.* Then did he pray, dear heart,

Although you understood him not ?

*Off.* My lords,

E'en at his last, with pardon be it spoke,

He cursed you both.

*Sup.* He cursed us ? 'las, good soul !

*Amb.* It was not in our powers, but the duke's  
Finely dissembled a both sides, sweet fate ; [pleasure.

O happy opportunity ! [*Aside.*

*Enter LUSSURIOSO.*

*Lus.* Now, my lords.

*Amb. and Sup.* O !—

*Lus.* Why do you shun me, brothers ?

You may come nearer now :

The savour of the prison has forsook me.

I thank such kind lords as yourselves, I'm free.

*Amb.* Alive !

*Sup.* In health !

*Amb.* Released !

We were both e'en amazed with joy to see it.

*Lus.* I am much to thank to you.

*Sup.* Faith, we spared no tongue unto my lord the

*Amb.* I know your delivery, brother, [duke.

Had not been half so sudden but for us.

*Sup.* O, how we pleaded !

*Lus.* Most deserving brothers !

In my best studies I will think of it. [*Exit.*

*Amb.* O death and vengeance !

*Sup.* Hell and torments !

*Amb.* Slave, cam'st thou to delude us ?

*Off.* Delude you, my lords ?

*Sup.* Ay, villain, where's his head now ?

*Off.* Why here, my lord ;

Just after his delivery, you both came

With warrant from the duke to behead your brother.

*Amb.* Ay, our brother, the duke's son.

*Off.* The duke's son, my lord, had his release before

*Amb.* Whose head's that, then ? [you came.

*Off.* His whom you left command for, your own

*Amb.* Our brother's ? O furies. [brother's.

*Sup.* Plagues !

*Amb.* Confusions !

*Sup.* Darkness !

*Amb.* Devils !

*Sup.* Fell it out so accursedly ?

*Amb.* So damnedly ?

*Sup.* Villain, I'll brain thee with it.

*Off.* O my good lord !

*Sup.* The devil overtake thee !

*Amb.* O fatal !

*Sup.* O prodigious to our bloods !

*Amb.* Did we dissemble ?

*Sup.* Did we make our tears women for thee ?

*Amb.* Laugh and rejoice for thee ?

*Sup.* Bring warrant for thy death ?

*Amb.* Mock off thy head ?

*Sup.* You had a trick : you had a wile, forsooth.

*Amb.* A murrain meet 'em ; there's none of these wiles that ever come to good : I see now, there's nothing sure in mortality, but mortality.

Well, no more words : shalt be revenged, i' faith.

Come, throw off clouds ; now, brother, think of vengeance,

And deeper-settled hate ; sirrah, sit fast,

We'll pull down all, but thou shalt down at last.

[*Exeunt.*





ACT THE FOURTH.

SCENE I.—*The precincts of the Palace.*

*Enter LUSSURIOSO with HIPPOLITO.*



US. Hippolito!

*Hip.* My lord,  
Has your good lordship aught to  
command me in?

*Lus.* I prythee, leave us!

*Hip.* How's this? come and leave  
us!

*Lus.* Hippolito!

*Hip.* Your honour, I stand ready for any duteous  
employment.

*Lus.* Heart! what mak'st thou here?

*Hip.* A pretty lordly humour!

He bids me be present to depart; something  
Has stung his honour.

*Lus.* Be nearer; draw nearer:

Ye're not so good, methinks; I'm angry with you.

*Hip.* With me, my lord? I'm angry with myself

*Lus.* You did prefer a goodly fellow to me: [for't.  
'Twas wittily elected; 'twas. I thought  
He had been a villain, and he proves a knave—  
To me a knave.

*Hip.* I chose him for the best, my lord:  
'Tis much my sorrow, if neglect in him  
Breed discontent in you.

*Lus.* Neglect! 'twas will. Judge of it.

Firmly to tell of an incredible act,  
 Not to be thought, less to be spoken of,  
 'Twixt my step-mother and the bastard ; oh !  
 Incestuous sweets between 'em.

*Hip.* Fie, my lord !

*Lus.* I, in kind loyalty to my father's forehead,  
 Made this a desperate arm ; and in that fury  
 Committed treason on the lawful bed,  
 And with my sword e'en rased my father's bosom,  
 For which I was within a stroke of death.

*Hip.* Alack ! I'm sorry. 'Sfoot, just upon the  
 stroke,  
 Jars in my brother ; 'twill be villainous music.

[*Aside.*

*Enter VENDICE, disguised.*

*Ven.* My honoured lord.

*Lus.* Away ! prythee, forsake us : hereafter we'll  
 not know thee.

*Ven.* Not know me, my lord ! your lordship cannot  
 choose.

*Lus.* Begone, I say : thou art a false knave.

*Ven.* Why, the easier to be known, my lord.

*Lus.* Pish ! I shall prove too bitter, with a word  
 Make thee a perpetual prisoner,  
 And lay this iron age upon thee.

*Ven.* Mum !

For there's a doom would make a woman dumb.  
 Missing the bastard—next him—the wind's come  
 about :

Now 'tis my brother's turn to stay, mine to go out.

[*Aside. Exit.*

*Lus.* He has greatly moved me.

*Hip.* Much to blame, i' faith.

*Lus.* But I'll recover, to his ruin. 'Twas told me  
 lately,

I know not whether falsely, that you'd a brother.

*Hip.* Who, I ? yes, my good lord, I have a brother.

*Lus.* How chance the court ne'er saw him ? of what  
How does he apply his hours ? [nature ?

*Hip.* Faith, to curse fates  
Who, as he thinks, ordained him to be poor—  
Keeps at home, full of want and discontent.

*Lus.* There's hope in him ; for discontent and want  
Is the best clay to mould a villain of. [Aside.  
*Hippolito*, wish him repair to us :  
If there be ought in him to please our blood,  
For thy sake we'll advance him, and build fair  
His meanest fortunes ; for it is in us  
To rear up towers from cottages.

*Hip.* It is so, my lord : he will attend your honour ;  
But he's a man in whom much melancholy dwells.

*Lus.* Why, the better ; bring him to court.

*Hip.* With willingness and speed :  
Whom he cast off e'en now, must now succeed.  
Brother, disguise must off ;  
In thine own shape now I'll prefer thee to him :  
How strangely does himself work to undo him !

[Aside. *Exit.*

*Lus.* This fellow will come fitly ; he shall kill  
That other slave, that did abuse my spleen,  
And made it swell to treason. I have put  
Much of my heart into him ; he must die.  
He that knows great men's secrets, and proves slight,<sup>1</sup>  
That man ne'er lives to see his beard turn white.  
Ay, he shall speed him : I'll employ the brother ;  
Slaves are but nails to drive out one another.  
He being of black condition, suitable  
To want and ill-content, hope of preferment  
Will grind him to an edge.

*Enter Nobles.*

*1st Noble.* Good days unto your honour.

*Lus.* My kind lords, I do return the like.

<sup>1</sup> Weak, treacherous.

*2nd Noble.* Saw you my lord the duke ?

*Lus.* My lord and father ! is he from court ?

*1st Noble.* He's sure from court ;

But where—which way his pleasure took, we know  
Nor can we hear on't. [not,

*Lus.* Here come those should tell.

Saw you my lord and father ?

*3rd Noble.* Not since two hours before noon, my  
And then he privately rode forth. [lord,

*Lus.* O, he's rid forth.

*1st Noble.* 'Twas wondrous privately.

*2nd Noble.* There's none i' th' court had any  
knowledge on't.

*Lus.* His grace is old and sudden : 'tis no treason  
To say the duke, my father, has a humour,  
Or such a toy about him ; what in us  
Would appear light, in him seems virtuous.

*3rd Noble.* 'Tis oracle, my lord. [Exeunt.



SCENE II.—*An Apartment in the Palace.*

*Enter VENDICE, out of his disguise, and HIPPOLITO.*

*Hip.* So, so, all's as it should be, y'are yourself.

*Ven.* How that great villain puts me to my shifts !

*Hip.* He that did lately in disguise reject thee,  
Shall, now thou art thyself, as much respect thee.

*Ven.* 'Twill be the quainter fallacy. But, brother,  
'Sfoot, what use will he put me to now, think'st thou ?

*Hip.* Nay, you must pardon me in that : I know not.  
He has some employment for you : but what 'tis,  
He and his secretary (the devil) know best.

*Ven.* Well, I must suit my tongue to his desires,  
What colour soe'er they be ; hoping at last  
To pile up all my wishes on his breast.

*Hip.* Faith, brother, he himself shows the way.

*Ven.* Now the duke is dead, the realm is clad in clay.

His death being not yet known, under his name  
The people still are governed. Well, thou his son  
Art not long-lived: thou shalt not joy his death.  
To kill thee, then, I should most honour thee;  
For 'twould stand firm in every man's belief,  
Thou'st a kind child, and only died'st with grief.

*Hip.* You fetch about well; but let's talk in present.  
How will you appear in fashion different,  
As well as in apparel, to make all things possible?  
If you be but once tripped, we fall for ever.  
It is not the least policy to be doubtful;  
You must change tongue: familiar was your first.

*Ven.* Why, I'll bear me in some strain of melan-  
And string myself with heavy-sounding wire, [choly,  
Like such an instrument, that speaks merry things

*Hip.* Then 'tis as I meant; [sadly.  
I gave you out at first in discontent.

*Ven.* I'll tune myself, and then—

*Hip.* 'Sfoot, here he comes. Hast thought upon't?

*Ven.* Salute him; fear not me.

*Enter LUSSURIOSO.*

*Lus.* Hippolito!

*Hip.* Your lordship—

*Lus.* What's he yonder?

*Hip.* 'Tis Vendice, my discontented brother,  
Whom, 'cording to your will, I've brought to court.

*Lus.* Is that thy brother? Beshrew me, a good  
presence;

I wonder he has been from the court so long.

Come nearer.

*Hip.* Brother! Lord Lussurioso, the duke's son.

*Lus.* Be more near to us; welcome; nearer yet.

*Ven.* How don you? gi' you good den.

[*Takes off his hat and bows,*



*Lus.* We thank thee.

How strangely such a coarse homely salute  
Shows in the palace, where we greet in fire,  
Nimble and desperate tongues! should we name  
God in a salutation, 'twould ne'er be stood on;—  
Heaven!

Tell me, what has made thee so melancholy?

*Ven.* Why, going to law.

*Lus.* Why, will that make a man melancholy?

*Ven.* Yes, to look long upon ink and black buckram. I went me to law in *anno quadragesimo secundo*, and I waded out of it in *anno sexagesimo tertio*.

*Lus.* What, three-and-twenty years in law?

*Ven.* I have known those that have been five-and-fifty, and all about pullen<sup>1</sup> and pigs.

*Lus.* May it be possible such men should breathe,  
To vex the terms so much?

*Ven.* 'Tis food to some, my lord. There are old men at the present, that are so poisoned with the affectation of law-words (having had many suits canvassed), that their common talk is nothing but Barbary Latin. They cannot so much as pray but in law, that their sins may be removed with a writ of error, and their souls fetched up to Heaven with a *sasarara*.<sup>2</sup>

*Lus.* It seems most strange to me;  
Yet all the world meets round in the same bent:  
Where the heart's set, there goes the tongue's con-  
How dost apply thy studies, fellow? [sent.

*Ven.* Study? why, to think how a great rich man lies a-dying, and a poor cobbler tolls the bell for him. How he cannot depart the world, and see the great chest stand before him; when he lies speechless, how he will point you readily to all the boxes; and when he is past all memory, as the gossips guess, then thinks he of forfeitures and obligations;

<sup>1</sup> Poultry.

<sup>2</sup> A corruption of *certiorari*.

nay, when to all men's hearings he whurls and rattles in the throat, he's busy threatening his poor tenants. And this would last me now some seven years' thinking, or thereabouts. But I have a conceit a-coming in picture upon this; I draw it myself, which, i' faith, la, I'll present to your honour; you shall not choose but like it, for your honour shall give me nothing for it.

*Lus.* Nay, you mistake me, then,  
For I am published bountiful enough.  
Let's taste of your conceit.

*Ven.* In picture, my Lord?

*Lus.* Ay, in picture.

*Ven.* Marry, this it is—"A usuring father to be boiling in hell, and his son and heir with a whore dancing over him."

*Hip.* He has pared him to the quick. [*Aside.*]

*Lus.* The conceit's pretty, i' faith;  
But, take't upon my life, 'twill ne'er be liked.

*Ven.* No? why I'm sure the whore will be liked well enough.

*Hip.* Aye, if she were out o' the picture, he'd like her then himself. [*Aside.*]

*Ven.* And as for the son and heir, he shall be an eyesore to no young revellers, for he shall be drawn in cloth-of-gold breeches.

*Lus.* And thou hast put my meaning in the pockets, And canst not draw that out? My thought was this: To see the picture of a usuring father Boiling in hell—our rich men would never like it.

*Ven.* O, true, I cry you heartily mercy,  
I know the reason, for some of them had rather  
Be damned in deed than damned in colours.

*Lus.* A parlous melancholy! he has wit enough  
To murder any man, and I'll give him means. [*Aside.*]  
I think thou art ill-moneyed?

*Ven.* Money! ho, ho!

'T has been my want so long, 'tis now my scoff :  
I've e'en forgot what colour silver's of.

*Lus.* It hits as I could wish. [Aside.

*Ven.* I get good clothes

Of those that dread my humour ; and for table-room  
I feed on those that cannot be rid of me.

*Lus.* Somewhat to set thee up withal.

[Gives him money.

*Ven.* O mine eyes !

*Lus.* How now, man ?

*Ven.* Almost struck blind ;

This bright unusual shine to me seems proud ;  
I dare not look till the sun be in a cloud.

*Lus.* I think I shall affect<sup>1</sup> his melancholy,  
How are they now ?

*Ven.* The better for your asking.

*Lus.* You shall be better yet, if you but fasten  
Truly on my intent. Now y'are both present,  
I will unbrace such a close private villain  
Unto your vengeful swords, the like ne'er heard of,  
Who hath disgraced you much, and injured us.

*Hip.* Disgraced us, my lord ?

*Lus.* Ay, Hippolito.

I kept it here till now, that both your angers  
Might meet him at once.

*Ven.* I'm covetous

To know the villain.

*Lus.* You know him : that slave-pander,  
Piato, whom we threatened last  
With irons in perpetual 'prisonment.

*Ven.* All this is I.

[Aside.

*Hip.* Is't he, my lord ?

*Lus.* I'll tell you ; you first preferred him to me.

*Ven.* Did you, brother ?

*Hip.* I did indeed.

*Lus.* And the ungrateful villain,

<sup>1</sup> Like.

To quit that kindness, strongly wrought with me—  
Being, as you see, a likely man for pleasure—  
With jewels to corrupt your virgin sister.

*Hip.* O villain !

*Ven.* He shall surely die that did it.

*Lus.* I, far from thinking any virgin harm,  
Especially knowing her to be as chaste  
As that part which scarce suffers to be touched—  
The eye—would not endure him.

*Ven.* Would you not, my lord ?

'Twas wondrous honourably done.

*Lus.* But with some fine frowns kept him out.

*Ven.* Out, slave !

*Lus.* What did me he, but in revenge of that,  
Went of his own free will to make infirm  
Your sister's honour (whom I honour with my soul  
For chaste respect) and not prevailing there  
(As 'twas but desperate folly to attempt it),  
In mere spleen, by the way, waylays your mother,  
Whose honour being a coward as it seems,  
Yielded by little force.

*Ven.* Coward indeed !

*Lus.* He, proud of this advantage (as he thought),  
Brought me this news for happy. But I, Heaven  
forgive me for't !—

*Ven.* What did your honour ?

*Lus.* In rage pushed him from me,  
Trampled beneath his throat, spurned him, and  
Indeed I was too cruel, to say troth. [bruised :

*Hip.* Most nobly managed !

*Ven.* Has not Heaven an ear ? is all the lightning  
wasted ? [Aside.

*Lus.* If I now were so impatient in a modest cause,  
What should you be ?

*Ven.* Full mad : he shall not live  
To see the moon change.

*Lus.* He's about the palace ;

Hippolito, entice him this way, that thy brother  
May take full mark of him.

*Hip.* Heart! that shall not need, my lord:  
I can direct him so far.

*Lus.* Yet for my hate's sake,  
Go, wind him this way. I'll see him bleed myself.

*Hip.* What now, brother? [Aside.

*Ven.* Nay, e'en what you will—y'are put to't,  
brother. [Aside.

*Hip.* An impossible task, I'll swear,  
To bring him hither, that's already here.

[Aside and Exit.

*Lus.* Thy name? I have forgot it.

*Ven.* Vendice, my lord.

*Lus.* 'Tis a good name that.

*Ven.* Ay, a revenger.

*Lus.* It does betoken courage; thou shouldst be  
And kill thine enemies. [valiant,

*Ven.* That's my hope, my lord.

*Lus.* This slave is one.

*Ven.* I'll doom him.

*Lus.* Then I'll praise thee.

Do thou observe me best, and I'll best raise thee.

*Re-enter HIPPOLITO.*

*Ven.* Indeed, I thank you.

*Lus.* Now, Hippolito, where's the slave-pander?

*Hip.* Your good lordship  
Would have a loathsome sight of him, much offensive.  
He's not in case now to be seen, my lord.  
The worst of all the deadly sins is in him—  
That beggarly damnation, drunkenness.

*Lus.* Then he's a double slave.

*Ven.* 'Twas well conveyed upon a sudden wit.

[Aside.

*Lus.* What, are you both  
Firmly resolved? I'll see him dead myself.

*Ven.* Or else let not us live.

*Lus.* You may direct your brother to take note of

*Hip.* I shall. [him.]

*Lus.* Rise but in this, and you shall never fall.

*Ven.* Your honour's vassals.

*Lus.* This was wisely carried. [Aside.]

Deep policy in us makes fools of such :

Then must a slave die, when he knows too much.

[Exit.]

*Ven.* O thou almighty patience ! 'tis my wonder

That such a fellow, impudent and wicked,

Should not be cloven as he stood ;

Or with a secret wind burst open !

Is there no thunder left : or is't kept up

In stock for heavier vengeance ? [Thunder] there it

*Hip.* Brother, we lose ourselves. [goes !]

*Ven.* But I have found it ;

'Twill hold, 'tis sure ; thanks, thanks to any spirit,

That mingled it 'mongst my inventions.

*Hip.* What is't ?

*Ven.* 'Tis sound and good ; thou shalt partake it ;

I'm hired to kill myself.

*Hip.* True.

*Ven.* Prythee, mark it ;

And the old duke being dead, but not conveyed,

For he's already missed too, and you know

Murder will peep out of the closest husk—

*Hip.* Most true.

*Ven.* What say you then to this device ?

If we dressed up the body of the duke ?

*Hip.* In that disguise of yours ?

*Ven.* Y'are quick, y' have reached it.

*Hip.* I like it wondrously.

*Ven.* And being in drink, as you have published him.

To lean him on his elbow, as if sleep had caught him,

Which claims most interest in such sluggy men ?

*Hip.* Good yet ; but here's a doubt ;

We, thought by the duke's son to kill that pander,  
Shall, when he is known, be thought to kill the duke.

*Ven.* Neither, O thanks! it is substantial:  
For that disguise being on him which I wore,  
It will be thought I, which he calls the pander, did  
kill the duke, and fled away in his apparel, leaving  
him so disguised to avoid swift pursuit.

*Hip.* Firmer and firmer.

*Ven.* Nay, doubt not, 'tis in grain: I warrant it

*Hip.* Let's about it. [holds colour.

*Ven.* By the way, too, now I think on't, brother,  
Let's conjure that base devil out of our mother.

[*Exeunt.*



SCENE III.—*A Corridor in the Palace*

*Enter the DUCHESS, arm in arm with SPURIO, looking lasciviously on her. After them, enter SUPERVACUO, with a rapier, running; AMBITIOSO stops him.*

*Spu.* Madam, unlock yourself;  
Should it be seen, your arm would be suspected.

*Duch.* Who is't that dares suspect or this or  
these?

May not we deal our favours where we please?

*Spu.* I'm confident you may.

[*Exeunt DUCHESS and SPURIO.*

*Amb.* 'Sfoot, brother, hold.

*Sup.* Wouldst let the bastard shame us?

*Amb.* Hold, hold, brother! there's fitter time than

*Sup.* Now, when I see it! [now.

*Amb.* 'Tis too much seen already.

*Sup.* Seen and known;

The nobler she's, the baser is she grown.

*Amb.* If she were bent lasciviously (the fault  
Of mighty women, that sleep soft)—O death!

Must she needs choose such an unequal sinner,  
To make all worse?—

*Sup.* A bastard! the duke's bastard! shame  
heaped on shame!

*Amb.* O our disgrace!

Most women have small waists the world through—  
But their desires are thousand miles about. [out;

*Sup.* Come, stay not here, let's after, and prevent,  
Or else they'll sin faster than we'll repent. [*Exeunt.*



SCENE IV.—*A Room in GRATIANA'S House.*

*Enter VENDICE and HIPPOLITO, bringing out GRATIANA by the shoulders, and with daggers in their hands.*

*Ven.* O thou, for whom no name is bad enough!

*Gra.* What mean my sons? what, will you murder

*Ven.* Wicked, unnatural parent! [me?

*Hip.* Fiend of women!

*Gra.* O! are sons turned monsters? help!

*Ven.* In vain.

*Gra.* Are you so barbarous to set iron nipples  
Upon the breast that gave you suck?

*Ven.* That breast

Is turned to quarled<sup>1</sup> poison.

*Gra.* Cut not your days for't! am not I your  
mother?<sup>2</sup>

*Ven.* Thou dost usurp that title now by fraud,  
For in that shell of mother breeds a bawd.

*Gra.* A bawd! O name far loathsomer than hell!

*Hip.* It should be so, knew'st thou thy office well.

*Gra.* I hate it.

<sup>1</sup> It has been suggested that *quarled* is equivalent to *guarled*; and that it alludes to poison put on arrows. The sound of the word seems to point at some synonym for *curdled*.

<sup>2</sup> Alluding to the 5th Commandment.



*Ven.* Ah! is't possible? thou only? Powers on  
That women should dissemble when they die! [high,  
*Gra.* Dissemble!

*Ven.* Did not the duke's son direct  
A fellow of the world's condition hither,  
That did corrupt all that was good in thee?  
Made thee uncivilly forget thyself,  
And work our sister to his lust?

*Gra.* Who, I?  
That had been monstrous. I defy that man  
For any such intent! none lives so pure,  
But shall be soiled with slander. Good son, believe it

*Ven.* O, I'm in doubt, [not.  
Whether I am myself, or no— [Aside.  
Stay, let me look again upon this face.  
Who shall be saved, when mothers have no grace?

*Hip.* 'Twould make one half despair.

*Ven.* I was the man.  
Defy me now; let's see, do't modestly.

*Gra.* O hell unto my soul!

*Ven.* In that disguise, I, sent from the duke's son,  
Tried you, and found you base metal,  
As any villain might have done.

*Gra.* O, no,  
No tongue but yours could have bewitched me so.

*Ven.* O nimble in damnation, quick in tune!  
There is no devil could strike fire so soon:  
I am confuted in a word.

*Gra.* O sons, forgive me! to myself I'll prove more  
You that should honour me, I kneel to you. [true;  
[Kneels and weeps.

*Ven.* A mother to give aim to her own daughter!<sup>1</sup>

*Hip.* True, brother; how far beyond nature 'tis.

*Ven.* Nay, an you draw tears once, go you to bed;  
We will make iron blush and change to red.  
Brother, it rains. 'Twill spoil your dagger: house it.

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* Incite, encourage her.

*Hip.* 'Tis done.

*Ven.* I' faith, 'tis a sweet shower, it does much good.

The fruitful grounds and meadows of her soul  
Have been long dry : pour down, thou blessèd dew !  
Rise, mother ; troth, this shower has made you  
higher ! [of my soul,

*Gra.* O you Heavens ! take this infectious spot out  
I'll rinse it in seven waters of mine eyes !  
Make my tears salt enough to taste of grace.  
To weep is to our sex naturally given :  
But to weep truly, that's a gift from Heaven.

*Ven.* Nay, I'll kiss you now. Kiss her, brother :  
Let's marry her to our souls, wherein's no lust,  
And honourably love her.

*Hip.* Let it be.

*Ven.* For honest women are so seld and rare,  
'Tis good to cherish those poor few that are.  
O you of easy wax ! do but imagine  
Now the disease has left you, how leprously  
That office would have clinged unto your forehead !  
All mothers that had any graceful hue  
Would have worn masks to hide their face at you :  
It would have grown to this—at your foul name,  
Green-coloured maids would have turned red with  
shame.

*Hip.* And then our sister, full of hire and base-  
ness—

*Ven.* There had been boiling lead again,  
The duke's son's great concubine !  
A drab of state, a cloth-o'-silver slut, [dirt !  
To have her train borne up, and her soul trail i' the

*Hip.* Great, to be miserably great ; rich, to be  
eternally wretched.

*Ven.* O common madness !  
Ask but the thrivingest harlot in cold blood,  
She'd give the world to make her honour good.

Perhaps you'll say, but only to the duke's son  
 In private ; why she first begins with one,  
 Who afterward to thousands prove a whore :  
 " Break ice in one place, it will crack in more."

*Gra.* Most certainly applied !

*Hip.* O brother, you forget our business.

*Ven.* And well-remembered ; joy's a subtle elf,  
 I think man's happiest when he forgets himself.  
 Farewell, once dry, now holy-watered mead ;  
 Our hearts wear feathers, that before wore lead.

*Gra.* I'll give you this—that one I never knew  
 Plead better for and 'gainst the devil than you.

*Ven.* You make me proud on't.

*Hip.* Commend us in all virtue to our sister.

*Ven.* Ay, for the love of Heaven, to that true maid.

*Gra.* With my best words.

*Ven.* Why, that was motherly said.<sup>1</sup>

[*Exeunt* VENDICE and HIPPOLITO.]

*Gra.* I wonder now, what fury did transport me !  
 I feel good thoughts begin to settle in me.  
 O, with what forehead can I look on her,  
 Whose honour I've so impiously beset ?  
 And here she comes—

*Enter* CASTIZA.

*Cas.* Now, mother, you have wrought with me so  
 That what for my advancement, as to calm [strongly,  
 The trouble of your tongue, I am content.

*Gra.* Content, to what ?

*Cas.* To do as you have wished me ;

<sup>1</sup> The reality and life of this dialogue passes any scenical illusion I ever felt. I never read it but my ears tingle, and I feel a hot flush spread my cheeks, as if I were presently about to "proclaim" some such "malefactions" of myself as the brothers here rebuke in this unnatural parent, in words more keen and dagger-like than those which Hamlet speaks to his mother. Such power has the passion of shame, truly personated, not only to "strike guilty creatures unto the soul," but to "appal" even those that are "free."—*Lamb.*

To prostitute my breast to the duke's son ;  
 And put myself to common usury.

*Gra.* I hope you will not so !

*Cas.* Hope you I will not ?

That's not the hope you look to be saved in.

*Gra.* Truth, but it is.

*Cas.* Do not deceive yourself ;

I am as you, e'en out of marble wrought.

What would you now ? are ye not pleased yet with  
 You shall not wish me to be more lascivious [me ?  
 Than I intend to be.

*Gra.* Strike not me cold.

*Cas.* How often have you charged me on your  
 To be a cursèd woman ? When you knew [blessing  
 Your blessing had no force to make me lewd,  
 You laid your curse upon me ; that did more,  
 The mother's curse is heavy ; where that fights,  
 Suns set in storm, and daughters lose their lights.

*Gra.* Good child, dear maid, if there be any spark  
 Of heavenly intellectual fire within thee,  
 O, let my breath revive it to a flame !  
 Put not all out with woman's wilful follies.  
 I am recovered of that foul disease,  
 That haunts too many mothers ; kind, forgive me,  
 Make me not sick in health ! If then

My words prevailed, when they were wickedness,  
 How much more now, when they are just and good ?

*Cas.* I wonder what you mean ! are not you she,  
 For whose infect persuasions I could scarce  
 Kneel out my prayers, and had much ado  
 In three hours' reading to untwist so much  
 Of the black serpent as you wound about me ?

*Gra.* 'Tis unfruitful, child, and tedious to repeat  
 What's past ; I'm now your present mother.

*Cas.* 'Tush ! now 'tis too late.

*Gra.* Bethink again : thou know'st not what thou  
 say'st.

*Cas.* No! deny advancement? treasure? the duke's son?

*Gra.* O, see! I spoke those words, and now they poison me!

What will the deed do then?

Advancement? true; as high as shame can pitch!

For treasure; who e'er knew a harlot rich?

Or could build by the purchase of her sin

An hospital to keep her bastards in?

The duke's son! O, when women are young courtiers,

They are sure to be old beggars;

To know the miseries most harlots taste,

Thou'dst wish thyself unborn, when thou art unchaste.

*Cas.* O mother, let me twine about your neck,

And kiss you, till my soul melt on your lips!

I did but this to try you.

*Gra.* O, speak truth!

*Cas.* Indeed I did but; for no tongue has force  
To alter me from honest.

If maidens would, men's words could have no power;

A virgin's honour is a crystal tower

Which (being weak) is guarded with good spirits;

Until she basely yields, no ill inherits.

*Gra.* O happy child! faith, and thy birth hath saved me.

'Mong thousand daughters, happiest of all others:

Be thou a glass for maids, and I for mothers.

[*Exeunt.*]





ACT THE FIFTH.

SCENE I.—*A Room in the Lodge. The DUKE'S corpse, dressed in VENDICE'S disguise, lying on a couch.*

*Enter VENDICE and HIPPOLITO.*



EN. So, só, he leans well; take heed you wake him not, brother.

*Hip.* I warrant you my life for yours.

*Ven.* That's a good lay, for I must kill myself.

Brother, that's I, that sits for me: do you mark it? And I must stand ready here to make away myself yonder. I must sit to be killed, and stand to kill myself. I could vary it not so little as thrice over again; 't has some eight returns, like Michaelmas term.<sup>1</sup>

*Hip.* That's enow, o' conscience.

*Ven.* But, sirrah, does the duke's son come single?

*Hip.* No; there's the hell on't: his faith's too feeble to go alone. He brings flesh-flies after him, that will buzz against supper-time, and hum for his coming out.

*Ven.* Ah, the fly-flap of vengeance beat 'em to pieces! Here was the sweetest occasion, the fittest hour, to have made my revenge familiar with him; show him the body of the duke his father, and how

<sup>1</sup> Michaelmas term now has but four returns.

quaintly he died, like a politician, in hugger-mugger,<sup>1</sup> made no man acquainted with it ; and in catastrophe slay him over his father's breast. O, I'm mad to lose such a sweet opportunity !

*Hip.* Nay, tush ! prythee, be content ! there's no remedy present ; may not hereafter times open in as fair faces as this ?

*Ven.* They may, if they can paint so well.

*Hip.* Come now : to avoid all suspicion, let's forsake this room, and be going to meet the duke's son.

*Ven.* Content : I'm for any weather. Heart ! step close : here he comes.

*Enter LUSSURIOSO.*

*Hip.* My honoured lord !

*Lus.* O me ! you both present ?

*Ven.* E'en newly, my lord, just as your lordship entered now : about this place we had notice given he should be, but in some loathsome plight or other.

*Hip.* Came your honour private ?

*Lus.* Private enough for this ; only a few Attend my coming out.

*Hip.* Death rot those few ! [*Aside.*

*Lus.* Stay, yonder's the slave.

*Ven.* Mass, there's the slave, indeed, my lord. 'Tis a good child : he calls his father a slave ! [*Aside.*

*Lus.* Ay, that's the villain, the damned villain. Softly. Tread easy.

*Ven.* Pah ! I warrant you, my lord, we'll stifle in our breaths.

*Lus.* That will do well :

Base rogue, thou sleepest thy last ; 'tis policy To have him killed in's sleep ; for if he waked, He would betray all to them.

*Ven.* But, my lord—

*Lus.* Ha, what say'st ?

<sup>1</sup> In secret.

*Ven.* Shall we kill him now he's drunk ?

*Lus.* Ay, best of all.

*Ven.* Why, then he will ne'er live to be sober.

*Lus.* No matter, let him reel to hell.

*Ven.* But being so full of liquor, I fear he will put out all the fire.

*Lus.* Thou art a mad beast.

*Ven.* And leave none to warm your lordship's golls<sup>1</sup> withal ; for he that dies drunk falls into hell-fire like a bucket of water—qush, qush !

*Lus.* Come, be ready : nake<sup>2</sup> your swords : think of your wrongs ; this slave has injured you.

*Ven.* Troth, so he has, and he has paid well for't.

*Lus.* Meet with him now.

*Ven.* You'll bear us out, my lord ?

*Lus.* Pooh ! am I a lord for nothing, think you ? quickly now !

*Ven.* Sa, sa, sa, thump [*Stabs the DUKE'S corpse*]—there he lies.

*Lus.* Nimble done.—Ha ! O villains ! murderers ! 'Tis the old duke, my father.

*Ven.* That's a jest.

*Lus.* What stiff and cold already !

O, pardon me to call you from your names : 'Tis none of your deed. That villain Piato, Whom you thought now to kill, has murdered And left him thus disguised.

*Hip.* And not unlikely.

*Ven.* O rascal ! was he not ashamed To put the duke into a greasy doublet ? [long ?]

*Lus.* He has been stiff and cold— who knows how

*Ven.* Marry, that I do. [*Aside.*

*Lus.* No words, I pray, of anything intended.

*Ven.* O my lord.

*Hip.* I would fain have your lordship think that we have small reason to prate.

<sup>1</sup> Hands.

<sup>2</sup> *i.e.* Unsheathe.



*Lus.* Faith, thou say'st true; I'll forthwith send to  
For all the nobles, bastard, duchess; tell, [court  
How here by miracle we found him dead,  
And in his raiment that foul villain fled.

*Ven.* That will be the best way, my lord,  
To clear us all; let's cast about to be clear.

*Lus.* Ho! Nencio, Sordido, and the rest!

*Enter all of them.*

*1st Ser.* My lord.

*2nd Ser.* My lord.

*Lus.* Be witnesses of a strange spectacle.  
Choosing for private conference that sad room,  
We found the duke my father gealed in blood.

*1st Ser.* My lord the duke! run, hie thee, Nencio.  
Startle the court by signifying so much.

*Ven.* Thus much by wit a deep revenger can,  
When murder's known, to be the clearest man.  
We're farthest off, and with as bold an eye  
Survey his body as the standers-by. [*Aside.*

*Lus.* My royal father, too basely let blood  
By a malevolent slave!

*Hip.* Hark! he calls thee slave again. [*Aside.*

*Ven.* He has lost: he may. [*Aside.*

*Lus.* O sight! look hither, see, his lips are gnawn  
With poison.

*Ven.* How! his lips? by the mass, they be.  
O villain! O rogue! O slave! O rascal!

*Hip.* O good deceit! he quits him with like terms.  
[*Aside.*

*Amb.* [*Within.*] Where?

*Sup.* [*Within.*] Which way?

*Enter AMBITIOSO and SUPERVACUO, with Nobles and  
Gentlemen.*

*Amb.* Over what roof hangs this prodigious comet  
In deadly fire?

*Lus.* Behold, behold, my lords, the duke my father's murdered by a vassal that owes this habit, and here left disguised.

*Enter DUCHESS and SPURIO.*

*Duch.* My lord and husband !

*1st Noble.* Reverend majesty !

*2nd Noble.* I have seen these clothes often attending on him.

*Ven.* That nobleman has been i' th' country, for he does not lie. [*Aside.*]

*Sup.* Learn of our mother ; let's dissemble too :  
I am glad he's vanished ; so, I hope, are you.

*Amb.* Ay, you may take my word for't.

*Spu.* Old dad dead !

I, one of his cast sins, will send the Fates  
Most hearty commendations by his own son ;  
I'll tug in the new stream, till strength be done.

*Lus.* Where be those two that did affirm to us,  
My lord the duke was privately rid forth ?

*1st Gent.* O, pardon us, my lords ; he gave that  
Upon our lives, if he were missed at court, [*charge—*  
To answer so ; he rode not anywhere ;  
We left him private with that fellow here.

*Ven.* Confirmed. [*Aside.*]

*Lus.* O Heavens ! that false charge was his death.  
Impudent beggars ! durst you to our face  
Maintain such a false answer ? Bear him straight  
To execution.

*1st Gent.* My lord !

*Lus.* Urge me no more in this !  
The excuse may be called half the murder.

*Ven.* You've sentenced well. [*Aside.*]

*Lus.* Away ; see it be done. [*doth!*]

*Ven.* Could you not stick ? See what confession  
Who would not lie, when men are hanged for truth ?

[*Aside.*]

*Hip.* Brother, how happy is our vengeance! [*Aside.*

*Ven.* Why, it hits past the apprehension of  
Indifferent wits. [*Aside.*

*Lus.* My lord, let post-horses be sent  
Into all places to entrap the villain.

*Ven.* Post-horses, ha, ha! [*Aside.*

*1st Noble.* My lord, we're something bold to know  
Your father's accidentally departed; [our duty.  
The titles that were due to him meet you.

*Lus.* Meet me! I'm not at leisure, my good lord.  
I've many griefs to despatch out o' the way.  
Welcome, sweet titles!— [*Aside.*

Talk to me, my lords,  
Of sepulchres and mighty emperors' bones;  
That's thought for me.

*Ven.* So one may see by this  
How foreign markets go; [twelves;  
Courtiers have feet o' the nines, and tongues o' the  
They flatter dukes, and dukes flatter themselves. [*Aside*

*2nd Noble.* Mylord, it is your shine must comfort us.

*Lus.* Alas! I shine in tears, like the sun in April.

*1st Noble.* You're now my lord's grace.

*Lus.* My lord's grace! I perceive you'll have it so.

*2nd Noble.* 'Tis but your own.

*Lus.* Then, Heavens, give me grace to be so!

*Ven.* He prays well for himself. [*Aside.*

*1st Noble.* Madam, all sorrows  
Must run their circles into joys. No doubt but time  
Will make the murderer bring forth himself.

*Ven.* He were an ass then, i' faith. [*Aside.*

*1st Noble.* In the mean season,  
Let us bethink the latest funeral honours  
Due to the duke's cold-body. And withal,  
Calling to memory our new happiness  
Speed in his royal son: lords, gentlemen,  
Prepare for revels.

*Ven.* Revels! [*Aside.*

*1st Noble.* Time hath several falls.

Griefs lift up joys : feasts put down funerals.

*Lus.* Come then, my lords, my favour's to you all.  
The duchess is suspected foully bent ;  
I'll begin dukedom with her banishment. [*Aside.*

[*Exeunt LUSSURIOSO, DUCHESS, and Nobles.*

*Hip.* Revels !

*Ven.* Ay, that's the word : we are firm yet ;  
Strike one strain more, and then we crown our wit.

[*Exeunt VENDICE and HIPPOLITO.*

*Spu.* Well, have at the fairest mark—so said the  
duke when he begot me ;

And if I miss his heart, or near about,  
Then have at any ; a bastard scorns to be out. [*Exit.*

*Sup.* Notest thou that Spurio, brother ?

*Ant.* Yes, I note him to our shame.

*Sup.* He shall not live : his hair shall not grow  
much longer. In this time of revels, tricks may be  
set afoot. Seest thou yon new moon ? it shall out-  
live the new duke by much ; this hand shall dispossess  
him. Then we're mighty.

A mask is treason's licence, that build upon :

'Tis murder's best face, when a vizard's on. [*Exit.*

*Amb.* Is't so ? 'tis very good !

And do you think to be duke then, kind brother ?

I'll see fair play ; drop one, and there lies t'other.

[*Exit.*



SCENE II.—*A Room in PIERO's House.*

*Enter VENDICE and HIPPOLITO, with PIERO and  
other Lords.*

*Ven.* My lords, be all of music, strike old griefs  
into other countries  
That flow in too much milk, and have faint livers,

Not daring to stab home their discontents.  
 Let our hid flames break out as fire, as lightning,  
 To blast this villainous dukedom, vexed with sin ;  
 Wind up your souls to their full height again.

*Piero.* How ?

*1st Lord.* Which way ?

*2nd Lord.* Any way : our wrongs are such,  
 We cannot justly be revenged too much.

*Ven.* You shall have all enough. Revels are  
 toward,

And those few nobles that have long suppressed you,  
 Are busied to the furnishing of a masque,  
 And do affect to make a pleasant tale on't :  
 The masquing suits are fashioning : now comes in  
 That which must glad us all. We too take pattern  
 Of all those suits, the colour, trimming, fashion,  
 E'en to an undistinguished hair almost :  
 Then entering first, observing the true form,  
 Within a strain or two we shall find leisure  
 To steal our swords out handsomely ;  
 And when they think their pleasure sweet and good,  
 In midst of all their joys they shall sigh blood.

*Piero.* Weightily, effectually !

*3rd Lord.* Before the t'other maskers come—

*Ven.* We're gone, all done and past.

*Piero.* But how for the duke's guard ?

*Ven.* Let that alone ;

By one and one their strengths shall be drunk down.

*Hip.* There are five hundred gentlemen in the  
 action,

That will apply themselves, and not stand idle.

*Piero.* O, let us hug your bosoms !

*Ven.* Come, my lords,

Prepare for deeds : let other times have words.

[*Exeunt.*



SCENE III.—*Hall of State in the Palace.*

*In a dumb show, the possessing<sup>1</sup> of the YOUNG DUKE with all his Nobles; sounding music. A furnished table is brought forth; then enter the DUKE and his Nobles to the banquet. A blazing star appeareth.*

*1st Noble.* Many harmonious hours and choicest  
Fill up the royal number of your years! [pleasures

*Lus.* My lords, we're pleased to thank you, though  
'Tis but your duty now to wish it so. [we know

*1st Noble.* That shine makes us all happy.

*3rd Noble.* His grace frowns.

*2nd Noble.* Yet we must say he smiles.

*1st Noble.* I think we must.

*Lus.* That foul incontinent duchess we have  
banished;

The bastard shall not live. After these revels,  
I'll begin strange ones: he and the step-sons  
Shall pay their lives for the first subsidies;  
We must not frown so soon, else't had been now.

[*Aside.*

*1st Noble.* My gracious lord, please you prepare  
The masque is not far off. [for pleasure.

*Lus.* We are for pleasure.

Beshrew thee, what art thou? thou mad'st me start!  
Thou has committed treason. A blazing star!

*1st Noble.* A blazing star! O, where, my lord?

*Lus.* Spy out.

*2nd Noble.* See, see, my lords, a wondrous dreadful

*Lus.* I am not pleased at that ill-knotted fire, [one!  
That bushing, staring star. Am I not duke?  
It should not quake me now. Had it appeared  
Before, it I might then have justly feared;  
But yet they say, whom art and learning weds,

<sup>1</sup> *i.e.* The installation or putting in possession.

When stars wear locks, they threaten great men's  
Is it so? you are read, my lords. [heads:

*1st Noble.* May it please your grace,  
It shows great anger.

*Lus.* That does not please our grace.

*2nd Noble.* Yet here's the comfort, my lord : many  
times,

When it seems most near, it threatens farthest off.

*Lus.* Faith, and I think so too.

*1st Noble.* Beside, my lord,  
You're gracefully established with the loves  
Of all your subjects ; and for natural death,  
I hope it will be threescore years a-coming.

*Lus.* True? no more but threescore years?

*1st Noble.* Fourscore, I hope, my lord.

*2nd Noble.* And fivescore, I.

*3rd Noble.* But 'tis my hope, my lord, you shall  
ne'er die.

*Lus.* Give me thy hand ; these others I rebuke :  
He that hopes so is fittest for a duke :  
Thou shalt sit next me ; take your places, lords ;  
We're ready now for sports ; let 'em set on :  
You thing ! we shall forget you quite anon !

*3rd Noble.* I hear 'em coming, my lord.

*Enter the Masque of revengers : VENDICE and HIP-  
POLITO, with two LORDS.*

*Lus.* Ah, 'tis well !

Brothers and bastard, you dance next in hell ! [*Aside.*  
[*They dance ; at the end they steal out their swords,  
and kill the four seated at the table. Thunder.*

*Ven.* Mark, thunder !

Dost know thy cue, thou big-voiced crier ?  
Dukes' groans are thunder's watchwords.

*Hip.* So, my lords, you have enough.

*Ven.* Come, let's away, no lingering.

*Hip.* Follow ! go ! [Exeunt except VENDICE.

*Ven.* No power is angry when the lustful die ;  
When thunder claps, heaven likes the tragedy. [*Exit.*

*Lus.* O, O !

*Enter the Masque of intended murderers : AMBITIOSO, SUPERVACUO, SPURIO, and a Lord, coming in dancing. LUSSURIOSO recovers a little in voice, groans, and calls, "A guard! treason!" at which the Dancers start out of their measure, and, turning towards the table, find them all to be murdered.*

*Spu.* Whose groan was that ?

*Lus.* Treason ! a guard !

*Amb.* How now ? all murdered !

*Sup.* Murdered !

*3rd. Lord.* And those his nobles ?

*Amb.* Here's a labour saved ;

I thought to have sped him. 'Sblood, how came this ?

*Spu.* Then I proclaim myself ; now I am duke.

*Amb.* Thou duke ! brother, thou liest.

*Spu.* Slave ! so dost thou. [*Kills AMBITIOSO.*

*3rd Lord.* Base villain ! hast thou slain my lord  
and master ? [*Stabs SPURIO.*

*Re-enter VENDICE and HIPPOLITO and the two Lords.*

*Ven.* Pistols ! treason ! murder ! Help ! guard  
my lord the duke !

*Enter ANTONIO and Guard.*

*Hip.* Lay hold upon this traitor.

*Lus.* O !

*Ven.* Alas ! the duke is murdered.

*Hip.* And the nobles.

*Ven.* Surgeons ! surgeons ! Heart ! does he  
breathe so long ? [*Aside.*

*Ant.* A piteous tragedy ! able to make  
An old man's eyes bloodshot.



*Lus.* O!

*Ven.* Look to my lord the duke. A vengeance  
throttle him!

[*Aside.*

Confess, thou murderous and unhallowed man,  
Didst thou kill all these?

*3rd Lord.* None but the bastard, I.

*Ven.* How came the duke slain, then?

*3rd Lord.* We found him so.

*Lus.* O villain!

*Ven.* Hark!

*Lus.* Those in the masque did murder us.

*Ven.* La you now, sir—

O marble impudence! will you confess now?

*3rd Lord.* 'Sblood, 'tis all false.

*Ant.* Away with that foul monster,

Dipped in a prince's blood.

*3rd Lord.* Heart! 'tis a lie.

*Ant.* Let him have bitter execution.

*Ven.* New marrow! no, I cannot be expressed.

How fares my lord the duke?

*Lus.* Farewell to all;

He that climbs highest has the greatest fall.

My tongue is out of office.

*Ven.* Air, gentlemen, air.

Now thou'lt not prate on't, 'twas Vendice murdered  
thee.

[*Whispers in his ear.*

*Lus.* O!

*Ven.* Murdered thy father.

[*Whispers.*

*Lus.* O!

[*Dies.*

*Ven.* And I am he—tell nobody: [*Whispers*] So,  
so, the duke's departed.

*Ant.* It was a deadly hand that wounded him.

The rest, ambitious who should rule and sway

After his death, were so made all away.

*Ven.* My lord was unlikely—

*Hip.* Now the hope

Of Italy lies in your reverend years.

*Ven.* Your hair will make the silver age again,  
When there were fewer, but more honest men.

*Ant.* The burthen's weighty, and will press age  
down ;

May I so rule, that Heaven may keep the crown !

*Ven.* The rape of your good lady has been quitted  
With death on death.

*Ant.* Just is the law above.

But of all things it put me most to wonder  
How the old duke came murdered !

*Ven.* O my lord !

*Ant.* It was the strangeliest carried : I've not heard  
of the like.

*Hip.* 'Twas all done for the best, my lord.

*Ven.* All for your grace's good. We may be bold  
to speak it now,

'Twas somewhat witty carried, though we say it—

'Twas we two murdered him.

*Ant.* You two ?

*Ven.* None else, i' faith, my lord. Nay, 'twas well-  
managed.

*Ant.* Lay hands upon those villains !

*Ven.* How ! on us ?

*Ant.* Bear 'em to speedy execution.

*Ven.* Heart ! was't not for your good, my lord ?

*Ant.* My good ! Away with 'em : such an old man  
as he !

You, that would murder him, would murder me.

*Ven.* Is't come about ?

*Hip.* 'Sfoot, brother, you begun.

*Ven.* May not we set as well as the duke's son ?

Thou hast no conscience, are we not revenged ?

Is there one enemy left alive amongst those ?

'Tis time to die, when we're ourselves our foes :

When murderers shut deeds close, this curse does  
seal 'em :

If none disclose 'em, they themselves reveal 'em !

This murder might have slept in tongueless brass  
 But for ourselves, and the world died an ass.  
 Now I remember too, here was Piato  
 Brought forth a knavish sentence once ;  
 No doubt (said he), but time  
 Will make the murderer bring forth himself.  
 'Tis well he died ; he was a witch.  
 And now, my lord, since we are in for ever,  
 This work was ours, which else might have been  
 slipped !

And if we list, we could have nobles clipped,  
 And go for less than beggars ; but we hate  
 To bleed so cowardly : we have enough,  
 I' faith, we're well, our mother turned, our sister true,  
 We die after a nest of dukes. Adieu ! [Exeunt.

*Ant.* How subtly was that murder closed !<sup>1</sup>

Bear up  
 Those tragic bodies : 'tis a heavy season ;  
 Pray Heaven their blood may wash away all treason !  
 [Exit.

<sup>1</sup> Disclosed.

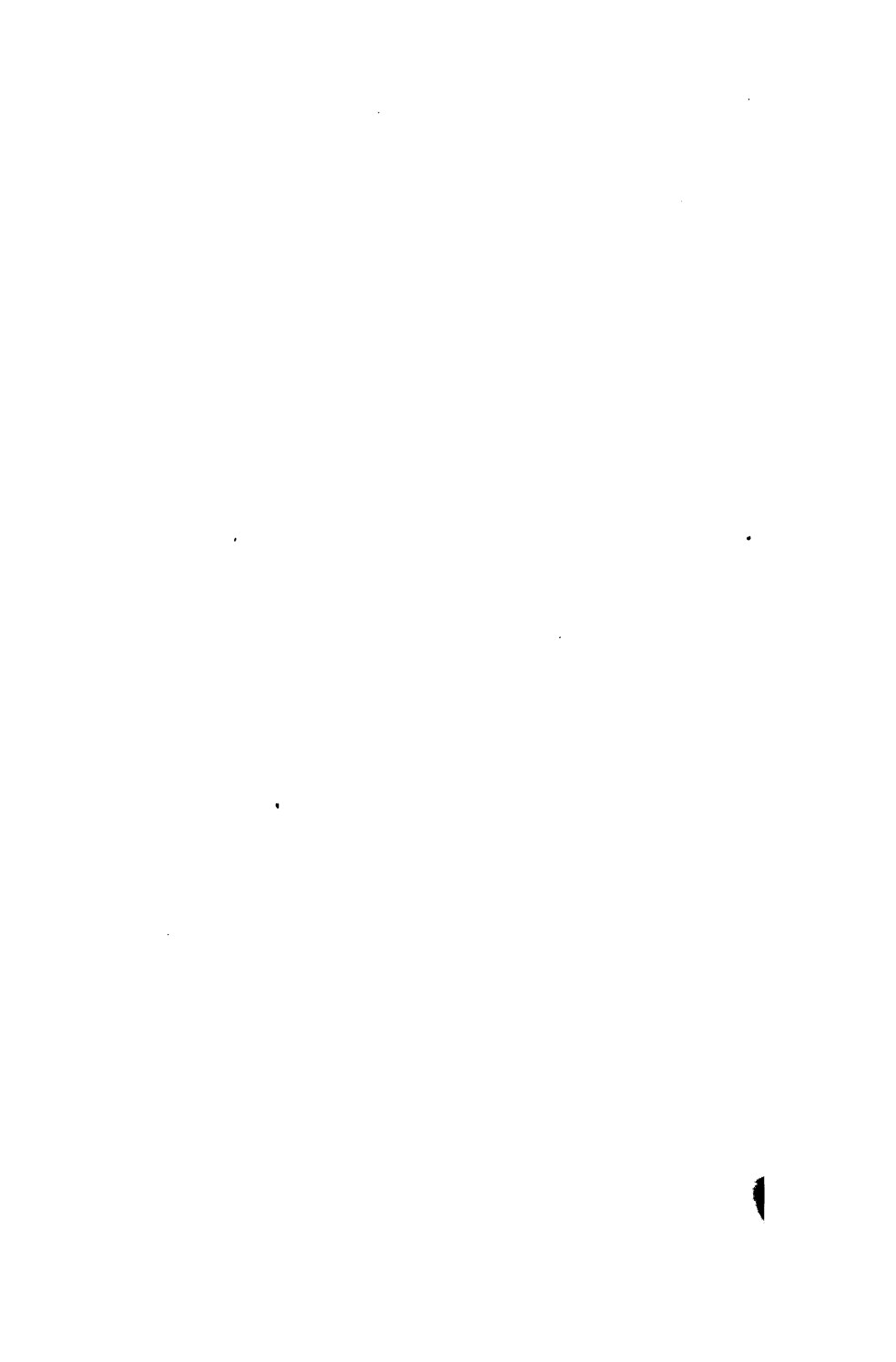


17

JW 41









NOV 7 - 1938

354